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ABSTRACT

This report is North Carolina's State Plan to insure that the public system of higher education in North Carolina is operated in compliance with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, i.e., that all citizens of the state are afforded real equality of opportunity for access to, participation in, and derivation of benefits from the public systems of post secondary education. The chapters of the report are: 1. Introduction, 2. The Public Post-secondary Education Systems in North Carolina, and 3. The North Carolina State Plan. The report contains 127 appendixes. (DB)



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THE REVISED NORTH CAROLINA

STATE PLAN

FOR

THE FURTHER ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DUALITY IN

THE PUBLIC POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION SYSTEMS

Filed by

The Governor of North Carolina

The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina and

The State Board of Education

with

The Office for Civil Rights

United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare

Washington

May 31, 1974





STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNOR'S OFFICE RALEIGH 276!

JAMES E. HOLSHOUSER, JR.

May 31, 1974

Mr. Peter E. Holmes, Director Office for Civil Rights Department of Health, Education and Welfare Washington, D. C. 20201

Dear Mr. Holmes:

This document constitutes the Revised North Carolina State Plan and is filed in response to your letters to me dated November 10, 1973, and April 24, 1974.

Public Post-secondary education in North Carolina is organized into two components: The University of North Carolina, which is governed by its Board of Governors, and the Community College System, which is governed by the State Board of Education. The boards are provided for by the State Constitution and their powers with respect to their respective systems are established by state statutes. The Governor has no direct administrative authority over either system.

At my request, the President of the University of North Carolina and the President of the Community College System acted jointly to establish a biracial drafting committee to prepare a State Plan for consideration and action by the respective governing boards of the two systems. That committee consisted of seven persons drawn from the central administrative staff and the institutional staffs of the University, seven from the central administrative staff and institutional staffs of the Community College System, a University faculty representative, and a member of my staff. Six of its sixteen members are black. (Appendix UNC-1 lists the members of this committee with their titles.)

The drafting committee was composed in the described manner because the initial preparation and subsequent revision of so comprehensive a document as you requested in the short time available required the use of people who were thoroughly familiar with the two systems and were able to perceive problems, devise responses to them, and evaluate the probable feasibility and effectiveness of those responses. This effectively precluded the inclusion of lay or citizen members of the committee, who would have required extensive orientation before drafting could begin.

Mr. Peter E. Holmes May 31, 1974 Page 2

The drafting committee conferred twice, on January 16 and on May 1, with the only group asking to be heard, the North Carolina Alumni and Friends Coalition. This organization represents the alumni associations of the five traditionally black institutions in The University of North Carolina. The committee also invited the advice of the Coalition on appropriate responses to your letter of April 24.

The Revised State Plan speaks for the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors with respect to the Community College System and The University of North Carolina respectively. I transmit it to you with the request that it receive early and favorable action by your office and the Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare.

Sincerely,

James E. Holshouser, Jr.



The Honorable James E. Holshouser, Jr. Governor of North Carolina Administration Building Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Governor Holshouser:

We submit herewith the text of "The Revised North Carolina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Duality in the Public Post-Secondary Education Systems," which was prepared pursuant to your request to us to enable you to respond to the November 10, 1973, and April 24, 1974, requests of the United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

The Revised Plan is being "submitted in the form of a single document," because that is what was requested in the April 24 communication.

We note that, contrary to the statement in paragraph three of <u>page</u> one of Mr. Holmes' letter of April 24, there was no "document provided <u>/us/</u> at the April 15 meeting." The first document provided us was the copy of Mr. Holmes' letter to you, which reached us several days after its date of April 24.

The portions of this Plan pertaining to the Community College System that were filed with HEW in February were approved by the State Board of Education on February 7, 1974; the amendments affecting the Community College System will be reviewed and acted upon by the State Board of Education on June 6, 1974, and should any further changes beyond those contained in the Revised Plan be adopted at that time, they will be forwarded promptly to you for transmission to HEW. The portions of this Revised Plan pertaining to The University of North Carolina were approved by the Board of Governors on February 8, March 8, and May 31, 1974.

Respectfully yours,

Ben E. Fountain, Jr.

State President

Community College System

Der E. Fauntain, Jr.

William Friday

President

The University of North Carolina



- 1. That the amendments to "The North Carclina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Duality in the Public Post-Secondary Education Systems" pertaining to The University of North Carolina are hereby adopted and the amended document, to be known as "The Revised North Carolina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Duality in the Public Post-Secondary Education Systems", insofar as it pertains to The University of North Carolina, is adopted.
- 2. That the President is instructed to combine that portion of the Revised State Plan pertaining to The University of North Carolina with the portion pertaining to the Community College System, to supplement the Revised State Plan with such informational appendices as he deems helpful, and to transmit the same to the Governor of North Carolina for his use in making response to the November 10, 1973, and April 24, 1974, requests of United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

May 31, 1974



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I. INTRODUCTION

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 provides in pertinent part:

No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

The objective of this State Plan is to insure that the public system of higher education in North Carolina is operated in compliance with the requirements of Title VI. The commitment here made is to insure that all citizens of the State are afforded real equality of opportunity for access to, participation in, and derivation of benefits from the public systems of post-secondary education.

A. Evaluation of Compliance Posture

In its most literal intendment, Title VI requires the elimination of any legal impediments to participation and benefit which are predicated on considerations of race, color, or national origin. No institution, program, or activity receiving federal financial assistance may be established or maintained for the purpose of serving only one race.

The State of North Carolina eliminated, many student generations ago, all de jure restrictions on and impediments to access to and participation in its public senior institutions of higher education which were based on racial criteria. The present community colleges and technical institutes always have been open to all races. No public institution in North Carolina is officially or formally designated as being for any race. The senior institutions, however, by virtue of the racial composition of their student bodies and faculties, do continue to have a predominantly black or a predominantly white orientation, which is characterized as "racial"



identifiability" or "racial duality" by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. It is assumed that in the senior higher education context there are entrenched social and psychological forces, derived from the era of de jure segregation, which continue to influence the expressions of choice by students in such a way as to perpetuate the racial identities of institutions. Accordingly, it is asserted that the complicated and pervasive legacy of de jure segregation cannot be overcome promptly enough by resort simply to de jure desegregation; rather, an affirmative program designed to address those existing informal inducements to racial separateness must be adopted and implemented in order to realize further elimination of racial duality in the public system of higher education. In the view of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare, the Community College System shares this obligation because, although it lacks a history of de jure segregation, it "... may have perpetuated that segregated system, or impacted upon the desegregation of the system."

Substantial legal questions exist concerning the extent and nature of the requirements of Title VI and the "equal protection" clause of the Fourteenth Amendment in the context of public higher education. 2 In assessing

^{2.} Compare the provisions of Subsections (c) and (d) of Section 80.4 of Title 45 (Subtitle A) of the Code of Federal Regulations. Compare, also, Alabama State Teachers Ass'n. v. Alabama Pub. Sch. & Col. Auth., 289 F. Supp. 784 (D.C. M.D. Ala. 1968), aff'd per curiam, 393 U.S. 400 (1969), and Sanders v. Ellington, 288 F. Supp. 937 (D.C. M.D. Tenn. 1968); Norris v. State Council of Higher Education for Virginia, 327 F. Supp. 1368 (E.D. Va. 1971); Lee v. Macon County Board of Education, 453 F. 2d 524 (5th Cir. 1971); Geier v. Dunn, 337 F. Supp. 573 (M.D. Tenn. 1972); see case note at 82 Harvard L. Rev. 1757 (1969). It is not clear as yet, for example, what significance ought to be attached to previous Supreme Court pronouncements, in a different context, such as Chief Justice Burger's definition of a "unitary system" in Northcross et al. v. Board of Education, 397 U.S. 232 (1970), as one "... within which no person is to be effectively excluded from any school because of race or color."



^{1.} Letter, Peter E. Holmes to Governor James E. Holshouser, Jr., Washington, D. C., November 10, 1973.

compliance with the requirements of Title VI, however, the responsible federal agencies have emphasized repeatedly that the persistence of racially identifiable institutions supports the conclusion that North Carolina is not in compliance with the requirements of the law.

In a letter dated February 16, 1970, from Leon E. Panetta, Director of the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, to Robert W. Scott, Governor of North Carolina, and Dallas Herring, Chairman of the State Board of Education, the following appears:

. . . the State of North Carolina is operating a system of higher education in which certain institutions are clearly identifiable as serving students on the basis of race.

Specifically, the predominantly white State institutions providing four or more years of higher education have an enrollment which is approximately 98 percent white. The traditionally black institutions have an enrollment which is almost exclusively black.

* * *

Educational institutions which have previously been legally segregated have an affirmative duty to adopt measures to overcome the effect of the past segregation. To fulfill the purposes and intent of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, it is not sufficient that an institution maintain a nondiscriminatory admissions policy if the student population continues to reflect the formerly de jure racial identification of that institution.

This appears to be the situation at nearly all of the State institutions in North Carolina; therefore, these institutions must discharge their affirmative duty by adopting measures that will result in desegregation as soon as administratively possible.

In a letter dated May 21, 1973, from Peter E. Holmes, Director of the Office for Civil Rights, to William Friday, President of The University of North Carolina, the following appears:



The premise of our concern, and that which underlies the order of the District Court in the Adams case, is that North Carolina formerly operated a system of public higher education that was racially segregated by State law, both as to students and faculty. In our review of the information you submitted, we have looked first to the question of whether vestiges of the racial dualism still persist . . . In appraising whether vestiges of the dual higher education system remain in North Carolina, we have considered first the statistics which you have supplied concerning both faculty and students.

* * *

While some small progress apparently has been made in desegregating the student population, the five historically black institutions remain overwhelmingly black in student composition, and the remaining 11 institutions in the University of North Carolina system remain overwhelmingly white in student composition. Based on the information available, the present racial composition of the faculty and student bodies of the 11 traditionally white institutions, as compared to the racial composition of the five traditionally black institutions, appears clearly attributable to the existence of the prior dual system based on race. Accordingly, we must conclude that the dual system has not yet been fully disestablished.

In a letter dated November 10, 1973, from Peter E. Holmes to

James E. Holshouser, Governor of North Carolina, the following comments

referable to a desegregation plan submitted by The University of North

Carolina on June 8, 1973 appear:

This Program lacks sufficient detail to enable us to determine whether the points outlined will, in fact, accomplish the goal of eliminating the vestiges of duality in the higher education system of North Carolina. Although your program outlines many important areas for fruitful discussion, it contains no specific goals for faculty or student enrollment at the various institutions.

* * *

The expected impact on desegregation anticipated to result from any action in the plan must be expressed in numerical terms, particularly with regard to faculty employment and student enrollment.



As part of our evaluation of your submission, however, we have analyzed the movement of black students into traditionally white institutions, as well as the movement of white students into the traditionally black institutions. This analysis reveals that little progress has been made by North Carolina in its efforts to desegregate the higher education system of the State.

Although other indicia of racial duality are alluded to in connection with federal assessments of State compliance, it is apparent from the foregoing that the indicium of noncompliance on which primary reliance is placed is the persistence of racially identifiable institutions. Accordingly, viewed from such a perspective, the primary indicium of compliance logically would be the significant modification of the racial profiles of affected institutions, to the end that each institution would reflect, in both student and faculty composition, the racial mix of the system as a whole. However, the apparent immediate objective of Title VI compliance requirements, as presently styled, is to render all institutions significantly less identifiable on a racial basis than they now are; the compliance agency has suggested, in formula terms, that white students at predominantly black institutions ought to constitute "one-third of their student bodies" and that black students ought to be enrolled in "significant numbers" at predominantly white institutions.3 According to HEW officials, it does not now require the total obliteration of the racial identity of institutions.

There are substantial and legitimate questions about what constitutes noncompliance with the requirements of Title VI and about the sufficiency of the evidence which has been used to date to support the conclusion that North Carolina is not in compliance. However, in spite of the absence of helpful judicial explications of the scope and consequence of statutory and constitutional mandates in this area, and in spite of the absence of regulations that seem to be required under the terms of Section 602 of Title VI as a condition

ERIC 3. Letter, Peter E. Holmes to Governor James E. Holshouser, Jr., Washington,

precedent to enforcement action, North Carolina here continues to address various vestigial racial problems within its system of public higher education. This Revised State Plan is submitted in lieu of our submittals of June, 1973, and February and March, 1974.



B. Comprehensive Objectives

The purpose of this State Plan is to address constructively the legacies of the era of de jure segregation in public higher education. To couch this objective exclusively in terms of percentage representation of whites and blacks, respectively, in the constituent institutions, for purposes either of ascertaining noncompliance or measuring compliance, is not a satisfactory approach. Rather, it is essential that all vestigial components of the de jure phenomenon (only one of which is substantial separateness of the races in the educational context) be individually identified and addressed. Preoccupation with numbers and percentages reflecting racial presences will obscure basic dynamics at work in this context and will detract from efforts to realize the basic objective of insuring equality of educational opportunity for members of the racial minorities in the State.

The formerly <u>de jure</u> segregated senior institutions of higher education were a specific reflection of a set of generalized social attitudes and practices that assigned to black citizens a status which was distinctly inferior to that enjoyed by their white contemporaries, even where their economic circumstances were similar; add the fact that the proportion of blacks at the lower economic levels was much greater than among whites, and the lower showing of blacks on such economically-related measures as educational attainment is not surprising. The disparity in attendance rates, comparing whites and blacks, has lessened with time but it persists: Of the 1973 North Carolina high school graduating class, 55% of the whites declared an intention to attend an institution of post-secondary education (excluding trade schools), while only 42% of the blacks declared such an intention. 4 While the participation gap has

^{4. &}lt;u>Survey of 1973 High School Graduates</u> (Raleigh: N. C. Department of Public Instruction, 1973), p. 5.



narrowed, it is one significant after-effect of segregation that the State Plan must address.

A second effect of the segregated social and senior higher educational systems was that those blacks who did attend the post-secondary educational institutions maintained for them were, in many instances, exposed to an educational experience that was in many material respects inferior to that experienced by white citizens. The qualitative deficiency in educational opportunity available to blacks, to the extent that it persists, also is one that the Plan must address.

A third effect of <u>de jure</u> segregation in higher education was the separation of the two races during a formative period of their lives, with the consequence that connotations of white "superiority" and black "inferiority" were further reinforced. Opportunities for constructive multi-racial experiences in a particularly favorable environment were greatly limited, and while members of both races were the victims of this circumstance, the primary disadvantage was that of the blacks. Increasing the opportunities for constructive inter-racial contact during post-secondary education is a third concern of the State Plan.

As has been observed, <u>de jure</u> segregation in higher education was but one manifestation of a pervasive social dynamic which discriminated against black citizens. Higher education did not create the underlying policy of segregation, but it reflected and perpetuated that policy and so bears a proper measure of responsibility for remedying its consequences in the educational sphere. More specifically, public post-secondary education must insure that no vestige of the formerly <u>de jure</u> discriminatory policies and practices that is within its control is allowed to persist within its institutions.

In summary, the objective of this State Plan is to insure that black citizens shall enjoy equality of educational opportunity in public post-secondary education, with the expectation that the realization of such equality of opportunity in the educational context will translate into improved opportunities and circumstances for black citizens in the broader, post-educational social context.

Consistent with the foregoing analysis of the major consequences of de jure segregation in higher education, the principal remedial objectives embodied in this State Plan and to which the detailed undertakings set forth hereinafter relate are:

1. To Increase the Percentage of Black Citizens Availing Themselves of Post-Secondary Educational Opportunities

The principle which justifies public maintenance and support of any educational system is that the total society derives benefit from the existence of citizens whose capacity to discharge civic, social, and professional responsibilities has been enhanced by the acquisition of knowledge, experience, and wisdom through education. In the public sector, all citizens should be accorded maximum opportunity to develop their individual capacities to the fullest extent practicable, commensurate with their individual abilities. Racial distinctions have no legitimate bearing on the matter; underdeveloped and underutilized citizens of any race detract from realization of a total social potential.

The State of North Carolina ranks low, nationally, in the percentage of its high school graduates who avail themselves of post-secondary educational opportunities. Undoubtedly there is a demonstrable correlation between these statistics and the social circumstances characteristic of the State, including



its relatively low average per capita annual income. An essential goal, which bears directly on the future social and economic progress of the State, is a substantial improvement in the number and percentage of eligible persons who enter and complete post-secondary educational programs.

The impact of any effort to realize this objective can and should be expected to affect both black and white members of the population. However, the attendance rate for black citizens is significantly lower than that for white citizens; thus, special efforts designed to ascertain the causes of and effect a correction of that disparity are necessary.

Of general importance, relative to both black and white citizens, are such matters as poverty which precludes attendance, poor preparation at the primary and secondary levels which militates against admissibility to and success following entry into the post-secondary context, and the absence of motivation and aspiration conductive to the pursuit of additional education. These matters are addressed in detail hereinafter, without necessary reference to racial implications in the first instance. To the extent that, in percentage terms, more black citizens than white citizens are the victims of these circumstances, however, the percentage impact of successful remedial efforts can be expected to be greater among blacks than among whites. This is the hope and expectation.

Beyond the consideration of such factors which on their face are not racially significant, there are identifiable special circumstances existing among and impacting on members of the black population which can be identified and addressed. Stated in most general terms, it is essential that we overcome that legacy of the <u>de jure</u> era which had the effect of discouraging black citizens generally from pursuing post-secondary education. While all programs



will be conducted on a nondiscriminatory basis with no advantage or detriment predicated on racial considerations, special effort must and will be expended to reach and influence those black citizens who have been rendered less accessible, generally, by the fact of their race.

The efforts embodied in this State Plan, which are elaborated in detail hereinafter, include:

- a. Encouraging the implementation of and participation in more effective counseling programs at the secondary educational levels, designed to inspire interest in and to assist students in preparation for post-secondary educational programs.
- b. Designing and implementing information and communication services and activities, through the close cooperation of all components of the public post-secondary education system, which will effect a nonpartisan approach by the system to prospective high school graduates designed to apprise them of the total range of differentiated post-secondary options, the characteristics of and opportunities available at individual institutions, and the bases for matching student skills and aspirations with institutional programs.
- c. Designing and implementing more reliable techniques for increasing the availability of financial aid to defray the expenses of higher education, expediting the early commitment of financial assistance, and reassessing application fee and advance deposit policies.
- d. Encouraging the implementation of and participating in special programs which are designed to help the public schools assist black high school students in overcoming identifiable sociological and psychological deterrents to participation in higher education.



- e. Making all Institutions, both predominantly black and predominantly white, more attractive to prospective black students; the nature of such afforts will be varied and extensive, and such a total effort is, to varying degrees, the objective of many of the separate particular components of the total State Plan.
 - 2. To Insure that the Quality of the Educational Opportunities to
 Which Black and White Citizens Are Exposed Is Equally High

The objective first noted above addresses quantitative concerns; of equal, if not superior, importance is the matter of the qualitative content of the educational experiences available to black citizens who will be induced to enter the public system of higher education in greater numbers.

Viewed in simplistic terms, the second legacy of <u>de jure</u> segregation, which entailed an inferior experience for black citizens generally, might be addressed in remedial terms which envision the pursuit of literal parity of student treatment: that is, a merger of institutions, the closing of some, and the coerced reassignment of students along racial lines to produce an assimilation and amalgamation of student populations, reflecting the racial composition of the entire enrollment in the institutions, with the consequence that equality in the treatment of black and white students would unquestionably be enhanced precisely because black students, as a separate group, would be less readily identifiable. Under such an approach, there would be no institutions which would be identifiable as "black institutions" and, thus, the occasion for any racially discriminatory impulse from any public source at an institutional level would be essentially eliminated. Realization of "equality of experience" in the gross sense would be effected. It is true



that a principal objective of this State Plan is to modify appropriately the racial compositions of institutional populations. Indeed, the long-term objective is consonant with the general social ideal of "color blindness," which means that in the educational context a student's choice of institution or campus shall be based on considerations other than race; thus, it is expected that eventually the choice of an institution which reflects racial concerns and which results in the existence of predominantly black institutions will be viewed as an outmoded and anachronistic phenomenon. However, for the immediate future the change to be effected is that both types of institutions will be significantly less identifiable in racial terms.

Given the foregoing predicates, the question concerning quality and equality of educational experience must be addressed differently. First, if black citizens will continue to choose to go to predominantly black institutions which in the past have been disadvantaged qualitatively, the quality of those institutions must be improved. Second, if lack of access to various predominantly white institutions had added to the educational disadvantage suffered by some black citizens, such access must be increased.

Initiatives designed to induce increased movement of black students to predominantly white institutions and, correspondingly, the movement of white students to predominantly black institutions, are the principal subject of the next succeeding section. Primary attention is devoted here to the question of qualitative upgrading of predominantly black institutions, primarily for the benefit of those black students who continue to express a preference for attending such an institution.

Viewed in terms which are not racially conscious, the objective of any state planning effort in higher education is to improve the systems of post-



secondary education throughout, consistent with the extent of reacurces of the State, both financial and intellectual, and within the framework of public policy priorities. Thus, both predominantly black and predominantly white institutions should expect to be the beneficiaries of any program designed to enhance the quality of the total system. This remains the fundamental objective, even within the context of addressing any demonstrable black-white institutional disparities. The advantage to black citizens of such an approach is obvious: whether they choose a predominantly black institution or a predominantly white institution, for so long as that distinction remains meaningful, there will be increased assurances that the institution selected is a good one. The same benefit will accrue to white guidents.

The unexamined asaumption, which enjoys wide currency, is that all black public institutions of higher education have always been and are now inferior, in many material respects, to their white counterparts. The facts do not bear out any such simplisticly derived classification; this contention is the subject of more detailed treatment hereinafter. However, for purposes of framing a basic program responsive to the fact that black citizens generally have been exposed in the past to a less satisfactory post-secondary educational experience than white citizens, it may be useful to accept the thesis, with qualifications, that there has been a "black system" and a "white system" within public higher education, and that some qualitative differences between the two can be demonstrated still to exist.

All efforts to identify and rectify black-white institutional disparities will be approached within the context of a careful assessment of institutional quality, as variously measured, and that assessment will be conducted on a nondiscriminatory basis, viz., functional groupings of institutions, including



both predominantly black and predominantly white institutions, will be examined with reference to various indicia of quality measurement. Thus, the product of this study, and any corrective measures undertaken in response to demonstrated deficiencies, may redound to the benefit of both predominantly black and predominantly white institutions within the various appropriate groupings. In short, an unexamined premise to the effect that a predominantly black institution is, per se, disadvantaged and qualitatively inferior, will not apply to the process. However, to the extent that more predominantly black institutions than predominantly white institutions appear to have suffered disadvantages, the greater impact of corrective programs will be among predominantly black institutions. That is the expectation and intention.

The basic areas of possible remedial need are analyzed in detail hereinafter at appropriate points in the text of this State Plan.

3. To Encourage Further Racial Integration of the Student

Populations of the Public Post-Secondary Education Institutions

Race consciousness of a deleterious variety, which inspires racial separateness involving connotations of superiority and inferiority, is a long-standing fact of American social experience; this fact long has been deplored, its causes and effects have been studied, and efforts have been made to eliminate it. Progress has been and is being made, but the task is far from successful completion. A voluminous and impressive literature in the social sciences and the law suggests in very compelling terms that the formal educational environment, properly utilized, can be and has been an important contributor to realization of progress. A free-standing and separately justifiable objective of this State Plan, therefore, is to insure increased inter-racial exposures within the public system of higher education.



Obviously this objective, so styled, has significant implications for the other two principal objectives here stated within the framework of the State Plan. First, it is expected that improvement in racial ratios within student bodies will impact favorably on the problem of numbers and percentages of black citizens who enter the post-secondary educational system. Second, it is anticipated that realization of progress with reference to racial composition of student bodies will address materially the problem of equality of educational experiences for the two principal races.

Achievement of this objective may prove to be exceedingly difficult. Certain steps will be taken with the expectation that they will have a measurable impact on the migration of the two races from one racial environment to a new and initially unfamiliar racial environment. Other steps, the consequences of which are more speculative, will be undertaken on an expressly experimental basis, with opportunity for close monitoring and periodic reassessment. The essential caveat governing all such initiatives, however, is the following: Programs which arguably would influence the racial composition of institutional populations will not be pursued singlemindedly for the purpose of effecting changes in racial composition if such programs would also have a deleterious impact on the realization considerations; in short, no integration program will be adopted or implemented in a vacuum, without reference to considerations which transcend race-consciousness.

The essential challenge is to identify and implement programs which will have a substantial impact on the racial composition of institutional populations within the context of a system which is essentially grounded on freedom of student selection of institutions. An initial determination regarding a



student's interests, capabilities, and career aspirations usually produces a situation in which the student has several options with reference to the particular institution of the appropriate type in which he or she can enroll. Obviously a wide range of considerations, which ideally should not reflect racial concerns or circumstances, influences the final selection. These considerations include reputation of the institution, types of programs offered, costs, geographic proximity, and influence of family and friends. However, it is widely perceived that racial factors do still impinge in many instances on the selection process in any context where there is a choice available between attendance at a predominantly black institution and a predominantly white institution. It is also apparent that race consciousness is manifest, to varying degrees, throughout the current social fabric of this country; it is not limited in its manifestation to the higher education context, or to geographic areas that once knew legally required segregation of the races.

Approached properly, from the perspective of an acknowledged need to modify and eventually to eliminate racially-inspired considerations in the choice of a campus, the task is to determine carefully the reasons for current racial selectiveness and to fashion programs responsive to those factors. There are no simple answers, and this matter must be the subject of continuing inquiry and periodic reassessment of the results of initial programmatic efforts. At the very least, the initial efforts embodied in this State Plan, to be treated in detail hereinafter, include the following:

a. Rendering the environment more attractive to "minority presence"



students at both predominantly black and predominantly white compuses.5

- b. Improving "minority presence" recruitment efforts, both through individual campus efforts and through joint efforts involving the cooperation of predominantly black and predominantly white campuses.
- c. Instituting effective and extensive multi-campus consortia and exchange programs, affecting both faculty members and students, involving pairs or larger groupings of predominantly white and predominantly black institutions, both public and private.
- d. Instituting special inducement programs to encourage members of the two races to undertake "minority presence" experiences at campuses which are, respectively, either predominantly black or predominantly white.



^{5. &}quot;Minority presence" refers to either black or white persons, who, by context, constitute a racial minority at a particular institution. No special attention is given in this State Plan to racial minorities other than blacks, for there are now no institutions with arguably racial identities other than "white" and "black."

C. Summary

Neither the federal courts nor the federal compliance agencies have generated more than the most general guidance by which the compliance of the State of North Carolina with statutory and constitutional desegregation mandates in the post-secondary education context may be assessed. Similarly, there currently is no reliable basis on which to base a judgment that any remedial efforts are legally sufficient. The State of North Carolina, like all other states similarly situated, is the participant in an important and far-reaching experiment which will impact seriously on the future quality and character of this nation. None of the uncertainties just catalogued diminishes the determination of the State to address constructively various acknowledged deficiencies in its Public system of higher education which in the past have had an adverse impact on its black citizens. If in fact North Carolina were to be declared, judicially, to be in compliance currently with the prescriptions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the program set forth herein would nevertheless be deemed, independently, to be a desirable and necessary one. We undertake this effort to set aright any inequities that are found and to insure equality of educational opportunity for all citizens of the State, without reference to considerations of race.

In this State Plan, we have set forth several programs of action that we intend to undertake to achieve the objectives summarized on the foregoing pages. Some of these programs are admittedly experimental and we do not know whether they will produce the desired effects. Some of these programs may be frustrated by failure of factors beyond the control of The University, such as the unavailability of funds to finance the programs. In the event that a program is frustrated in the achievement of its objective by its own ineffectiveness or



the inability to implement it due to external factors, we will endeavor to develop alternative programs designed to achieve as nearly as possible the same objective. Realism suggests the recognition, however, that for some of the programs projected in this plan, money in substantial amounts will be essential; that in the absence of federal grants to the states to aid in eliminating the vestiges of <u>de jure</u> segregation in higher education, the state legislatures are the only available source of funds for such purposes; and that if legislative appropriations are not forthcoming, equally effective alternative means to attain the same objective will be difficult to devise.



II. THE PUBLIC POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION SYSTEMS IN NORTH CAROLINA

A. Post-Secondary Education in North Carolina

1. General

Fost-secondary education in North Carolina--the aggregation of institutions through which formal education beyond the high school level is offered to the public--consists of several systems that may be grouped into two sectors, public and private. The public sector comprises The University of North Carolina with 16 constituent institutions, all of which offer at least the bachelor's degree, and the Community College System with 57 institutions, all of which offer vocational and technical programs of up to two years' length and 17 of which offer two-year associate in arts degrees. The private sector comprises 29 private senior institutions, 10 private junior colleges, one theological seminary, two Bible schools, and numerous private vocational schools offering instruction in many trades and occupations. (Appendix UNC-3 shows the locations of most of these institutions.) The University of North Carolina is governed by a single Board of Governors and each of its constituent institutions has a board of trustees exercising authority largely delegated to it by the Board of Governors. The Community College System is governed by the State Board of Education and each of its 57 institutions has a board of trustees exercising under direct statutory delegation somewhat more authority over that unit than the counterpart board of trustees exercises over each of the university campuses.

The private sector is subject to no involuntary coordination by public or private authority. There is one voluntary membership association, the North Carolina Association of Independent Colleges and Universities, to which the private senior and junior institutions of higher education belong. The State



licenses private, degree-granting institutions established since 1923, but the great majority of the senior and junior private institutions antedate 1923 and so do not come within that regulatory authority.

2. Enrollments

The following table shows the numbers of students and thus the relative proportions of the post-secondary educational responsibility now carried by the various types of public and private institutions (omitting the private vocational schools):

Public Sector

Public Sector			
The University of North Carolina			
Constituent institutions (16)	90,454		
Military centers (3)	1,730		
		92,184	
Community College System (57 institu			
College transfer programs	9,194		
General education programs	8,948		
Technical programs	28,876		
Vocational programs	12,370		
Extension programs (estimated)	105,000		
		164,388	
Subtotal, public			256,572
Private Sector			
Senior colleges and universities (29)	41,510		
Junior colleges (10)	6,273		
Theological seminary (1)	6 3 4		
Bible colleges (2)	<u>466</u>		
Subtotal, private			48,883



Total 305,455

While the private institutions, especially the colleges, continue to carry important responsibilities for education in North Carolina, their share of the task is diminishing. In 1900, the private colleges enrolled 62% of the state's college student population; that figure dropped below 50% in 1947 and atands now at 33%. The rapid growth in the institutions of the Community College System during the last decade has brought large growth in the numbers of people enrolled in technical and vocational programs, and has produced a larger share of enrollments in the public than in the private institutions.

During the last decade, the public senior institutions now within The University of North Carolina gained 92% in enrollment and the Community College System institutions gained 2,043% in their college transfer program enrollments alone (only two of those units existed as public institutions in 1963), while the private senior institutions grew by 28% and the junior colleges by 20%. The leveling off of the college-age population, among other factors, is reflected in the fact that enrollments in The University of North Carolina grew by only 3% from 1972 to 1973 and those in the college transfer programs of the Community College System at approximately an equal rate, while those in the rivate senior colleges barely held even and those in the private junior colleges declined by 13%. Overall (and omitting the enrollments in the community college programs other than college transfer), the growth in enrollments from 1972 to 1973 was 1.5%. Appendices UNC-4 through UNC-22 provide extensive analyses of current and recent enrollments in post-secondary educational institutions in North Carolina.

3. State Aid

In recognition of the financial needs of the private institutions, related in part to the leveling or in some cases declining enrollments in those institutions, the State (primarily through legislation enacted in 1971



and funded in 1971 and 1973) has undertaken to aid the junior and senior private colleges and universities. Under this program, currently funded at \$4,600,000 a year and recommended for continuation next year at the same level, each institution is granted up to \$200 a year for each of its full-time equivalent undergraduate students who is a North Carolina resident. It is only required of each institution that it pay out to needy North Carolina students scholarships totalling an amount equal to the grant it receives from the State during the same year. The institution need not add to its scholarship funds the whole of the State grant, so long as the total of its scholarship funds (whatever their source) for needy North Carolinians equals the sum of the State grant. The scholarship to the individual student is determined by the institution and is not limited to \$200; that is the maximum amount allowable to each institution for each North Carolina undergraduate, needy or not, whom it enrolls. (Another program provides aid to two in-state, private institutions enrolling medical students who are residents of North Carolina.)



B. The University of North Carolina

1. Evolution of The University

The University of North Carolina with its 16 constituent institutions is the product of two centuries of decisions and actions, sometimes local and sometimes statewide in their intended impact. Several of the institutions began with only a local service role, with no thought of their relationship to statewide educational needs; others were established with a statewide constituency always in mind. The elevation of several of the institutions that had been begun as high schools or normal schools into public senior colleges was enacted by the General Assembly with a view to their assumption of enlarged roles as regional service institutions. The merger of three institutions to form the consolidated University of North Carolina in 1931 and the incorporation of all 16 institutions into The University of North Carolina in 1971 were responsive to judgments made primarily by political leaders, and stemmed from their conclusions that the best interests of the State required the kind of program coordination that only a multi-campus system functioning under a single governing board could provids.

The 16 campuses merged into The University of North Carolina in 1971 came each with its own collection of programs and activities, undertaken over many years for many reasons that seemed at the time sufficient. The program of The University is, for the time being, the sum of the inherited programs of the 16 constituent institutions. Therefore any consideration of The University of North Carolina must begin with its principal components, the 16 constituent institutions, and their programs.



2. The Constituent Institutions

The sizes of the 16 institutions and the centers maintained at the military institutions and their growth over the last decade are indicated by the following table:

Enrollment in The University of North Carolina

1963, 1968, 1972, and 1973

				Fall 1973		Percent
	Fa11	Fall	Fall		% Change	Change
Institution	1963	1968	<u> 1972</u>	Number	<u>Over 1972</u>	1963-1973
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CARO	LTNA					
Appalachian	3,186	5,580	7,352	7,545	2.6%	136.8%
East Carolina	5,930	9,258	10,286	10,068	-2.1	69.8
Elizabeth City	885	1,009	1,109	1,146	3.3	29.5
Fayetteville	1,013	1,243	1,643	1,790	8.9	76.7
N. C. A. and T.	3,005	3,844	4,510	4,751	5.3	58.1
N. C. Central	2,609	3,042	4,028	4,062	0.8	55.7
N. C. School of the Arts	-	218	351	378	7.7	_
N. C. State University	8,207	11,964	13,809	14,257	3.2	73.7
Pembroke	934	i,564	1,980	1,918	-3.1	105.4
UNC-Asheville	545	748	1,129	1,125	-0.4	106.4
UNC-Chapel Hill	11,297	16,233	19,224	19,396	0.9	71.7
UNC-Charlotte	1,414	2,351	5,159	6,123	18.7	333.0
UNC-Greensboro	3,737	5,889	7,411	7,856	6.0	110.2
UNC-Wilmington	927	1,240	2,280	2,542	11.5	174.2
Western Carolina	2,289	4,310	5,640	5,844	3.6	155.3
Winston-Salem	$_{1,160}$	1.301	<u>1,720</u>	1,653	-3.9	42.5
UNC Total	47,138	69,794	87,631	90,454	3.2	91.9
MILITARY CENTERS						
Fort Bragg	-	1,070	1,020	891	-12.6	-
Camp Lejeune (ECU)	-	408	369	385	4.3	
Cherry Point (ECU)	- 1	387	419	454	8.4	_
Seymour Johnson (ECU)		247			-	-
Mil. Ctrs. Total TOTAL		$\frac{2,112}{71,906}$	1,808 89,439	$\frac{1,730}{92,184}$	$\frac{-4.3}{+3.1\%}$	-

In law, each of the 16 constituent institutions of The University is equal to every other one. With a few exceptions (which the Board of Governors is empowered to override), no program is assigned by law to any one of the



institutions. As a part of the program authorization pattern which it inherited, however, the Board of Governors has acknowledged and thus far retained the categories of institutions that had developed prior to 1971, consisting of three institutions authorized to grant degrees up through the doctorate, six authorized to grant degrees up through the master's and certain professional degrees, and seven authorized to grant only the bachelor's degree. From the last category may be taken and established as a fourth category the North Carolina School of the Arts, in recognition of its unique status as a conservatory of the performing arts and as both a secondary and a post-secondary institution. These four categories of institutions reflect subsisting functional differentiations and have been employed in this State Plan for most analytical purposes.

These four categories of institutions have no racial purpose or connotation. Only three institutions have been authorized to grant doctorates. The five-year, master's degree granting category includes two predominantly black institutions and four predominantly white institutions. The four-year, bachelor's degree granting category includes three predominantly black and three predominantly white institutions. The School of the Arts is unique in the nature of its program and was established after the era of de jure segregation had passed.

Moreover, none of the 15 institutions has now or has had for many years a racial designation as a part of its formal title or its assigned function.

Long-established policies represent all 16 institutions and their programs as open to students without respect to race.

^{1.} Just prior to the Higher Education Reorganization Act of 1971, there were in addition to The University of North Carolina nine other institutions which the General Assembly had denominated as universities although (like the younger three campuses of the six-campus University) none of them is authorized grant the doctorate. Only the School of the Arts is not titled "university."

No act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, no action of the Board of Higher Education while it was the coordinating agency for higher education in North Carolina, and no action of the Board of Governors assigns to any constituent institution a geographical service area or limits its capacity to enroll students from any part of the State. Thus no institution is designated as "local," "regional," or "statewide" in role. In practice, some institutions draw larger proportions of their students from their county of location and immediately surrounding counties than do other institutions. Such concentrations of students from the vicinity generally are found in the institutions located in metropolitan areas. (See Appendix UNC-44.)

As to the future roles of the constituent institutions of The University -roles that may emerge from the long-range (1975-80) plan now in the course of
development -- no prior judgment has been made by the Board of Governors.

There is no prior assumption that the role of any institutions <u>must</u> be changed
as a result of the plan, though there is a likelihood of some changes. Other
changes in program might arise from the study of program duplication promised
in III, E, 1, d (below). If some prior declaration of the role of each institution must be made now, however, it must be that each institution will
continue to perform essentially its present functions until adequate evidence
to support a change is presented to the Board of Governors and the Board's
approval for the change is given. Of course, no institution will have a
specially-declared racial mission after the completion of the plan, just as
none now has one.

We hope to make all 16 constituent institutions attractive to students of all races. Within The University, taken as a whole, we hope to provide sound educational programs responsive to all substantial needs of the State.



It has not been the policy of the State, however, and we do not understand the Office for Civil Rights to be asking, that every institution offer the full potential range of academic programs. On the contrary, the clear request is for less program duplication and more specialization among institutions. (To that request we would add our own commitment that all programs undertaken be of a quality worthy of University sponsorship.) To the extent that a student choosing to attend a particular institution thereby limits his career possibilities to those for which that institution is authorized to prepare him, we deem this to be the logical result of his choice made within a framework of program differentiation and specialization.

As a part of the review of programs to be undertaken in connection with the preparation of the long-range plan of The University, the program offerings of the predominantly black institutions, along with those of the other eleven constituent institutions, will be reviewed to determine the extent to which those programs need to be augmented in order to meet the needs of the constituencies of those institutions as defined in non-racial terms. Having long ago concluded that the policy of separate but equal has no place in public higher education, the Board of Governors will not be guided in its decisions primarily by a consideration of the historic racial identity of the institutions in its charge. The primary consideration will be that, within a comprehensive and minimally duplicating set of program offerings, each institution be authorized to offer those programs that it is qualified to offer and which meet the proven needs of those students whom it seeks to serve, and furthermore that whatever programs it undertakes be of a quality worthy of University sponsorship.

The long-range plan is now being prepared by the several Chancellors and their staffs and faculty groups on each campus, working in close conjunction



with the President's staff. When the staff work is complete (which it is anticipated to be late in 1974), the plan will be reviewed by the Committee on Educational Planning, Policies, and Programs of the Board of Governors and by the Board itself early in 1975. The duty of adopting the plan and the assignments of functions to the institutions it will contain is legally that of the Board of Governors. Implementation of the plan as adopted by the Board of Governors will be the duty of the President, the chancellors, and such members of their staffs and faculties as they may think it proper to involve. (See Arpendices UNC-45 and 46 for a description of the current long-range planning activity.)

As a part of the long-range planning process, the racial implications of present and future functional assignments of the 16 constituent institutions of The University will be evaluated. This evaluation will include the possible racial impact of the inherited functional roles of the four categories of public senior institutions. Corrective actions will be taken where the Board finds them to be needed in keeping with the general objectives of this plan.

The following paragraphs describe briefly the 16 constituent institutions of The University. Appendices UNC-26 through UNC-29 report the numbers of degrees granted by each of these institutions in recent years by level and by field of study. A comprehensive listing of degree offerings of each institution is in preparation and will be provided to the Office for Civil Rights when available.

Doctor's Degree Granting Institutions

North Carolina State University at Raleigh was established in 1887 as the first land-grant college in the State. In addition to its long-established offerings in engineering, agriculture, design, textiles, forestry, and related



technological fields, the University has a large liberal arts program. The Agricultural Research Stations, Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service, and Industrial Extension program are under its control. It offers bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees.

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, chartered in 1789, comprises a college of arts and sciences, several professional schools, a division of health affairs, and numerous other instructional, research, and service activities. It offers bachelor's, master's, first professional, and doctor's degrees and the sixth year program in education.

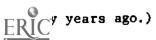
The University of North Carolina at Greensboro, established in 1891 as a normal and industrial school for women, it later became a liberal arts college for women and is now a coeducational institution offering liberal arts college for women, is now a coeducational institution offering bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees and the sixth year program in education.

Master's Degree Granting Institutions

Appalachian State University, founded in 1899 as a secondary school, became successively a normal school, a teacher training institution, and a liberal arts college. It offers bachelor's and master's degrees and the sixth year program in education.

East Carolina University, created in 1907 as a teacher training institution, has become the third largest campus in The University and offers a diversified program. It offers bachelor's and master's degrees and the sixth year program in education.

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University, established in 1891 as the land-grant college for the black race, offers bachelor's and master's degrees. (The racial designation of this institution was removed



North Carolina Central University, chartered as a private institution in 1909 and acquired by the State in 1923, was long a liberal arts college and teacher preparation institution for the black race. It offers bachelor's, master's and first professional degrees and the sixth year program in education. (The racial designation of this institution was removed many years ago.)

The University of North Carolina at Charlotte was established in 1946 as a local junior college, was elevated to four-year status in 1963, and became a campus of The University of North Carolina in 1965. It offers bachelor's and master's degrees. Located in the State's principal metropolitan area, it is the most rapidly growing institution in The University.

Western Carolina University, founded in 1889 as a secondary school, soon became a normal school, then a junior college, then a teachers' college, and then a liberal arts college. It offers bachelor's and master's degrees.

Bachelor's Degree Granting Institutions

Elizabeth City State University, founded in 1891 as a normal achool for the black race, became a four-year college in 1937 and offers only the bachelor's degree. (The racial designation of this inatitution was removed many years ago.)

Fayetteville State University was founded in 1877 to prepare black teachers for the schools of the State; it became a senior college in 1939 and offers only the bachelor's degree. It also operates an off-campus center, primarily for military personnel and their dependents, at Fort Bragg. (The racial designation of this institution was removed many years ago.)

Pembroke State University was founded in 1887 as a normal school for Indians in Robeson County and became a four-year college in 1939. Today Indians constitue only 17% of its student population. The institution offers only the bachelor's degree.



The University of North Carolina at Asheville has moved from a municipal junior college founded in 1927, to a state community college in 1957, to a public senior college in 1963, and to a campus of The University in 1969. It offers only the bachelor's degree.

The University of North Carolina at Wilmington, a county junior college from 1947 until it became a state community college in 1958, has been a public senior institution since 1963 and a campus of The University since 1969. It offers only the bachelor's degree.

<u>Winston-Salem State University</u>, established in 1892 to serve a black constituency and chartered by the State in 1897, has been a four-year college since 1925 and offers only the bachelor's degree. (The racial designation of this institution was removed many years ago.)

School of the Arts

The North Carolina School of the Arts, created in 1963, is the only one of the 16 constituent institutions that still retains its original mission, providing professional training in music, dance, drama, and theatrical design and production. It offers only the bachelor's degree. It also conducts a secondary school program.

3. Governance

a. <u>General</u>

The North Carolina Constitution of 1971 provides with respect to higher education:

The General Assembly shall maintain a public system of higher education, comprising the University of North Carolina and Such other institutions of higher education as the General Assembly may deem wise. The General Assembly shall provide for the selection of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and of the other institutions of higher education, in whom shall be vested all the privileges, rights, franchises, and endowments heretofore granted to or conferred upon the trustees of these institutions. The General Assembly may enact laws necessary and expedient for the maintenance and management of The University of North Carolina and the other public institutions of higher education. (Constitution of 1971, Article IX, Section 8.)



That section was rewritten and adopted by the people in 1970.

The General Assembly possesses all legislative powers of the people except as it is limited by the State or Federal Constitution, and therefore has ultimate power to control the University as a state institution and determine what state resources will be allocated to its support. While the existence of The University is guaranteed by the above-quoted constitutional provision, the meaning of that guarantee is left largely to legislative determination. After a long period of increasingly close and controversial involvement in the making of higher education policy through legislative measures, General Assembly of 1971 resolved to delegate to a single governing board a greater measure of authority and autonomy with respect to the management of the public senior system of higher education than theretofore had been granted to any governing or coordinating board in this state. By Chapter 1244 of the Session Laws of 1971, the General Assembly in October of that year "redefined" The University of North Carolina to comprise sixteen institutions, including the six that were then a part of The University of North Carolina and ten other institutions that were at that time independent legal entities. To that Board of Governors, the General Assembly granted virtually all powers of government over The University of North Carolina and its sixteen constituent institutions. That grant was made by statute, however, and it can be modified or repealed at any time in the same manner that it was enacted.

The Board of Governors is in law the same body that was known as the "Board of Truatees" of The University of North Carolina prior to July 1, 1972, the effective date of the Reorganization Act. This is true despite the change in name, size, membership, and jurisdiction of that body. The Board of Governors is, in a different legal sense, the legal successor to the ten boards



of trustees of the ten institutions that were merged into The University of North Carolina by the Reorganization Act of 1971.

b. Board of Governors

Omitting the details of certain transitional provisions, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina today consists of 32 members, serving overlapping terms of eight years. As the term of each cohort of eight members terminates, the vacancies so created (together with those arising from death, removal, or resignation) must be filled by election by the General Assembly. The statutes provide a detailed procedure for the election of members of the Board. Each group of eight must include at lesst one woman, at least one member of a minority race, and at least one member of the political party to which the largest minority of the members of the General Assembly belong. No state officer or employee may serve as member of the Board of Governors. No member may serve more than two successive full terms. The Chairman is elected by the Board from its membership biennially.

The Board of Governors is empowered to govern the 16 public institutions of higher education. The Board must plan and develop a coordinated system of higher education for the State and prepare a long-range plan for that system. It must "govern the 16 constituent institutions" and "be responsible for the general determination, control, supervision, management and governance of all affairs of the constituent institutions . . . ", and it may make policies and regulations for that purpose.

The Board must determine the functions, educational activities, and academic programs of the institutions and the degrees that each may award.

After notice and hearing, the Board may withdraw prior approval of any existing program if it appears to the Board to be "unproductive, excessively costly or unnecessarily duplicative."



Enrollment levels at each institution are set by the Board. (By implication, this includes the authority to set enrollment levels within various units and programs within each institution.)

Subject to overriding legislative action, the Board sets the tuition and fees to be charged by each institution.

The establishment of any new publicly supported institution of higher education above the community college level requires the approval of the Board of Governors.

The President of The University, his staff, and the chancellors of the institutions are elected by the Board of Governors. On recommendation of the President and the appropriate chancellor, the Board elects and fixes the compensation of all vice chancellors, senior academic and administrative officers, and persons having permanent tenure.

The data-collecting and disseminating function of the former Board of Higher Education, as well as the authority to require uniform reporting practices and policies, now are vested in the Board of Governors.

The Board is directed to give special attention to the private colleges and universities, to advise the General Assembly as to their utilization, and to review all requests of those institutions for state aid to them or their students before presentation to any other state agency or the General Assembly.

The Board must advise the Governor, the General Assembly, and other agencies on higher education generally.

The Board is granted all powers not specifically given to the institutional boards of trustees.

In recognition of the need for some decentralization of decision-making authority, the Board is authorized to delegate any of its powers to the institutional boards of trustees or through the President to the chancellors.



The Board of Governors was substituted for the old boards of trustees of several institutions as the authorizing body for the issuance of bonds for various University purposes.

The authority to grant and revoke licenses to operate private degreegranting institutions of higher education is vested in the Board of Governors.

The Board maintains an Educational Opportunities Information Center to provide information on student admissions, transfers, and enrollments to prospective students and to the public and private institutions of higher education in order to facilitate the matching of prospective students with institutional openings. It also operates the programs of state aid to private institutions of higher education, inaugurated in 1971. Federal programs of aid to institutions or students that are statewide in character and for the benefit of higher education, such as the Higher Education Facilities Act, are administered by the Board of Governors.

It is in its budgetary role that the Board of Governors acquired potentially its most significant specific authority, authority not theretofore granted to any state board. The Board must prepare a "single unified recommended budget for all of public senior higher education . . ." for presentation to the Governor, the Advisory Budget Commission, and the General Assembly, and it has limited control over the budget once adopted by the General Assembly.

Chapter 1244 transferred all property interests held by the Board of Higher Education and the boards of trustees of the regional universities and the School of the Arts to the Board of Governors, effective July 1, 1972. The obligations of those boards were similarly transferred to the Board of Governors. Where property is held for the benefit of a particular institution or group of



institutions, the Board of Governors continues to hold and administer it for the benefit of the original beneficiary.

The Board of Governors has the same general authority to acquire, manage, and dispose of property enjoyed by it under its former designation as the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Property originally given to a particular institution or for a special purpose must continue to be held under the terms of the donation.

c. President

The Board of Governors elects a President of The University and on his recommendation such other officers as may be deemed necessary or desirable, and determines the positions, titles, and salaries of the staff.

(Salary-setting authority with respect to the top level administrative positions was not previously enjoyed by the boards of trustees of any of the universities.) The President serves at the pleasure of the Board.

The President "shall be the chief administrative officer of The University." He is the official medium of communication between the Board of Governors and all others within and without The University. He is assisted by such professional staff as is deemed necessary and are elected by the Board on the President's nomination. The Board fixes the compensation of the staff members it elects. Non-professional members of the President's staff are subject to the State Personnel Act. The staff complement is established by the Board on the recommendation of the President. The President's principal staff currently consists of several assistants to the President; Vice Presidents for Academic Affairs, Finance, Planning, and Student Services and Special Programs; and the Secretary to the Board.



d. Constituent Institutions

Since the statutory provisions with respect to the 16 constituent institutions are in all respects here material identical, and since the Code provisions adopted by the Board of Governors to early 1974 have also been identical as to all 16 institutions, the discussion below of the organization and powers of the boards of trustees and of the office of the chancellor may be taken to apply equally to all 16 institutions.

(1) Boards of Trustees

Since 1973, there are 16 boards of trustees, each composed (with one exception) of thirteen members—eight elected by the Board of Governors and four appointed by the Governor, all for overlapping four—year terms, and the president of student government, ex officio. (The School of the Arts has a fourteenth member, the Conductor of the North Carolina Symphony.) The Governor appoints two persons and the Board of Governors elects four persons each odd-numbered year, as terms expire. Vacancies are filled for the unexpired term by the authority that appointed the vacating trustee.

One who has served for two four-year terms in succession as a trustee is ineligible for election or appointment to the same board for a year, but he can be elected or appointed immediately to another board of trustees.

The same prohibition against service on the Board of Governors by legislators and other state officers and employees and their spouses is imposed with respect to the boards of trustees. Simultaneous service on the Board of Governors and on a board of trustees is prohibited.

Each board of trustees elects from its membership a chairman, a vicechairman, and a secretary annually.

Each board of trustees must hold at least three regular meetings a year.



The functions assigned by statute to the respective boards of trustees are few. Each has a general duty to "promote the sound development of the institution within the functions prescribed for it . . . ", advise the Board of Governors on institutional matters, and advise the chancellor on the management and development of the institution. When a chancellor is to be chosen, the board of trustees must recommend to the President at least two persons for the post, and from that number he nominates one to the Board of Governors for election. The primary duties of the board of trustees are assigned by delegation from the Board of Governors. There is no requirement that these delegations be uniform as to all 16 institutions.

The Board of Governors has delegated to each board of trustees authority

(1) to advise the Chancellor on those appointment, promotion, and salary matters that ultimately must be acted on by the President and Board of Governors;

(2) to act finally on such personnel matters not requiring action by the President and Board of Governors; (3) to adopt personnel policies for the institution, consistent with the University Code and state law; (4) to nominate to the President persons for appointment to the position of chancellor;

(5) to insure that the institution adheres to the roles assigned to it by the Board of Governors; (6) to advise the chancellor on budget matters; (7) to be responsible for physical planning for the institution and the construction of buildings on its campus; (8) to preserve and protect the endowment funds of the institution; (9) to fix student admission policies; (10) to regulate the administration of student aid; (11) to determine the type, level, and extent of student services to be maintained by the institution; and (12) to regulate parking on the campus.



(2) Chancellors

Each of the 16 constituent institutions is headed by a Chancellor. Chancellors are chosen as follows: The board of trustees of the institution recommends to the President at least two persons for the post. From those recommended by the trustees (though not necessarily from the first pair offered), the President must nominate a person to the Board of Governors, which elects him (though the Board need not necessarily elect the first person nominated by the President). The Board of Governors also fixes the compensation of the chancellors, which is not required to be uniform as to all of them.

The statutory powers of the chancellors are stated in some detail.

"The chancellor shall be the administrative and executive head

of the institution and shall exercise complete executive authority therein,
subject to the direction of the President." He must carry out the policies of
the Board of Governors and of his trustees; make an annual report to the two
boards on his institution's operations; attend all meetings of his board of
trustees; and keep his board of trustees, the President, and through him the
Board of Governors informed on institutional operations and needs. Under
policies of the Board of Governors and his board of trustees, the chancellor
makes recommendations for the appointment of personnel within the institution
and for the development of educational programs. On recommendation of the
President and chancellor, the Board of Governors appoints and fixes the
compensation of all vice-chancellors, senior academic and administrative
officers, and persons with permanent tenure.



e. Other State Agencies

The University of North Carolina and each of its constituent institutions must operate within the constraints of a complex scheme for the administration and management of state institutions and agencies. This scheme imposes extensive restraints on budgeting, borrowing money, the acquisition and disposal of real estate, the purchasing of goods and services, the employment of persons subject to the State Personnel Act (which means essentially all of those not engaged in the instructional and research programs of the University), the retirement systems for its employees, the insurance of its property, and the conduct of many of its operations affected by health, safety, and welfare regulations.

Conformity with these requirements involves the University with a host of state officers and agencies: the Governor; the Advisory Budget Commission; the Department of Administration, including the Office of the Budget, the Office of Personnel, and the Office of Property Control and Construction; the Council of State; the State Auditor; the Attorney General; the Superintendent of Public Instruction and State Board of Education; the Insurance Department; the Utilities Commission; the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System; the Department of Labor; the State Department of Human Resources, including the Division of Health Services, the Division of Mental Health Services, and the Division of Facility Services and Licensure; and others.



4. Racial Composition of Boards

a. Board of Governors

The Reorganization Act of 1971 required for the first time that there be minority racial representation on a governing board for higher education. Neither the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina (which governed six compuses) nor the boards of trustees of the other ten institutions were required to have minority race representation. The Act requires that as the successor members of the Board of Governors are chosen by the General Assembly, eight every two years, at least one of each group of eight governors must be a member of a minority race. Thus it is guaranteed that at least four of the thirty-two members will be minority race members, and in fact there are now six black members of the Board of Governors.

The membership of the Board of Governors since 1972, with the race of each member indicated, will be found in Appendix UNC-31.

b. Boards of Trustees

The statute prescribing the membership of the 16 boards of trustees does not require that there be any distribution of the membership by race. Until 1973, none of the predominantly white institutions had had a non-white member of its board since it became a senior institution, with the single exception of Pembroke and it was formerly a predominantly Indian institution. Beginning with the complete reconstitution of the boards that took place in 1973 pursuant to the Reorganization Act, every institution now has at least one minority race member on its board of trustees. The predominantly black institutions have in four of five cases predominantly black boards of trustees, although each board includes five, six, or seven white members out of thirteen. Of the 64 initial members of the 16 reorganized University



boards of trustees who were appointed by the Governor of North Carolina in 1973, a total of 18 (or more than one-quarter) are from racial minorities (13 black, five Indian). In 1975, the Governor will appoint 32 members of those boards to fill vacancies arising due to the expiration of terms. It is anticipated that increased concern for racial representativeness within the boards of trustees will guide the actions of the Board of Governors and the Governor of the State in making future selections of trustees.

The membership of all boards of trustees since 1953, with race indicated, will be found in Appendix UNC-31.

c. Other University Agencies

The past and current racial composition of other University boards, committees, and similar bodies is shown in Appendix UNC-32. Racial representativeness within the various committees and boards whose members are chosen by the Board of Governors or the President of The University of North Carolina will be increased.

d. State Agencies

The past and current racial composition of various state boards with authority with respect to higher education is shown in Appendix UNC-33. The selection of the members of these agencies is a matter beyond the control of the Board of Governors of The University.



5. Financing The University of North Carolina

The academic budgets of the sixteen constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina and North Carolina Memorial Hospital total approximately \$267 million for the current fiscal year. Approximately 68% of these budgets, or \$182 million, is supported by appropriations from the State General Fund. The remaining 32% of these budgets is provided by student tuition and fees, patient receipts, and various departmental receipts.

The Reorganization Act of 1971 spoke directly to the budgeting procedures of The University. This legislation established the framework for both the budget procedures to be followed within The University and the legislative phase of the budget process. General Statutes Sec. 116-11(9), states:

- a. The Board of Governors shall develop, prepare and present to the Governor, the Advisory Budget Commission and the General Assembly a single, unified recommended budget for all of public senior higher education. The recommendations shall consist of requests in three general categories: (1) funds for the continuing operation of each constituent institution, (ii) funds for salary increases for employees exempt from the State Personnel Act and (iii) funds requested without reference to constituent institutions, itemized as to priority and covering such areas as new programs and activities, expansions of programs and activities, increases in enrollments, increases to accommodate internal shifts and categories of persona served, capital improvements, improvements in levels of operation and increases to remedy deficiencies, as well as other areas.
- b. Funds for the continuing operation of each constituent institution shall be appropriated directly to the institution. Funds for salary increases for employees exempt from the State Personnel Act shall be appropriated to the Board in a lump sum for allocation to the institutions. Funds for the third category in paragraph a. of this subdivision shall be appropriated to the Board in a lump sum. The Board shall allocate to the institutions any funds appropriated, said allocation to be made in accordance with the Board's schedule of priorities; provided, however, that when both the Board and the Advisory Budget Commission deem it to be in the best interest of the State, funds in the third category may be allocated, in whole or in part, for other items within the list of priorities or for items not included in the list.



c. The Advisory Budget Commission, may, on recommendation of the Board, authorize transfer of appropriated funds from one institution to another to provide adjustments for over- or underenrollment or may make any other adjustments among institutions that would provide for the orderly and efficient operation of the institutions.

At the beginning of the budget process, the President receives budget instructions from the Department of Administration. These instructions give general guidelines for requests, specific details for format, and a timetable for submission of requests to the Governor and the Advisory Budget Commission.

Based on these instructions, the President, with the approval of the Budget and Finance Committee of the Board of Governors, issues guidelines and instructions to the constituent institutions for preparation of requests. Instructions relating to the continuation budgets are very specific since increases are generally limited to statutory requirements, such as Social Security rate increases. The instructions relating to the academic salary increases budget address the request on a University-wide basis; all institutions are advised of the percentage of increase to use in calculation. The expansion and capital budget instructions give general guidelines to the institutions; each request in these budgets requires the assignment of an institutional priority. Some requests in this budget are made at a University-wide policy level and specific requests from institutions are not solicited. An example is the request for library improvements in the 1974-75 budget, which was prepared in this manner.

An Academic Budget Committee composed of senior members of the President's staff reviews all campus budget requests. The Committee assesses institutional priorities, examines requests with reference to the established role and mission of the institution and possible program duplications, and evaluates the overall volume of campus requests.



After receiving the recommendations of the Academic Budget Committee, the President confers further with the chancellors of the constituent institutions and prepares his recommendations to the Budget and Finance Committee of the Board of Governors.

The Budget and Finance Committee considers the President's recommendations and presents its recommendations to the Board of Governors for consideration.

The Board of Governors then adopts and submits The University's budget request to the Governor and the Advisory Budget Commission.

The Governor and the Advisory Budget Commission make recommendations on The University's budget as a part of overall State budget recommendations to the General Assembly.

The General Assembly appropriates funds to The University in accordance with the statute cited above. Continuation budgets are appropriated directly to the constituent institutions. All academic salary increases and funds for program expansion and capital improvements are appropriated in lump sums to the Board of Governors for allocation.

After receiving the lump sums for allocation, the Board of Governora repeats the internal procedure used for generating the requeats. The important difference is that the Board now has a definite dollar amount available for allocations and each institution is given the opportunity to reassess its earlier requests and assignments of priority.

If the Board's allocations involve a change in The University's priority schedule, the approval of the Advisory Budget Commission is required before allocations are made to the institutions.

The scale of the financial operations of The University is indicated by the following table of current operations appropriations for the current fiscal year.



The University of North Carolina Authorized Budgets for Current Operations 1973-74

Appalachian State University	\$ 15,667,014
East Carolina University	20,440,911
Elizabeth City State University	2,980,369
Fayetteville State University	3,638,884
North Carolina A & T State University	9,766,796
North Carolina Central University	8,290,794
North Carolina School of the Arts	2,252,957
North Carolina State University at Raleigh	39,718,605
Pembroke State University	3,556,859
The University of North Carolina at Asheville	2,587,972
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Academic	50,304,096
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Health Affairs	
The University of North Carolina at Charlotte	11,148,304
The University of North Carolina at Greensboro	16,085,247
The University of North Carolina at Wilmington	4,888,906
Western Carolina University	10,655,165
Winston-Salem State University	3,723,141
North Carolina Memorial Hospital	36,528,852
Total	\$266,611,323

Capital improvements funds totaling \$69,276,000 were appropriated by the 1973 General Assembly to the Board of Governors for distribution to the constituent institutions. These funds are not included in the schedule above. Also, auxiliary service operations are excluded from this presentation.



C. The Community College System

1. Evolution of the North Carolina Community College System and
Its Institutions

The North Carolina Community College System now includes 57 community colleges and technical institutes. Seventeen of these institutions are community colleges and forty are technical institutes. The essential difference between a community college and a technical institute in this state system is that a community college offers the first two years of a liberal arts and science college curriculum in addition to the regular technical institute programs. The college transfer programs culminate in associate degrees in arts and sciences, and the academic credits earned in this type of curriculum are transferable at face value to senior colleges or universities. Every institution has a variety of one-year vocational curriculum programs of education and training in different occupational fields. Each institution also has two-year curriculum programs of education and training in various technical fields. These programs lead to associate degrees in applied science. Every institution has a wide variety of "non-curriculum" extension courses and programs ranging from adult basic education to single courses at the college level. Many institutions also offer a general education curriculum, which is a combination of occupational training courses and general college courses. If pursued full-time for two years, or the equivalent in part-time work, the general education curriculum leads to an associate degree in general education. Typically, some but not all of the general education credits earned are transferrable to bachelor's degree programs.

North Carolina experimented with a number of different system-building strategies during the period 1927 to 1963, as follows:



a. Cities and counties were authorized by 1927 to establish taxsupported junior colleges. Only five were established in three communities
by 1955. The first was established by the city of Asheville as a white,
segregated institution in 1927. That institution evolved into the present
University of North Carolina at Asheville.

In about 1947, two institutions were established by the city of Charlotte and the county of Mecklenburg at Charlotte. One of these served white students, and the other served black students. Charlotte College ultimately became the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, and Mecklenburg College was reorganized into Central Piedmont Community College.

In about 1947, two junior colleges were established at Wilmington by the county of New Hanover. One of these institutions served white students, and the other served black students. These two institutions ultimately became the University of North Carolina at Wilmington.

In approximately 1957, the county of Pasquotank established the College of the Albemarle at Elizabeth City. This institution served white students. Contrary to the implication indicated in Mr. Holmes' letter dated November 10, 1973, the primary motive in establishing the College of the Albemarle as a junior college for white students was not to promote segregation, but to facilitate education. Segregation was already a reality. It was not foreseen or expected that the new institution would in any way compete with what was then known as Elizabeth City State Teachers' College, an institution whose curriculum had been limited to training elementary school teachers and whose clientele had been limited to black citizens. White students in those days did not enroll at Elizabeth City State Teachers' College. No consideration was given to the question of whether black students would or would not



enroll at the College of the Albemarle. That question was deliberately left to be answered by the course of human events.

Prior to 1963 Elizabeth City State Teachers College, Fayetteville State Teachers College and Winston-Salem State Teachera College did not offer a curriculum leading to a degree in liberal arts and sciences. The B. S. degree in Education was offered, and also at Winston-Salem the B. S. in Nursing was offered. Legislation enacted by the North Carolina General Assembly in 1963 deleted the word "Teachera" from the name of each of these institutiona and made it possible for other curricula to be added. 1a

The College of the Albemarle at Elizabeth City, Fayetteville Technical Institute at Fayetteville, and Forsyth Technical Institute at Winston-Salem were first organized in 1957 and 1959 respectively. The latter institutions have never been permitted to establish instructional programs that were already being offered by other poat-aecondary public or private inatitutiona within the county or within a twenty-five mile radius of the institution. If duplicative curricular programs exist today among any Community College System inatitutiona and any of the sixteen University institutiona located in the same county or within a 25-mile radiua, the duplication came about as a result of action by the trustees of the aemior inatitution. The consequent impact on segregation or desegregation must be considered in light of that fact but, nevertheless, ahould not be used as the basis of demands to dismantle or disparage any institution. The idea of merging the College of the Albemarle and Elizabeth City State University cannot be supported. It would deprive the merged institution of substantial local and federal funding support now given the College of the Albemarle and would purport to take into The University

la. North Carolina Session Laws 1963, Chapter 422 (Elizabeth City State ers College), Chapter 421 (Winston-Salem Teachers College), and Chapter ERIC (Fayetteville State Teachers College).

educational and occupational instruction programs, most of which would be entirely inappropriate to a University - including, for example, teaching illiterates to read and write, teaching brick masonry and other skill trades, teaching new industry trainees, etc. Such a merger would indeed disrupt and ruin two good institutions that are now in a position to be mutually very strengthening to each other.

The actual motive for the establishment of the College of the Albemarle was the fact that the small but well-located and well-built Pasquotank County Hospitsl was being relocated and its facilities were to be vacated. Pasquotank County had a strong senator in the North Carolina General Assembly. He and a group of people in the community conceived the idea of putting the abandoned hospital facilities to useful community service, rather than abandoning or dismantling the structure. The senator prevailed upon the General Assembly to grant an appropriation for renovating the facilities and enabling Pasquotank County to adapt the buildings for use as a local junior college. At that time, no objection to the new institution was made by any federal authority, nor by blacks in the community. It is believed that no black ever sought to enroll at the institution before it became a member of the North Carolina Community College System, at which time it was declared by the State Board of Education to be an educational institution comprehensive in nature and open to students of all races. It was this forthright, open declaration of a nonsegregation policy for the institution which occasioned objections on the part of blacks connected with Elizabeth City State Teachers' College, who then, for the first time, saw the College of the Albemarle as a possible competitor for students. The federal objections, of course, came even later when the federal government became more intently concerned with desegregation of higher education and learned of the belated objections arising in the black community. A proper



sense of justice would require inspection of the College of The Albemarle in the context of factual history and the institution's compliance with public policy and the laws of the State and nation after the public policy and laws were revised and promulgated. The fifth local junior college established prior to organization of the community college system was Gaston College. This institution was established in 1959 and operated for a very short time before being absorbed into the Community College System.

In July of 1973, a former private junior college, Mitchell College at Statesville, was reorganized as a public community college under the North Carolina Community College Act and became an institutional member of the Community College System. This institution was established in 1852 under sponsorship of The Concord, North Carolina, Presbytery of The Presbyterian religious denomination as a college for women. Its first class of students enrolled in 1856. It operated in the historical context of segregation, in conformity with State law and consistent with the federal Constitution and federal laws until those were changed in recent times by the federal courts, by the Congress and by the State of North Carolina. On January 1, 1959, Mitchell College severed its denominational affiliation. It had been opened to men as well as women in the 1930's. The College desegregated by action of its private board of trustees on January 13, 1965. It became a public community college and a governmental instrumentality of Iredell County on July 1, 1973. Like every institution of the North Carolina Community College System, the institution is fully committed to compliance with the Civil Rights laws.

b. During the period 1955-63, the State began giving limited aid to the local public junior colleges. This aid was appropriated on the basis of \$3 per student credit hour of instruction. This allowance was later increased to \$5 per student credit hour. Nevertheless, the efforts made by local communities to



develop such institutions across the state showed poor prospects of success, overlapped the lower levels of many existing state and private academic colleges, and did not serve the needs for adult basic education, adult high school education or occupational training. It became evident that some other approach to public post-secondary education and training was needed.

- c. In 1957, the State began experimenting with state-financed "technical institutes of college grade" to provide occupational training. These technical institutes of college grade were to be organized and operated in various regions of the State under administration and direction of North Carolina State University's School of Engineering. Appropriations of funds to establish one such institute in the west and one in the east were made. Only the one in the west was actually established. This was Gaston Technical Institute which was later merged into Gaston Community College. This technical institute strategy proved impractical and inadequate. The "college grade" objective aimed at too small a segment of the population needing adult education and occupational training. As satellites of a senior institution, these technical institutes were too far out on the funding pipeline to receive necessary support. This approach was considered a failure by 1960.
- d. In 1957, the State Board of Education proposed to the General Assembly that there be developed in connection with the public school system a system of adult education and occupational training centers designated "industrial education centers." The plan was to establish such centers in selected public high schools in various counties. The centers were to be financed primarily by State funds for operation and equipment and by local funds for building and plant operation. Approximately twenty industrial education centers were established from 1957 to 1963. This strategy proved quite promising but still not completely adequate. The range and levels of offerings were too limited



and did not extend beyond high school education, trades and vocations.

Frequently, a step-child relationship to local high schools hampered development.

Adults came in considerable numbers, but the usual presence of public school children on the premises was not acceptable to many adults. It should be noted that these were desegregated operations.

In 1963, the State adopted a new strategy recommended by the Governor's Commission on Education Beyond the High School. In the reorganization under the Community College Act, all of the existing experimental operations were systematically redistributed. Most of them were assimilated into member institutions of a Community College System of county-owned, state-aided institutions and a State Department of Community Colleges. The State Department provided direction, coordination, leadership and professional assistance under the general regulatory jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, but the System would be legally "separate and apart from the public school system" and also separate and apart from state-owned senior higher education operations then under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Higher Education. The State assumed basic financial responsibility for costs of administration, instruction, and related equipment. Countfes assumed primary responsibilities for the cost of buildings and grounds, and for the support of plant operations and maintenance. Each level of government had authority to supplement whatever amounts of money the other level was required to provide in basic support.

The range and scope of instruction were broadly extended. These institutions were declared open to all persons age 18 and above who had completed or left the public schools. Institutions of this System were desegregated from the very beginning. Those which had been converted from industrial



education centers had been desegregated from the time of their establishment.

Under the Community College Act of 1963, the Community College System and its constituent institutions have expanded to the point of serving 431,000 students in 1972-73, or approximately eight percent of the entire population of North Carolina. This public acceptance has led to gradually increasing financial support from the North Carolina General Assembly, particularly for the current fiscal year. Much progress has been made toward accomplishing the visions of the 1962 Governor's Commission Beyond the High School and the goals and policies subsequently adopted by the State Board of Education. However, as will be described in more detail later in this plan, much remains to be done before the North Carolina Community College System can become a fully developed system.

2. Constituent Institutions

The sizes of the 57 institutions and their student racial compositions in fall terms from 1966 through 1972 are shown on the tables which begin on the following page.



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENTS RACIAL COMPOSITION BY INSTITUTION

		· ·	STUDENT	ENROLLMENT	·
		ENROLLMEAT		1972	PERCENT OF
	FALI	. 1972	PERCENT	PERCENT	NON-WHITE POPULATION
INSTITUTIONS	WHITE	NON-WHITE	WHITE	NON-WHITE	IN COUNTY - 1970
Auson TT	735	385	66%	34%	45%
Asheville-Buncombe 11	2,438	258	90	10	11
Reaufart County II	1.384	908	60	40	33
Bladen TI	682	223	75	∵5	40
Blue Ridge TI	1,725	123	93	7	6
Coldwell CC & TI	4.762	378	93	7	
Cape Lear II	4.090	1,869	69	.31	23
Carteret TI	1.043	156	87	13	12
Gatawba Valley II	7.143	572	93	7	10
Central Carolina II	2.952	1,105	73	27	23
Central Pledmont CC	11,415	3,552	76	·	24
Cleveland County TI	1,659	350	83	17	21
Coastal Carulina CC	6,144	2,227	73	2 7	16
College of The Albemarle		894	71	2 9	38
<u>Craven CC</u>	1,953	846	_ 70	30	26
Davidson County CC	4,311	757	85	15	10
Durham T1	2,228	1,472	60	40	33
Edgecombe T1	1,314	1 ,358	49	51	47
layetteville TI	3,883	1,310	75	25	25
lorsyth II	3,223	733	81	19	23
Gaston College	5,293	661	39	<u> </u>	
Guilford Tl	6.881	1,899	78	2 2	23
Halifax County Tl	8 9 6	618	59	41	50
Haywood TI	2.025	79	96	4	3
Isothermal CC.	1.888	229	89	11	12
James Sprunt Inst.	1,370	472	74	76	34
Johnston Tl	2.103	658	76	24	21
Lenoir CC	0.890	1,875	61	39	37
Martin TI	1,121	831	57	43	45
Mayland II	804	22	97	3	2
McDowell 11	77916	28	97	-	8
Montgomery TI	543	213	72	28	25
Nash TE	1,080	523	67	33	36
Pamlico 11	3 9 9	270	60	40	34
#iedmont TI	801	490	62	38	33
Pitt i	2,531	895	74	26	
Randolph TI	2,491	246	91	- 9	7
Richmond TI	1.836	783	źÓ	30	30
Roanoke-Chowan TI	552	1,227	31	69	54
Robeson 11	1.362	1,262	52	48	57
Rockingham CC	2.820	572	83		
Rowan T1	3.250	472	87	ii	16
Sampson T1	1,473	630	70	30	36
Sandhills CC	2,453	805	75	25	25
Southeastern CC	2,260	967	70	30	32
Southwestern !!	T,504	164	- - 9 0		
Stanly TI	537	85	86	14	ii
Surry CC	1,652	103	94	6	5
TI of Alamance	1,988	477	์ 8ì	19	าชั
Tri-County TI	1,722	72	96	4	3
Vance-Granville TI	1,295	903	59	41	12
W. W. Holding TI	2,220	607	79	21	23
Wayne CC	3.442	1,084	76	24	34
Western Fiedmont CC	3,260	329	91	(j	8
Wilkes CC	3,057	259	92	}	7
Wilson County 11	1,843	653	74	26	37
			····		
TOTAL 1.	37,880	40,939	77%	23%	23%



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM TOTAL ENROLLMENTS, FALL QUARTER, 1966-1972

-	NON-WHITE PERCENT OF POPULATION		PERCENT	VON-WHITE	TO TOT/	AL ENROLL	MENT	
1NST1TUT10N:	1970	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Anson II	45.3	36.7	51.3	31.4	19.3	27.2	21.2	34.4
Asheville-Buncombe [1]	10.8	6.1	8.2	8.9	7 .5	11.0	6.1	9.6
Beautort County II	33.2	22.8	57.6	35.9	31.7	36.0	34.0	39.6
Bladen II	39.8	-	•	57.2	38.9	34.9	47.7	24.6
Blue Ridge II	5.6					2.5	4.5	6.7
Caldwell CC A Think	6.6	2.7	4.1	4.5	5.5	5.7	5.4	7.4
Cape Lear II	22.9	31.1	28.0	34.5	35.1	29.8	34.6	31.4
Carteret II	11.8	32.8 7.5	21.4 9.7	18.1 10.2	15.5	12.0	9.5	13.0
Catawba Valley II Central Carolina II	10.4 25.1	23.0	29.4	35.8	8.1 35.4	8.8 26.1 _	7.7 19.8	7.4 27.2 _
Central Piedmont CC		31.2	25.0	28.6	21.2	22.3	28.5	23.7
Cleveland County TI	24.1	20.7	24.9	20.7	13.8	23.4	16.7	17.4
Coastal Carolina CC	16.3	6.8	14.4	13.2	16.0	16.6	19.0	26.6
tollege of The Albeman	le 38.2	28.8	30.6	30.9	26.5	24.5	33.7	28.5
Craven CC	26.2	48. <u>9</u> .	65.5	37.9	38.1	27.1	27.6	30.2
Davidson County CC	10.0		8.5	10.0	3.7	9,3	7.8	14.9
Rucham T1	32.9	40.2	33.8	43.5	36.6	37.4	37.8	39.8
Edgecombe TI	47.4	20.7	or 0	36.3	44.7	43.6	38.9	50.8 25.2
Payetteville II	26.4	38.7	25.8	22.7 29.3	24.1 27.6	25.7 26.8	25.0 23.2	25.2 18. 5
Corsyth II Gaston College	$-\frac{27.5}{12.3}$	<u>26.4</u> 8.3	33.4 8.0	- <u>- 29.3</u> -	- 11.1	- <u>20.8</u>	8.6	11.1
Guilford Ti	22.6	20.3	30.8	29.5	21.9	20.7	17.6	21.6
Halifax County T1	49.9	-	-	52.9	31.3	35.9	34.9	40.8
Haywood TI	3.2	3.5	2.3	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.8
Isothermal CC	11.5	12.1	12.9	14.3	10.9	13.4	11.7	10.8
James Sprunt Inst.	34.0	31,4	25.4	29.7	22.8	25.7	29.5	25.6
Johns ton II	21.3	-			21.6	31.9	16.5	23.8
Lengir CC	37.1	21.2	19.6	25.2	26.8	34.9	33.4	39.3
Martin Ti	44.9	-	-	48.5	37.7	33.6	39.8	42.6
Mayland] McDowell II	$\frac{1.6}{7.7}$	ำ:ว่า.อา	0.3	2.4	4.9	4,4	$-\frac{0.7}{4.0}$	<u>2.7</u> 3.0
Montgomery 11	25.4	-	0.5	31.9	35.8	26.8	30.1	28.2
Nash II	36.0	_	_	29.6	45.9	34.9	25.8	32.6
Pamlico II	33.8	53.9	61.0	57.8	58.4	47.5	53.3	40.4
Picdmont II	32.9	-	-		-	15.6	30.7	38.0
Pitt Ti	34.7	29.3	41.1	25.7	16.7	21.0	23.1	26.1
Randolph II	7.4	2.4	10.3	8.7	8.0	6.3	6.2	9.0
Richmond TI	29.9	22.6	30.5	17.7	22.2	34.9	29.8	29.9
Roanoke-Chowan II Robeson II	54.1	42.9	70.0	58.0	49.5	59.0	69.2	69.0
Rock ingham CC	<u>57.2</u> 20.7	8.4	70.8 11.3	<u> 55.2</u> -	<u>51.2</u> 11.1	- <u>46.4</u> -	. <u>54.4</u> 15.5	48.1 16.9
Rowan TI	16.1	13.1	13.3	11.3	12.7	8.3	12.6	12.7
Sampson II	36.2	28.3	30.1	26.6	32.1	22.8	38.4	30.0
Saudhills CC	25.4	25.5	26.3	22.1	18.4	17.5	19.0	24.7
Southeastern CC	31.8	26.5	32.8	34.9	26.1	28.2	31.1	30.0
Southwestern II	11.2	20.5	35.7	15.1	13.8	22.3	10.4	9.8
Stanly Tl	11,1	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.7
Surry CC	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.5	8.2	5.9
II of Alemance	17.9	8.6		17.6	12.5	19.9	19.0	19.4
Tri-County TI	3.0	3,9	3.9	4.4	2.6	5.9	3.1	4.0
Vance-Granville II	42.3		-		23.9	21.8	39.3	41.1
W. W. Holding II	22.6	22.8	29.0	23.1	23.1	20.3	23.7	21.5
Wayne CC	33.7	23.7	24.1	22.2	25.1	28.3	21.2	24.0
Western Miedwort CC	8.1	3.9	5.6	5.9	6.8	7.1	8.0	9.2
Wilkes CC Wilson County II	7.0 36.9	9.6 24.2	7.3 49.4	6.7 33.7	8.1 28.3	9.7	7.1	7.8
Wilson County TI			= T-17.4		<u> </u>	28.2	23.0	26.2
MTATE AVERAGE	23.3	21.5	25.0	22.7	20.9	. 21.2	21.6	22.9



3. System and Institutional Governance

In establishing the Community College System, three alternatives were available for governance of the system of the respective institutions as follows:

a. State Board of Education

The alternative of a single state-level board with general and particular powers to govern all institutions without having a local board for each institution. This strategy is basically imperial in concept, is not consistent with governmental history and political traditions of North Carolina, and was regarded as less acceptable, less effective, and less efficient than other alternative strategies of governance.

The alternative of a local board for particular governance of each institution, no state governing board, but a state department or a state funds coordinating agency was considered. This strategy is excessively polarized, poor in accountability, provides poor oversight of professional performance, standards, or quality. It sets up an inherent power struggle between state and local levels.

The alternative of a state governing board for general regulation and also a local board of trustees for particular governance of each institution was also considered. This is the strategy of governance adopted for the North Carolina Community College System. It diffuses powers of governance by distributing and sharing authority and powers of decision making in an orderly fashion but also provides an adequate system of checks and balances between State and local levels consistent with North Carolina's governmental history and traditions.

The establishment of the State Board of Education is provided for by the North Carolina Constitution. The State Board of Education is a constitutional body composed of thirteen members. Two of these members, the State Lieutenant Governor and the State Treasurer, serve ex officio as members of the State Board. The other eleven members are appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the General Assembly. Three are appointed at large. The other eight are appointed to represent eight educational districts into



which the state is divided, and these must reside in their respective districts. The appointed members serve for eight-year overlapping terms. Of the present appointive State Board members eight are white, two are black, and one is Indian. Two of the white members are females. The Lieutenant Governor and the State Treasurer are white. A table has been provided in the appendix to this document showing the racial composition of the State Board of Education from 1953 to the present time. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina each serve a single term of four years and neither can succeed himself in the same office. The State Treasurer serves a term of four years and may be reelected to the office. The State Treasurer has traditionally been reelected. During the term of any Governor, he will have the opportunity to appoint at least five members of the State Board of Education. He may have the opportunity to appoint additional members if fortuitous vacancies occur during a term. It is apparent that persons who hold the office of Governor are most highly influential in determining the racial composition of the State Board of Education. The present Governor has appointed one black male, one Indian male, one white female and one white male.

The State Board has broad regulatory powers with respect to the Community College System; it

may adopt and execute such policies, regulations and standards concerning the establishment and operation of institutions as the Board may deem necessary to insure the quality of educational programs, to promote the systematic meeting of educational needs of the State, and to provide for the equitable distribution of State and federal funds to the several institutions.



^{2.} North Carolina Constitution, Article IX, Section 4.

^{3.} North Carolina General Statutes, Sec. 115A-5.

b. Department of Community Colleges

The Department of Community Colleges, headed by the State President, is established "to provide state-level administration, under the direction of the Board, of a System of community colleges, technical institutes, and industrial education centers, separate from the free public school system of the State."

c. Local Boards of Trustees

Each community college or technical institute has a 12-member board of trustees. Four trustees are appointed by the Governor, four by the public school administrative unit(s) located in the administrative area of the institution, and four by the county commissioners. Trustees serve for staggered eight-year terms, such that two members are appointed in each odd-numbered year. When a vacancy occurs during the term of a member, the new appointment is made by the same authority that appointed the vacating member. 5

Each board of trustees is a body corporate entitled "to acquire, hold, and transfer real and personal property, to enter into contracts, to institute and defend legal actions and suits, and to exercise such other rights and privileges as may be necessary for the management and administration of the institution . . . "6 The powers and duties of the board of trustees include the appointment of the president subject to the approval of the State Board of Education, and the appointment of other personnel subject to standards of the State Board. 7

^{7. &}lt;u>Ibid</u>., Sec. 115A-14.



^{4. &}lt;u>Ibid.</u>, Sec. 115A-3.

^{5. &}lt;u>Ibid</u>., Secs. 115A-7,8.

Ibid., Sec. 115A-9.

It should be noted that all personnel employed at each community college and technical institute, including the president, are legally employees of the <u>institution</u> and not of the Community College System. Each institution is also an instrumentality of local (county) government. Thus, nearly all changes proposed for two-year public institutions in this plan necessarily require a shared responsibility between the State Board of Education and the local boards of education, county commissioners, and/or local boards of trustees, as well as between the State President and local institution presidents.

In the appendix to this document is a report showing the members appointed to the board of trustees of each institution beginning in 1963 or at the time the institution was thereafter established under a corporate board of trustees, and extending to the present time. The race and sex identification of each member appointed is shown in this report. It is apparent from this report that the boards of trustees of most of the institutions reflect more or less serious underrepresentation of minority races resident in the administrative areas of the institutions. A few boards of trustees have no minority race representation. Members of boards of county commissioners and local boards of education are elected by the people of the local jurisdictions they serve. Since the Governor of North Carolina has exclusive power to appoint four members of each local board of trustees, it is apparent that the Governor is the appointing authority in the best position to assure equitable representation of minority races on the board of trustees of the respective institutions. Furthermore, the appointments made by the Governor are made after receiving notice of the appointments made in the same year by the other two appointing authorities. Nevertheless, for the Governor to act responsibly by adverting



to the racial distribution of membership of any board of trustees, it is necessary that he be informed of the racial distribution of members of the board whose terms are continuing as well as new members appointed by other authority. Such information will be regularly transmitted to Governora in the future. It is believed that North Carolina's Governors will use their influence to correct imbalances of racial representation on the local boards of trustees wherever imbalance exists. The representativeness of each institution's board of trustees in reflecting racial components of the adult population age 18 and above residing within the Administrative Area of the Institution will be included among the rating factors published in the manual entitled Evaluative Standards and Criteria and applied by System task forces in evaluating institutions periodically for securing or retaining their accreditation by the State Board of Education. This will be effected by July 1, 1974. Copies of the revised manual will be submitted to HEW/OCR.

4. Enrollments

a. Enrollment by Institution, by Race

Since its inception in 1963, the North Carolina Community College System has maintained an open-door admissions policy for all North Carolina residents aged 18 and older, regardless of race, creed, sex, or national origin. Indeed, a recent letter from the Office of Civil Rights in the U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare stated in part, "... that no outstanding evidence of discrimination on the basis of race came to the review team's attention," in reference to the then 56 North Carolina community colleges and technical institutes.

^{8.} Letter from Dr. Lloyd R. Henderson, Director, Elementary and Secondary Division, Office of Civil Rights, U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, to Dr. Ben E. Fountain, President, State Department of Community 1eges, dated January 16, 1974, p. 1.

Total annual student enrollment in the North Carolina Community College System has increased from 293,602 in 1969-70 to 431,174 in 1972-73. for a rise of nearly 47 percent. In all four of those years, more than 80% of the total unduplicated headcount enrollment was in non-degree-credit programs (adult education, general adult extension, and occupational education).

The percentage of all students in the Community College System who were white decreased slightly from 78.1% in 1969-70 to 77.0% in 1972-73. The corresponding range of 21.9-23.0% for non-white enrollments compares with 23.3% non-whites in the total state population in 1970. It is important to note several facts about proportions of white, black, and other non-white persons in the North Carolina population. One such fact is that, whereas the 1970 overall percentages of whites, blacks, American Indians, and all other non-whites were, respectively, 76.8%, 22.2%, 0.9%, and 0.2%, the proportion of whites beyond age 18 was markedly higher. For example, the respective percentages of white and non-white citizens in different age groups were as follows: 9

	Percentage :	in 1970 Who Were:
Age_	White	Non-White
All ages	76.8%	23.3%
Under 18	71.3	28.7
18	73.0	27.0
19	74.6	25.4
20	75.8	24.2
21 and over	80.2	19.8
21	76.9	23.1
22	78.7	21.3
23	80.3	19.7
24	79.1	20.9

^{9.} General Population Characteristics, North Carolina, 1970 Census. J. S. Bureau of the Census, pgs. 58-61.



Another important fact is that the percentage of whites in the total North Carolina population has increased slightly in each decennial census since 1900. In 1900, white citizens represented 66.7% of the total population; in 1930 the corresponding figure was 70.5%; and by 1970 it had increased to 76.8%. The percentage of black citizens was 33.0% in 1900, and had declined to 22.2% by 1970. 10

The median age of white North Carolinians has steadily increased from 19.3 years in 1900 to 28.2 years in 1970, while the median age of non-whites has risen only from 17.9 years in 1900 to 21.4 years in 1970. 11

The average number of children under 18 years per white family in 1970 was also somewhat lower than for black families (1.12 children under 18 per white family versus 1.68 children under 18 per black family). 12

Although the information analyzed above is insufficient to draw any categorical conclusions, it seems likely that a combination of higher mortality rates for blacks than for whites and net migration out of the State by blacks may account for the continuing decline in the proportion of black citizens.

Total student enrollment has also closely approximated the racial composition of total high school graduates in recent years. For example, 27.5% of the 1972 public high school graduates were non-white and 26.5% were non-white in 1973. 13

Enrollment in curriculum programs (college transfer, general education, technical and vocational programs leading to associate degrees or diplomas)

^{10.} Ibid., p. 55.

^{11.} bid., pp. 63-64.

^{12.} Ibid., pp. 66-67.

^{13.} Data are not available for graduates of private high schools, but it hought that the number of predominantly white graduates is sufficiently je to increase the overall percentage of white graduates to about 75%.

has been characterized by higher numbers but progressively declining percentages of whites compared to the proportion of whites in the total population. For example, whites accounted for 92.2% of the college transfer enrollments in 1969-70, 91.3% in 1970-71, 88.1% in 1971-72 and 88.9% in 1972-73. In 1972-73, whites as a percentage of all students represented 86.7% of the enrollment in general education programs, 79.7% in technical programs and 70.8% in vocational programs. Thus, only in vocational curriculum programs have the percentages of non-white enrollment equaled or exceeded the percentage of non-whites in the state population. It is probable that underrepresentation of blacks and other minorities in curriculum programs is attributable to economic and educational characteristics of non-whites rather than to any racial discrimination. Another probable factor is that private two-year and four-year colleges (including black colleges) in North Carolina do not offer vocational programs, nor do public universities. Thus, other educational sectors provide competition for college transfer students but not for vocational students.

Total enrollments in the fall of 1972 consisted of approximately 77% white students and 23% non-white students. In most cases the proportions of white and non-white students enrolled in individual institutions tended to reflect county populations rather closely. It should also be noted, however, that many of the community colleges and technical institutes draw substantial numbers of students from nearby counties. This is so partly because North Carolina has 100 counties and only 57 community colleges and technical institutes (56 in 1972-73), and partly because some specialized programs are offered by only a few institutions. Another enabling factor is that Community College System institutions do not charge additional tuition for in-state residents who live in other counties.



It should be emphasized that the North Carolina Community College System is far from fully developed. As rural institutions develop permanent campus facilities, more full-time curriculum students can be accommodated. This is expected to have a salutary effect on the racial distribution of students and the increased numbers of full-time curriculum faculty who will teach them.

More extensive data on student enrollments are displayed in the following tables.



-68-STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY SEX AND RACE BY TYPE OF PROGRAM 1972-73

INSTRUCTIONAL AREA	UNDUPLICATED HEADCOUNT	WHITE	NON WHITE	MALE	FEMALE
College Transfer	12,826	88 . 9%	11.1%	64 .1%	35 . 9%
General Education	16,990	86.7%	13.3%	47.1%	52.9%
Technical	34,360	79.7%	20.3%	57.5%	42.5%
Vocational	20,290	70.8%	29.2%	70.2%	29.8%
Curriculum Subtotal	84,466	80.4%	19.6%	59.5%	40.5%
Adult Education Extension	55,036	57.7%	42.3%	51.4%	48.6%
General Adult Extension	141,466	78.0%	22.0%	27.8%	72.2%
Occupational Extension	171,461	79.7%	20.3%	54.5%	45.5%
<u>Extension Subtotal</u>	346,708	76.1%	23.9%	44 .4%	55.6%
TOTAL.	431,174	77.0%	23.0%	47.4%	52.6%

STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY SEX AND RACE BY TYPE OF PROGRAM 1971-72

INSTRUCTIONAL AREA	UNDUPLICATED HEADCOUNT	WHITE	NON WHITE	MALE	FEMALE	
College Transfer	13,701	88.1%	11.9%	65.1%	34 . 9%	
General Education	11,654	87.4%	12.6%	46.8%	53.2%	
Technical	29,142	80.4%	19.6%	58.0%	42.0%	
Vocational	17,279	72.3%	27.7%	67.9%	32.1%	
Curriculum Subtotal	71 ,776	81.1%	18.9%	59.9%	40.1%	
Adult Education Extension	54,835	58.4%	41.6%	50.0%	50.0%	
General Adult Extension	126,219	79.7%	20.3%	26.8%	73.2%	
Occupational Extension	150,718	82.0%	18.0%	62.3%	37.7%	
Extension <u>Subtotal</u>	315 <u>,503</u>	77.7%	22.3%	47.3%	52 .7%	
TOTAL	387,279	78.3%	21.7%	49.6%	50.4%	

-69-STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY SEX AND RACE BY TYPE OF PROGRAM 1970-71

INSTRUCTIONAL AREA	UNDUPLICATED HEADCOUNT	WHITE	NON WHITE	MALE	FEMALE	
College Transfer	17,371	91 .3%	8.7%	62.9%	37.1%	
General Education	1,419	91.3%	8.7%	50.5%	49.5%	
Technical	28,953	82.4%	17.6%	59.3%	40.7%	
Vocational	15,233	72.8%	27.2%	72.2%	27.8%	
Curriculum Subtotal	62,976	82.7%	17.3%	63.2%	36.8%	
Adult Education	52,670	60.7%	39.3%	50.5%	49.5%	
General Adult Extension	118,265	83.5%	16.5%	33.4%	66.6%	
Occupational Extension	124,103	80.3%	19.7%	58.8%	41 .2%	
Extension Subtotal	295,038	78.1%	21.9%	47.7%	52.9%	
TOTAL	358,014	78.9%	21,1%	50.0%	50.0%	

STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY SEX AND RACE BY TYPE OF PROGRAM 1969-70

INSTRUCTIONAL	UNDUPL TCATED HEADCOUNT	WHITE	NON WHITE	MALE	FEMALE	
College Transfer	14,889	92.2%	7.8%	64.8%	35.2%	
General Education	563	92.1%	7.9%	52.6%	47.4%	
Technical	23,651	84.6%	15.4%	59.7%	4D.3%	
Vocational	12,197	76 .2%	23.8%	72.0%	28.0%	
Curriculum Subtotal	51 ,300	84.7%	15.3%	64.0%	36.0%	
Adult Education	45,492	55.9%	44.1%	47.1%	52.9%	
General Adult Extension	93,427	83.2%	16.8%	30.9%	69.1%	
Oncupational Extension	103,383	80.6%	19.4%	60.7%	39.3%	
Extension Subtotal	242,302	76.0%	24.0%	46.7%	53.3%	
• TOTAL	293,602	78.1%	21.9%	50.8%	49.2%	

Summary 8y Racial and Ethnic Group of North Carolina High School Graduates In North Carolina Community Colleges and Technical Institutes Fall, 1972 and 1973

Year of High School Graduation	Male	White Female	Total	<u>Male</u>	81ack Female	Total	Other Male	Ethnic (Groups ² Total	Male	All Grou Female		
<u>1973</u>			•										
Number	4,671	4,542	9,213	1,279	1,909	3,188	53	86	139	6,003	6,537	12,540	
Percent	37.2	36.2	73.5	10.2	15.2	25.4	0.4	0.7	1.1	47.9	.52.1	100.0	
1972													
Number	4,809	4,435	9,244	1,377	1,988	3,365	74	73	147	6,260	6,496	12,756	
Percent	37.7	34.8	72.5	10.8	15.6	26.4	0.6	0.6	1.2	49.1	50.9	100.0	-70-

Pollow-Up Surveys of High School Graduates for Classes of 1972 and 1973. North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, Raleigh, N. C. (It is not clear from these publications whether the enrollments are actual figures recorded in the fall, or declarations of intent made in the spring before graduation.)



²Includes American Indians, Orientals, and Spanish Surnamed Americans

D. Relationships Between The University of North Carolina and the Community College System

Relationships between The University and the Community College Systems have been increasingly friendly and mutually helpful.

Articulation between the two systems, enabling the students completing a two-year program in the Community College System to transfer with minimum loss of credit to a senior institution in The University, has been a matter of mutual concern for several years. A Joint Committee on College Transfer Students, representing both sets of institutions, has been working to facilitate transfers and has issued its recommendations in <u>Guidelines for Transfer</u>, a copy of which accompanies this State Plan. One result of the work done on this subject over the last several years has been a 15-fold increase since 1966 in the number of people transferring from the Community College System institutions to The University.

The matter of out-of-state tuition charges has afforded another opportunity for cooperation between The University and The Community College System:

The statute prescribes that different rates of tuition shall be charged by post-secondary public institutions according to whether the student is a resident or a non-resident of the State. It establishes the basic standards by which eligibility for the lower resident tuition rate shall be tested. In the interest of uniform treatment of such questions within the total system of public post-secondary education in the State, the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education adopted identical implementing regulations and authorized the establishment of a State Residence Committee which is composed of an equal number of representatives from the administrative staffs of The



University of North Carolina and the Community College System. The responsibilities of the State Residence Committee, which meets on four occasions during each academic year, include the final administrative Processing of student appeals from adverse decisions rendered by any Community College or constituent institution of The University, the monitoring of administrative processes adopted by the institutions for resolving residence cases, and the recommendation of any supplemental rules or regulations deemed appropriate to effectuation of legislative intent.

The future will doubtless offer other specific opportunities for The University and the Community College System to join their efforts in the interest of more effective educational service to the people of the State.



III. THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PLAN

A. General

1. Nature and Limitations of the State Plan

The preparation of a state plan for the accomplishment of so large an objective as the elimination of all vestiges of the former system of legally required segregation of the races in public post-secondary education in North Carolina, given what is required to achieve this in the view of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare, as implied in its letters of November 10, 1973, and April 24, 1974, is a task that would properly occupy several years of careful investigation, consultation, planning, and writing. We have had a minimum amount of time to perform this task.

The request has come when The University of North Carolina is in the early stages of effectuating a fundamental internal reorganization which has included the creation and activation of an entirely new governing board, the consolidation of 16 institutions into a single system, the melding of the administrative staffs of the former state higher education coordinating board and the six-campus University, the preparation and adoption of a code of government for the system, the development of entirely new budgeting processes, and the preparation of a long-range plan for The University and its constituent institutions. The Community College System is also far from a completely developed system, primarily because state funds for construction of facilities have lagged several years behind needs. Detailed commitments on all of the items suggested in the HEW letters of November 10, 1973, and April 24, 1974, would in practical effect shape the long-range plan and future of The University in many critical ways--for instance, in the determination of the role of each of the 16 institutions. These commitments would be formulated from a particular perspective,



that of maximizing the racial "minority presence" on each campus, and doing so in haste. The shortcomings of such an approach are obvious and it has not been followed.

We have undertaken in the following pages to develop a plan that we believe will have positive effects in achieving the objectives earlier enunciated: the enhancement of the rate of participation in public postsecondary education, particularly by blacks; the improvement of the quality of the education available to all, and particularly to blacks, in the public institutions; and increased opportunity for inter-racial contacts on the campuses of our public institutions. This plan goes as far as the present state of our information and understanding as to the nature and scope of the problems addressed and the efficacy of proposed solutions will support. Where a problem appears to exist for which we are not prepared to posit a responsive program of action, we have projected studies, with timetables, designed to identify the problem more clearly and to find solutions to it that are within the competence of the public post-secondary education systems of the State. Following the filing of the reports of such studies and our consideration of them, we will file supplements to this State Plan dealing with those matters. More than this we cannot do, consistent with our responsibility to the people of North Carolina whose institutions have been entrusted to our keeping.

There are, moreover, several specific, limiting factors that affect the drafting of a state plan. The November 10, 1973, request of HEW for a state plan for the further elimination of racial duality in post-secondary education in North Carolina deals only with the public systems. It does not purport to address the equally persistent remnants of racial separation to be found



in those private institutions where, while not required by law, it was quite as rigid as in the public institutions and did not give way, for the most part, until after integration had begun in the public institutions. More significantly for present purposes, the HEW request ignores the fact that private institutions enroll one-third of the scudents attending college in North Carolina and several thousand more attend vocational programs in the proprietary institutions, and thus are a segment of the post-secondary educational resources of this State that cannot realistically be ignored in composing a state plan.

The student completing secondary school in North Carolina and contemplating his future educational course has before him a wide array of educational institutions:

- 16 public senior institutions constituting The University of North Carolina:
- 29 private senior institutions, each operating independently of the others and under no public control, although receiving substantial state subventions;
- 17 public community colleges offering two-year college transfer programs, technical programs ranging up to two years in length, vocational programs, and general education programs;
- 10 private junior colleges, which also receive substantial state aid;
- 40 public technical institutes offering technical, vocational, and general education programs, and in about half of which college transfer work conducted by a senior college under contract with the institute may be taken;
- 2 Bible schools:
- and a large number of private vocational schools offering instruction in many trades and occupations.



To these many institutions must be added some 2,600 colleges and a vast number of technical, proprietary, and vocational schools throughout the United States, all of which are theoretically available to the high school graduate who can meet their entrance requirements and pay their charges.

while the student never in fact is able to range that freely over the whole nation in search of a place to pursue his education, his situation is one of wide choice. Except where financial or other personal circumstances bind him to a specific locality, his geographic and institutional options are many. The State cannot control his choice in many instances simply by manipulating the programs available in the institutions in his immediate area. Especially in the case of senior colleges, students probably select an institution more often on the basis of general reputation, geographical convenience, admissibility, and cost than on the basis of particular program or degree offerings to be found there.

Finally, the State has itself recently introduced a new competitive factor in the form of a program of subventions to the private institutions, both junior and senior, mounting up to \$200 for every North Carolina full-time equivalent undergraduate student attending those institutions. These funds enable (and indeed in many instances require) those private institutions to augment substantially their scholarship programs for needy North Carolina resident students, thus making those institutions more competitive than their tuition charges otherwise would allow them to be. Since the number of North Carolina students on which the allocation is based is several times the number of needy North Carolina students, individual grents may amount to many hundreds of doilars

Faculty members also have options. In both The University of North
Carolina and in the Community College System, while the ultimate governing



authority lies with a state-level board, each institution has its own board of trustees, most hiring decisions are made at the institutional level, and the contract of the faculty or staff member calls for him to serve a particular institution, not the statewide governing board or the state system of which his institution is a part. This situation is compounded in the Community College System, because the local boards of trustees have the ultimate authority to make hiring and promotion decisions. Those two post-secondary systems are unlike many industrial, commercial, and governmental systems in which employment is by a company or government department with many work locations and in which movement from one work location to another at the employer's convenience and command is normal, expected, and often a concomitant of personal advancement within the organization. While in education, personal advancement not infrequently is associated with a change of institutions, such a move is not effected by assignment by the employer or by "trade" between employer institutions.

The contracts now in force between the institutions of The University of North Carolina and their faculty members and between the community college institutions and their faculty members were entered into upon the foregoing understanding as to the faculty member's commitment; any alteration in that way of doing business as it would affect future contracts would be highly damaging to the institutions. When a faculty member engages himself to serve a particular institution, he expects to stay at that institution until he decides to move on to a better place or the institution decides to terminate his services. He does not expect to be shuttled about from one institution to another as it might suit the program convenience or other advantage of the larger system of which his institution is a part. To ask him to commit himself to such uncertainty of work location, so long as it is not a prevailing custom throughout his



profession, is to limit severely the prospect of hiring the high quality of faculty members that our institutions should seek, for such people do not have to accept such unattractive conditions of employment.

A third element must be taken into account also: the taxpayers, who pay the principal costs of the public post-secondary schools, and who are represented by their legislative bodies, state and local. They have supported public post-secondary education well in North Carolina, in view of the limited resources available. Unless their respect for and attachment to those institutions is retained, however, their willingness to provide support is likely to be severely affected.

Therefore in devising a state plan that is calculated to produce a large, "minority presence" on the campuses of the public post-secondary educational institutions, account must be taken of the voluntaristic nature of the relationships of three vital elements—the students, the faculty, and the taxpayers—legislators—to those institutions. The means employed in the state plan, then, must be persuasive and not coercive in nature, they must not impair the educational effectiveness of the institutions, and they must not harm the public confidence in the public institutions. If such impairment should occur, students, faculty, and essential support will flow to those institutions that do not function under those handicaps.



2. State Policy With Respect to Nondiscrimination

a. General

The State of North Carolina and the governing authorities of its institutions of public post-secondary education have repeatedly declared a policy of nondiscrimination with respect to race.

In 1971, the Constitution of North Carolina was amended to declare that

No person shall be denied the equal protection of the laws; nor shall any person be subjected to discrimination by the State because of race, color, religion, or national origin. Article I, Section 19, Constitution of 1971.

In 1971, the General Assembly of North Carolina enacted the following statute governing employment by the State and its local governments:

All State departments and agencies and all local political subdivisions of North Carolina shall give equal opportunity for employment, without regard to race, religion, color, creed, national origin or sex, to all persons otherwise qualified. /General Statutes of North Carolina, Sec. 126-16./

b. The University of North Carolina

The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina adopted a Code to govern its constituent institutions which includes the following provision:

Admission to, employment by, and promotion in The University of North Carolina and all of its constituent institutions shall be on the basis of merit, and there shall be no discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, or national origin. /Code, Sec. 103./

In various other statements by the boards of trustees of the constituent institutions, which were their governing boards prior to the reorganization act of 1971 and which, under the same title but exercising authority delegated to them by the Board of Governors, are the policy makers for their institutions with respect to many matters of internal operation, particularity has been given to the general policy of nondiscrimination declared by the Board of Governors. Administrative statements have further amplified that policy of

ERIC liscrimination.

c. The Community College System

See III B 4 b (1), pages 116-17, below, for a discussion of nondiscrimination policies in the Community College System.



3. Recent Efforts to Eliminate Racial Duality in The University of North Carolina

North Carolina long has been concerned with and dedicated to the continuous improvement of the State's total educational resources. Especially in the years since World War II, it has sought to strengthen all of its institutions of higher education in recognition of the fact that the people of North Carolina must have access to education of high quality if the State is to make steady and lasting progress. Despite recent accomplishments, however, many of the institutions of higher education in the State must experience major improvements if they are to provide the quality of educational opportunity that the future demands.

a. <u>Special Financial Assistance to Predominantly Black</u> <u>Institutions</u>

Significant efforts were initiated by the State, beginning for some institutions immediately following World War II and for all institutions since 1959, to broaden academic programs and to improve faculties and facilities. By 1967 the State had concluded that only by giving the historically black institutions special financial assistance could they be enabled to make their full contribution to the state's development. 2

The 1967 Interim Report and Recommendations of the North Carolina Board of Higher Education indicated that the present system of higher education in

^{2. &}lt;u>Interim Report and Recommendations</u> (Raleigh: N. C. Board of Higher Education, March 29, 1967), 39 pages.



^{1.} See State-Supported Traditionally Negro Colleges in North Carolina (Raleigh: N. C. Board of Higher Education, May 31, 1967), pp. 35-70, for a detailed history of these activities and involvements. See also the Board's Biennial Report, 1963-65, p. 15; Biennial Report, 1965-67, pp. 46-48; and Biennial Report, 1967-69, pp. 119-123.

the State

includes private and public colleges, consisting of two-year, senior and university level institutions. It is state policy that every student have equal access to the system; access to particular institutions depends on the ability and preparation of the student.

It was also noted that

The state must provide educational programs and facilities, in both quantity and quality, appropriate to the diverse needs of the people in order that every individual may have the opportunity to develop to the maximum, commensurate with his abilities and motivation. . . The institutions have a right to require that students enrolled have an educational background sufficient to permit a prediction of reasonable success in programs undertaken . . . 3

The <u>Report</u> included a detailed discussion of the admissions standards of senior residential institutions, the open-door policy of community colleges, and with reference to the predominantly black universities recommended that their

admissions standards . . . be raised . . . that this transition be carefully coordinated with the expansion of the community college system; and that the necessary strengthening of the faculty, curricula, and facilities in the predominantly Negro institutions be provided by special financial assistance through appropriations by this and succeeding General Assemblies. 5

As the result of careful study of the institutions and many consultations, the General Assembly appropriated \$1 million for the 1967-1969 biennium for use as "special assistance" funds by the five predominantly black institutions, \$350,000 for Fiscal 1968 and \$650,000 for Fiscal 1969. These funds, which were in addition to regular appropriations to these institutions for current operations and capital improvements (which for the five totaled \$18,934,000

^{5. &}lt;u>161d.</u>, p. 24. See also <u>State-Supported Traditionally Negro Colleges</u> In North Carolina, pp. 71-80.



^{3.} Interim Report p. 1.

^{4. &}lt;u>Ibid.</u>, pp. 13-18.

and \$3,290,000, respectively), were for improvements in four areas of special need: student services, faculty improvement, special programs for inadequately prepared students, and library enrichment.

The 1969 General Assembly continued the work of the 1967 General Assembly in attempting to strengthen the traditionally black institutions. The sum of \$1,300,000 (\$650,000 for each year of the 1969-71 biennium) was appropriated to continue the "special assistance" program, providing funds for faculty study grants, recruitment of students, counseling of students, special compensatory programs, and related purposes.

In addition, the 1969 General Assembly appropriated funds for a number of expanded activities which have proved to be of significant benefit to the traditionally black institutions, namely:

- (1) \$4,000,000 to improve academic libraries. While this extra appropriation made possible a 56 percent increase in library support for the public universities at large, it made possible an increase averaging 72 percent for the traditionally black institutions.
- (2) \$500,000 to strengthen administrative staffing at the state colleges and universities. Although the traditionally black institutions enrolled only 14 percent of the students, these five institutions were allotted 58 percent of these funds.
- (3) \$750,000 to help equalize salaries at institutions having programs of comparable range and level.

The impact of those several efforts is difficult to quantify and measure with confidence; however, in later portions of the State Plan we have noted, with respect to several significant indices, that the popularly presumed



disparity between predominantly white and black institutions is not so readily perceivable as has been supposed.

b. Planning for Higher Education in North Carolina

North Carolina's long-range planning study, published in November 1968, 6 dealt in a variety of ways with equality of educational opportunity, academic programming, interinstitutional cooperation, and the traditionally black institutions.

Eleven goals of higher education were postulated, among them (1) to help the individual achieve self-fulfillment; (2) to provide opportunity for education beyond the high school for all who can benefit, barring no one because of poverty, race, or place of residence; (3) to cultivate diversity within the system of higher education; and (4) to develop an efficient state system of higher education.

It was noted in this study that

Statistics demonstrate clearly that large numbers of high school graduates who have ability to continue their formal education are not doing so. The explanation is often lack of motivation or the inability of a student from a culturally deprived background to visualize himself in a college environment. . . . Sometimes the student has had such inadequate high school preparation that further formal education appears to him to be an insuperable obstacle. Whatever the reason, all of our institutions . . . have a responsibility actively to seek, recruit, and assist where necessary, all who can benefit from the post-high school opportunities that are available to them.



^{6.} Planning for Higher Education in North Carolina.

^{7.} Ibid., pp. 9-18.

^{8. 1}bid., pp. 51-52.

In the long-range plan, the State and the predominantly black institutions were urged:

- To provide funds to acquire additional talent in areas of instruction and administration and to make greater use of consultants and other outside resources;
- 2. To mount a drive for additional financial support from the General Assembly, foundations, alumni, and the Federal Government in order to close the gap in salaries between Negro and white institutions within the State and to make North Carolina salaries nationally competitive;
- To mount an aggressive recruitment campaign /for students and faculty/;
- 4. To develop further imaginative teaching methods and curricula;
- 5. To reexamine academic programs to ascertain which could be eliminated as unnecessary duplication or as no longer relevant, which need to be continued and which need to be added or strengthened;
- 6. To develop or improve remedial or compensatory programs for entering students (pre-college programs, special programs for freshmen, ways to supplement faculty resources);
- 7. To raise admissions standards and to devise more meaningful criteria for admission than those used in the past;
- 8. To develop competent admissions staffs and recruitment programs aimed at securing capable students;
- To identify areas of academic strength for the concentration of their efforts;
- 10. To hire adequate staff, including administrators, business officers, registrars, deans, counselors, and faculty; and
- 11. To develop more adequate remedial and compensatory education and special counseling programs.9

The plan also noted with respect to the five predominantly black constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina, that



^{9. &}lt;u>Ibid.</u>, pp. 201-221.

these institutions must be upgraded so that they are producing graduates who are in every way able to compete with graduates of other institutions . . . They will need . . . to set higher standards for admission, to engage in aggressive recruiting, and to provide intensive remedial and compensatory education for those who need it. 10

While much of the above is directed to the strengthening and improvement of institutions that were established originally for black students and which are still attended predominantly by blacks, in similar manner, the white institutions have been charged to broaden opportunities for minorities they have not traditionally served. As will be noted later at greater length, several have adopted programs to recruit students who have had educational disadvantages but who appear to have the ability to do college work, and have provided remedial and compensatory education and special counseling as needed.

Examples of other activities recommended by North Carolina's long-range plan of 1968 were that the Law School of The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill vigorously and systematically work at recruiting black law students, and that North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University and North Carolina State University (the two land-grant institutions) review their program offerings in agriculture and engineering, seeking ways of further cooperation and of eliminating duplication. 11

c. <u>Implementation Activities</u>

(1) Fort Bragg - Pope Air Force Base Center Responsibility

Historically, a number of institutions, public and private, responded to the request for educational services at the large military complex at

^{11.} Ibid., see pp. 111-117 for discussion of agricultural, engineering, and legal education.



^{10. 1}bid., pp. 216-217.

Fort Bragg - Pope Air Force Base near Fayetteville. Initially, programs consisted largely of courses given sporadically by continuing education units of the public universities--The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, North Carolina State University at Raleigh, and East Carolina University.

Later, nearby Campbell College (Buies Creek) and Methodist College (Fayetteville) began enrolling students from the area. Meanwhile, Fayetteville Technical Institute provided vocationally-oriented courses to military personnel. A limited number of servicemen took advantage of offerings at Fayetteville State University.

Early in the 1960's it became apparent that the needs of the area covid not be met fully without the establishment of an educational center or branch campus at the reservation itself. After several years of negotiations, North Carolina State University in 1964 agreed to set up a branch campus at Fort Bragg where undergraduate work leading to the baccalaureate degree could be accomplished. At first, programs were established only in two fields, Economics and History and Political Science. Gradually, courses in English, Education, Psychology, and Sociology were added and a limited amount of work was provided at the graduate level.

By 1970 Fayetteville State University, newly-designated as a regional university by the North Carolina General Assembly, was making plans to move from its traditional role of catering primarily to black students to an all inclusive institution in fact as well as in name. Concerted efforts were made to appeal to the white segment of the population in the Fayetteville area. Consonant with this effort, at the suggestion of North Carolina State University and Fayetteville State University, conversations were initiated, under the aegis of the Board of Higher Education, to determine the future of



the educational program at nearby Fort Bragg - Pope. A joint committee, composed of representatives of the two institutions, the State Board, and the military was created to study the question. In October, 1970, agreement was reached providing for the complete transfer of undergraduate work from North Carolina State University to Fayetteville State University by July 1, 1973.

In order to provide as smooth a transition as possible it was agreed to effect the transfer in two stages, the first to begin on July 1, 1972 and the second to begin one year later. Fayetteville State assumed full responsibility for the programs in Economics and History and Political Science the first year and, as scheduled, took over the remainder of the undergraduate offerings in July, 1973. North Carolina State University closed its office and phased out its undergraduate program at that time.

Fayetteville State University, under the direction of a very capable staff, which includes a number of former NCSU personnel, has carried on the operation with a minimum of difficulties, none unforeseen. Enrollments in the programs in this first full year of operation (1973-74) have totaled 610, 85% of whom are white and 15% black and other. The distribution by race is approximately the same as in previous years (86% white and 14% black and other). As in the past, nearly one-third of the enrollees are non-military. Sixty-two percent of the staff, including the director of the program, a vice chancellor of the University, are black. Twenty percent of the full time faculty and 59% of the part time faculty are of minority races.

As Fayetteville State University was not authorized to offer work at the graduate level, responsibility for graduate programs, at the time of transition, remained with North Carolina State University. Subsequently, in July 1973, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina authorized two



additional institutions, East Carolina University and The University of North Carolina at Charlotte, to share responsibility for graduate work in the area. This arrangement was made with full utilization of the staff personnel, offices, and resources of Fayetteville State University. A graduate council, composed of representatives of the three graduate schools, Fayetteville State University, the military and the General Administration of The University of North Carolina has jointly coordinated the program.

Fayetteville State University's contribution to this joint enterprise, in serving as the secretariat for the council and in providing numerous services associated with admissions, registration, record keeping, collection and disbursement of tuition and fees, book store operation, advertising, and counseling has been considerable. The integration of efforts in this common undertaking on the part of four public universities is illustrative of the kind of cooperation and coordination that can come from the utilization of the non-duplicative capabilities of varieties of institutions.

It is anticipated that as the roles of institutions engaged in this effort change, additional efforts designed to minimize and eliminate possible vestiges of segregation, such as those already in process at Fayetteville State University, will be pursued. Included in these efforts will be discussions between Fayetteville State University and Fayetteville Technical Institute with regard to offerings at the lower college level, so as to avoid unnecessary duplication. Also, the roles of two out-of-state institutions, the University of Utah (MBA program) and Golden Gate (California) (a number of Associate degree programs), largely involving personnel at Pope Air Force Base, will receive further scrutiny.



(2) Inter-institutional Cooperative Agreements

Other opportunities for cooperation between predominantly black institutions and predominantly white institutions exist, e.g., Winston-Salem State University with the other institutions in that city; North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University and The University of North Carolina at Greensboro with the other colleges in the Greensboro area; Fayetteville State University with North Carolina State University at Raleigh; North Carolina Central University with Duke University, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, and North Carolina State University at Raleigh; and Fayetteville State University with Fayetteville Technical Institute and Methodist College. There are, of course, other possibilities both within the State and be years.

Many different kinds of benefits result from inter-institutional agreements, such as visiting lecturers, assistance in research projects, joint sponsorship of cultural programs, joint seminars, exchanges of students and faculty, and sharing of laboratory or library facilities. Over the past three years, each of the public institutions has reviewed its existing cooperative arrangements with other colleges and universities in an effort to expand mutually beneficial inter-institutional activities.

As of the fall of 1972, there were in North Carolina 65 formal interinstitutional cooperative arrangements in which predominantly black institutions were involved with other black institutions or with predominantly white
institutions. Of the 65, some 44 formal arrangements were between predominantly
black and predominantly white institutions. The shove data show that the
black institutions tend to have more associations with white institutions than
with other black institutions. (See Appendix UNC-43.)



4. The State Plan: Format

The remainder of this document treats the several aspects of our public post-secondary institutions that are involved in any effort to achieve the objectives earlier stated to be those of the State Plan. The aspects treated are, in order:

Students

Faculty and Staff

Institutional Resources

Programs

Racial Impact of State Plan

Administration of State Plan

Under the next-to-last heading we address the most specific measure of the results anticipated from the action elements of the State Plan: the estimates of the racial impact on student enrollments in each of the institutions that we anticipate will result from the successful execution of all the recommended actions. We have chosen to make these estimates in terms of the aggregate effects of carrying out all of the action elements, rather than attempting to state for each action element a racial impact, because we consider the latter course to be entirely unrealistic in the nicety of prediction it would require as to the effects of actions whose separate impact is at best a matter of speculation. It is, moreover, the net effect of all the actions taken together that finally will count, and that is what we have undertaken to project.



B. Students

1. Post-Secondary Education Attendance

The population of North Carolina according to the Census of 1970 was 5,082,059. Of that number, 3,901,767 (76.8%) were white, 1,126,478 (22.2%) were black, and 53,314 (1.0%) were of other races. 12

The black proportion of the population is significantly larger among the younger cohorts than for the population as a whole. The traditionally-defined college age group (those 18 to 21 years old) in 1970 numbered about 418,000. The racial breakdown of that group was as follows:

White	313,833	75.0%
Black	99,222	23.7%
Other	5,211	1.3%
	418,266	100.0% 13

The racial proportions among the high school graduates of 1973 follow closely the proportions found among their cohort (that is, the entire group of people born in 1955). The group born in 1955 numbered, according to the 1970 Census, 103,419 persons, of whom 28.3% were black. The public high school graduating class of 1973 numbered 69,322, of whom 27.2% were black. While the fact that only two-thirds of the 18-year olds graduated from high school is a matter of significant concern, the fact that the high school graduation rate of white and black citizens of the State is almost identical shows encouraging and welcome change.

^{12. 1970} Census of Population. General Population Characteristics.
North Carolina (Washington: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1971), p. 35-56.

^{13. &}lt;u>Ibid</u>. These are the people who, according to the 1970 Census, were born in 1952, 1953, 1954, and 1955.

^{14. &}lt;u>Survey of 1973 High School Graduates</u>. (Raleigh: Department of FRI Cublic Instruction, 1973), p. 5.

Another indication of the rate of attendance at post-secondary institutions by race is found in a survey taken every year by the Department of Public Instruction among the high school graduates of that year. Each graduate is asked his intentions for the fall following graduation. The responses as to the plans of the high school graduating class of 1973 (69,322 people) shows that 31.6% of the whites were planning to go to senior institutions of higher education (public and private), while 23.2% of the blacks so planned. A total of 54.9% of the whites and 42.4% of the blacks declared plans to enter public and private senior and junior institutions (including community college transfer programs. The percentages of those intending to go to private vocational schools were virtually indentical (4.6% white, 4.7% black). For the small group of 1973 graduates (806 total) indicated as of some race other than white or black, the percentages closely parallel those of the blacks. 15

In the fall of 1973, 150,261 persons were enrolled in the North Carolina post-secondary educational institutions, public and private (but including only those enrolled in the college transfer programs of the community colleges). That enrollment is about 36% as large as the 18-21 year old group, traditionally thought of as the "college age" population. In evaluating this ratio, however, it should be borne in mind that the North Carolina student population includes 35,661 out-of-state residents, about two-thirds of whom are in private institutions. Current information on the number of North Carolinians enrolled in schools outside this State is not available to us, but it is estimated to be no more than 12,000, meaning that North Carolina institutions as a whole

^{16. &}lt;u>Statistical Abstract of Higher Education in North Carolina, 1973-74</u> (Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina, 1974), Table 2.



^{15.} Ibid.

are net "importers" of students to the extent of 23,000 to 25,000. Thus the simple ratio of the number enrolled to the number of people 18-21 appreciably overstates the attendance by North Carolinians.

By no means all college students are in the 18-21 year old bracket, though that is the age group most often used in measuring attendance rates. Recent national studies show that barely half of the total post-secondary enrollment in the United States (currently 9.6 million) is within that age group, reflecting the growing phenomenon of continuing education and the return to the classroom as regular students of persons whose educations were interrupted for a time by other pursuits.



2. Characteristics of Current Students

a. The University of North Carolina

An analysis of the fall, 1973 headcount enrollments in the post-secondary educational institutions in North Carolina (including only the transfer program students in the Community College System institutions) shows the following:

	Public In	stitutions	All Insti	tutions
Public institutions			101,378	67.5%
Private institutions			48,883	32.5
Total			150,261	100.0%
The University of North Carolina	92,184	90.9%	* *	
The Community College System (transfer program students				
only)	9,194	9.1		
	101,378	100.0%		
			_	
North Carolina residents	88,758	87.6%	114,600	76.3%
Non-residents	12,620	12.4	<u>35,661</u>	<u>23.7</u>
Total	101,378	100.0%	150,261	100.0%
Undergraduate students	85,725	84.5%	129,723	86.4%
Graduate students	13,878	13.7	16,427	10.9
First Professional students	<u>1,775</u>	1.8	4.111	2.7
Total	101,378	100.0%	150,261	100.0%
Full-time students	81,955	80.8%	127,676	85.0%
Part-time students	19,423	19.2	22,585	<u>15.0</u>
Total	101,378	100.0%	150,261	190.0%



	Public In	stitutions	All Inst	ltutions
Men	56,693	55.9%	83,953	55.9%
Women	44,685	44.1	66,308	44.1
Total	101,378	100.0%	150,261	100.0%
Negro	16,340	16.4%		
American Indian	596	0.6		
White and other	82,712	<u>83.0</u>		
Subtotal	99,648	100.0%		
Military centers	1,730	-		
Total	101,378	-	ļ	



ENROLLMENT BY RACE IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA FALL 1973

Institutions	Students								
	Blac	-k	American Ind Spanish Surn	Other		Total			
Predominantly white Percentage	2,832 3.7%	18.1%	953 1.2%	93.0%	73,267 95.1%	97.1%	77,052 190.0%	83.6%	
Predominantly Black Percentage	12,614 94.2%	80.5%	17 0.0%	1.7%	771 5.8%	1.0%	13,402 100.0%	14.5%	
Military centers Percentage	213 12.3%	1.4%	55 3.2%	5.3%	1,462 84.5%	1.9%	1,730 100.0%	1.9%	
Total Percentage	15,659 17.0%	100.0%	1,025 1.1%	100.0%	75,500 81.9%	100.0%	92,184 100.0%	100.0%	



^{17.} Thid. Additional data on students will be found in Appendices UNC-4 through 29.

b. The Community College System

In the fall of 1973, a total of 59,388 students were enrolled in curriculum (degree-credit) programs in the 57 institutions of the North Carolina Community College System. (See table on the following page.) Of this total, 34,228 (58%) were enrolled full-time (12 credit hours or more) and 25,160 (42%) were part-time students. Approximately six out of ten students enrolled full-time in all program categories, except for general education where nearly nine out of ten students were enrolled on a part-time basis.

Nearly 65% of the curriculum students were employed.

Slightly more than 39% of the students were female and about 61% were male.

Approximately 66% attended classes in the day-time.

More than 80% of all curriculum students were classified as freshmen.

(This includes, however, large numbers of part-time students who had also taken courses in previous years.)

White curriculum students numbered 48,050, or 80.9% of the total, with a non-white (mostly black) representation of 11,336, or 19.1% of the total. (It should be noted that these figures apply to curriculum students only. Data presented earlier showed that non-whites represented 23.9% of fall, 1972 students, including extension students. The 1973 fall extension enrollments total have not yet been analyzed by race.)

As compared with either high school graduation figures or the proportion of non-whites in the North Carolina population, non-white students are underrepresented slightly in all curriculum programs except vocational programs. In the latter category, non-white students comprised 28.8% of all students in the fall of 1973. Non-whites made up 11.4% of all college



Selected Characteristics of Curriculum Students in the North Carolina Community College System, Fall of 1973

Program	<u>Total</u>	Full-1 Part-1 Full- Time	ime vs. ime Part- Time	Se Male	ex <u>Female</u>	Rac White	Non- White	Cla Sta Fresh- men	ss nding Soph- omore	Oay Night Atter Day		Employmen Employed	nt Status Not Employed
College <u>Transfer</u>	9,194	6,201	2,993	5,745	3,449	8,144	1,050	6,511	2,683	7,421	1,773	5,779	3,415
Percent	15.5	67.4	32.6	62.5	37.5	88.6	11.4	70.8	29.2	80.7	19.3	62.9	37.1
General Education	8,948	1,041	7,907	3,756	5,192	7,910	1,038	8,338	610	2,988	5,960	6,618	2,330
Percent	15.1	11.6	88.4	42.0	58.0	88.4	11.6	93.2	6.8	33.4	66.6	74.0	26.0
<u>Technical</u>	28,876	19,303	9,573	17,123	11,753	23,188	5 ,6 88	21,289	7,587	20,396	8,480	18,811	10,065
Percent	48.6	66.8	33.2	59.3	4C.7	80.3	19.7	73.7	26.3	70.6	29.4	65.1	34.9
<u>Vocational</u>	12,370	7,683	4,687	9,431	2,939	8,810	3,560	11,531	839	8,265	4,105	7,392	4,978
Percent	20.8	62.1	37.9	76.2	23.8	71.2	28.8	93.2	6.8	66. 8	33.2	59.8	40.2
Total	59,388	34,228	25,160	36,055	23,333	48,052	11,336	47,669	11,719	39,070	20,318	38,600	20,788
Percent	100.0	57.6	42.4	60.7	39.3	80.9	19.1	80.3	19.7	65.8	34.2	65.0	35.0

See Appendix for detailed reports by institution by race.



transfer students, 11.6% of the students in general education, and 9.7% in technical programs. Economic and educational differences between white and non-white students are likely to be responsible for racial and ethnic differences in program selection.

The average age for all curriculum students enrolled in the 1973 fell quarter was 26.5 years. The range was from 17 years to over 70 years of age.

Of all curriculum students, 45.9% were in the 17-22 age range. Those who were between 23 and 29 represented 27.2% of the total, the 30-39 range accounted for 15.4%, those who were 40-49 represented 7.1% and 2.2% were between 50 and 59. Slightly less than one-half of one percent were 60 or older, and 1.7% of the students' records left their ages blank.

The average age for college transfer students was 24 years. For general education it was 31, technical was 26, and vocational was 27.

For extension students, the average age was 34.7 years, and for all curriculum and extension students combined in the fall of 1973, the average age was 30.8 years. Nearly 22,000 students received some type of financial aid in the 1973 fall quarter. The most common type of financial aid received was Veterans' Administration Benefits, with 14,978 students receiving it (68.2% of all students receiving financial aid). Other types of financial aid and the respective percentages of students on any type of financial aid who received each are as follows: Manpower Development and Training Act, 1.1%; scholarship, 5.1%; Military Survivor Benefits, 6.1%; Vocational Rehabilitation, 4.2%; College Work Study, 5.4%; and all other types, 9.8%.

The largest number of students from any one type of educational program who received financial aid in the fall of 1973 were students enrolled in



technical education. A total of 12,752 technical students (58.1% of all students who received financial aid) obtained financial support. Lesser numbers of students in other types of programs who received financial aid included 2,740 in college transfer programs (12.5% of the total), 996 in general education (4.5%), and 5,465 (24.9%) in vocational education.

The chart on the following page describes the above data in tabular form. A detailed breakdown of student aid by institution, and by race for the 1972-73 academic year appears in the Appendix.



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM

Student Enrollment by Type of Support, Fall of 1973

	Total No. Students	MDTA	Schol- arship	Surv. ED Benefits	Veterans Admin. Benefits	Vocat. Rehab.	Work Study	Other Support Programs	
COLLEGE TRANSFER	2,740	5	234	246	1,646	131	209	269	
GENERAL EDUCATION	996	16	42	69	483	72	72	242	<u></u>
TECHNICAL	12,752	83	640	750	9,099	419	686	1,075	-101~
VOCATIONAL	5,465	143	210	277	3,750	308	208	569	
TOTAL	21,953	247	1,126	1,342	14,978	930	1,175	2,155	



3. Student Transfer Patterns

Concurrent with the rise in college enrollments in North

Carolina has come an increase in the tendency of students to transfer from one institution to another within the State. The largest single source of transfers is the Community College System. The largest recipient of transfer students (58% of them) is The University of North Carolina. More than two-thirds of the community college students who transfer go into the constituent institutions of The University, a flow that has increased more than 15-fold in seven years, from 104 in 1966 to 1,698 in 1973. This increase probably represents much greater readiness on the part of the public senior institutions than in the past to accept community college system credits towards their four-year degrees. It also suggests the promise that even readier transfer from the junior to the senior institutions holds for the future. See Appendices UNC-11 through 14.

There is an increasing tendency as well, not reflected in the interinstitutional transfer statistics, for students to move into, out of, and
after an interval back into educational institutions. This tends to make
statistical analysis of such phenomena as attrition increasingly difficult;
as fewer students follow the regular progression from year to year, it is less
easily ascertained why some do not keep up with their contemporaries.



4. Access to Post-Secondary Education

a. The University of North Carolina

(1) Non-Discrimination Policy

The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina on April 13, 1973, adopted the following policy statement as Section 103 of the Code of the University:

Admission to, employment by, and promotion in The University of North Carolina and all of its constituent institutions shall be on the basis of merit, and there shall be no discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, or national origin.

This principle has been and will continue to be followed rigorously in the admissions context. Various experimental programs have been initiated at several locations, primarily for the purpose of testing empirically certain traditional assumptions about student capabilities, levels of preparedness, and evaluation techniques; these programs for presumptively "high risk" or "disadvantaged" students frequently have included substantial numbers of black students. However, in no case does such a program constitute a permanent, confirmed modification of general admissions practices and in no case is an impermissible discriminatory consequence intended.



(2) Admissions Standards

An obvious constraint on student access to traditional forms of higher education is the nature and level of standards by which admissibility is measured and assessed. With reference to the system in gross as well as individual institutions, admissions standards serve two functions. First, "policy dictated" minimum credentials are posited and measured for the purpose of attempting to insure compatibility between the demands of the curriculum, which vary among institutions, and the capacity of the prospective student. Second, in any situation where there are more applications from prospective students than spaces available to accommodate them, a process of and basis for differentiation is necessary.

The ideal to which our nation historically has professed allegiance in all social contexts involving competitive evaluation is that standards of measurement shall be applied consistently, fairly, and objectively, to insure against the conferral of special advantage and the imposition of special detriment. At the primary and secondary levels of public education, the objectivity ideal is expressed in terms of insuring adequate space for and establishing standards which are sufficiently broad to accommodate virtually all school-age children as to the fundamental question of admissibility, though differentiation among enrolled students as to academic performance remains a characteristic of the system. In the post-secondary educational context, the objectivity ideal is expressed in somewhat more refined terms, reflecting both the fact that enrollment is optional and voluntary and the fact that current and long-standing public policy priorities reflected by commitments of public resources do not as yet provide for universal participation in post-secondary education. In short, public post-secondary education presently is designed to accommodate



persons who have the demonstrated will and capacity to achieve significantly beyond the virtually universal norm posited by the primary and secondary model of public education. The matter could be addressed otherwise, as a function of public policy, viz., substantial additional public resources could be devoted to insuring that significantly more persons, of more diverse characteristics, are induced to enter and are appropriately accommodated within an expanded concept of post-secondary education. Indeed, that sort of expanded vision is currently manifesting itself within the nation and in North Carolina through such measures as publicly supported community colleges and technical institutes, adult education offerings, and extension services. However, the participation rate within the adult population in post-secondary education now involves less than a majority, regardless of whether this represents a function of personal choice or capacity of the system to accommodate or ability of prospective students to meet qualifying standards or other social circumstances which may militate against participation.

Assuming, as is the case currently, that more persons make application to the total program of post-secondary education in North Carolina than are admitted, the two fundamental constraints which so limit enrollment are admissions standards and physical capacity of the institutions. It is the former which is the subject of some current debate, in terms which suggest the possibility of a racial implication. Most frequently, the suggestion is made that black citizens are disadvantaged in inordinate numbers by the consistent application of certain evaluation techniques and that compensatory account ought to be taken of various social factors which may operate to the disadvantage of black citizens in the educational context. One theory about remedial initiatives which enjoys currency is that first-year admission to the public post-secondary system, both in gross and with reference to all



individual institutions, ought to be available to any person who has completed successfully and graduated from a public high school program. Indeed, such an approach currently applies within the Community College System, and, as a further refinement, certain individuals are there admissible even without previously having achieved a high school diploma. At present, however, such an approach is deemed unsatisfactory as a consistent practice among senior institutions for at least three compelling reasons.

First, even if such a minimal admissibility standard were adopted, for the foreseeable future there would continue to be institutions within the total senior system that would remain more attractive to potential applicants than others, with the consequence that some institutions would have more applicants than could be accepted because of physical space limitations; eschewing necessarily a "first come, first served" system, the consequence is that some system of differentiating qualitatively among applicants would have to be adopted.

Second, and even more significantly, differentiated admissions standards for various senior institutions are justified by necessary programmatic distinctions among institutions. It is not intended that every senior institution shall constitute all things to all persons at all times. Rather, there should be functional differentiations among institutions, producing student options, which reflect, among other things, differences in student career aspirations as well as student capabilities. Even at the most sophisticated institutional levels, within North Carolina no one institution purports to offer the full range of program and degree possibilities. Economic limitations which militate against duplication of program content among institutions as well as judgments about the implications of the size of student enrollment have dictated the conclusion, for example, that the two largest



campuses within the University shall be distinguished, among other ways, by the fact that one has an agricultural and technical emphasis which the other does not have. Similarly, it would be counterproductive, both economically and educationally, to attempt to develop at every institutional location a full capacity to accommodate all levels of difference in student preparation and capability. A broadly eclectic student body, measured by various indices of academic potential, would require a multiplicity of programs tailored to the special needs of different students, if essentially nonselective admissibility were to be more than a hollow promise to those admitted.

Accordingly, selective and varying admissions standards, from institution to institution, ought to reflect a commitment to economy, to matching student skills and aspirations with compatible programs, and to insuring maximum utility of the educational experience to undeniably different types of students.

Third, in a significant number of instances further reduction of minimal admissions standards would do violence to the valid premise that, in all modesty and honesty, higher education cannot and should not purport to function as a panacea for a vast array of social ills reflected by the seriously deficient student. Some persons may be further educated beyond the public school norm only at extraordinary expense and over exceedingly long periods of time. For higher education to undertake an unexcepted universality would distort its mission, waste resources, and mislead participants.

Just as there should be no one uniformly high admission standard within a public higher education system, so too there ought not to be one uniformly low admission standard. We must accommodate a substantial part of the undentable diversity in diverse terms, but we do not contemplate universal and unexcepted access.



An essential caveat concerns the validity and fairness of any admission standards which may be employed, whether the perceived need for differentiation is prompted by "market considerations" (i.e., competition derived from the existence of more applicants than spaces) or "minimum standards" considerations. Continuous reevaluation of measurement techniques must be insured, to the end that measurement of inconsequential or insubstantial differences, which can be shown to have no significant correlation with academic success, are discarded promptly. To that end, it will be the responsibility of the President of The University of North Carolina to create, by July 1, 1974, a special committee to undertake a thorough investigation of current evaluation techniques within the senior institutions, drawing on experience to date as well as the accumulated knowledge of acknowledged experts in the nation, and to report its findings initially to the President by December 31, 1974. The objective will be to determine the fairness and validity of any selection techniques in use or proposed for use. It is anticipated that the constituent institutions will take the findings of the committee into account and will make such adjustments in their admissions standards as they find appropriate. As deemed necessary and appropriate, various institutions may be commissioned to conduct pilot programs designed to generate empirical data useful to reliable assessments of admissions criteria. This subject will be a matter of continuous monitoring and review throughout the life of this State Plan.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: To be begun July 1, 1974, and an initial report to be

made by December 31, 1974.



Special Cost:

None. 18

Effect:

To aid in determining the validity and fairness of

student selection and admissions methods used by

the constituent institutions, to guide those

institutions in setting their admissions

standards.

^{18.} Here and in several later instances, the special cost of a projected activity is stated to be "none." That does not mean that the activity will be cost-free; few of them will. It does mean that funds will be sought from sources other than new state appropriations to finance the activity. An attempt will be made to determine the costs actually incurred in support of each projected activity.



(3) Compensatory and Remedial Education Programs

A separate but, in some respects, related concern is that of affording additional educational opportunities to those who do not meet current minimum admissions standards. Here attention is addressed to those students who may be inadmissible on the Lasis of "policy-dictated" admissions standards, as distinguished from market-induced higher standards reflecting competition among a surplus of applicants for available spaces. The perceived disability which may militate against admission to the traditional and usually rather exacting post-secondary educational experience may be either general or particular; for example, the disadvantaged student may have a pervasive learning disability or may have a deficiency in one or more of such subcomponents as reading, communication, or mathematics.

A profoundly important public policy question is whether the postsecondary system shall be expanded and modified to accommodate many such
persons. Any such approach would entail, basically, an expansion of the
system to accommodate more students rather than the dispossession of certain
types of students currently enrollable in favor of a new and formerly
inadmissible type of student.

Reference already has been made to the existence of opportunities for admission into the post-secondary systems by students on the basis of minimal criteria. However, all such admissions practices must be accompanied by an assurance of the availability and proper use of resources designed to acknowledge and address the special needs of such students. At present, portions of the total objective just described are being realized within the existing systems. In addition to the Community College System institutions, at a number of senior institutions within the University, some admissions are



being made virtually on the basis of credentials limited to the high school diploma. However, the possible and, to some extent, apparent deficiency characteristic of such current opportunities within senior institutions is the absence of fully comprehensive and effective special assistance programs designed to maximize the prospects of student success. Most of the constituent institutions of The University provide either formal programs or informal programs through tutoring, counseling, learning resources centers, reading laboratories, and language laboratories that are designed to assist previously identified high risk students or those whose academic performance falls below a satisfactory level. The following is a list of formally organized programs that are already operating on the campuses indicated:

Ca	mD	us
Ca	MP	UŞ

Appalachian

Elizabeth City

East Carolina

Fayetteville State

N. C. A & T

N. C. Central

N. C. School of the Arts

N. C. State University

Pembroke

UNC-Greensboro

UNC-Wilmington

Western Carolina .

Title of Program

Special Development Program

Freshman Opportunity Program

and

Basic Education and Enrichment Program

Experimental Admissions Program

Intensive Study Program

Provability Program

Academic Skills Center

Special Tutorials

/Special sectioning of selected courses and special counseling/

College Opportunity Program

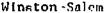
Special Services Program

Special Admissions Program

Special Program for Probationary

Freshmen

Enrichment Center





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Experimentation in the University is encouraged. The quality of special assistance programs also is relevant to that body of students, of presently undetermined magnitude, who previously have been admitted to senior institutions on the basis of minimal credentials; they also must be considered appropriate beneficiaries of an improved capacity for necessary special assistance.

The realization of both an expanded capacity to accommodate new types of students and the creation of satisfactory programs tailored to their special needs as well as the needs of those already enrollable under minimal standards will entail substantial resource allocations, within budgeting priorities.

With reference to all such undertakings, it is understood that no distinctions based on race should apply; the beneficiaries of any such remedial undertakings should be both black and white students who have been identified reliably, on the basis of non-racial criteria, as proper objects of this effort. To the extent that it may be demonstrated that a higher percentage of black citizens than white citizens are the victims of the cumulative social dynamic which makes such programs necessary, then a higher percentage of blacks is expected to benefit therefrom. That is the intention and expectation.

Within The University of North Carolina, a study will be undertaken of the experience of the constituent institutions of The University and of other institutions with respect to remedial and compensatory education programs for those whose academic qualifications are less than those normally required for admission. The purpose of this study will be to develop a body of information on the most effective forms and contents of such programs, their organization and administration, their cost, and other aspects. This information would be made available to the constituent institutions in the



development or expansion of remedial and compensatory education programs.

The projected study should be completed by July 1, 1975, and the effects of the data it develops should begin to be observed by the fall of 1975.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: To be begun July 1, 1974, and completed by

July 1, 1975.

Special cost: None.

Effect: To provide information to guide The University

of North Carolina and its constituent institutions

as to the most effective forms of remedial

education programs that may be offered by them,

and thus to aid them in improving the prospects

of academic success of those persons who are

admitted to those institutions.



(4) Transfer Policies and Guidelines

Policies with respect to student transfer among institutions, both within The University and into The University from external institutions, bear materially on the question of access and opportunity. Particularly with reference to less well prepared students, the prospect of real opportunities for transfer following successful completion of a supplemental or remedial educational experience is important. The University of North Carolina engages in several activities especially designed to facilitate student transfer with a minimum loss of credit and time from two-year institutions to senior ones. The University co-sponsors and provides staff services for the Joint Committee on College Transfer Students, the Joint Committee on Nursing Education, and the Allied Health Articulation Project. It publishes and distributes two biennial mannuals: (1) Guidelines for Transfer, relating to admissions, credit, and ten academic disciplines, and (2) Policies of Senior Colleges and Universities Concerning Transfer Students from Two-Year Colleges in North Carolina. Periodically, the University participates in articulation workshops in the major disciplines, which are attended by faculty of both two-year and senior institutions. The University of North Carolina also annually collects and disseminates data on transfer students, e.g., the number of transfers each institution sends and receives, and the academic performance of each undergraduate transfer student who enters The University. Such data not only identify the extent of incoming and outgoing transfers, but to some extent indicate the degree of their academic achievement. These activities will be continued to the end that access to the constituent institutions of The University may be enhanced.



Responsibility: The Chancellors, the President of The University,

and the President of The Community College System.

Timing: Continuing, 1974-78.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To enhance access to the constituent institutions

of The University of North Carolina, especially

on the part of people who for academic or other

reasons are not able to begin their educational

work in those institutions.



b. <u>The Community College System</u>

(1) Non-discrimination Policy

The North Carolina Community College System, established by the 1963 General Assembly, has no history of de jure or de facto racial segregation.

The North Carolina Community College System, administered at the State level by the State Board of Education, is comprised of the Department of Community Colleges and 57 technical institutes and community colleges. Each institution has a board of trustees. From its early days the System has maintained an "open-door" policy for all individuals regardless of race, creed, or national origin. Each institution is non-residential and serves primarily commuter students.

The 1962 Report of the Governor's Commission Beyond the High School recommended that ". . . Students should be admitted to all post-high school educational institutions without discrimination as to race." 19

The 1963 Community College Act provided that:

The State Board of Education is authorized to establish and organize a department to provide state-level administration, under the direction of the Board, of a system of community colleges, technical institutes, and industrial education centers, separate from the free public school system of the State. 20

On February 6, 1964, the State Board of Education adopted the following open-door admissions policy:

The industrial education centers, technical institutes, and community colleges shall maintain an <u>open-door admissions</u> policy to the institutions for all applicants who are high school graduates or are school leavers 18 years old or older;

^{20.} North Carolina General Statutes Sec. 115A-3.



^{19.} The Report of the Governor's Commission on Education Beyond the High School (Raleigh, 1962), p. 17.

with selective placement in the different curriculums within the institution, such selective placement to be determined by the officials of the institutions based on the admission requirements approved by the State Board of Education for each curriculum and each course offered.

On February 11, 1965, the State Board of Education adopted a policy to implement the Civil Rights Act of $1964.^{22}$

In February of 1967, detailed instructions to implement the 1964 Civil Rights Act were incorporated into the official Policy Manual for the North Carolina Community College System. These instructions stipulated that the chief state executive of the Community College System would secure ". . . the necessary and proper compliance forms for all the institutions and agencies under his direction."23

On March 2, 1972, the State Board of Education adopted the following policy reaffirming its existing policy on civil rights and specifically including the employment of women as well:

WHEREAS, the State Board of Education is aware of and in sympathy with current efforts to expand and improve the role of women in today's society; and

WHEREAS, the Board has been requested to clarify its position with specific regard to the utilization of women in administrative capacities in education;

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED:

That the North Carolina State Board of Education reaffirms its commitment to a policy of employment and assignment of personnel solely on the basis of qualifications and without regard to sex, creed, or ethnic origin;

^{23.} Policy Manual for the State System of Community Colleges and Technical Institutes (Raleigh: State Board of Education, 1967), Policy No. 2.09.



^{21.} Minutes of the State Board of Education, Raleigh, February 6, 1964, p. 2.

^{22. [}b]d., February 11, 1965, p. 1.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board go on record as encouraging an expanding employment of women in administrative positions in those instances where qualified female applicants are available for such positions. 24

(2) Admissions Standards

The North Carolina Community College System has maintained an open-door admissions policy since its inception in 1963. No change in this policy is contemplated now or in the future. Admission restrictions applied by local institutional authorities to applicants for admission to a particular curriculum or program are subject to review and modification by the State Board of Education on its own motion, or on recommendation of the State President, or by petition of an aggrieved party. (Such admission restrictions usually arise from requirements or standards established by national or regional professional or occupational accrediting organizations concerned with training standards in the particular field of specialization.)

The admission to specific programs is based upon the use of a system of testing, interviews by counselors, and high school transcripts where applicable. Admission to programs is made without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin. In those cases where the applicant does not meet minimum program entrance requirements, guided studies and remedial programs are used to prepare the student for entrance into the program of his choice.

(3) Compensatory and Remedial Education Programs

The institutions of the Community College System offer specialized credit and non-credit courses for students who need to improve their skills so that they can perform at the level required--college transfer,

^{24.} Minutes of the State Board of Education, Raleigh, March 2, 1972, p. 12.



technical, or vocational. An individual who desires to enter a specific curriculum program and who has deficiencies in prerequisites or low entrance test scores is guided into a program of study designed to increase his proficiency. These programs are designed to maet the individual's needs for the curriculum to be entered.

In addition to regular courses, a student may elect to study in the learning laboratory program. These programs are designed to meet the needs of the person who wants to prepare for the High School Equivalency Examination, the person who desires to remove deficiencies so that he can enter a regular curriculum program of the institution, the person who wants to be better prepared in his present job or to prepare for advancement on his job, or the person who wants to study a subject for his own self-improvement.

The laboratories offer programmed instruction which presents the material to be learned in small, sequential steps which move gradually from basic and easily learned knowledge and skills to more difficult content. The student can enroll in the Learning Laboratory at any time during the year. He sets his own work schedule and progresses at his own rate.

Special programs to aid disadvantaged persons such as the educationally deprived, financially disadvantaged, and the underemployed and hard core unemployed are conducted under the Manpower Development Training Act, Adult Basic Education, Adult High School Education, and the General Educational Development Preparatory Program. Although the institutions conduct extensive advertising and recruiting campaigns, considerable difficulty is encountered in enrolling and retaining students in these programs. Additional efforts will be expended in an attempt to enroll and retain more students in this category without regard to race.



Among the areas of study available in the remedial programs are English, social science, mathematics, foreign language, business, science, occupational, and general interest. The reading programs provide instruction from the second grade to college.

While institutions of the Community College System do not themselves offer education or training above the sophomore level of college or university course work, some of the Community College System institutions do make their facilities available when possible to senior institutions desiring to teach graduate or professional level extension courses or seminars in the community institution.

5. Recruiting

a. <u>General</u>

(1) The University of North Carolina

(a) Control

Recruiting is under the control of each constituent institution, whose board of trustees exercises authority delegated to it by the Board of Governors. Recruiting is conducted with no supervision and a minimum of coordination by the General Administration. No change in this basic allocation of authority is being made.

(b) The Educational Opportunities Information Center (EOIC)

The 1971 General Assembly authorized the former Board of Higher Education, and later the Board of Governors of The University, to establish an Educational Opportunities Information Center. The principal reason underlying the authorization was that applicants were experiencing difficulties in gaining admission to college because of crowded enrollments. The Educational Opportunities Information Center has upon request given assistance to such students in finding colleges to which they are generally admitted.

The recent leveling-off in enrollment has to a large degree obviated the particular kind of service previously performed by EOIC. The problems faced by applicants for admission to college currently are those that are related to the complex manner by which appropriate information must be sought regarding The information the variety of higher educational opportunities in the state. needed includes: the kinds of institutions available, the nature and location of programs, the admissions process and standards, costs, financial aid, housing, etc. We now envision the Educational Opportunities Information Center as being a statewide agency that would facilitate securing all such information and which would make the information readily available at minimum or no cost to any interested student. Moreover, we believe that the information must be available in a form suitable to students who are still enrolled in junior high school. In this manner, the information is expected to be helpful in increasing the college-going rate of blacks and whites. Special attention will be given to reducing the number of minority students who become high school dropouts by the tenth grade.

All published materials issued by the Education Opportunity Information Center will carry appropriate statements to the effect that admission to institutions and programs within The University shall be without respect to race.

Implementation of this broader function of the EOIC requires the attention of a full-time director. The Board of Governors will appoint a director by July 1, 1975.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: Beginning July 1, 1975, and to continue at least

to 1978.



Special Cost: \$30,000 a year.

Effect: To increase attendance at institutions of higher

education with attention being given to

increasing the college-going rate of blacks

and whites to the national average.

(c) The Application for Admission

All efforts to provide easier access to information vital to a prospective student's decision-making process about post-secondary education will be meaningless if another major barrier occurs at the time of application for admission. The barrier may be composed of a number of elements such as cost, multiplicity of forms, and contacting and filing multiple applications with the several institutions to which the student may elect to apply.

One effective approach to reducing these barriers begins with the use of a common application form for all 16 campuses of The University. Through a collaborative effort of the admissions officers of the 16 campuses of The University, steps have already been taken to develop and design a single application form for all new and transfer undergraduate students. Each of the 16 campuses will be identified on the application form. In this manner, the applicant will find it easier to apply simultaneously to one or more of the institutions. The common application form will carry an appropriate statement to the effect that admission to institutions and programs within The University will be without respect to race.

Once the common application has been developed, its usefulness in facilitating the application process will be tested. The expectation is that <u>all</u> applicants will have a more convenient and equal opportunity to consider <u>all</u> 16 institutions. The University will monitor the process to



determine whether there results an increase in the rate of applications by potential students who represent the "minority presence" on each campus.

In order to effectuate the study, the racial identity of applicants will be needed. To secure this information, all 16 campuses will henceforth call for the racial identification of the applicant. (Ten of the institutions now require this information.) No penalty, however, will result from a student's refusal to provide racial identification.

The adoption of a common application form will have no immediate effect on the application fees charged by the institutions.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: Testing of common application for admissions

form will begin in the fall of 1975. Eliciting

racial identification will begin with applications

for admission in fall 1974.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To simplify the application process and to

increase the opportunity to apply to any of

the 16 institutions, irrespective of its

historical racial identity, and to test the

effectiveness of each institution in

attracting "minority presence" prospects.

(d) University-wide Publications

The University of North Carolina in fulfilling its legislatively-mandated responsibility to do so collects and disseminates a large quantity and variety of information relating to higher education each year. The information collected is obtained from both public and private



Abstract of Higher Education in North Carolina. This information, however, is not directed particularly to high school counselors or to prospective students. In order to remove this inadequacy, two new publications will be issued under the auspices of The University of North Carolina with the cooperation of the constituent institutions.

A publication is in the initial stages of development which will be aimed primarily at prospective students. This publication will contain information about each of the 16 public senior institutions. (The private institutions issue their own publication.) The format is expected to be attractive and to have special appeal to students. The second publication will be similar to the first one, except that the target population will be prospective graduate and professional students. Each of these two publications will have the widest possible distribution among the respectively appropriate populations.

Both of these publications will carry appropriate statements to the effect that admission to institutions and to programs within The University shall be without respect to race.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: The two publications are expected to be

available in time for the recruiting period

for students entering in the fall of 1975.

Each publication is expected to be reissued

biennially thereafter.

Special Cost: Approximately \$12,000.

Effect: To enhance attendance by students generally, but

especially "minority presence" students, since

these publications will make available to all



readers information on institutions and programs that may not otherwise be readily available. In addition, the effect is expected to encourage application for admission by students who in the past may have been unaware of the opportunities available.

(e) <u>Dissemination of Policy on Non-Discrimination</u>

All pertinent publications of the constituent institutions of The University will clearly state the policy that students will be admitted to the institution without respect to race, and when pictures are used to illustrate such publications, this policy will be illustrated where feasible by pictures of integrated groups.

Responsibility: The Chancellors of the constituent institutions of The University.

Timing: To begin immediately and to continue at least to 1978.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To the extent that the lack of such policy

statements in some college catalogs, etc.,

may discourage (or fail to encourage)

"minority presence" attendance at institutions,

the implementation of this policy should

enhance such "minority presence."



(2) The Community College System

(a) <u>General</u>

Student recruiting by community colleges and technical institutes is effective for several reasons. First, the institutions are interested in recruiting a wide range of ability levels—from illiterates to college level, from unskilled to the highly skilled who desire upgrading by means of additional training or education. Second, practically all students are from homes and families in the commuting area for each institution, and therefore serve as contacts with others in the area who may need what the institution can provide. Third, the employers in the community receive all or the major portion of the output of the institution and assume a voluntary role in the recruitment effort. Fourth, the institution's programs are largely selected to meet the needs found to exist among the population of the commuting area and are thus more highly "saleable" to prospective students.

In the Community College System, all recruitment activities are carried out without regard to race, creed, color, national origin, or sex. Since the Community College System was established as a system of non-segregated institutions, no attempt is made to recruit students for a particular institution on the basis of race. In addition, since funding is based on the number of full-time equivalent students attending the institution, there is pressure upon the institution to recruit.

(b) <u>Publications</u>

An <u>Educational Guide</u> for technical institutes and community colleges is published by the Department of Community Colleges. This publication is revised blennially and contains general information about the Community College System, information about educational programs and lists of



curricula by institutions. The photographs contained in this Guide are multiracial in character, are illustrative of program areas, and are not related to
the racial composition of any institution. Other devices, such as film
presentations produced at the state level, also depict the community college
as being a multi-racial entity.

Member institutions in the system publish institutional catalogs and brochures advertising specific programs. These publications also present multi-racial settings in many instances.

All recruitment materials produced on and after July 1, 1974, either at the State or local level with aid of State or federal funds, shall contain a statement of non-discriminatory policy. Failure to include such a statement shall require a refund by the responsible person or institution of the State or federal funds used in the production of the recruitment material.

Advertisements utilizing the mass media, promoting the institutions and their various program offerings, are being presented in a manner that is not restrictive for members of minority groups. However, special efforts shall be made to utilize the mass media in the recruitment of more minority students. Contacts with community organizations for the purpose of advertising the institutions shall include more contacts and emphasis in relation to minority organizations and leaders.

The Department of Community Colleges prepares and disseminates bulletins, brochures, news items, television briefs, and a very widely-broadcast, continuing series of radio programs of information concerning the Community College System and the institutions. The State President assures implementation of the above commitments with respect to all informational materials and advertising disseminated by the Department.



The Department of Community Colleges receives copies of institutional publications and subscribes to a newspaper clipping service by means of which institution publicity items and advertisements published in every newspaper in the State are reviewed by the State President or his representatives in the Department of Community Colleges. The State President anticipates that every institution's president will accept local responsibility for implementing the foregoing commitments in good faith and will, on his own part, make prompt remonstrance to any institution president observed to be negligent or derelict in requiring full and faithful compliance. If such remonstrance proves unavailing, the delinquency will be reported to the State Board of Education and to the institution's board of trustees for such further remedy and relief as these governing authorities may deem appropriate to the case.



b. Recruiting Staffs: The University of North Carolina

Many campuses around the country and at least half of the institutions within The University have found it beneficial to have at least one person on the recruiting staff who is a member of the principal "minority presence" race on that particular campus. The University, therefore, commits itself to having at least one such person on each of its campuses. Where the budget of the institution does not currently provide the support for an additional position required for racial diversification of the recruiting staff, appropriate requests should be included in the institutional change budget for 1975-76 to employ such a person.

Responsibility: The Chancellors.

Timing: Continuing (or where necessary beginning

in 1974 and continuing) at least to 1978.

Special Cost: Uncertain.

Effect: To increase the effectiveness of the

recruiting staff in attracting to the

institution students who are members of

the "minority presence" on that campus.

c. High School Counseling

(1) The University of North Carolina

To the extent that such emphasis is now lacking,
the academic and training programs for future counselors should emphasize the
development of techniques to ensure objectivity with respect to racial
considerations in advising students regarding post-secondary educational
careers. The expected benefit of this emphasis within the professional
development programs of counselors is to minimize or eliminate improper



influences that may flow from the counselors' biases. The constituent institutions of The University which conduct curricular programs in counseling will be encouraged to introduce this emphasis where lacking and to reinforce it wherever possible.

By means of publications, workshops, regional meetings of the professional organizations, visits to the campuses, and other appropriate means, The University can and should assist annually the counselors to know and understand the offerings of the constituent institutions and the Community College System institutions. The magnitude of this undertaking is suggested by the fact that there are approximately 1,500 high school counselors in the State, but the task is manageable through regional conferences.

The Board of Governors is aware of the requests of the Office for Civil Rights that it "assure that white students will not be counselled or otherwise channeled away from the predominantly black schools and that black students will not be channeled to predominantly black institutions." The high school counselors of the State are not in any sense employees of The University of North Carolina. The Board of Governors does not have the authority to command the counselors in their performance or to punish them if that performance does not accord with the wishes of the Board of Governors. The University as an educational institution will do all that it appropriately can to educate, inform, and advise the counselors to advise students, white or black, to select institutions in accordance with their best academic interests. We believe that the actions proposed above offer reasonable prospects of producing changes in the behavior of counselors to the extent that may be necessary.



Responsibility: The President of The University and the

Chancellors.

Timing: Beginning in 1974 and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Cost: \$3,000.

Effect: To increase the attendance by students at

institutions in which they will be members

of the "minority presence."



(2) The Community College System

Articulation workshops with high school counselors are conducted for the express purpose of improving communications between high school counselors and the institution staff. Many institutions are currently involved in such articulation programs. From all indications, these programs have proven to be valuable. In addition, personal visits are made by Community College System institution staff members with high school counselors to keep them up to date on opportunities available in Community College System institutions. Copies of the Educational Guide, which contains information on programs available in technical institutes and community colleges are provided to the counselors.

While the articulation workshops are oriented primarily toward providing in-service training needs and experiences for high school counselors, selected high school teachers of all races and both sexes are also invited to participate because high school students also look to them for counseling. The high school counselors and teachers attending these articulation workshops receive a stipend for the period of their participation. Beginning July 1, 1974, thuse articulation workshops will include substantial emphasis upon the need to identify and eliminate possible discriminations based on race or sex in all areas of institution responsibility. The authorization of State funds to support articulation workshops will include a commitment on the part of the institution to implement this additional emphasis. Each articulation workshop will be required to include one seminar on procedures for identifying and eliminating racial discrimination in areas of institution responsibility affecting students.



d. <u>Visitations</u>

(1) The University of North Carolina

(a) <u>Visits to High Schools by Institutional</u> Representatives

The North Carolina unit of the Carolinas

Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers (CACRAAO) is the professional organization which sponsors cooperative recruiting efforts by colleges and universities at the high schools. Membership in the Association consists of senior and two-year institutions, public and private. A complete listing of the member institutions is found in Appendix UNC-47. Attention is drawn to the fact that all five of the predominantly black senior institutions are members.

One benefit of this cooperative effort is the avoidance of unfair competition among the recruiting institutions. The particular mechanism employed by the Association is a combination of two committees, the North Carolina Ethics Sub-Committee and the College Day Committee. The former committee oversees the ethical practices of the member institutions and the latter committee schedules college days at the high schools throughout the State. Currently, six predominantly black institutions, three of which are public senior institutions, are represented on the College Day Committee. In addition, it is the policy of The University of North Carolina and the stated position of CACRAAO that all member institutions shall be treated equally and fairly without regard to the dominant racial identity of the institution or of the high school. This policy will remain in effect and will be reinforced by having no constituent institution of The University participate in



recruiting visits to high schools which invite or exclude recruiters on a racially selective basis.

Responsibility: The President of The University and the Chancellors.

Timing: Current and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To avoid any appearance of racially selective

recruiting by the constituent institutions.

(b) <u>Visits to Institutions by Prospective Students</u>

High school students, without regard to race,

will be encouraged to attend appropriate university functions at all of the constituent institutions, and each institution will continue to bring minority and racially integrated groups to campus functions.

Responsibility: The Chancellors.

Timing: Current and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To enhance attendance, especially by white students

on black campuses and vice versa.



(2) The Community College System

(a) Visits to High Schools by Institutional Representatives

Staff members from community colleges participate in high school programs such as college days and career days. In addition, workshops orienting students to occupational practices are also conducted by Community College System counselors in public schools. In order to facilitate more effective recruitment of members of minority races, staff members who visit high schools shall always include representatives of the respective racial elements comprising the community served. The use of institution students for high school recruitment visits has often proved effective.

(b) <u>Visits to Institutions by Prospective Students</u>

Campus visits by students are coordinated between the guidance personnel from high schools and community college student aervices personnel. Tours of the campus and any briefings given are presented to the students in a bi-racial context.

Emphasis is placed on special programs, such as guided studies and preparatory studies, and adequate information is provided concerning the types of financial aid available at the institutions.



6. Student Costs and Financial Aid

a. <u>Costs</u>

(1) The University of North Carolina

(a) Tuition and Fees

Until reorganization (1971) the boards of trustees of ten of the sixteen institutions had been free to set their own tuition and fees; the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina set them for six institutions. The result had been a varying scale of tuition and fee charges from institution to institution. The Board of Governors, in the exercise of its authority to set tuition and fees, began in 1973 as a part of its first request budget to alter tuition schedules in stages with the objective of achieving a standardized tuition schedule for all of the institutions within each of the four categories of constituent institutions. With two minor exceptions, that standardization process has been accomplished with the adoption of the 1974-75 budget.

Neither under the former disparate schedule of tuition charges nor under the present or emerging schedule are the differences in charges based on the historical racial identity of the institutions. Instead, the schedules are based on the functional categories of institutions, the assumption being that the costs of education at a five-year institution are higher than those at a four-year institution and the costs of education at a doctoral level institution are higher than those at a five-year institution, and that students should pay tuition accordingly. The exceptionally high cost of instruction in the School of the Arts results in its tuition, like its state budget appropriation, being appreciably higher than in the four-year institutions.



(b) Advance Deposits

The statute that formerly required advance deposits in fixed amounts to be paid by persons accepted for admission to an institution or intending to return to an institution for the succeeding academic year has been repealed. The authority to fix such deposits has been delegated to the respective boards of trustees. There is some reason to believe that the requirement of substantial advance deposits has the effect of discouraging attendance at the constituent institutions by a significant number of students. Nevertheless, the requirement of such deposits is a reasonable and proper means of increasing the accuracy of enrollment and student housing projections. Continuing study will be made to determine whether advance deposit requirements are laving a discouraging effect on attendance at the constituent institutions and how, through such means as hardship exceptions, relief can be provided to those students while meeting the valid administrative needs of the institutions.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: Current and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Cost: None.

Effect: To enhance attendance, especially by persons

for whom the present advance deposits constitute a serious economic barrier to attendance or continuation in the constituent institutions of The .

University.



(2) The Community College System

(a) Tuition and Fees

The charges for attending an institution within the Community College System are somewhat less than the charges for attending the typical university, even if the student commutes daily to the institution in either case. At the same time, the cost of commuting may be substantial for the student and his family, depending upon the distance travelled. Tuition at the North Carolina resident rate is \$42 per quarter in the college transfer curriculum and \$32 per quarter in other curricula throughout the Community College System. Other student fees and charges vary from institution to institution but are limited by the State Board not to exceed \$28 per year.

(b) Advance Deposits

Advance deposits may be required of applicants. The amount of this deposit varies from institution to institution with the maximum allowable of \$15. The amount collected is applied toward tuition when an applicant registers at the institution. Full refund of tuition is allowed if the student withdraws within ten days after the session begins.



b. Student Financial Aid

(1) The University of north Carolina

(a) Federally Based Programs

The majority of all financial aid funds
administered by the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina
has as a common criterion of award the determination of financial need.
Assistance to students is provided singularly or in combination through institutional, federal, and state programs. Federal programs include Basic
Opportunity Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, College WorkStudy Programs, and National Direct Student Loans. See Appendices UNC-34
through 37.

During the 1972-73 academic year, 19% of the total enrollment of The University of North Carolina received some form of financial assistance from federal programs. Of the number awarded aid, 53% were blacks and other minorities. These racial minority students received 59% of the total financial aid dollars awarded by the 16 constituent institutions that year. The total enrollment of blacks and other minorities within The University during that period was 17%.

Appendix UNC-37 indicates the percentage of each racial group represented within the enrollment population during 1972-73 and compares that percentage to the percentage of students aided and Federal funds awarded to those racial groups during the 1972-73 academic year.

An examination of data available to the General Administration reveals no discrimination against blacks and racial minorities currently in the distribution of financial aid funds either among the 16 institutions as a system or within any individual institution. This statement is based upon an



assessment of the distribution of federal student assistance funds within The University system during the year 1972-73.

State-appropriated funds related to federal programs are used for matching purposes specified by the federal programs. Distribution of these appropriated funds among blacks and other mincrities is estimated, therefore, to be roughly equivalent to that of the federal funds.



(b) Institutional and University-Wide Programs

on the distribution of student aid dollars from all sources; data are available only on student financial aid from federal sources. The University will collect such information routinely in the future. Such information is essential to a more complete understanding of the impact of financial aid on enrollments in The University.

As was stated earlier, examination of available data for federal assistance programs reveals no discrimination against blacks and other minorities; however, closer examination does disclose a negligible impact on the white students on the predominantly black campuses. The average percentage of white students receiving financial assistance on the predominantly black campuses is 8.8% compared to 12.5% of the white students aided on the predominantly white campuses. The figure of 8.8% is misleading, however, because one of the black campuses gave financial assistance (1972-73) to 30% of its white students, whereas in another black institution no white student received aid.

In order to assist the process of desegregation within The University and to increase assurance that lack of money is not an impediment to the process, the Board of Governors will request that an appropriation be made to The Universit General Administration for the purpose of providing financial aid funds to encourage white students to attend predominantly black institutions and, conversely black students to attend predominantly white institutions. For the period 1975-76, the sum of \$300,000 will be requested for this purpose. To be assisted by funds from this special appropriation at any individual campus, a student must be of the "minority presence" race on that particular campus and:

(1) demonstrate need, (2) be a resident of the State, (3) be enrolled full-time



(at least 12 semester hours), and (4) be enrolled in a program leading to a degree. Determination of the recipient and the amount of the award will be made through the normal financial aid processes of an individual campus.

At the conclusion of the second year of operation of this program, an evaluation will be made of its impact on the number of "minority presence" students at individual institutions and on the relative size of minority enrollments within the total enrollment of each school. If found to be effective, it will be continued.

Responsibility: The President of The University and the

Chancellors.

Timing: 1975-76.

Special Cost: \$300,000 a year.

Effect: Increase the "minority presence" students

on each campus by providing financial

aid incentives.



(c) State-Wide Programs

Most of the state funds currently available are limited to students in special categories: prospective teachers of mentally retarded children, future teachers in the public schools of the state, children of deceased or disabled war veterans, the physically handicapped, and those who plan to enter the medical and paramedical fields and such fields and special work, social work, and other occupations directly related to mental health. Administration of these programs is provided through five different state agencies.

Comprehensive studies of financial aid management and resources in North Carolina were made in 1968 and 1971. Further studies have been made by the Southern Regional Education Board for the South as a whole. All of these studies have provided the State with sufficient knowledge to determine student needs in the light of changing college costs and economic status. Consequently, there is no need to repeat these earlier studies. The Board of Governors does commit itself to a review and study of all financial aid resources that are available to the constituent institutions of The University. The purpose of this review and analysis is to determine the effectiveness with which financial aid emanating from private resources is helping to meet the needs of "minority presence" students.

Gertain actions have already been initiated in the State to expand financial aid programs. The 1971 General Assembly enacted legislation to allow for the expansion of the North Carolina Insured Student Loan Program and authorized a basic grant program which has not been funded by the General Assembly. That legislative action, however, will enable the State through the



Board of Governors and the North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority to take steps to reduce further the financial barriers to post-secondary education faced by many students.

At least two approaches to accomplishing a further reduction of financial barriers are available to the Board of Governors.

One approach would be to expand the state-funded grants program. The Governor has requested the Board of Governors to submit to the 1975 session of the legislature a request for support of a State Student Incentive Grant Program that is based on the recently Federally-funded program. If supported by appropriated funds from the State legislature, this program will provide an additional source of financial aid based on need throughout the State for students enrolled in Post-secondary institutions, both public and private. Administration of this program would be the responsibility of the North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority. State funds would be matched by federal funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

The second approach that is available is a continuation of providing adequate reserve capacity for the program of North Carolina Insured Loans operated by the North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority. These loans are available to residents attending eligible institutions under a student loan program authorized by the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. During 1972-73. approximately 30% of these loans made went to blacks and other minority students.

Responsibility: The President of The University and the Board of

Directors of the State Education Assistance Authority.

Timing: 1974-75.

Special Cost: To be determined.

Effect: To reduce further the economic barrier to post-

secondary education for all North Carolinians, thus



(2) The Community College System

Financial aid is available to students at all institutions in the Community College System. Student loan funds are available for financial aid in the Community College System, but the State does not contribute to them. In some cases local matching is required for federal funds. The requirements for obtaining loans and the manner in which they are repaid vary. The student's motivation toward study or training potential and financial needs are considered before financial aid is awarded. Funds that are available include:

- a. National Direct Student Loan Program
- b. Vocational Work-Study Program Under the Vocational Act of 1963
- c. Work-Study Program under Title I, Part C, of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964
- d. Veterans Administration Assistance
- e. Basic Educational Opportunity Grant Program
- f. College Foundation, Inc.
- g. N. C. Insured Student Loan Program
- h. James E. and Mary Z. Bryan Foundation Student Logn Plan
- State Board of Education Student Loan Fund--Vocational and Technical Education
- j. State Aid to orphans of defined categories of military veterans
- k. Vocational Rehabilitation Program
- 1. Local funds

At present, there is no State-level program of student aid in the Community College System other than the loan program previously noted. State appropriations will continue to be requested to provide matching funds required to qualify all institutions for full participation in federal grant programs



made available in support of student aid. At present an institution's participation is dependent upon the availability of local funds to match federal funds. State funds, if appropriated, would become available on and after July 1, 1975.

The distribution of financial aid for 1972 by sex, race, and source of funds is shown in the Appendix. The student enrollment by type of support for the fall of 1973 is shown in the following table.



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM
Student Enrollment by Type of Support, Fall of 1973

	Total No. Students	MDTA	Schol- arship	Surv. ED Benefits	Veterans Admin. Benerits	Vocat. Rehab.	Work Study	Other Support Programs	
COLLEGE TRANSFER	2,740	5	234	246	1,646	131	209	269	
GENERAL EDUCATION	996	16	42	69	483	72	72	242	-/4/-
TECHNICAL	12,752	83	640	750	9,099	419	686	1,075	
VOCATIONAL	5,465	143	210	277	3,750	308	208	569	
TOTAL	21,953	247	1,126	1,342	14,978	930	1,175	2,155	

7. Access to Services and Facilities

a. The University of North Carolina

(1) General

It is the policy of The University of North

Carolina that no student's access to the services and facilities of the

constituent institution in which he is enrolled is limited by reason of race.

(2) Housing

It is the policy of The University that institutional housing, or housing in the community that is listed with any office of any constituent institution as available for rent to students, shall be available to students without regard to race, color, or national origin.

(3) Student Teachers

It is the policy of the constituent institutions of The University that student teachers will be assigned without regard to race, color, or national origin.

(4) Job Placement

It is the policy of The University that all persons and organizations using the facilities and job placement services of the constituent institutions for the purpose of recruiting potential employees will refrain from discriminating among prospective employees on the basis of race, and that any person or organization unwilling to operate on that basis will not be allowed to use University facilities and services.

(5) Services Performed for Institutions by Contractors

It is the policy of The University that all outside contractors engaging to provide goods or services to the institution or to its students or staff under contract with the institution will, as a condition of receiving and retaining such contracts, make their services or goods available

without discrimination on the basis of race; and to the extent that they employ students, such employment will be offered without respect to race.

(6) <u>Discrimination Detection</u>

Each chancellor of a constituent institution of The University will be asked to designate a responsible officer of the institution whose duty it will be to be alert to, receive reports on, investigate, and recommend that appropriate remedial action be taken by the proper institutional officers with respect to instances of racial discrimination within the institution or by persons or organizations of the kinds referred to in the foregoing paragraphs.

(7) <u>Semi-annual RePorts</u>

The semi-annual reports of The University to HEW will summarize experience with respect to racial discrimination as to student access to services and facilities during the preceding six months.



b. The Community College System

(1) On-campus Housing

It is the policy of the State Board of Education not to provide on-campus housing and not to encourage private dormitories to serve institutions of the Community College System. These institutions operate to serve only a commuting clientele.

(2) Off-campus Housing

All institutions which maintain referral services for student housing will publish statements of non-discrimination that have been adopted by their local boards of trustees. Each institution offering referral services will need to determine whether landlords whose facilities are listed with the institution rent to students on a non-discriminatory basis.

(3) Job Placement

Job placement services for students needing part-time work and those leaving school to accept full-time jobs are provided without regard to race, creed, color, sex, or national origin.

(4) Other Services Performed by Institutions

Community services are provided by each of the institutions in their respective service areas. These services are furnished on a non-discriminatory basis.

(5) Other Services Performed by Contractors for Institutions

A number of institutions comprising the North Carolina

Community College System contract for direct services, such as food service

and some educational services. Any Community College System institution



contracting with any agency, company, or other institution to have the contractor provide direct services to students must require that such services be delivered without discrimination based on race, sex, creed, color, or national origin.



8. Student Organizations

a. The University of North Carolina

It is the Policy of The University that all student organizations sanctioned by the constituent institutions shall be open as to membership without respect to race. It is the duty of the chancellor and his subordinates on each campus to require that every institutionally sanctioned student organization file with the institution a statement of the organization's non-discriminatory policy. The chancellor or his subordinates, in cooperation with student government, shall take appropriate remedial action, after investigation, where charges of racial discrimination by such organizations are found to be correct.

Responsibility: The Chancellors.

Timing: Current and continuing at least to 1978.

Cost: None.

Effect: Enhancing the freedom with which "minority

presence" students elect to participate in

student organizations that are officially

sanctioned by the institution.



b. The Community College System

Each student organization before being approved by an institution within the Community College System shall be required to file a statement declaring that membership will be open to all students without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin. Only organizations that are approved by an institution shall be permitted to utilize its facilities on a regular basis.



9. Student Retention

a. The University of North Carolina

University of North Carolina that all reasonable steps will be taken to enable The University as a whole to maintain the current percentage of its graduates who are black. The University does not, however, undertake to ensure that result. It is inevitable that, if more students are admitted under high risk programs without the academic credentials that are normally taken as predictive of academic success, some of them will not complete a degree irrespective of the amount of counselling and other assistance given them.

The University has not heretofore collected data on student retention experience by race. Steps are already being taken to collect such data henceforth on a systematic basis in each of the constituent institutions and to report it to the office of General Administration for analysis and inclusion in the periodic reports made by The University to the Office for Civil Rights. The data so collected will be available to the institutions for their guidance in modifying admissions standards, counselling and other assistance programs, and such other programs of the institution as the data suggests are in need of attention.



C. Faculty and Staff

1. <u>General</u>

a. The University of North Carolina

Equal employment opportunity is not, per se, an objective of the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; indeed, Section 604 directs that the provisions of Title VI shall not "be construed to authorize action . . . by any department or agency with respect to any employment practice of any employer . . . except where a primary objective of the Federal financial assistance is to provide employment"; the subject of employment practices and equal employment opportunity is treated in Title VII. It is acknowledged, however that employment policies and practices can impinge on the broad objectives encompassed by Title VI and thus are appropriately treated within a plan which seeks to address the vestigial problems of a formerly de jure segregated system of post-secondary education. The essential point is that the redressing of employment grievances attributable to racial considerations is not a primary, free-standing objective of any plan submitted under the terms of Title VI; rather, it is the derivative impact of employment practices on the concerns addressed in Title VI which is here pertinent.

The racial composition of institutional employee complements is assumed to have some bearing on each of the three basic concerns, and corresponding objectives, expressed in this State Plan.

First, the achievement of a substantially multi-racial employee complement at every institution is expected to help effect changes in the racial composition of the student bodies of those institutions. By increasing black faculty, administration, and staff presences at predominantly white institutions and increasing corresponding white presences at predominantly black institutions,



one significant environmental factor which presumably influences student selection of an institution has been addressed; black students can be expected to feel that the predominantly white campus environment is more attractive as a consequence, and white students can be expected to feel that the predominantly black campus environment is more attractive as a consequence.

Second, it is reasonable to assume that significant racial changes in employment profiles will contribute to the effort to increase the numbers of black citizens entering the post-secondary experience. This assumption is a reflection of two considerations. On the one hand, the increased presence of black employees at predominantly white institutions should have an ascertainable symbolic significance to black citizens. To the extent that such black employees serve as role models, reflecting the fact of increased equality of employment opportunity in society, more black citizens may be induced to pursue qualifying educational experiences that are reasonably expected to redound to their personal benefit within an improving social environment. On the other hand, if increased numbers of black students are induced to enter predominantly white institutions because of the presence of greater numbers of black employees, at least some of those black students are expected to constitute a net gain in the number of black students enrolled in the total system, because of the increased availability to black citizens of new institutional choices which formerly may not have appeared to be realistically available.

Third, the favorable changes in employment, particularly with reference to faculty, are expected to improve the educational experiences of students, in the fundamental sense that multi-racial contacts in the context of student-



the total quality of an educational experience. In a second, and perhaps equally significant, respect educational opportunities will be improved because "minority presence" students will have increased access to more faculty members of the same race who may be equipped to render academic and personal assistance on the basis of shared insights and perceptions.

Primary attention is here directed to the goal of increasing the multiracial character of faculties at all institutions, although administrative and staff positions are treated also.



b. The Community College System

The faculty and staff of each institution in the Community College System is recruited, appointed, and otherwise governed and administered by the institution, consistent with standing regulations of the board of trustees, general regulations of the State Board of Education and pertinent regulations and laws adopted by higher authority at State and federal levels. With two exceptions, the institution's board of trustees holds plenary decision-making authority in matters pertaining to faculty and staff. The first exception relates to the institution president. The appointment of a president is subject to approval of the State Board of Education. Also, the president of the Community College System, deans of graduate schools and interested members of the public at large suggest nominees for president to the institution board of trustees. The second exception is appointment of a class of personnel called area coordinators. These individuals, few in number, are assigned program responsibilities of a coordinative nature related exclusively to a few public service training programs conducted in a prescribed geographic area that includes more than one institution administrative area. Since these individuals serve more than one institution, the appointment requires approval of the State President of the Community College System.



2. Appointment and Promotion

a. The University of North Carolina

(1) General

The aggregate faculty population²⁵ of the 16 constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina consists of 5,039 individuals. Of that number, 4,278 (or 85%) are white; 538 (or 11%) are black; and 223 (or 4%) are of other races. Stated in more meaningful terms, for present purposes, at the 11 predominantly white institutions within The University of North Carolina 1.2% of the aggregate faculty population consists of blacks, 95.0% consists of whites and 3.8% are of other races; at the five predominantly black institutions 20.4% of the aggregate faculty population consists of whites, 69.9% consists of blacks, and 9.7% are of other races.

These faculty profiles, and the obvious correlations between the racial identifiability of an institution and the racial composition of its faculty, may be analyzed and assessed from two very different perspectives and with two very different objectives in mind. First, a legally mandated inquiry, under the provisions of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 11246 as amended by Executive Order 11375, requires a determination of whether discrimination based on race is operative within an employment context; if racial discrimination in employment is found to exist, various remedial undertakings are required. On the other hand, these statistics and profiles may be viewed within the context of a generalized racial duality within a state system of higher education, with the conclusion that racial imbalances within faculties are one symptom of and one continuing cause of

^{25.} Full-time teaching faculty with the rank of Professor, Associate Professor, Assistant Professor, or Instructor.



the general duality; thus, if there is an imbalance, the faculty racial composition should be changed in service of the broader objective of eliminating duality within the higher education system.

To a certain extent, the realization of either objective may be said to serve the purposes of the other; however, the two different perspectives dictate differences in established objectives, techniques to achieve those objectives, and the nature of results. This State Plan is sensitive to both aspects of perspective and purpose. Primary reliance is placed on programs, described hereinafter, which respond to the legal mandates to discover and eliminate any discriminatory policies or practices in the employment context, in the belief that such efforts will effect a favorable change in racial compositions of faculties. Secondary reliance is placed on additional programs designed to enhance the multi-racial character of all institutional faculties.



(2) The Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Programs

The 16 campuses of The University of North Carolina and the Office of General Administration have filed 17 separate written affirmative action plans under the requirements of Executive Order 11246 as amended by Executive Order 11375. All such plans have been submitted to the Atlanta Regional Office of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare for review and evaluation. If implemented as currently written or as further reviaed pursuant to additional negotiations with the compliance agency, these programs will have a material impact on the racial compositions of institutional employee complements. One important caveat is noted at the outset: Because these affirmative action programs are designed, by the terms of the Executive Order, to increase the employment and utilization of blacks at locations where they arguably have been underutilized in the past, the major direct impact will be realized within the predominantly white institutions. These programs, under the terms of the Executive Order, do not result in affirmative action employment goals designed to increase white presence at predominantly black institutions. Accordingly a separate component of this state plan is the establishment of programs, independent of those required by the Executive Order, which are designed to increase the multi-racial character of employment at predominantly black institutions where that appears necessary. We note that the non-black proportion of the faculty is one-third or higher in four of the five predominantly black institutions.

The regulatory program of the Executive Order embodies two basic requirementa. First, it is required that federal contractors insure the absence of racial discrimination in the formulation, statement, and application of all



personnel policies and practices. Second, federal contractors must undertake positive efforts to overcome any demonstrated past underutilization of blacks within the employee complement, without reference to whether such underutilization was the product of consciously discriminatory practice or intent. The continuing elimination by The University and each of its constituent institutions of any current manifestation of racial discrimination and the correction of any consequences of past racial discrimination in employment are expected to increase the multi-racial character of all institutional staffs, within the context of normal employment-market dynamics. However, an even more substantial impact is expected to flow from the affirmative action employment goals responsive to identified past deficiencies in the representation and utilization of blacks within the staffs of predominantly white institutions.

With reference to changes in faculty employment patterns, the summary institutional goals for the predominantly white institutions responsive to perceived past deficiencies embody a wide range of anticipated changes in racial patterns; at the low end of the spectrum, one institution proposes to progress from a current situation in which blacks are not represented on the faculty to one where they constitute 1.7% of the faculty; at the high end of the spectrum, the projected growth in black representation is from 4.6% to 6.9%. The substantiality of these minority employment goals must be evaluated in the light of an additional, separate commitment, required by the Executive Order, to effect changes also in the relative representation of males and females in faculty employment. For each predominantly white institution, the racially oriented affirmative action goals projected pursuant to the requirements of Executive Order 11246 are:



Institution	Current White	Racial Black %	Profile Other	Project White	ed Raci Black %	al Profile Other	By end of Academic Year
UNC-C	92.5	4.6	2.9	90.4	6.9	2.6	1976-77
UNC-CH	95.9	1.2	2.9	93.3	3.9	2.8	1975-76
NCSU	97.7	1.9	1.3	94.9	3.5	1.6	1975-76
UNC-G	96.4	1.7	1.7	92.1	5.8	2.2	1977-78
ECU	96.3	0.5	3.2	93.4	3.6	3.0	1975-76
ASU	97.4	1.4	1.2	94.6	4.4	1.0	1975-76
wcu	99.4	0	0.6	96.5	2.2	1.3	1975-76
UNC-W	93.7	2.1	4.2	91.5	5.1	3.4	1975-76
UNC-A	98.3	0	1.7	98.3	1.7	0	1975-76
PSU	86.2	1.0	12.8	84.5	2.1	13.4	1976-77

(The data for NCSA are not currently available.)

Similar projections designed to effect changes in both administrative and non-administrative staffs are embodied in the affirmative action plans.

Even in the absence of corresponding affirmative action employment goals at predominantly black institutions for increasing the presence of white faculty members, it is anticipated that the natural consequences of the efforts of predominantly white institutions will impact on the racial character of faculties at all institutions. This is so because, to a substantial extent, the realization of goals will involve both a voluntary relocation of faculty by race within the State as well as the induction of new blacks to faculty ranks and the attraction of new black faculty members into the State.

In addition, the predominantly black institutions within The University of North Carclina will develop supplemental affirmative action employment goals



which closely follow, in objective and technique, the programs already being developed by the predominantly white institutions. By August 1, 1974, these supplemental goals for predominantly black institutions will be submitted as an addendum to the contents of this state plan. Uniform guidelines for the development of such programs will be evolved by the Office of General Administration, in close consultation with representatives of the affected institutions. Responsibility for actual program development will rest with the institution, subject to review of results by the Office of General Administration.

The anticipated cumulative impact of all such programs will be a significant change in the racial profile of staffs at all institutions within The University of North Carolina.

Responsibility: The Chancellors of the constituent institutions of The University.

Timing: Current and continuing.

Special cost: Uncertain but substantial, especially in terms of the time of faculty members and administrators committed to the drafting and administration of affirmative action plans.

Effect: To increase the "minority presence" employment on all 16 campuses and thereby to make those campuses more attractive to "minority presence" students.

(3) Supplemental Faculty Employment Efforts: General

The affirmative action numerical goals described in the immediately preceding section (which ultimately are to include similar commitments by the predominantly black institutions) are being incorporated into this atate plan as the exclusive commitment of the plan to effect numerical changes



in the racial composition of the permanent, full-time faculties of the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina. We do not purport here to establish a different or separate or supplemental program which independently is designed to do more than the separate institutional affirmative action plans envision with respect to permanent, full-time employment. To make representations to the contrary would be at variance with the required and honest commitments embodies in those separate affirmative action plans to the effect that they constitute maximum good faith effort and will accomplish all that we realistically perceive as being feasible with reference to permanent, full-time employment within the time frames adopted. Accordingly, if the projected accomplishments designed to modify the racial profile of permanent, full-time faculties are viewed, within the state plan context, as being defective or deficient, then the defect or deficiency is reposed in the separate institutional programs which have been developed in response to the requirements of Executive Order 11246. Those plans represent all that we honestly believe can be accomplished with respect to permanent, full-time employment at this time.

It is acknowledged, however, that the successful realization of the separately stated institutional goals for changes in the racial composition of permanent, full-time faculties can be enhanced through various state-level supplemental programs of assistance, encouragement, and inducement which are consistent with and supportive of the separate institutional efforts. One of the purposes of this section of the state plan, therefore, is to describe with particularity and to make definite commitments concerning those system-wide supplemental efforts. A second purpose of this section of the state plan is to describe with particularity and to make definite commitments with respect to



other initiatives which, while not involving traditional employment relationships, will have the effect of enhancing multi-racial faculty exposures.

It is essential, also, that there be a clear understanding of what is not being undertaken, either in the separate affirmative action plans or in this state plan, with respect to changes in the racial composition of institutional faculties.

First, we note that no aggregate goal is being posited with respect to permanent, full-time employment on a system-wide basis. Although some such aggregation of anticipated accomplishments with reference to the racial composition of the permanent, full-time faculties of the constituent institutions could be described by combining the various separate institutional goals as stated in the affirmative action programs, such an exercise would be misleading, if not meaningless, in view of the understood purposes of this state plan, viz., to modify the characteristics of institutions so as to make each institution less readily identifiable in racial terms. Just as we acknowledged at the outset that the reporting of faculty racial representations in the aggregate does not provide useful information, so also the establishment of system-wide goals unrelated to institutional bases would not be useful. At present, the aggregated figures demonstrate that 11% of the system-wide faculty population consists of blacks; we would have done nothing to address the fundamental concern of Title VI if we were to posit as a goal an aggregate increase of this black representation to 12% or 20% or 50%, if such increases were not reported and undertaken with reference to separate institutions. For example, if all or most of any such increase were to occur within the predominantly black institutions, our net situation would be worsened rather than ameliorated. Only changes in white faculty representation in predominantly black institutions



and black faculty representation in predominantly white institutions is salutary, within the context of the purposes of this state plan. Such "minority presence" change in institutional faculty populations is the purpose of the separate affirmative action plans, and the numerical goals stated thereunder represent the best estimates, and the corresponding best efforts, of the several institutions to realize significant progress. Nothing more is or can be expected with reference to permanent, full-time employment of faculty.

Second, the affirmative action employment program required by the Executive Order is not being supervised and directed from a central, system-wide perspective. Consistent with initial and continuing understandings with HEW officials responsible for monitoring the affirmative action programs, the responsibility for evolving, articulating, monitoring and achieving results under the affirmative action programs rests with the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina. This dispersion of responsibility is based on the sound observation, confirmed as appropriate by HEW officials, that effective operational responsibility for employment does rest at the campus level, that particular employment exigencies vary from campus to campus, and that the campus constitutes the most manageable unit for purposes of developing action programs, monitoring efforts, and reporting results. Thus, the role of the Office of General Administration is to be limited to liaison, research, advice, and encouragement related to the separate campus efforts.

Third, no involuntary reassignments of faculty members for purposes of effecting changes in the racial composition of institutional faculties will he undertaken. Faculty members who work at an institution within The University of North Carolina are employees of that institution alone; in no case is such an employee engaged to serve, nor does he or she enjoy tenure or other forms of



job security or seniority with reference to, The University as a whole. Each constituent institution is a separate entity for employment purposes. Thus, neither the Board of Governors nor the Office of General Administration has undertaken, nor may it undertake, to reassign faculty members from one institution to another; all such contractual arrangements involving institutional location are the mutual prerogative of the individual faculty member and the interested and affected institution or institutions. Faculty employment decisions are made within the framework of a free-choice and mutual-selection process, at the institutional level. The faculty employment process is, moreover, one in which the initial and in many ways the most important decision from the institution's standpoint is that of the faculty of the department in which the new faculty member will serve.

Fourth, we consider it implicit in the 17 affirmative action plans that have been submitted to the Atlanta Office of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare that "without altering any legitimate criteria for employment, selection decisions would be made so as to increase the desegregation of faculty and staff at each institution."

(4) Supplemental Faculty Employment Efforts: Centralized
Support of Affirmative Action Programs

The efforts of the Office of General Administration to assist the campuses in realizing the goals posited in the affirmative action-equal employment opportunity programs will consist of:

a. Twice annually (in July and January) during the life of the affirmative action plans, the Office of General Administration will sponsor a general meeting of chief academic officers and other appropriate campus officials for the purpose of reviewing institutional problems and



achievements in attaining increased multi-raciality of faculties. Such meetings will be devoted to the exchange of information, the discussion of common problems, and the assessment of prospects for increasing achievements.

A central faculty position listing service for faculty positions will be established. On or before July 1, 1974, the Vice President for Academic Affairs will notify the chancellor of each constituent institution of the availability of this service. A campus which wishes to participate w.ll file with the Vice President pertinent data (including job description, eligibility criteria, and proposed employment date) concerning any faculty position available to be filled and about which the filing campus wishes to have notice given to the faculties of other constituent institutions. Such filings will be compiled monthly by the Vice President and a summary description of the vacancies compiled for the month will be furnished to the chancellor of each constituent institution with instructions to disseminate the summary at the campus level in a manner designed to afford information to interested faculty employees who may wish to make direct inquiry about the employment opportunity. Agencies and institutions other than those which comprise The University of North Carolina will be included on the monthly mailing list on request.

c. A central faculty applicant listing service will be established by the Vice President for Academic Affairs on or before July 1, 1974. The service will receive and pool applications from the following sources:

/1/ Those individuals who wish to make general application to be considered for employment by a campus of The University of North Carolina without initial expression of preference for any particular campus or campuses of The University;



 $\sqrt{2}$ Those individuals who previously have been or who currently are applicants for faculty employment at a particular campus of The University and who request of that campus that their application and curriculum vitae be forwarded to the central applicant pool. All employment application forms in use at the campus level shall include a written notice of the right of the applicant to have his application forwarded to the central applicant pool.

A monthly compilation of such employment applications will be made by the Vice President for Academic Affairs and will be furnished to the chancellor of each constituent institution with instructions to disseminate the compilation to appropriate offices within the institution.

Responsibility: The President of The University and the Vice

President for Academic Affairs.

Timing: Beginning in 1974 and continuing at least to 1978.

Special cost: \$30,000 a year, 1975-76 and after.

Effect: To inform faculty members of positions available within The University for which they might wish to apply, and to inform department chairmen and other officers of The University who are seeking faculty members of the availability of additional applicants from within and outside The University, all to the end that greater racial diversity within the faculties of the constituent institutions of The University may be achieved.

(5) Supplemental Faculty Employment Efforts: Faculty
Exchanges and Visitations

In addition to modifications in the racial composition



of permanent and full-time faculty complements, increased multi-raciality can be realized through nontraditional arrangements such as faculty exchanges and short-term visitations between pairings of predominantly white and black campuses.

All such possibilities will be approached in a manner consistent with the educational needs and program constraints of the participating institutions, with continuing recognition of the independence of individual institutions in matters of faculty employment. The function of the Office of General Administration will be to provide various media through which the effectuation of such multi-campus arrangements will be encouraged and to assist in the underwriting of any special expenses that may be entailed. Because any such arrangements would constitute, basically, a new departure in staffing commitments, a number of currently unresolved practical questions must be addressed before any specific agreements can be entered. Thus, a reasonable planning period is necessary, looking toward effectuation of the first such new staffing commitments for the 1975-1976 academic year. This is not to say that opportunities for earlier implementation of realistic possibilities will be foregone; however, the major initial impact of this effort is expected to occur during the 1975-1976 academic year, in view of the fact that virtually all hiring for 1974-1975 has been done.

The basic medium for continuous planning would consist of an annual conference sponsored by the Office of General Administration, which would involve administrative representatives from pairs or larger groupings of predominantly white and predominantly hlack institutions which are reasonably proximate geographically. Such conferences would be held in the winter or early spring of each year, coincident with the approximate "faculty recruitment season," in anticipation of staffing needs and opportunities for the next succeeding academic year.



On or before October 1, 1974, however, an initial planning conference will be convened by the Office of General Administration at which the following tentative assumptions will be tested, for purposes of evolving basic guidelines.

The purpose of faculty exchanges, or visitations, would be to create opportunities for short-term "minority presence" experiences at the faculty level; a black faculty member from a predominantly black institution would trade faculty assignment with a white faculty member from a predominantly white institution. It is contemplated that each participating faculty member would remain on the payroll and technically would remain the employee of his "home institution," with no changes in compensation, seniority, or other perquisites of and no losses of benfits normally accruing by reason of such original employment. All such arrangements would be negotiated and confirmed by the affected institutions on an entirely voluntary basis. In order to encourage both prospective faculty-member participants as well as the participating institutions to effect such arrangements, the Office of General Administration would undertake to finance the payment of additional expenses associated with exchanges. Specifically, such payments would cover any actual and reasonable expenses associated with relocation. Thus, if an exchanging faculty member chose to remain resident in his regular home during the exchange period and, as a consequence, would incur daily travel expenses to the new temporary employment location, those travel expenses would be underwritten by The University. By way of further illustration, if the exchange arrangement should prompt the faculty member to change his place of abode temporarily, any increased expenses associated with the relocation would be underwritten by The University. The funds necessary for such expenses are difficult to calculate in advance, because the level of need will be a reflection of numbers of exchange



arrangements actually effected and the varying actual additional costs to the individuals involved. Assuming moderate success of the program during its first year and modest costs for each exchange arrangement effected, we estimate \$100,000 a year as an appropriate beginning budget.

Faculty exchange programs between constituent institutions of The University and out-of-state institutions offer another possibility deserving consideration.

It is not possible to make definite commitments, or to fashion realistic "goals," concerning the extent of or numbers of participants in these faculty exchange or visitation programs. Rather, it will be necessary to assess the circumstances and explore conscientiously all reasonable opportunities, within the context of institutional voluntarism. The results of these efforts will be the subject of periodic reporting requirements, consistent with reporting commitments elsewhere made within this state plan.

Responsibility: The President of The University and the Vice President for Academic Affairs.

Timing: Planning will begin by October 1, 1974, with implementation anticipated in the academic years 1975-1976 and after.

\$100,000 a year in 1975-1976, with larger amounts
likely in later years if the program proves successful
during the first year.

To increase the frequency and extent of exposure of students in the constituent institutions of The University to faculty members of other races than their own, and to augment the minority presence among faculty members and so make the constituent institutions more attractive to minority presence



Costs:

Effect:

(6) Supplemental Faculty Employment Efforts: Production
of Additional Minority Group Candidates for Faculty
Employment

It is acknowledged that one serious current obstacle to realizing more substantial modification of the racial composition of institutional faculties is the relatively small number of black citizens who have acquired qualifying educational credentials for and pursued the teaching profession at the higher education level. This fact suggests a need to induce more black citizens to pursue qualifying experiences which would make them eligible to compete for faculty employment. Two separately identifiable groups of black citizens can be expected to benefit from any such efforts. On the one hand, incumbert employees of constituent institutions who are experiencing career-advancement limitations should be encouraged to address constructively those impediments which are remediable through additional advanced educational experiences via study leave, faculty improvement grants, and other alternatives treated elsewhere within the state plan. On the other hand, more black college graduates should be encouraged to pursue additional educational experiences in graduate and professional schools which would equip them to compete for faculty employment. The latter need is the subject of this section.

Although the orientation of many programs within the state plan which address the matter of effecting changes in student enrollment patterns may appear to emphasize the undergraduate level, in fact the intention throughout is to embrace and influence the full spectrum of higher education programs, including post-baccalaureate enrollments. Thus, the various initiatives described throughout the plan, such as recruitment efforts, financial aid, and environmental factors, should be understood to be comprehensive in their



intended impact. However, there are multiple inducements to address the matter of post-baccalaureate enrollments as a separate and special concern. Aside from the general concern about enhancing the multi-racial character of student bodies at all institutional locations, favorable changes in the representation of blacks in post-baccalaureate programs will impinge also on employment profiles.

The graduate and professional schools within The University, especially those having exclusive authority within The University to grant doctorates, have recognized their responsibilities and have moved in various ways to enhance their racial minority enrollments. These include conferences with the academic deans of undergraduate schools to inform them of graduate study possibilities open to their students, visits to undergraduate institutions by representatives of the graduate schools to promote student interest in graduate study, and the employment of racial minority staff members in graduate school offices. These schools recognize also that more needs to be done to increase their enrollments of black students.

The three doctoral level institutions have recognized

the need to increase graduate enrollment as part of affirmative action planning.

Because the graduate admissions procedure is by nature highly decentralized,

with the primary responsibility residing in each academic department main
taining a graduate program, there is no single, universal approach which can

be identified as a commitment of this state plan, but specific examples of

what the doctoral level campuses are doing can be cited as illustrations of

the commitment:

. At The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill the Graduate School conducted a workshop with academic leaders from predominantly black colleges in the state for the



purpose of identifying ways that campus could encourage minority students to engage in graduate education. As a result of the workshop, the Chapel Hill campus now emphasizes direct departmental contacts between its departments and similar ones at predominantly black campuses for the purposes of identifying potential graduate students, providing information about available programs and admissions requirements, channeling of recommendations of students, and determining faculty interest in work on advanced degrees and exchanges.

- At North Carolina State University the School of Forest
 Resources recognized the need for additional funding required
 to implement new recruitment efforts designed to attract
 minority students with training in related fields such as
 chemistry or economics and then provide them with advanced or
 post-doctoral instruction in the specialized fields of
 forestry as one means of increasing the supply of potential
 faculty.
- . At the University of North Carolina at Greensboro exchange programs and a consortium arrangement were emphasized in affirmative action planning as a means of increasing graduate enrollment and thus the supply of potential faculty.

These examples are not intended to be exclusive or limited but are offered as an indication of the variety of approaches used by the constituent campuses to increase graduate enrollment of minority students.

Professional schools represent a somewhat different problem because the applicants for somission exceed the supply of places. Problems connected with

the issues of the <u>DeFunis</u> case do exist as the paper credentials of applicants continue to improve and standards for admission are thereby driven up. Each professional school on each predominantly white campus now has underway efforts to recruit minority students in a systematic manner, with as much variation among these approaches as among programs to increase minority enrollment in graduate programs. The impact on professional school enrollment has only begun to emerge and additional assessment will be needed before the need for additional approaches can be determined.

In order to bring into focus the efforts that are now underway and to develop others that might be productive in increasing black enrollments in graduate and professional schools in the nine constituent institutions of The University having such schools, each of those institutions will be asked to submit to the Office of General Administration by no later than October 1, 1974, a report on the efforts it has made and plans to make to increase black enrollment in its degree programs, with related cost estimates. The target date for implementation of such plans is the student recruitment and admission season an icipating enrollment for the 1975-1976 academic year. Such plans are to be specific as to methodologies and corresponding costs. The basic conceptual guidelines for development of such plans shall be the same as those operative with respect to the more generalized undertakings of this state plan with the objective of producing changes in the racial composition of student bodtes. Thus, this effort presupposes a fundamental respect for and deference to the concept of racial nondiscrimination in all recruitment and admissions practices and decisions.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: Beginning in 1974 and continuing at least until 1978.



Special cost:

Substantial but uncertain, pending further study.

Effect:

To increase the number of blacks entering graduate and professional schools for the purpose of increasing their representation in the professions and preparing larger number of blacks for faculty appointments in The University of North Carolina and elsewhere.



b. The Community College System

Subject to the few limitations already noted, all matters of recruitment, appointment, promotion, and other aspects of faculty and staff procurement, administration, tenure, work loads, working conditions, terminations, discipline, qualifications, and supervision are delegated to the sound discretion of the institution administration and board of trustees. The State Board follows a policy of adopting the minimum of regulations applicable to these aspects of institution management.

State level influence is, nevertheless, continually exercised by leadership practices and procedures designed to influence and henefit professionally the institutional employees of all administrative and instructional categories.

Such persuasive, educational, and monitory influences include State accreditation reviews, State task force inspections, State audits, in-service training workshops, educational leave with pay, extended educational leave without pay, special conferences and consultation, administrative advices from the State level, program or general advisory committees drawn from area employers, other area citizens, other educational systems and institutions, and private accreditation organizations and consultative services. Periodic institutional self studies are strongly advocated by the State level and are given aid and assistance as well as forthright critique. In-service training courses are conducted on and off institution campuses by higher education institutions in the State University System.

Refusal by an Institution to comply with provisions of law, regulations issuing from higher authority, or persistent abuse of discretion is amenable to correctional action by the State level through the exercise of a number of administrative and statutory remedies. Among the remedies available to the



State Board of Education is that of withdrawing and withholding State funds from that institution. The latter is, of course, a remedy of last resort which would be recommended to the State Board by the State President only after all reasonable administrative efforts to secure an institution's adherence to State Board policy and regulations had failed.

The typical administrative procedure in seeking an institution's compliance with the State Board policy and regulations consists of the following successive actions on the part of the State President:

- (1) Publishing and disseminating the official statement of policy or regulation to all institution presidents.
- (2) Issuance of interpretation advices where need for clarification is anticipated or when questions bearing on interpretation are raised by institutions.
- (3) Issuance of administrative advices, memoranda, or letters requesting correction of non-compliance practices noted.
- (4) Conferences by telephone or in person with the institution president to identify the nature and causes of non-compliance and to seek agreement upon specific remedial steps to be taken within a definite time schedule.
- (5) Letter of admonishment from State President to institution president for continued non-compliance, with copy to the chairman of the institution's board of trustees and to the Chairman of the State Board of Education.
- (6) Letter from the State president to the institution president directing immediate compliance on the basis of the agreement previously reached in conference, or if no agreement was reached, then on a basis prescribed in the letter of direction. This letter will usually include notice that failure to comply with the directive will result in the State president requesting



authorization from the State Board to withdraw the State salary of the institution president until such time as the institution's board of trustees enforces compliance. Copies of this letter would be sent to each member of the institution board of trustees and to each member of the institution board of trustees and to each member of Education.

- (7) Letter of notice to each member of the institution's board of trustees and to each member of the State Board of Education that the State president intends to recommend to the State Board of Education that all State fund support be withheld or withdrawn from the institution as of the end of the current school year due to a persistent refusal or inability of officials of the institution to maintain prescribed standards of administration or instruction.
- (8) Recommendation to the State Board of Education pursuant to notice given in the above letter.
 - (9) Action of the State Board of Education pursuant to G. S. 115A-6(3).

Institutions of the Community College System are authorized to contract with other educational institutions and agencies, both public and private, for the delivery of instructional services to the institutions of the Community College System. All such contracts are subject to review and approval by State level authority to assure compliance with State and federal laws and regulations, including laws and regulations proscribing discrimination based on race, sex, national or othnic origin, or other irrelevant criteria. The governing boards of institutions have discretionary authority to contract with other public institutions with respect to exchanges of individual staff members.



3. Compensation

a. The University of North Carolina

The authority to establish the salaries of all senior academic and administrative officers of The University of North Carolina is vested by statute in the Board of Governors. These officers include the President, the vice presidents, associate and assistant vice presidents, and other senior staff in the Office of the President; and the chancellors, vice chancellors, associate and assistant vice chancellors, provosts, deans, and other senions staff of the constituent institutions.

The Board of Governors itself initiates action in setting the salary of the President of The University. The chancellor of each constituent institution, after consultation with the board of trustees, submits to the President recommended salary actions for the senior academic and administrative officers at his campus. The President then makes recommendations to the Board of Governors. Recommended salaries for the chancellors and for the senior staff in his office are made by the President to the Board of Governors. There is customarily an annual salary review.

By statute, the Board of Governors must also approve the salaries of tenured faculty members of all the constituent institutions. Additionally, the Board has the responsibility to establish general salary policies and guidelines for all the campuses of The University. All faculty salaries, including those of tenured faculty, are set on the initial recommendation of the head of the department or school in which the individual faculty member serves. These recommendations are reviewed by the dean of the school, by the chief academic officer (the provost or the vice chancellor for academic affairs), and then are approved by the chancellor prior to submission, as necessary, to the board of trustees and to the President and Board of Governors.

The system is one which has long recognized that in initial salary setting and in subsequent adjustments, a large measure of discretion must be allowed the head of each department or school. This permits the individual making the initial salary recommendation, and those acting upon it at higher administrative levels, to take action on the basis of such criteria as:

(1) qualifications of the individual, (2) professional services and accomplishments of the individual, (3) service to the institution, and

(4) differences in market conditions from one discipline to another. It is not sufficient simply to evaluate a few factors, such as highest degree held or rank or length of service, and fix salaries with reference to those factors alone.

The objective is that people be paid in accordance with worth and merit, and one result of the application of these criteria is that there are variations in salary from person to person in the same department; another is variations in mean (or average) salaries from one department to another (mainly reflecting academic market considerations) that often exceed the variations in mean salaries from one institution to another.

In addition to variations in salaries paid to individuals (hence, in mean salaries of the people at any particular rank from department to department), variation in mean salaries from one category of institutions to another will be found. This reflects the differing functions of the four categories of institutions within The University—the doctoral level institutions, the five-year institutions, the four-year institutions, and the School of the Arts (which constitutes a unique category by reason of its mixed roles as a secondary-collegiate institution and as a school of the performing arts) and the consequent differences in the kinds—and cost—of academic personnel they require. In general, faculty members are appointed in contemplation of their



present or potential cepacity to perform at the highest and most demanding level of instruction the institution offers in their fields. Thus their salaries generally are keyed to the highest degree offerings within the institution, irrespective of the way the individual faculty member currently spends most of his time.

In an effort to determine whether there is any disparity in average salaries of faculty members within categories of institutions that are traceable to racial considerations, analyses have been made of those salaries, grouping faculty members according to institution, race, rank, and highest earned degree. Relying on those factors alone is admittedly to overlook many factors such as length of service, quality of professional performance, and special services performed for the institution (for example, departmental chairmanships) that have a bearing on salaries; therefore reliance on these factors alone has shortcomings. Yet one fact that it reveals is significant: With few exceptions, where the numbers are sufficient to support a comparison, the average salary paid a black faculty member is higher, and sometimes substantially higher, than that paid a white faculty member with the same rank and highest earned degree in the same institution, and this holds true both for predominantly white and for predominantly black institutions. From this we conclude that there is now no invidious discrimination practiced by The University against black members of the faculty in any of the constituent institutions as respects salary. (See Appendix 48.)

The majority of the employees of The University are covered by the State Personnel Act, which means that their compensation and other terms of employment (workweek, vacation leave, sick leave, etc.) are set on a uniform statewide basis, applicable to educational institutions and administrative agencies alike, and are applicable alike to all races. No racially-related crimination in the operation of that system has come to our attention.

b. The Community College System

Since each institution is a corporate instrumentality of county government, all employees are local employees, regardless of the source from which funds are derived to pay their salaries and other employment benefits. The State is committed to making allocations from State appropriations to provide the number of faculty and staff needed to furnish administrative services and instructional services at a minimum level of adequacy at each institution. State allotments are made in terms of position units.

With the exception of institution presidents, exactly the same monetary value is allocated for each State-allotted position unit of the same personnel category. Curriculum teachers comprise one category. Extension teachers, most of whom are partitime teachers, represent a eroud category, the units of which are valued at half the value of a curriculum teacher unit. Institutional deans and directors are in a third category. A fourth category of position units includes other administrators, counselors, registrars, librarians, learning laboratory coordinators, accountants, and bookkeepers. A fifth category includes clerical personnel. The State fund allocation per position unit is identical within each of these categories, regardless of the number of position units allotted and regardless of the institution to which the allotment of position units is made. The value is different, however, for different categories.

The State allotment to pay the president of each institution and the State allotment to pay the area coordinator assigned at any institution are made for each position in a specific amount determined by criteria set forth on a traditional, fixed-type salary schedule which can be administered automatically. The specific salary of each individual employed in all other categories is



determined by the local institution subject to the approval of its board of trustees, within the funds made available and within a clearly defined range of discretion prescribed by State regulation.

The board of trustees of each institution is authorized to supplement salaries of faculty and staff paid basically from State allocations, to the extent that such supplemental pay is made available by local government funds. Likewise, the board of trustees may use funds of local origin to supplement the <u>number</u> of positions maintained by the institution in any category of service other than presidents.

Funding support for institution positions other than in the areas of administrative services and instructional services is the responsibility of local government. The State may provide supplemental funding to support employee positions in these other areas but has shown very little disposition to make such supplemental support available.

Insofar as compensation of institution employees is provided and subjected to control of State level authority, the information in the paragraphs immediately preceding has given a summary description. That description shows that State funds and State-controllable federal funds made available for allocation to institutions for operating purposes are distributed to every institution on the basis of formulas designed to be equitable and free of any invidious discrimination. The basis for allotment of the number of state-allotted teaching positions is institutional size, in terms of the number of full-time equivalent students. A full-time-equivalent student represents 704 contact hours with the teacher in classroom, lab, or shop during a 12-month period, without regard to the particular program or course being taught.



For the purpose of State allocation of non-teaching staff position units, the institutions are assigned by size of enrollment to the appropriate categories, each category representing a range of full-time-equivalent student numbers. A non-teaching employee staffing chart specifies the exact number of non-teaching employee position units which the State will allot in the various personnel categories to the respective institutions based on the current size category of each institution.

Detailed criteria and procedures for specifically fixing the individual salaries of institution employees vary from institution to institution based upon regulations adopted by the local board within the limits of discretion delegated by the State Board of Education.

According to a study conducted in the fall of 1973, the North Carolina Community College System employs 2,367 full-time curriculum faculty members; 57 presidents: 493 vice presidents, deans and directors; and 367 division or department chairmen. There are, in addition, a number of other institution professional staff members, such as librarians, learning laboratory coordinators, and counselors. The appropriate number of State-supported positions are allotted to each institution on the basis of the published staffing formulas of system-wide applicability adopted by the State Board. State money to support these positions is also allocated from General Assembly appropriations by the State Board on the basis of the funding formulas of system-wide applicability. As has been stated above, State pay of individual institution employees is determined by the Institution's board of trustees within broad control limitations established and promutgated by the State Board.

In order for the North Carolina Community College System to compete effectively for scarce categories of trained personnel--including minority



and female personnel—pay levels closer approximating those prevailing in the University of North Carolina system, based on comparability of educational qualifications and responsibilities, is necessary. The average monthly salary for full-time curriculum faculty in 1973-74 in the Community College System is \$991, of which \$938 is funded by the State. At the assistant professor level, the average 1973-74 faculty salary in the University of North Carolina system is now approximately \$1,410 per month.

Community College System faculty are not awarded academic rank classifications, and no move in that direction is contemplated. The wide range of academic backgrounds and occupational experience qualifications represented in the Community College System makes meaningful or direct comparisons with University institutions difficult; but it should be noted that highly skilled persons with occupational faculty potential, even though they an'e without academic degrees, often earn more in business and industry than the Community College System can afford to pay. For this reason, and also because the State Board of Education advocates that occupational faculty members be as competent in their fields of specialization as college transfer faculty members, equality in State salary support levels for all institutions of the Community College System will continue. It is submitted that teaching responsibilities of faculty in the Community College System are reasonably comparable to responsibilities of public university faculty at the assistant professor level. Similar comparability in salaries paid administrative staff personnel of the Department of Community Colleges and of the institutions is also necessary.



4. Other Benefits

a. The University of North Carolina

With respect to other benefits available to members of the faculty of the constituent institutions of The University, there is no distinction drawn on the basis of race. Such matters as the retirement age and the calculation of retirement benefits are determined by the State according to schemes applicable to all State employees, regardless of the agency or institution to which they are attached, and take no account of race. The same is true of a program of hospitalization and salary continuation benefits financed by the State: availability is not conditioned in any way on the race of the faculty member or employee. The various employee-financed group plans of insurance available on the campuses to University employees are not racially exclusive in any way.

The University has no sabbatical leave policy or program, so there is no opportunity for it to discriminate in the conferral of that benefit. To the extent that the constituent institutions are able to give faculty members leave assignments for various periods, no racial factor may enter the judgment of those passing on the granting of such leave.



b. The Community College System

(1) Leaves

The State Board of Education prescribes educational leave policy. A number of categories of educational leave are authorized, based on criteria having no relationship to race, sex, or national or ethnic origins. Educational leave is granted to individuals on the basis of applications made to the institution, approved by its president and board of trustees, and subject to approval of the State President of the Community College System or his representatives who review the application to assure compliance with State Board requirements.

All other forms of leave are left to the sound discretion of the institution administration and board of trustees, subject to any limitations imposed by statute and within a general guideline that such locally adopted leave policies and provisions may not receive State funding support for portions of leave granted in excess of leave limits applicable to State employees serving under the State Personnel Act. The latter includes published State regulations adopted by the State Personnel Council and administered for State agencies and State institutions by the State Department of Personnel. Consequently, leave granted by a Community College System institution in excess of such limitations must be supported from funds of local origin.

The respective institutions have adopted local board policies regulating the granting of leave. These policies vary from institution to institution. Local policies appear in the faculty handbook or similar publication of each institution. Discrimination based on race, sex, or national or ethnic origin is not authorized.



(2) Retirement Age Policy

Employees of institutions of the Community College

System are required to be members of the North Carolina Teachers and State

Employees Retirement System. The retirement age (65) is fixed by law. The

board of trustees of the State Retirement System establishes uniform regulations

governing other matters related to retirement. These regulations are free of

any discrimination based upon race, sex, or national or ethnic origin.

(3) Retirement Benefits

All retirement benefits are established and regulated as noted in the foregoing paragraph.

(4) Insurance and Other Institutionally-Provided Benefits

All employees of the institutions of the Community
College System are covered by workmen's compensation insurance under
regulations and procedures prescribed by the State Industrial Commission.
These regulations and procedures are non-discriminatory as to race, sex, or
national or ethnic origin.

Other insurance for employees may be provided for by the board of trustees of the institution and administered under regulations of its local board.

Through the State Retirement System, the General Assembly of North Carolina provides contributions to pay a uniform portion of premiums charged to institution employees by approved non-profit corporations providing hospitalization insurance programs.

(5) Employee Group Benefit Plans

Any employee group benefit plans authorized by law may be adopted by the board of trustees of an institution in the exercise of sound



discretion; but no such group benefit plan may be supported with State funds unless such support is specifically authorized by law. Discrimination based on race, sex, or national or ethnic origin is not lawful in any event.



5. Development of Current Faculty

40

a. The University of North Carolina

Efforts to enlarge the pool of available potential faculty members from minority races and to intensify efforts to find and consider such persons for faculty openings must be paralleled by efforts to develop as far as is practicable the talent already available on the faculties of the constituent institutions.

The faculties include significant numbers of people who have not earned the terminal degree normally held by university faculty members in their fields, typically the doctorate. (See Appendix UNC-38.) In many cases, a year or two of sustained work would enable them to complete work on their degrees.

Possession of the degree would enhance their value to their present institution and their students and make them more attractive to other institutions within The University. Some of our institutions have participated advantageously in the Title III (Higher Education Act of 1965) program for faculty improvement.

In one predominantly black institution, for example, the proportion of the faculty holding the doctorate increased from one-quarter to nearly one-half with the aid of this program since the late 1960's.

A program of faculty improvement grants was funded by the State, beginning in 1967-68, for the benefit of the five predominantly black institutions. The program provides for salary grants to individual faculty members during the academic year, or during the summer, to enable them to pursue advanced study. Faculty improvement funds available to these five institutions since the program was initiated are as follows:



Institution	Faculty Development Funds, 1967-68 to 1973-74			
N. C. Agricultural & Technical State University	\$ 194,500			
North Carolina Central University	107,500			
Winston-Salem State University	216,200			
Elizabeth City State University	64,000			
Fayetteville State University	93,500			

These developments are part of a larger program of special appropriations by the North Carolina General Assembly for general up-grading of these institutions. The Board of Governors of The University recommended and the General Assembly of 1974 agreed that these funds be incorporated into the continuing budgets of these institutions, beginning in the fiscal year 1974-75. Therefore these faculty development funds will no longer appear as a separate item in the budget of the Board of Governors or of the individual institutions, but will be an undistinguishable part of their salary budgets for the future.

The President will, in the course of the 1974-75 fiscal year, make a study of the feasibility, need, costs and potential benefits of a program of faculty development grants in which faculty members of all the constituent institutions would be eligible to participate, to enable them to complete requirements for the terminal degree in their fields of study, or to pursue short periods of advanced study for the purpose of increasing their competence as teachers and scholars.

The program of faculty up-grading here projected will not be limited in its availability to faculty members in predominantly black institutions, or to persons of a particular race. On the other hand, we do not envision a



program that would enable every faculty member who lacks a doctorate to earn one at the State's expense. A careful selection should be made by the chancellors of those members of the faculties of their institutions who offer the greatest promise of substantially improved service to the institution, as the basis for the distribution of the benefits of such a program. The constituent institutions have never assumed general responsibility, nor should they now assume such responsibility, for providing advanced training and education for their faculty members. To force them to adopt such a policy would have, among other consequences, the immediate effect of strongly discouraging their employment of people who do not already have the terminal degree in their particular field and this would tend to disserve the objective of substantially increased proportions of black members of the faculties of the 11 predominantly white institutions.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing:

1974-75.

Special cost:

None for the study. Implementation would be

very expensive.

Effect:

By improving the professional preparation of faculty

members, their effectiveness as teachers and their

employability should be increased.



b. The Community College System

Regulations of the State Board of Education provide a number of categories of educational leave with pay for teachers and staff members meeting criteria prescribed by the State Board of Education. These criteria are free of factors related to race, sex, or national origin of the applicant.

The State Board of Education provides special grants to a number of the State University institutions in consideration of their conducting graduate level education and training programs for administrators or for teachers of occupations without regard to race, sex, or national or ethnic origin. The State Board of Education also provides a limited number of stipends at a uniform rate to student, enrolled as interns in a doctoral degree program for administrators taught at North Carolina State University. These are awarded without regard to race, sex, or other irrelevant factors. Other efforts and programs for faculty and staff development have been mentioned previously in the above paragraphs.

Included in the Appendix are system-wide summary tables for Spring quarter 1973 showing the numbers of employees by institution, by race, and by sex in each of the following personnel categories: administrative staff, support staff, full-time curriculum instructors, part-time curriculum instructors, extension instructors, and total staff. More extensive data are not presently available but will be regularly collected in the future. A preliminary draft copy of the forms designed for collecting this data in the fall quarter of each year (and more often if deemed desirable) is submitted in the Appendix.

Examination of the limited data available indicates the following facts with regard to racial distribution:



- (1) The 57 institutions in April of 1973 employed a total faculty and staff of 11,189 personnel. Of this total, 84.8% were white, 13.9% were black, 0.6% were American Indian, 0.1% were Oriental, and 0.3% had Spanish surnames.
- (2) The number and percentage of non-white employees appear to be heavily concentrated in part-time employment positions with a disproportionately small number and percentage of non-whites employed in full-time positions.
- Data directly reflecting pay comparisons with race and sex breakdowns are not presently available but will be subsequently collected and routinely reported by race, sex, and position categories. From inspection of the limited report mentioned above, it appears that disproportionately low numbers of non-whites are employed in the higher salaried employment categories. All of the 57 institution presidents are white. All of the institution deans are white, but one institution has an American Indian as a vice president. A number of other comparatively high-paid categories are staffed disproportionately by whites.

The factors which contribute to minority underrepresentation will receive close and conscientious attention, in order that appropriate corrective measures can be developed and implemented by institutional and State level administrative procedures and actions—including, to the extent found necessary, such State—level procedures and actions as those previously inserted and exemplified on pages 180-81.



Periodic reviews will be made of the efforts, procedures, and practices used by the individual institutions in the recruitment of personnel to fill staff positions at all levels. The respective institutions will be expected to retain a file of all applications showing the race and sex of the applicants thereon together with other documents—such as advertisements, letters of recommendation, etc.—having relevance to the consideration and selection of an individual to fill each position. Where letters or circulars have been sent to training institutions for display on bulletin boards or to solicit nominees from officials, copies of these documents will also be included in the file. Documentation of in—service training opportunities offered institution employees will be maintained by race and sex showing acceptance or rejection of each opportunity by the employee and the disposition of the requests made by employees for in—service training or for educational leave.

Institutions will be encouraged to develop affirmative action plans based on a model which is being developed by a committee of the institution Presidents' Association with assistance from staff members of the Department of Community Colleges.

As of July 1, 1974, the State President shall establish in the Department of Community Colleges an applicant pool in which will be maintained a register of persons who file with the Department directly or through an institution an application or letter of information stating an interest in being considered as an applicant for employment in the Department of Community Colleges or in an institution or institutions of the Community College System. At the applicant's request or subject to the applicant's written authorization, information filed with the Department by the applicant will be referred to institutions of the Community College System that are designated by the applicant. The Department of Community Colleges will

maintain a register and descriptive information of full-time employment opportunities in the Department and also of institutional employment opportunities voluntarily registered with the Department by the respective institutions and shall give applicants free access to the register and descriptive information of such employment opportunities. The <u>selection</u> of personnel for employment in the institutions is not a lawful function of the State level.

The suggestion that all institutions we required to submit all curricula vitae and employment applications they receive to the central applicant pool is not accepted. The load of paperwork in assembling the files and keeping them updated would be far out of proportion to any possible advantage.

Furthermore, that procedure would appear to involve a practice of imperious disregard for the wishes of applicants relative to the limited or unlimited distribution of their curricula vitae.

State-level coordination and responsibility for the successful implementation of affirmative action plans and other commitments shall be responsibly pursued by employing familiar persuasive, monitory, regulatory, and administrative procedures including such as the administrative actions described above and those heretofore exemplified on pages 180-81.



D. Institutional Resources

1. The University of North Carolina

a. General

One assumption with respect to the dual system of senior higher educational institutions formerly required by law is that those maintained for blacks were—and may still be—treated less well in the allocation of resources by the State than those institutions maintained for whites. One of the statements in the November 10, 1973, letter from HEW reflects that assumption:

The objective in this area /resources/ is to assure that resources provided by the State to predominantly black institutions are comparable to those provided at all other State institutions of similar size, level, and specialization. These resources include; (1) the number and quality of facilities; (2) the level of per capita expenditures by the institutions; . . /and other factors treated elsewhere in this State Plan/. Your plan must describe how the educational programs offered at historically black institutions and those offered at all other similar State institutions will be made comparable in quality, or it must show that resource comparability has been achieved.

In an effort to evaluate the existence and extent of racially-related resource disparities among institutions, we have analyzed appropriations patterns over the last few years, instructional space, and library holdings for each of the 16 constituent institutions of The University, categorized according to level and specialization.

Two factors should be noted here for the benefit of those not familiar with higher education financing in North Carolina in recent years. First, the proposed budget for 1974-75 is the first that has been composed throughout for the 16-campus University. Until 1971, the six campuses of The University of North Carolina made a joint budget presentation through



the Preaident to the Governor and Advisory Budget Commission (who formulate the recommended State budget) and the General Assembly (though each of the aix campuses was treated as a distinct entity for budget Purposes). Each of the other ten then independent institutions made a direct and independent presentation of its own budget appropriation requests to the Governor and Advisory Budget Commission and the General Assembly. The budget for 1973-74 was transitional; the institutional requests had been prepared under the old system prior to the reorganization which took effect in 1972; after reorganization, those requests were combined into a single budget presentation to State authorities on behalf of the entire University. The point is that the Board of Governors bears no responsibility for the budget appropriations decisions affecting higher education prior to 1972.

The second factor to be noted is that during recent years there have been deliberate efforts on the part of the General Asaembly, responding to recommendations of the State Board of Higher Education, to provide special funds to the predominantly black institutions to enable them to make up for some of the deficiencies that may have resulted from prior appropriation decisions. The General Asaembly voted \$1,000,000 in 1967 and \$1,300,000 in 1969 for this purpose. In addition, those institutions benefitted quite heavily in proportion to their enrollments from other funds appropriated in 1969 for library improvement, improved administrative staffing, and faculty salary increases. Thus there has been awareness of and an effort to overcome the money needs of the black institutions.



b. Operating Funds

In order to determine whether the current appropriations to the 16 constituent institutions exhibit patterns confirming the hypothesis that racial discrimination affects budget allocations, we have analyzed the State appropriations and also the available budgeted funds from all sources, per full-time equivalent student, for each of the institutions, and have grouped the institutions into the four functional categories that we have used for other analytical purposes. (The four categories are (1) the three institutions granting doctorates, (2) the six institutions -- two of them black -granting master's degrees, (3) the six institutions -- three of them black -- granting only bachelor's degrees, and (4) the School of the Arts.) If the hypothesis that racial prejudice has influenced budget decisions were correct, our analysis should have shown that the black institutions are receiving lower appropriations per student than the white institutions in the same category. Using the appropriation per full-time equivalent student figures published in the State budget documents, we find that the black institutions rank well on per capita appropriations within their respective categories of institutions. Among the entire 16 campuses, even if undifferentiated as to functional category, there is no tendency for the black institutions to be grouped together towards the bottom in per capita appropriations while white institutions consistently get better treatment. (See Appendices UNC-39 and 40.)

An analysis of the 1973-74 budgets of the 16 institutions on the basis of all budgeted fund sources available to them produces results very similar to the foregoing analysis of appropriated funds.

Similar analyses for the fiscal years 1971-72 and 1972-73 produce very similar results. (See Appendices UNC-39 and 40.)



From this study we find that there is no racial discrimination now being exercised against the predominantly black institutions in the allocation of State operating funds.

As a precaution against the possibility of racially discriminatory judgments on budgetary matters in the future, we will instruct the President and his staff and we will bear in mind in making our own fiscal judgments that racial considerations are not to affect decisions made in the preparation and administration of University budgets.



c. <u>Instructional Space</u>

Another aspect of the campuses of The University that might be expected to reflect the result of any racially biased judgments on appropriations over many years is their physical plant. Specifically, do the available space and quality of the instructional buildings on the campuses of the five predominantly black institutions, when compared with the predominantly white institutions in the same category, illustrate more generous treatment of the white than black campuses?

For several years, there has been systematically compiled by our State Commission on Higher Education Facilities a great deal of data on the academic facilities of all of the public and private colleges of the state, including the private junior colleges and the Community College System institutions. Analyses are made of these data for the purpose of assessing the adequacy of physical facilities of the institutions as a basis for decisions on capital funding needs. These analyses provide the most accurate available information in a comparable form for our use in assessing and comparing the academic facilities of the constituent institutions.

Appendix UNC-41 sets forth in detail the results of an examination made of these analyses for our information. The various tests applied and reported in that Appendix are designed to determine the availability of instructional space in relation to the demands placed on it, the intensity of use actually made of that space, and its condition. The results of these tests do not demonstrate a pattern of racially discriminatory judgments against the predominantly black institutions by State budgeting authorities in the provision of academic facilities. Analysis of the new academic facilities now funded and in course of construction shows, moreover, that the black institutions



are fairing considerably better than is the average white institution in the number of square feet per student being added to their campuses.

As in the case of operating budgets, we will instruct the President and his staff, and we will bear in mind ourselves, that racial considerations are not to affect decisions made with respect to the capital improvements aspects of University budgets.

During the time that the Board of Governors has exercised legal responsibility for University finances (i.e., since July 1, 1972), no differentials in the cost of state-financed construction or in the quality of physical facilities constructed at predominantly black and predominantly white campuses respectively have been planned, acquiesced in, or approved by the Board which reflect racial considerations or the predominant racial character of any campus. Furthermore, decisions by the Board and its administrative officers will not reflect such improper racial considerations in the future. There have been and undoubtedly there will continue to be measurable differences in the costs and other characteristics of similar physical facilities built at different institutions, differences having no pertinence to the predominant racial characteristics of the campuses of location. Several racially neutral considerations account for such differences. For example, the initial proposal for each campus building originates and is initially developed as to use characteristics, cost estimates, and design features at the campus level. A building proposal typically will reflect the campus judgment as to the relative . importance and cost of various construction features and these judgments understandably may vary from one campus to another. The delay often encountered between state authorization for construction and the letting of bids and the consequent intrusion of inflation often has dictated the cutting of some kinds of costs (e.g., square footage cost) in order that a project may be constructed



at the desired scale. Thus differences of building times may produce similar projects on different campuses which, quite without respect to the predominant racial characteristic of those campuses, differ materially in square footage cost and other qualitatively-related factors.

For these reasons, the Board of Governors is reluctant to make an unqualified commitment that in no case will new construction at the predominantly black institutions differ in quality from similar construction at the predominantly white institutions, for to do so might as often handicap the black as the white institutions. The Board does reassert its present and future policy to be that facilities at the campuses of all constituent institutions will be of a sufficiently high quality, within the limitation of state resources, to ensure the effective performance of the educational mission of each institution without respect to racial considerations.



d. Libraries

The library is a vital facility on any university campus, for on the extent and quality of its holdings and services depends to a large degree the teaching and research effectiveness of the institution. One of the objects of the 1967 special assistance fund appropriated by the General Assembly was the improvement of libraries in the black institutions. The 1969 appropriation of \$4,000,000 to improve academic libraries resulted in an average increase of 72% in the support of the libraries of the five black institutions, compared with 56% for the 16 constituent institutions as a group. There is pending before the General Assembly as a part of the appropriation increase requests for 1974-75 an item of \$1,700,000 for correcting deficiencies in basic library collections and moving toward a policy of continuing library support based directly on the level of degree programs offered by each institution and the enrollments in those programs.

In order to determine whether present library holdings reflect racial bias in past or recent judgments about the distribution of funds for libraries, we divided the 1973 library holdings (bound volumes) of each institution by the number of its full-time equivalent students. Granting the limitations of that mode of analysis, its showing is revealing. (See Appendix UNC-42.)

Among the five-year institutions, the two predominantly black institutions have a commanding lead over the four white institutions in the number of volumes per student. Among the six four-year institutions, the three predominantly black institutions rank 2nd, 3rd, and 4th in library holdings per atudent. Taking all 16 constituent institutions as a whole, without differentiation as to function, the five black institutions rank 3rd, 5th, 6th, 7th, and 10th in library holdings per student.



From these facts we conclude that there is no discrimination being practiced adverse to the predominantly black institutions that is reflected in their library holdings.



e. Plan for Study

While the foregoing measures do not support an assumption that racial discrimination adverse to the black institutions is now being practiced by The University, the state budget authorities, or the General Assembly, we realize that they do not dispose of the basic question: Are there identifiable deficiencies in the quality of the black institutions that are attributable to past influences of racial prejudice in the distribution of State funds to those institutions and are now remediable by money? We realize too that there are other measures, objective and subjective, by which the quality and effectiveness of an institution of higher education can be measured if a full assessment of its strengths and weaknesses is to be made. include not only the extent of the institution's facilities and library but their quality and fitness for their intended purposes; not only the salary and rank of faculty members and administrators but their ability and performance; not only the numbers of students but their preparedness to cope with the demands of college study. To cite but one factor, we note that a substantially smaller percentage of the faculty members of the predominantly black institutions hold earned doctorates and first professional degrees than is true in the predominantly white institutions in the same category. (See Appendix UNC-38.) What are the causes and what are the qualitative effects of this fact? These and many other like factors bust be evaluated before firm judgments can be made as to the overall quality of any of our institutions.

In order to find answers to the basic question posed above and to many related questions, we have determined that a study will be undertaken under the direction of the President for the purpose of (1) identifying the qualitative strengths and deficiencies of the five predominantly black institutions,



(2) determining the factors contributing materially to each of the deficiencies found, (3) determining the cost of remedying each of the deficiencies found that can be remedied wholly or substantially by money, (4) determining the most effective arrangements for the expenditure of the money found to be required, and (5) determining what other actions than the expenditure of money are necessary to remedy the deficiencies not found to be wholly remediable by money. This study should be conducted as a part of or in close conjunction with the long-range plan that is to be developed in the course of this year. Only with the information that such a study will provide us can we be enabled to make response to the HEW request of November 10, 1973, with sufficient particularity and formulate the plans and budget appropriation requests that may be indicated. Upon identification of any such deficiencies, prompt and appropriate remedial action will be undertaken.

We note the request of the Office for Civil Rights in the communication of April 24 that the State Plan "show that the proposed study . . . will demonstrate that, in all respects, resources at those five schools are at least equal to those of their white counterparts, or it must contain a commitment to provide for equalization of such resources at the earliest feasible date but in no event later than the outset of the 1976-77 academic year."

As to some of the factors included in HEW's definition of "resources" it has already been demonstrated that equality for those institutions has been achieved or exceeded. This is true of percapita expenditures of operating funds and library holdings, for example, and it arguably is true of facilities. As to such matters as the quality of programs, services, and staff and the number and quality of degree offerings available, it is the purpose of the



intended study to identify and determine the cost and means of remedying deficiencies. If those deficiencies are as great as it is contended by some that they are, it is patently impossible to remedy them by the fall of 1976, which is only two years away. The State budget cycle for 1975-77 is already running and The University must present its budget request for 1975-77 to the State budget suthorities about September 1, 1974. The projected study on which estimates of the costs of remedying deficiencies in the five predominantly black schools is to be based cannot be completed until late in the calendar year 1974. The likelihood of success of a substantial supplemental budget request for this purpose filed late in the year or during the 1975 session of the General Assembly is deemed to be small. For these reasons, we do not anticipate being in position to obtain from the General Assembly large amounts of money (if such be needed) to remedy deficiencies in the constituent institutions until the legislative session of 1977. (This statement assumes that the General Assembly will revert to its normal biennial meeting schedule instead of continuing to meet annually.) We hope that some of the activities and improvements to be undertaken in the five predominantly black schools can go forward before substantial sums of money are forthcoming from the General Assembly, but it is obvious that if major changes are to be made by way of augmentation of program offerings or substantial increases in faculty salaries, for example, much money will be required.

Moreover, in the latter two activities in particular -- program additions and faculty improvement -- money alone will not provide the answer. Much more time than the two years contemplated by HEW will be necessary, if the changes to be made are to be thoughtfully and constructively made in such a way as to be enduring and helpful to the students for whose benefit they are to be



undertaken. Realism suggests that if true equalization of these institutions can be brought about within a decade, we should consider that a major and speedy accomplishment.

The projected study of the deficiencies of the predominantly black institutions will be carried out under the direction of the President. The immediate responsibility for conducting the study will be that of members of the President's staff, the chancellors of the five institutions involved, and such members of their administrative staffs and faculties as they may see fit to involve, and consultants brought in from outside the affected institutions and in some cases from outside The University of North Carolina to give us the benefit of their advice as to institutional needs. It is anticipated that the reports on this study will be presented to the Board of Governors by the end of the calendar year 1974. It will then be the responsibility of the Board of Governors, acting on the recommendation of the President, to determine what remedial actions will be undertaken to remedy deficiencies that the Board of Governors finds to exist. It is anticipated that the decisions to be made by the Board of Governors on this matter will be made not later than June 30, 1975.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing:

1974.

Special cost:

None.

Effect:

To determine the actions necessary in order to

identify and remedy the qualitative defici-

encies of the predominantly black institutions

in The University.



2. The Community College System

a. General

Under provisions of North Carolina General Statutes,

Chapter 115A (the Community College Act), the State assumes the basic responsibility for providing funding support of institutional operations related to administration, instruction, and equipment (including library resources). The local tax levying authority of the counties is charged with the responsibility for providing funds to support all facets of operation related to maintenance and operation of plant, and all other items not related to administration or instruction. The local tax levying authority also is charged with basic responsibility for capital outlay other than for administrative or instructional equipment.

Federal funds made available under the Vocational Education Act are channeled through the State Board of Education, and are allocated to institutions by the State Board of Education in the same manner as funds appropriated by the State Legislature.

Under various other acts of Congress, federal funds become available to individual institutions by direct grants-in-aid. Such direct grants are categorical.

Private contributions to institutions are treated by the State as local funds.

Except for a few self-supported recreational courses, student tuition and fees collected at each institution are deposited to State funds and become a part of the general allocations made to support the institutions, rather than being returned to the institution where such tuition and fees were collected. The tuition rate for North Carolina resident students enrolled in occupational



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curriculums is \$32 per quarter, and the rate for students enrolled in the college transfer curriculum is \$42 per quarter. The State Board of Education does not designate other student fees specifically, but limits the total of such fees chargeable to a student not to exceed \$28 per school year.

A wide variety of non-curriculum extension courses is taught by the institutions. Some of these are in categories receiving primary support from federal funds. Such courses include adult basic education courses, manpower development training courses, etc. For these no course fee is required. Also, no course fee is required for extension course training offered volunteer firemen or law enforcement officers. No tuition or fees are charged prison inmates enrolled in any courses or curricula in the institutions. With the foregoing exceptions, all non-curriculum extension courses require a course registration fee of \$2, except courses which are purely recreational. The latter require charges the proceeds of which are allotted back to the specific institution and which are designed to offset the entire operational costs of recreational instruction.

The institutions are funded by institution rather than by program. Such funding is made on the basis of equitable formulas, the basic element of which is full-time-equivalent students, or an equivalent population factor. The General Assembly appropriates funds for distribution to institutions in three fund categories: (1) funds for operations; (2) funds for equipment, including library books and materials; and (3) funds for capital improvements. The State funds for capital improvements are made available periodically to supplement the basic funding responsibility of the local level and must be matched by equal sums of local funds.

The FTE (full-time-equivalent) student funding model used to distribute State funds for each of the fund categories is weighted differently. Within



the equipment and library funding category, two formulas are used: one for equipment and the other for library resource materials including books. As to equipment, technical FTE numbers are given the greatest weight; vocational, the second greatest weight; college transfer, the third greatest weight; and extension the least weight. These weights are indicated on the formula in a specific numerical value. The library funding formula is also related to FTE but reduces sharply after 20,000 volumes have been funded. State funds for capital improvements are allotted on the basis of the full-time equivalent students attending on-campus facilities only.

Priorities among the institutions for purposes of allocating capital improvement funds are determined by space utilization intensity ratings. Furthermore, capital improvement funding is done on a "package" basis inclusive of funds from all sources which are compounded together to constitute a "capital improvement funding package." Copies of the funding formulas will be supplied upon request.

With very few exceptions, the institutions are funded by institution and not on the basis of programs within the particular institution. This funding policy leaves maximum discretion to the particular institution in making decisions concerning choices of programs to be offered, management alternatives, facility priorities on the campus, qualitative alternatives in terms of equipment purchases, construction, etc. To the extent that qualitative consumption costs are allowed to rise in purchasing one equipment configuration, or in equipping one area of space, or in completing one building, the strictures of equitable formula funding will, unless local funds come to the rescue, force the institution to reduce qualitative consumption costs proportionately in another equipment configuration, area equipped, or building project. Decisions



are made at the institution with these consequences well in mind and with all the concern of experienced, successful weight-watchers. This funding philosophy places great emphasis upon competency of management at the institution level.

In the early days of this system--from 1963 to 1966 inclusive--attempts were made to fund institutions by program. That attempt quickly produced wide-spread inequities, and generated great dissatisfaction with the funding system. The funding approach positively required that most important decisions be made at the State level. It seriously handicapped coordinated development of the institutions and inhibited institutional responsiveness to the local needs for education and training perceived by public advisory committees drawn from the geographic areas served by the respective institutions.

In the budgeting process, State fund appropriations are certified to the State Board of Education in the three funding categories already mentioned:

(1) operations; (2) equipment, including library resources; and (3) capital improvements. The State Board formula for distributing state funds to institutions for operations involves the use of a line item budget format. The formula provides funding allotments to be placed in the various line items supported by the State. The formula is applied equally and equitably to every institution in the System. The institutions are given routinely by the State level approval of requests to transfer funds between line items. These transfers are made in accordance with standing regulations and with some specific restrictions. In general, transfers made from a line item higher on the budget format to a line item lower on the budget format require less formal justification to be sent to the State level. Transfers in the opposite direction generally require more extensive justification for state level approval, and



transfers upward from the lower (extension instruction) part of the budget format to line items at a higher level require approval of the State Board itself.

Spaces are provided on the same budget format for the institution to fill in on proper line items the funds allocated from local sources. It should be noted that whatever amount the state level gives in basic support to the institution budget, the local government may supplement, and vice versa. Local fund contributions for supplemental purposes are segregated on the budget format from local funds required to meet basic statutory responsibility. Budgeting is done on a fiscal year basis. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

State appropriations for equipment -- including library resource materials -and for capital improvement supplementation are non-reverting appropriations. This means that their year-end balances do not revert to the State general fund at the end of the fiscal year. The equipment appropriation is in a single sum appropriated to the State Board of Education. Each institution is budgeted its equitable share by formula to establish an account against which the institution draws requisitions for institutional equipment. The Department of Community Colleges maintains equipment standards in terms of quantity of items deemed needed to equip particular courses, programs, or areas. A catalog of appropriate equipment items is maintained at the State level and a copy is kept at each institution, providing alternate choices in quality of equipment within a range from the lowest appropriate quality to the highest permissible quality. This catalog is developed in consultation with institutional personnel experienced in the use of the particular items of equipment and with the object of preventing the purchase of equipment that is either of excessive quality or capacity or of such low quality as to be ineffective and inappropriate. With



the exception of library books and materials, equipment purchases are processed through the equipment management section of the Department of Community Colleges on requisitions from the institutions and are then further processed through the Division of Purchase and Contract of the State Department of Administration, an entirely separate agency from the State Board of Education and Department of Community Colleges.

Capital improvement funds are distributed equitably by the State Board, also on a formula basis. Capital improvement projects are also processed through the Division of Property Control, State Department of Administration, after being approved at the Department of Community Colleges.

b. Current Patterns of Financial Support

Accumulated inequities resulting from early attempts to fund institutions program by program were compensated for and largely erased in the years following the adoption of the equitable formulas at the beginning of fiscal year 1967-68. Since that time, the pattern of financial support has been uniform with respect to State funding allocations. Nevertheless, per capita expenditures at the respective institutions have not been uniform. Among the reasons is the fact that some institutions receive more supplemental funds from local sources than do other institutions. Also, budget savings vary from institution to institution. These savings are reverted at the end of the fiscal year to the State general fund.

During the course of the fiscal year, institutions may release funds found to be unneeded, and the State Board of Education may reallocate on the formula such funds to institutions having needs in excess of projections used in making up the original operating budget of the particular institution.



As to equipment funds and capital improvement funds allocated on formulas from the State level, institutions are permitted with approval of the State Board to make loans of such funds to each other.

c. Assurances with Respect to Allocation Decisions

The allocation formulas under which State funds and State controllable funds are allotted to the institutions are believed to be fair, equitable, and certainly to involve no racial discrimination or bias. These formulas are regarded as living documents and are adjusted from time to time as information or conditions may change affecting equitability. Assurance can be given, however, that any changes made in the future will be made applicable to each institution in the same manner and without reference to the racial composition of the student body or the staff. This has been the case since 1966.

d. Facilities and Services

With the exception of office space for personnel in the Department of Community Colleges and for members of the State Board of Education, facilities of the North Carolina Community College System are owned, leased, or rented by the boards of trustees of local community colleges and technical institutes. Institutions operate and maintain their facilities with local funds.

On the other hand, movable equipment purchased with state money is owned by the State Board of Education and in effect loaned for an indefinite period to individual institutions. This is also true for library books and related media. The rationale for state ownership of equipment is that the necessity for its use is strongly dependent on educational courses and programs offered. If one institution discontinues a program and another initiates or expands a similar program, then Department officials can arrange for the interinstitutional



transfer of equipment and books which are needed in that program. Each institution may also buy books and equipment with local funds, in which case the institution retains ownership.

State, and in some cases federal, funds for both facilities and equipment are budgeted according to uniform formulas for all institutions and hence are not subject to racial discrimination.

Services include services provided by the Department of Community Colleges to institutions (largely consultative in nature), as well as services provided by the institutions to students and community residents.

In general, facilities are crowded. Many are inadequate in design or structure for instruction and related purposes. This condition is now improving rapidly because of substantial legislative appropriations for the 1973-74 fiscal year, and additional significant appropriations are also expected. It is anticipated that forthcoming General Assembly appropriations of \$10 million or more in fiscal 1974-75 will help to level out the heretofore uneven development of facilities, and thereby provide more room for curriculum students.

Throughout the Community College System, institutions are rapidly adopting a learning resource center concept which contemplates a greater integration of books and other media with instruction than has traditionally been the case. Some institutions have excellent collections, but many libraries are not yet adequate to meet the needs of students. This situation is also improving as the system metures.

The large geographical area of North Carolina, in conjunction with a number of sparsely populated counties and correspondingly small institutions, necessitates the provision of many services to institutions by the Department



of Community Colleges. This is so because small institutions cannot afford to pay large numbers of highly specialized personnel for carrying out planning, consultative, and record-keeping functions. Conversely, the policies and practices of the State Board of Education and the Department of Community Colleges are based upon the assumption that as many functions should be fulfilled and as many decisions made at the local level as is consistent with sound educational and fiscal management.

(1) Buildings

For the reason described above, and also partly because the open-door philosophy of the North Carolina Community College System has resulted in considerable night enrollment, the amount of academic space per equated (FTE) student is lower in community colleges and technical institutes than for any other post-secondary education sector in North Carolina. State construction funds are allocated to each community college and technical institute by a formula based upon present and potential numbers of students, without regard to race. Institutions are encouraged to hold classes from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., and the funding formula contains a financial incentive to do so. The table on the following page shows the average amount of academic space per student at different types of post-secondary institutions in North Carolina.



Assignable Square Feet of Academic Space per FTE Student in North Carolina Post-secondary Institutions Fall, 1972

Institutional		
Sector	<u>Public</u>	<u>Private</u>
Doctorate-granting Institutions	125	158
5-Year Institutions	88	. -
4-Year Institutions	105	126
2-Year Institutions	83	120

The U. S. Office of Education uses 100 assignable square feet per FTE student as a planning factor, as contrasted with the 83 square feet per FTE for the North Carolina Community College System.

These data can be translated into terms of square feet per student hour of instruction, technically expressed as capacity/enrollment (C/E) ratio. This is the number of assignable square feet of instructional and library space for each institution, divided by the number of student clock hours taught each week. The C/E ratio is used by USOE as an important factor in evaluating funding requests for equipment and buildings. A C/E ratio between 3.00 and 4.00 is considered desirable. Too low a C/E ratio suggests overcrowding and too high a ratio implies uneconomic use of facilities.

The Appendix contains tables showing the C/E ratios of North Carolina community colleges and technical institutes. They indicate an average C/E ratio of 2.84 (less than desirable), but a range among institutions from 1.82 to 5.49. There is no discernible racial pattern in regard to differences among the institutions. To our knowledge, there has never been a racial incident involving students and facilities of the North Carolina Community College System.

(2) Libraries and Learning Resources Centers

The North Carolina community college and technical institute libraries are no longer just depositories and lenders of books, but



have now become centers for all educational media needs. This "learning resource center concept" provides greater integration of media with instruction.

The recently published <u>Guidelines For Two-Year College Learning Resources</u>

Programs announces that "Learning Resources . . . includes library, audiovisual and telecommunications and encompasses instructional development functions and instructional system components."

All fifty-seven institutions have traditional library and audiovisual services. Every institution also has a learning laboratory, although it may not be administratively part of the learning resources center. Several institutions also operate satellite libraries and learning laboratories off their main campuses in order to serve neighboring communities.

Other data compiled from the 41 institutional responses to a Department of Community Colleges fall, 1973, survey reveal holdings of 655,809 volumes of print material, 42,600 microforms and approximately 148,203 items of audiovisual materials. Projections to include the remaining sixteen institutions indicate total holdings of approximately 912,000 book volumes, 60,000 microforms, and 206,000 items of other types of audiovisual materials.

To house and administer the new learning resources center concept effectively, many schools have remodeled old library facilities or have built new ones. Forty-one of the centers are less than ten years old, and about half of those were constructed in the last five years. The remaining institutions are planning new learning resources center facilities for the near future.



E. Programs

1. The University of North Carolina

a. Present Institutional Roles

The University of North Carolina is a legislatively-ordained aggregation of 16 institutions that has been in existence less than two years. Six of these institutions were campuses of The University of North Carolina prior to 1972; all six existed at least as bachelor's degree granting institutions prior to their inclusion in the consolidated University in 1931, 1965, or 1969 and had developed programs while independent; other programs were added after they became parts of The University. Ten of these 16 institutions existed as legally independent entities prior to 1972 and were free to adopt and modify programs almost at will for most of their existences. Since the effectuation of reorganization in 1972, very few new programs have been authorized by the Board of Governors, and none of those authorized required additional Thus the program of The University now is essentially the sum of the inherited programs of the 16 constituent institutions, which were developed in response to the perceived needs of their constituencies or other imperatives and (except for the three, then four, then six institutions constituting The University prior to 1972) with a minimum of consideration of whether those programs duplicated others already in existence.

The perception of the need to eliminate present and avoid future unnecessary duplication of programs was one of the often-stated reasons for the Reorganization Act of 1971. The elimination and avoidance of unnecessary duplication is one of the foremost concerns of the members of the Board of Governors of The University.

The General Administration of The University of North Carolina currently is compiling an inventory of academic progrems and other activities of all



16 constituent institutions and preparing from this information a statement of the present functions and activities of each institution, together with data on faculty, students, budget, and other matters.

b. Program Review

The Board of Governors has full authority under the statute creating it to approve the establishment of all new programs or the termination of existing programs. To aid the Board in this task, there are now written procedures for the review, evaluation, and approval at the staff, committee, and Board levels of all proposals for major program change (initiation, modification, and termination) in any of the constituent institutions. These procedures will apply at least during the interim until the approval of a long-range plan for The University. One of the important factors to be considered in evaluating program proposals at every stage will be their impact on the racial composition of the student bodies of the affected institutions. (See Appendix UNC-45.)

c. Long-range Plan

During the course of the next 12 months, a long-range plan for The University will be developed by the General Administration for consideration by the Board of Governors, which is charged with the duty of adopting such a plan for the University. The future roles of all institutions, and especially of the black institutions, will be a central concern of the long-range plan. The racial impact of each element of the plan will be considered.

The study of the roles of the constituent institutions will be undertaken in the same manner as the rest of the long-range plan. The initial responsibility will rest with the chancellors and their staffs to make recommendations



and requests to the President and the Board of Governors. When the staff work on this part of the long-range plan is complete (which it is anticipated to be late in 1974), it will be reviewed by the Committee on Educational Planning, Policies, and Programs of the Board of Governors and by the Board itself early in 1975. The duty of adopting the plan and the assignments of functions and roles to the institutions that it will contain is legally that of the Board of Governois. At the time the Board adopts that portion of the plan, it will be deemed to become a part of this state plan and will be so reported to the Office for Civil Rights as a part of The University's next semi-annual report. The President of The University of North Carolina will determine what implementing actions will need to be taken to carry out the function and role assignments made by the Board of Governors to the institutions. determination will be made consequent upon the adoption of the long-range plan by the Board of Governors early in 1975. Implementation of the plan as adopted by the Board of Governors will be the duty of the President, the chancellors, and such members of their staffs and faculties as they may think it proper to involve.

As a part of the long-range planning process, the racial implications of present and future functional assignments of the 16 constituent institutions of The University will be evaluated. This evaluation will include the possible racial impact of the inherited functional roles of the four categories of public senior institutions. Corrective action will be taken where needed, in keeping with the general objectives of this plan.

d. Program Duplication and Specialization as They Relate to Racial Duality

The five predominantly black constituent institutions were created to provide educational opportunities for people who had no other access



to such opportunities under the legally segregated system of education, public and private, that prevailed in North Carolina until the 1950's. Thus those five institutions were created expressly to duplicate programs already in existence in the State -- a duplication that was necessary if those students were to attend public colleges if North Carolina. (It is noted, incidentally, that North Carolina was more active than any other state in creating and maintaining schools for its black citizens; no other state maintains more than three such schools, and most of those which do maintain such schools have only one or two.)

From modest beginnings, often as normal schools, these institutions have grown and diversified, especially since the 1950's and the ending of legally required segregation of the races. Like their ll white counterparts, the programs of the five black institutions have been elaborated in response to various needs, especially those of their black constituencies.

One of the foremost concerns of the long-range planning effort in which The University is about to engage will be the identification and elimination of instances of unnecessary and costly duplication of programs within The University, taking into account the edicational needs of the whole State. This effort must, at the beginning, address the question of what constitutes "unnecessary" duplication. Many of the instances of similar program offerings on two or more campuses — duplication in a sense — can be amply justified on the basis of the scale of the need for the program, the geographic spread of the need where the institutions tend to serve regional constituencies, the supporting character of one program in relation to others in the same institution, the role of a program as part of



a necessary range of closely related programs, or differences of program emphasis or clientele despite similarity of program title. Once the groundwork is laid, there must be a methodical review of the hundreds of bachelor's programs, scores of master's programs, and dozens of doctoral programs offered by the constituent institutions, and in those instances where similar programs occur on more than one campus, justification must be developed for that condition. One proper consideration for investigation in conducting this analysis will be whether a program duplication is racially motivated or sustained. But even if it should be determined that a duplicating program was established at some time in the past on racial considerations, it may well prove to be the fact that the program nevertheless is now needed to meet current and future levels of need. While we agree that programs whose only sustaining factor is that one is in a black institution and one is in a white institution are not defensible, making that determination should properly be a part of the long-range planning effort now being projected, not an independent exercise.

In those instances where the apparent duplication of existing programs is between two institutions in the same community, special considerations apply and extra scrutiny should be given apparent duplications of program. The only instances of this kind involving two of the constituent institutions of The University are in Greensboro, where the University of North Carolina at Greensboro and North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University are located, and in Capel Hill-Durham, where The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and North Carolina Central University are located. (We do not agree that Winston-Salem and Greensboro or Fayetteville-Pembroke constitute a single community for the purposes of higher educational planning.) As an aid to the President's staff and the Board of Governors in the preparation of



the long-range plan and to inform the Board as to the particulars of program duplications and potentially constructive responses to them, the President has directed the chancellors of the two institutions in Greensboro and the institutions in Chapel Hill and Durham to confer and to file a report with the President not later than September 1, 1974, (1) identifying instances of apparent program duplication between the institutions constituting each pair, (2) justifying program duplications where they can do so. (3) making recommendations for mutual modifications in programs and their staffing (including the possibility of program merger, joint staffing, and differentiated course offerings) that would enhance the minority presence on both campuses, and (4) establishing mechanisms for the continuing promotion and oversight of cooperative activities between the two institutions constituting each pair. We note that significant steps have already been taken toward these objectives by the two institutions in Greensboro by the appointment of joint committees of faculty and administrators to address this subject with respect to programs in home economics, nursing, music, arts and sciences, business and economics, education, and health, physical education and recreation. In addition, a Joint Coordinating Council for Inter-institutional Cooperation has been created by the two Greensboro institutions; it consists of the chairmen of the joint committees noted above and the administrative heads of the graduate programs in the two institutions. These mechanisms will provide the means for constructive resolution of possible duplications of program, under the general oversight of the President.

The Board of Governors is aware that for the purpose of meeting its overall planning responsibilities as well as for the purpose of meeting its specific responsibilities under Title VI, the general question of possible



duplication of programs among its institutions on a statewide basis needs careful study. Except for the relatively few students who live at home and commute to one of the constituent institutions, the geographic proximity of institutions is not important in determining the justifiability or lack of justifiability of duplicating programs. The offerings of the institutions must be looked at on a regional or more often a statewide basis. Such a study will be a part of the long-range planning activity which is now getting underway.

In the instances where one of the constituent institutions is located in the same community as a Community College System institution (and especially in Elizabeth City) the President will direct the chancellor of the constituent institution of The University to confer with the president of the community college or technical institute (provided the latter official is similarly instructed by the State President of the Community College System) and file with the two Presidents a report, not later than September 1, 1974, along the same lines as that required in Greensboro. On the basis of the facts found and the recommendations of the President, appropriate remedial action will be taken.

Responsibility: The President and chancellors of The University.

Timing: To be completed by early 1975.

Special cost: None.

Effect: To enhance minority presences on the campuses

through the elimination of instances of program duplication that are sustained by considerations of racial separation only, and the promotion of program modification and other cooperative efforts among and between institutions to the same end.



e. New Curricula

The foregoing comments under subsection d. relate to the duplications of existing programs. This subsection addresses the creation of new curricula.

An established part of the evaluation process applicable to each new curriculum proposed for approval by the Board of Governors is the projection of the racial impact of the adoption of the program on the student body of the institution that would sponsor it. Consistent with necessary considerations of educational quality, institutional mission, and statewide needs, the Board of Governors normally will not approve the establishment of any new academic program unless in its opinion such action would not impede the elimination of the dual system of higher education in North Carolina. Moreover, new programs will be awarded to constituent institutions in a manner which will not have the purpose of perpetuating or creating competition based upon duplication of specialized curricular offerings as between one or more predominantly black institutions and one or more predominantly white institutions.

To prevent the establishment of programs within the constituent institutions of The University that improperly duplicate offerings of the community college institutions and vice versa, procedures are being developed by The University and the Community College System to inform the appropriate people in the other system of potentially duplicative curriculum proposals so that possible problems may be resolved at an early stage.

Responsibility: The President of The University.



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Timing: Now in force and continuing.

Special cost: None.

Effect: To avoid the establishment of new curricula in

the constituent institutions of The University that

would have the effect of impeding the elimination

of the dual system of higher education in North

Carolina.

f. Inter-institutional Program Cooperation

As is illustrated in Appendix UNC-43, the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina already have an extensive record of inter-institutional cooperative activities, both among themselves and with private institutions and members of the Community College System. Such cooperative activities are to be encouraged as means of broadening the programs of the cooperating units and in many instances, increasing inter-racial contact as well. In a supplemental report to be filed by July 1, 1974, we will provide the Department of Health, Education and Welfare with the requested additional information on the racial impacts on both students and faculty deriving from these inter-institutional programs. Such information is often difficult to obtain, for many of the programs are informal, brief, and may not be well documented.

Responsibility: The President of The University.

Timing: By July 1, 1974.

Special cost: None.

Effect: To provide the Department of Health, Education

and Welfare with requested information on the

racial impact of inter-institutional programs.



2. The Community College System

a. <u>Institutional Roles</u>

The major role of every institution in this System is to provide adults with training in vocational and technical skills and such general education as is needed to enable the students to engage effectively in vocational and technical training and employment.

Special mention should be made of three institutions which are regional in that their administrative and service areas, as well as the areas of their local tax support, include two or more counties which have executed a contract, pursuant to G. S. 115A-37, to form a multi-county institution administrative area. Mayland Technical Institute serves Mitchell, Avery and Yancey Counties; Vance-Granville Technical Institute serves Vance and Granville Counties and Tri-County Technical Institute serves Cherokee, Graham, and Clay Counties. Two institutions receive special funding for unique statewide programs: Wilson Technical Institute receives special State funding support for a heavy equipment operation and repair program and Cape Fear Technical Institute receives special State funding support for a program in marine technology. With the foregoing exceptions, the role statements of all technical institutes are identical, and the role statements of all community colleges differ from these only in the addition of their college transfer programs.

b. Program Change Procedures

A particular program is initiated at an institution usually by request from persons or groups in the service area of the institution. Such requests are followed by the appointment of advisory committee members representative of prospective employers, prospective students, other interested members of the public and other educational institutions having an interest.



Studies and surveys are made. If these indicate a need for the program in the service area of the institution, a specific program proposal is developed and presented to the institution president and his immediate advisors. If the president approves, he will recommend the program to the institution's board of trustees for its consideration and approval. If the board of trustees also approves, the proposal will be forwarded to the Department of Community Colleges for review by appropriate staff members.

Since staff members often have served as consultants to the advisory committee at the institution, their major function will be to present the program for consideration by the president and vice presidents in the Department of Community Colleges. If these senior officers find the program justified and acceptable, the President will recommend the program for approval by the State Board of Education. The State Board regards its function in this respect as being more than perfunctory and may require further study.

The State Board may also direct that other groups in the public be called upon for advice. Once approval of the State Board of Education is obtained, the institution is free to proceed consistent with the program plan as approved by the State Board.

The State policy of funding by institution, rather than by programs within each institution, makes it financially infeasible for the institution to continue offering a program which has met the need in the service area to such an extent that enrollments in the program decline to very low levels. As enrollments in any program decline further and further below optimum level, other programs in the institution must increase enrollment above optimum level to offset the loss. Otherwise, the institution will decline overall in number of full-time-equivalent students and, therefore, be entitled to less support from the State. Consequently, institution authorities find themselves



under financial pressure to analyze carefully the Quantitative productivity of each program. Field auditors from the State level Controller's office audit institution FTE accounting practices and procedures.

When a program is discontinued at an institution, the equipment formula works in such a way as to exert pressure upon the institution to divest itself of the equipment related to the discontinued program. Title to State-purchased equipment is retained by the State Board of Education. The Department of Community Colleges maintains an inventory of all items of equipment costing \$10 or more and provides duplicate invantory cards for the particular institution in which the equipment is placed on a loan basis. Unneeded equipment is promptly reported to the Department of Community Colleges, Equipment Management Section. That office circulates to all institutions memoranda indicating equipment available for transfer. Usually another institution is initiating or expanding a program like the program which has been recently discontinued by another institution, and the supporting equipment is transferred to the institution having a need for it. If no institution in the Community College System is found to need the equipment, it is then offered to units of the public school system. If that system also does not need the equipment, the equipment is transferred to the State Surplus Property Office in the State Department of Administration, where it may be disposed of to other State agencies or soid on bids to the public.

c. Planning Processes

Some description of the planning process has been provided in the foregoing paragraphs as the planning process relates to instructional programs and to equipping institutions. With regard to planning capital improvements at institutions, the Department of Community Colleges maintains



a section under the Director of Facility Planning. The Division of Planning and Coordination and the Pivision of Degrees and Diploma Programs also provide continuing consultative services to the individual institutions on matters involving the relationship of facilities to curriculum planning.

An annual State Plan for Occupational Education is produced each year to fulfill requirements of the Federal Vocational Education Act. This plan is submitted to the U. S. Office of Education for review and acceptance. The U. S. Office of Education has provided guidelines for the preparation of this State Plan.

Long-range and short-range plans for the Community College System were produced about three years ago. Such plans are constantly being updated. The initial long-range and short-range plans for the System were produced by a planning agency under contract. Updating is carried on with broad participation of institution representatives and of the general public. The North Carolina Advisory Council for Vocational Education also contributes to the planning process.

Individual institutions engage in long-range and short-range planning for the respective institutions. While the planning process varies from institution to institution, the process tends to be similar in that broad participation of the interested public is sought and used.

d. Program Duplication and Specialization

Each institution of the Community College System serves a commuting area which is limited only by the willingness of students to commute to the institution over the distance required to reach it from their homes. The range is usually 25 to 30 miles from the institution. The service areas so defined will in some instances overlap the service areas of other



nearby community colleges and technical institutes. Each institution is well aware that if it offers programs excessively duplicative of others, it will create financial difficulties arising from low enrollments. Consequently, the institutions monitor one another to avoid such injurious duplication.

In pursuing their major role of occupational training and extension training, there is little duplication of curriculum offerings of institutions of the Community College System with institutions of the University of North Carolina System. Examples of some seeming duplication of courses will be found in the programs for training registered nurses (taught as a technical curriculum in several community colleges and technical institutes) which tend to overlap or duplicate courses taught in bachelor's degree programs in nursing at some university institutions. Likewise, some general education courses taught in relation to training in certain high level technical akills may tend to overlap or duplicate the same or similar courses offered in universities at freshman or sophomore levels. Examples of these occur in mathematics and physical sciences.

Furthermore, some 20 to 25 (currently 18) of the technical institutes have entered into contracts with nearby senior colleges or universities—public or private—including senior institutions predominantly black or predominantly white. Under such a contract the senior institution teaches in the technical institute facilities a number of academic college courses from the curriculum of the senior institution. The students taking these courses are students enrolled at the technical institute, and the technical institute gives credit for the courses in its general education curriculum. The contracting senior institution will ordinarily accept transfer of credits earned in such courses toward satisfying requirements for a bachelor's degree. Since technical institutes teach some general education courses of college grade (1. e.



mathematics, chemistry, physics, etc.) related to sophisticated skill training programs, the college courses contracted with senior institutions are usually in subject matter fields unrelated to the occupational training programs and, therefore, effect a broadening of educational offerings of the technical institute to its community.

This practice of contracting is intended to reduce Public pressure in the service area of the technical institute for making the technical institute a community college. It expands the influence and, hopefully, enhances the attractiveness of the contracting senior institution for students of the technical institute who may desire to continue education after leaving the technical institute. These contracts add to the convenience and minimize the cost for the student of earning credits acceptable at face value to the senior institution. The student pays the tuition and fee rates charged students of the technical institute, and these are significantly lower than those charged by senior institutions.

In the fall of 1973, there were 1,041 full-time students and 7,907 part-time students enrolled in general education curricula in all institutions of the Community College System. It is possible to earn an associate degree in general education at many of the technical institutes and community colleges. Such a degree is generally regarded by the institution as a terminal degree. It often includes a "minor" component of occupational skill-training courses which may be transferred to a senior institution. In 1972-73 term, 370 students in the general education curriculum transferred to senior institutions before completing the associate degree and 94 additional students transferred to a senior institution after earning the associate degree. Obviously, the vast majority of students taking course work in the general education curriculum



do not go to senior institutions at the present time, though all have established an option to transfer some academic credit should they decide to do so in the future.

In the fall of 1973, there were 6,201 full-time students and 2,993 part-time students enrolled in the college transfer curricula at the 17 community colleges. During the preceding year, 1,630 students taking the college transfer curricula transferred to a senior institution before completing the associate degree in arts and sciences. An additional 648 students transferred to senior institutions after graduation. Apparently about one-third of all students enrolling in the college transfer program go on to senior institutions. For the other two-thirds of those students, their education at the community college becomes terminal, though their option remains open to transfer to a senior institution later in life if they choose to do so.

Eliminating from community colleges and technical institutes those curricula and courses which duplicate or overlap offerings of a nearby university institution would adversely affect both institutions and would seriously reduce educational opportunity for all racial and ethnic groups in the service area of the institution.

Some of the most fundamental differences include the open-door admissions policy of the Community College System, the limitation to associate degree-level programs, the rotation or migration of many programs from institution to institution periodically, substantial off-campus extension programs, the absence of on-campus housing facilities, and the access to local tax support and to several categories of federal support not available to public universities.

The Community College Act (G. S. 115A-4), referring to the establishment of new institutions of the Community College System by the State Board of Education, states in part:



In no case, however, shall approval be granted by the Board for the establishment of an institution until it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Board that a genuine educational need exists within a proposed administrative area, that existing public and private post-high school institutions in the area will not meet the need

And further, in referring to the authority of the State Board of Education to act upon requests made by the board of trustees of any institution to establish an educational program, the statute states:

. . . it shall be a matter of general policy of the State Board of Education to require that it be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the State Board of Education that the educational and occupational needs the proposed program is designed to meet are not already met by similar educational programs maintaining standards acceptable to the State Board of Education in other public or private schools in the administrative area. . . /of the institution/.

The foregoing statutory provisions have been followed by the State Board of Education since they became State law in 1963. It should be noted, however, that the State Board of Education has had end still has no authority to prohibit public or private institutions from establishing educational programs which overlap or duplicate existing programs offered in the neighboring Community College or technical institute. There are a number of areas in which such overlapping or duplication has been later established by other institution authorities.

The State President will immediately and on a continuing basis encourage the president and appropriate staff members of each technical institute and community college to initiate and maintain institutional liaison and articulation conferences with their counterparts in all senior public institutions and all private institutions within the administrative area and within a 25-mile radius geographically of the Community College System institution. In the event that there is no public senior institution within



the administrative area or within 25 miles, the nearest campus of the University of North Carolina system will be regarded as a proper party in interest. The purposes of such conferences will include discussions to assure affirmative action and non-discrimination in regard to race, ethnic group, or sex of students and institution personnel, as well as to promote an exchange of information generally to facilitate student transfer, better curriculum planning, and possible faculty exchanges. Institutional requests for new programs will continue to be required to meet the State policy requirement concerning whether the same or a similar program is available at another institution in the administrative area or within 25 miles.

Furthermore, on and after July 1, 1974, every request for a new curriculum program will be required to bear a certification from the institution's board of trustees relative to the anticipated impact of the proposed program upon the desegregation of public post-secondary institutions in that area of the State, including assurance that the net effect of such program will not impede the further disestablishment of segregation in any public institution. The State President and his representatives will also review the requests and approve the request and the certification before recommending approval to the State Board of Education.

A similar certification procedure will be instituted and required at the same time regarding all requests for facilities construction projects and requests for new institutions.

The most conspicuous instance of a community college being operated very near a university institution is that of the College of the Albemarle (a racially desegregated community college owned and operated by Pasquotank County with major categorical State-aid support) and Elizabeth City State University, historically a segregated institution for black students. Records of this university show that its greatest enrollment growth has taken place since the



establishment of the neighboring community college. Not even during the period following World War II when college and universities across the State and nation were crowded with veterans enrolled under the G. I. Bill did Elizabeth City State attain enrollment levels equal to those attained during the ten years following reorganization of the College of the Albemarle as a racially desegregated institution of the Community College System. The extent to which the community college has served as a feeder institution for the neighboring State senior institution needs to be, and can be, documented.

The fact that a desegregated community college is operating in the same community with duplication of first and second year offerings will be advantageous for the implementation of a plan to desegregate Elizabeth City State University. Given a free choice, white students at high school graduation will be far more difficult to recruit for a traditionally black university than the same students will be after they have attended one or two years at the desegregated community college. Their additional maturity and bi-racial association will have marked effect.

The comprehensive offerings of the community college provide students of all races with exposure to and opportunity for more varied career options than the university can provide. Contrary to opinions in some circles of higher education, most high school graduates and nearly all dropouts have not decided upon the choice of a career by the time they leave public school. For those who have not made career decisions, enrollment at a university may be quite hazardous. Failure at the university entails both personal trauma and social stigma. At the comprehensive community college, lack of success in the college transfer curriculum often engenders interest in making a lateral transfer into a vocational or technical curriculum or perhaps into the general education



curriculum combining college work and occupational training. Lateral transfers from occupational curricula to college transfer also occur, especially where a good student wishes to learn a job skill to finance university education.

The community college institution has a highly effective counseling and guidance program. This is due in considerable part to the fact that the institution has a wider range of options available to the student. Most of these are demonstrably perceptible to the student and are both short-term and incremental in the acquisition of skills taught.

The teachers and staffs of institutions of the Community College System are specially trained to help the low-achiever and underachiever to acquire more effective learning methods. They also have developed much versatility and resourcefulness in the employment of teaching methods. The Community College System provides a continuing series of inservice training programs for its teachers, and some of the larger institutions have attained a capacity for innovative research and development of instructional materials, equipment, and teaching methods. The entire focus is upon teaching students. University faculties have heavy responsibilities in research, publication, etc., in addition to teaching.

The institution charges of attending the institution of the Community College System is much less than that of attending the typical university even if the student commutes daily to the institution in either case. (In either case the cost of commuting may be substantial.) Tuition at the North Carolina resident rate is \$42 per quarter in the college transfer curriculum and \$32 per quarter in other curriculums throughout the Community College System.

Other student fees and charges vary from institution to institution but are limited by the State Board not to exceed \$28 per year. (Inter-collegiate athletic programs are rarely found in Community College System institutions.)



Student recruiting in the community is very effective throughout the Community College System for several reasons. First, the institution is interested in recruiting a far wider range of ability levels--from illiterates to college level, from unskilled to the highly skilled who desire further upgrading of training or education. Second, practically all of its students are from homes and families in the commuting area and therefore serve as contacts with others in the area who may need what the institution can provide. Third, the employers of the community receive all or the major portion of the output of the institution and assume a voluntary role in recruitment effort. Fourth, the institution's programs are largely selected to meet the needs found to exist among the population of the commuting area and are therefore more highly "saleable" to prospective students than are the relatively traditional curricula of a university. The typical university probably needs a much larger "service area population" than the typical institution of the Community College The university will accept from the same geographic area fewer students than a community college or a technical institute. Where both types of institutions exist in the same community, the university recruits locally at an increased rate because of the feeder influence of the more comprehensive and locally oriented community college or technical institute.

Existence of the Community College System institution as a system of separate, county-owned institutions increases the interest and involvement of the community in the whole area of higher education. The county government does not support the university with local tax funds. It does provide substantial local tax support to the community college or technical institute.

Finally, the College of the Albemarle and a number of other Community

College System institutions have operated institution bus routes from local



funds to provide transportation for students needing to commute from the service area to the institution but who are unnable to provide their own transportation. The College of the Albemarle serves seven small counties.

e. Interinstitutional Cooperation

In preceding paragraphs numerous instances of interinstitutional cooperation have been stated or implied, both as to institutions within the Community College System and as to other public and private institutions. It is, nevertheless, appropriate to emphasize at this point that an excellent spirit of cooperation exists between most, if not all, of the institutions of the Community College System and the institutions of the University of North Carolina nearest to them.

Among the senior institutions conducting contract and instructional programs in technical institutes are University institutions predominantly black as well as institutions predominantly white. Inservice training programs for faculty and staff of community colleges and technical institutes have been provided by a relatively few institutions of The University. North Carolina State University at Raleigh has been the most active in this area of cooperation because of its strong orientation to technical and other occupational training and because of its strong graduate school programs which have relevance to occupational education. In the early years after the establishment of the Community College System in 1963, North Carolina State University was the only institution of those now in The University which actively sought to provide major assistance to institutions of the Community College System. Since 1966, an increasing number of other institutions of The University have become active in establishing cooperative relationships with neighboring institutions of the Community College System. It is anticipated that these activities will increase and diversify in the future.



f. Quality of Programa, Servicea, and Staff

Approximately 30 inatitutions have received State Board of Education accreditation based upon the State Plan and State taak force evaluations of philosophy and purpose, educational programs, learning reacurcea centers, student personnel services, physical facilities, organization and administration, and financial management and resources. State Board accreditation is based upon the annually-revised State Plan for Vocational Education and upon a published manual entitled <u>Evaluative Standards and Criteria</u> authorized by the State Board of Education in 1969, copies of which are submitted as a separate document. (The State Plan for Vocational Education is always submitted to HEW/Vocational Education Division for approval.)

Furthermore, 38 institutions have received accreditation by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities.

g. Number and Quality of Degree Offerings Available

The Community College System in the fall of 1973 offered 63 vocational and 108 technical curriculum programs, plus a college transfer curriculum program (in community colleges only), a general education curriculum program, and various adult and occupational non-curriculum extension programs.

Planning and evaluation efforts are now underway in nearly all of the

57 institutions, with consultative and computer processing assistance provided

by the Department of Community Colleges.

Although this project will not measure quality of educational programs against standard criteria, it will provide quantitative and qualitative information concerning student aspirations, area employment projections, and follow-up on student placement and beginning salaries.



The initial phase of this project is scheduled for completion in December of 1974. The project is presently funded with a federal grant which is scheduled to expire on June 30, 1974.

h. Number of Library Holdings

Library holdings of each institution of the Community

College System are indicated by a statistical table in the Appendix.



F. Anticipated Impacts of Implementation of the State Plan

1. General

The letter of November 10, 1973 from the Department of Health, Education and Welfare to Governor Holshouser includes the following instruction at page 2:

The expected impact on desegregation anticipated to result from any action in the plan must be expressed in numerical terms, particularly with regard to faculty employment and student enrollment.

The emphasis implied by this language is not consonant with our more comprehensive statement of objectives embodied in this State Plan. Neither the exclusive nor the primary intent of this program is the mere realization of changes in the racial composition of faculties and student bodies at constituent institutions. Rather, this State Plan is designed to address three principal deficiencies within the existing total public program of postsecondary education which are attributable, with varying degrees of correlation, to the existence formerly of a de jure segregated system of education. Those objectives, again, are achievement of a higher participation rate by eligible students in public post-secondary education, with special emphasis on correcting the low rate of attendance by blacks; improvement of the educational experiences available to all students, with assurance that both black and white students realize equality of opportunity for quality exposures and involvements; and, finally, increasing and enhancing the opportunities for multi-racial experiences within the post-secondary education context. The three objectives undeniably are interrelated and, in some respects, coextensive: the achievement of progress in one area is expected in many cases to impact favorably on one or both of the remaining two objectives which have been



identified. Thus it is acknowledged that increased "integration" of faculties and student booles is one pervasive objective which constitutes both an appropriate end in itself as well as a means to several other ends. However, we do not propose to measure success under the State Plan by exclusive reference to percentages or rates of "integration" at the faculty and student levels. On the contrary, we anticipate and will work for successful realization of all three objectives. All three objectives will be the subject of progress reports prepared on a regular and periodic basis.

It is within the context of this necessary qualification that we undertake a projection of changes in the racial composition of student bodies and faculties expected as a consequence of conscientious implementation of the State Plan.

The program herewith undertaken constitutes "social engineering" of a most pervasive and difficult nature. Within a context of voluntarism, and using the techniques of persuasion and inducement on a large, eclectic, and independent body of citizens, we hope to effect changes in social attitudes which transcend, as to both cause and effect, the sphere of our immediate influence. It is an ambitious undertaking. We believe that substantial success can and will be realized. It is exceedingly difficult, however, to predict the rate or extent of success in advance. The difficulty is a reflection of the fact that this is largely an unscientific program, and so the "scientific" numerical quantification of the anticipated consequences of the program is most elusive. There are no reliable bases for predication with reference to many aspects of this State Plan. The assumptions about cause and effect which are articulated throughout the plan are not amenable, in most instances, to preliminary verification. There is reasonable basis for speculation, but only experience will permit justifiable conclusions about the



probable materiality of any particular initiative or the scope of any consequences of the total program. Whether styled "projections" or "quotas" or "goals", the figures which we will supply are the product, at best, of intelligent speculation which has not purported to and indeed cannot take account of all conceivable variables.

2. The University of North Carolina

a. Changes in the Racial Composition of Faculties

The projections concerning increasing the presence of blacks in the faculties of predominantly white institutions are set forth in the body of the State Plan at Section III C. These figures reflect a commitment of maximum good faith effort within the context of the requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, that section prescribes other initiatives, including exchange and visitation programs, which are designed to effect further changes in black faculty presences at predominantly white institutions as well as changes in white faculty presences at predominantly black institutions: because the latter efforts concerning non-traditional employment relationships are keyed to and depend on additional studies and inquiries within prescribed time periods, no projections concerning their numerical consequences are possible before the completion of the prescribed inquiries. Further, the commitment to investigate the need for and methods of achieving generally an enhanced white presence at predominantly black institutions, analogous to that already undertaken under the Executive Order by the predominantly white institutions, has been made in Section III C. The completion of that effort, within the period prescribed, will permit a projection of goals and an estimate of impact.



b. Changes in the Racial Composition of Student Bodies

(1) <u>HEW Guidelines</u>

Before turning to a consideration of what actual results might be expected to flow from the State Plan in terms of modifying student selectivity which reflects racial considerations, it is useful to analyze the formularized "goals" which have been articulated by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. The objective, thus perceived, is to increase the white student representation at predominantly black institutions to approximately one-third and to increase the black student representation at predominantly white institutions by a "significant" number. Some effort to impart a degree of precision to the latter suggested measurement is necessary. One logical method for deducing HEW intent is to hypothesize an essentially constant level and overall percentage of black and white enrollment within the public senior system, assume a 30% displacement of black students by white students at predominantly black institutions, and then calculate the percentage impact of a voluntary redistribution of those displaced black students within the predominantly white institutions. Of the 13,402 students currently (fall 1973) enrolled in the five predominantly black senior institutions, 771 students or 5.8% are white. In order to effect a 30% white representation (4,021 total), it would be necessary to add 3,250 new white students, in the aggregate, to the student bodies of those institutions. The 3,250 black students thereby displaced, under the hypothesis here under consideration, would be redistributed voluntarily among the student bodies of the predominantly white institutions. The consequence, when that number is added to the number of blacks already attending predominantly white institutions (2,832 or 3,7% of the 77,052 students currently at those institutions), is a total black presence within the



predominantly white institutions of 6,082; that number would represent, in the aggregate, approximately 7.9% of the total student enrollment at the predominantly white institutions, or an increase of approximately 115% over the current 3.7% black enrollment there.

Under such an approach, thus, the HEW-inspired goals would be approximately a 30% white presence at predominantly black institutions and approximately an 8% black representation at predominantly white institutions. This formula might appropriately be modified to accommodate and reflect the effort of this State Plan to increase materially the overall attendance rate of black students in the post-secondary public system; a positive and significant effect on black-white ratios within public senior institutions would be realized only if it is assumed that virtually all of the aggregate increase in black participation would be realized at those senior institutions rather than at private senior or public or private junior institutions. It might be possible, under such assumptions, to increase the projected total black presence at predominantly white institutions to 10 percent.

Obviously the foregoing analysis is characterized by a high degree of uncertainty and artificiality. It presupposes a capacity to treat in mathematically analytical terms a subject which is not amenable to any such exacting approach; it neglects the complexity of those numerous variables which impact on enrollment trends and it presupposes the existence of what in fact is a nonexistent capacity to precisely influence future changes in trends. Thus, there is substantial reason for questioning the reliability of stated "goals" of attainment. Although it may be urged that goals simply



require the good faith application of conscientious effort, with no penalty for failure of realization in the face of such effort, there ought to be some discernable reasonable correlation between any such goals and the programmatic effort. In short, goals are meaningful and reasonable only within a context in which realistic conclusions about cause and effect are possible. There is serious question about cause and effect in the present effort. HEW prescribes, however, that such a causal nexus shall be described and quantified. We undertake this task of formulating goals, with appropriate recognition of many factors which make such an effort problematical.

(2) Growth Limitations Which Influence Opportunities for Effecting Racial Changes

The first task in connection with predicting this uncertain future is to try to perceive accurately current dynamics and resulting patterns of student choice and then to project those patterns over the course of the next succeeding four years, without initial reference to any provisions of the State Plan which are designed to modify those patterns of student choice; in short, assuming the absence of the types of initiatives embodied in this State Plan, what patterns reasonably would be anticipated? The second task is to superimpose on that "natural" pattern the "artificial" stimulants embodied in the State Plan and then to derive conclusions about what actually can be expected as a consequence to happen during the next four years.

In describing current dynamics of student choice and projecting those dynamics forward, the following appear to be material items. Currently, within the total post-secondary sector in North Carolina, approximately 164,740 whites and 31,475 blacks are participants. Of the total number of whites, 75.5% are enrolled in public institutions (75,500 in senior institutions and 48,939 in other types of institutions); 24.5% are enrolled in private institutions. Of the total number of blacks, 81.7% are enrolled in public institutions



(15,659 in senior institutions and 10,042 in other types of institutions);
18.3% are enrolled in private institutions.

With reference to public institutions, 99.4% of the white students are enrolled in predominantly white institutions and 0.6% of the whites are enrolled in predominantly black institutions; similarly, with reference to public institutions, 49.1% of the black students are enrolled in predominantly black institutions and 50.9% of the black students are enrolled in predominantly white institutions.

Certain factors, extraneous to this State Plan, are expected to be effective during the next four years in such a way as to modify somewhat this profile.

Current data indicate rather clearly that the traditional pool from which most post-secondary enrollment is drawn (ages 18 to 21) is stabilizing and will level off, if not decline, during the next ten years, in absence of some source of new stimulation. In addition, certain social dynamics unrelated to birth curves appear not to be influencing many eligible college-age persons to pursue post-secondary opportunities to the extent they were during the last decade. Thus significant growth in total institutional enrollments is not anticipated (again, in the absence of some effective ortimulant).

a substantial change in the relative share of students attending private and public institutions. Through a very generous program of State-funded capitation grants to private colleges, needy North Carolina resident students are expected to be induced so use more of the available spaces in private post-secondary institutions in the State. This program is now in its second year of operation; it thus would be premature to project with certainty the impact of this effort in terms of influence on the size of student bodies at



the affected private institutions; however, for the second year now in progress the level of State aid has been more than quadrupled to 4.6 million dollars, with the expectation that a considerably increased impact will be achieved.

Recent data also reveal an extraordinary growth in enrollments at the public Community Colleges and Technical Institutes, which is reflected in an increase in the number of such institutions as well as in absolute increases in student enrollments at established institutions. This reflects, among other things, the choice by college-age students of an attractive option which formerly was not widely available within the State, with the consequence that some students who otherwise would have attended a senior institution are now attending these junior institutions. This trend is expected to continue, though accurate prediction of the impact of this relatively new option on basic enrollment distributions between senior and junior systems is not possible.

Casting an eye ahead, we must anticipate—though we carnot quantify—the potential impact of additional imperatives to address Possible instances of sex discrimination and a similar requirement within private institutions to address both race and sex questions. Both developments would be expected to influence materially the demographic picture, within the total post—secondary education context.

In summary, the available traditional pool of college-age students is about to shrink; more of those pursuing post-secondary education in North Carolina are expected to be placed in the private sector; and increasing numbers of students in the public sector are expected to select a junior institution rather than a senior institution. All these trends impinge on the



projected impact of the State Plan, which introduces various additional stimulants designed to change existing entrenched patterns reflecting racial considerations. The one salient fact is that such changes in racial composition of student bodies is expected to occur within the context of leveling enrollments generally within the total system of post-secondary education and, of great import, a possible decline in total enrollments within the senior public sector. Thus, there will be fewer mobile individuals through whom changes may be effected during the next four years, particularly in the senior institutions. Obviously the latitude to effect changes would be measureably greater under high growth-rate circumstances.

Realistically, we presuppose that the most substantial opportunity for effecting change exists with reference to the "new student" group, as distinguished from the "current student" group; that is, successful voluntary redistribution of incumbent students along racial lines is a less promising expectation than is successful attraction of new entering students into "minority presence" environments. For purposes of this hypothetical postulation, primary attention is focused on the pool of new freshman students available during the four-year term of the State Plan; at the same time, we acknowledge that some real impact ought to be anticipated within transfer and post-baccalaureate admissions contexts; however, for purposes of this necessarily gross analysis, no effort to measure that impact is being undertaken presently, though it will be treated in specific institutional goals.

The immediately preceding analysis suggests bases for concluding that the pool of prospective first-year applicants to the senior institutions will not grow materially over the course of the next four years; this estimate is optimistic in terms of maintaining current numbers, in view of the possibilities



that some such prospective students will be induced to attend private institutions and some public junior institutions. Nevertheless, for each of the next succeeding four years, we anticipate an aggregate entering freshman class within the public senior system of approximately 17,300 persons. Assuming no change in the relative total attendance rates for whites and blacks, those entering classes would be expected to consist of approximately 14,000 (81%) whites and approximately 3,300 (19%) blacks; however, consistent with the commitment of this State Plan to increasing the percentage participation of blacks, we will devote our serious efforts to insuring that black representation in the freshman enrollments will increase at the rate of 1% per year for the next four years, thus generating approximately 200 additional black students per year. It is within the parameters thus defined that we address the question of what extent of change in racially selective expressions of student choice may be anticipated.

The ultimate objectives posited by HEW likely will not be achieved within the time span of this Plan. Rather, our commitment is to achieve substantial progress within four years, with the expectation that additional formal efforts (whether or not embodied in a second or supplemental State Plan) will be necessary. We are attempting to make a real beginning.

(3) The Effect of Necessary Program Deferrals

The immediate challenge is to ascertain, carefully and realistically, what progress ought to result within the next four years. A fundamental constraint which militates against the generation of reasonably accurate goals at this time is the fact that not all programs contemplated by this State Plan are as yet the subject of definite commitments to action. In reviewing the several commitments, and accompanying implementation dates,



contained in this State Plan, we note that they are of three types. First, there are those which are designed to be implemented immediately and which we hope will be influential as of the 1974-75 academic year. Second, there are those efforts to which a definite commitment is being made but which are necessarily deferred in impact because of necessary startup time. Finally, there are those efforts which as yet are not the subject of definite commitment, which are being studied further within the requirements of a definite period of time, and which may result in the adoption of definite commitments following completion of the prescribed additional study. It is the latter category which presents serious impediments to projection of goals, since many of the deferred items are expected to be highly influential with reference to the central problem of attracting "minority presence" students. For example, one study will address the matter of possible programmatic distinctions, rearrangements and combinations designed to influence patterns of student choice of institutions in such a manner as to minimize or eliminate race consciousness. By way of further example, another study will address the matter of possible qualitative deficiencies within the predominantly black institutions, to the end that any such institutions which require remedial attention will receive it and, thereby, will be rendered more attractive to "minority presence" students. In short, there are critical gaps in the present program, as set forth herein, which are not expected to be filled before various future specified dates; only after completion of those additional studies and the formulation of corresponding appropriate action programs will it be possible to take account, in connection with the projection effort, of all ingredients which we expect will have some material impact.



(4) Difficulties Attending Institutional Goal-Setting

Finally, the task is further complicated by the requirement that all such projections and goals be calculated on an institution-by-institution basis. In that connection, it is not reasonable to assume a constant and identical achievement at every institution, expressed in terms of the 30-10 formula. Rather, variations ought to be expected and accepted as unavoidable, because of geographic considerations, varying institutional characteristics, and the extent of the "integration foundation" on which the particular institution is building. This last point appears to be an effective summary basis for accommodation of several variables that likely are pertinent to the reasonableness of a particular institutional projection. The proposition, simply stated, is that the more progress an institution has made with reference to integration the more additional progress might reasonably be anticipated, because the established relatively larger base of "minority presence" will be one very substantial inducement to other minority students to attend the institution. For example, among the predominantly black institutions the extent of "minority presence" ranges from a high of 8.0% to a low of 3.5%; among the predominantly white institutions the extent of "minority presence" ranges from a high of 7.9% to a low of 1.7%. Furthermore, the rate and extent of integration achievement will vary necessarily in relation to the total enrollment growth potential of the several campuses; at some locations, optimal size of total enrollment soon will be reached, with the consequence that significant changes in racial composition will not be effected as a function of aggregate student body enlargement.



Many such complex considerations have been addressed in connection with the effort to establish individual institutional goals. That process of analysis has included extensive involvement by institutional officials.

Suggested measurements of reasonably anticipated accomplishment were prepared and transmitted to the affected campuses; local campus resources were brought to bear on those centrally developed projections, for purposes of testing their validity and reality in context; additional discussions with each campus were undertaken, to the end that there might be a satisfactory blending of central perceptions and campus exigencies. The net distillation is a realistic, significant, and attainable set of projections for each campus within The University of North Carolina, during the period 1974-1977.

(5) Specific Assumptions on Which Institutional Goals Are Based

(a) It is assumed that the aggregate student pool available to post-secondary educational institutions in North Carolina (public and private, senior and junior) during the 1974-1977 time frame of the State Plan will consist of:

North Carolina residents in the traditional college-going age group of 18-21; according to demographic data currently available, this group in 1973 consisted of 438,000 persons, will increase to approximately 445,500 by 1975, and then will decline to approximately 439,000 in 1977;

Nonresidents constituting out-of-state enrollment, with the assumption that the percentage representation of such students in North Carolina institutions will remain essentially constant during the time frame of the State Plan;

North Carolina residents who are above the traditional college-going age, which may constitute an increasingly significant factor but one which is not being measured directly for present purposes.



(b) The basic student pool available to the public senior institutions comprising The University of North Carolina, during the planning period, will reflect the above catalogued factors, coupled with the optimistic assumption that for the 1974-1977 period the University will maintain its recent historical share of total enrollment in all post-secondary institutions within North Carolina.

(c) In addition to the basic demographically-derived, anticipated University pool of students during the 1974-1977 planning period, the going rate for both black students and white students will increase slightly, with the black rate to increase at a higher rate than the white rate and with the consequence that by 1977 approximately 800 additional black students (over and above those predicted on the basis of current demographic data) will be added to the University enrollment.

(d) The five predominantly black institutions within the University will continue to enroll approximately 15 percent of the total University enrollment (from 14.8% in 1973 to approximately 15.3% in 1977) and, correspondingly, the eleven predominantly white institutions will enroll approximately 85 percent of the total University enrollment (from 85.2% in 1973 to approximately 84.7% in 1977).

(e) The number of white students enrolled in the predominantly black institutions will approximately double (from 788 to approximately 1,600) during the time frame of the State Plan; correspondingly, the number of black students enrolled in the predominantly white institutions will increase by approximately 44 percent (from 2,832 to approximately 4,072) during the time frame. The ratio of the respective rates of "minority presence" change, as between the predominantly black and predominantly white institutions



(that is, 103% to 44%, or 2.34:1), does not impose a disproportionate "change burden" on the predominantly black institutions. Given the basic demographic constraints and the institutional integration achievements realized to date, a different incidence of burden more favorable to the predominantly black institutions could be effected only if (1) there were a radical (and wholly unanticipated) increase in the going rate of black students, over and above that projected herein, with virtually complete absorption of such students within the predominantly white institutions, or (2) the total enrollment in the predominantly black institutions were to decline sharply, with substantially larger numbers of black students otherwise expected to be enrolled there in fact being enrolled at predominantly white institutions, so as to modify materially the 85%-15% ratio of total student enrollments as between the two groups of institutions. Indeed, if the HEW-inspired goals based on the aforementioned 30-10 formula were achieved, the incidence-of-change ratio between predominantly black and predominantly white institutions would have to be approximately 502% to 156%, or 3.22:1.

student increase at each institution will be in proportion to its "minority presence" enrollment in 1973 (e.g., Elizabeth City State University had 11% of the five-school total "minority presence" enrollment in 1973 and is projected to have 11% of the five-school total "minority presence" enrollment in 1977.)*

^{*}One exception is noted in the case of UNC-CH where a limitation on enrollment fixed at 20,000 students will be approached during the time frame; as a consequence of this growth limitation, UNC-CH will have in 1977 a slightly smaller percentage share of the eleven-school black student enrollment than it had in 1973; however, the projected ratio between black and white students at that campus (7.1% to 92.9%) is as favorable as would have been the case in an "unlimited growth" projection because the total projected white student enrollment has been reduced to effect a higher percentage representation of black students.

(g) The rate of "minority presence" increase at each institution will reflect an exponential curve based on the expectation that the rate will gradually augment over the time frame, with greater accomplishment to be realized in 1977 than in 1974.

(6) <u>Institutional Goals</u>

The projections for achievement in 1977 are expressed in precise numerical terms which reflect the necessarily mathematical, formularized approach to goal-setting. However, in fact any projection exercise constitutes an estimate based on hopefully careful and comprehensive assessments of probabilities. Thus, the following 1977 figures should be viewed as midpoints of a possible range of achievement, with allowance for variations, either over or under the midpoints, to the extent of two percent of each institution's total projected enrollment.



UNC ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS 1974-1977 (Number of Students and Percent of Institution Minority Enrollment)

				1974			1975				1976			1977	
INSTITUTION	E14∴₹	THER	TOTAL	BLACK	OTHER	TOTAL	BLACK	OTHER	TOTAL	BLACK	OTHER	TOTAL	BLACK	OTHER	TOTAL
Elizabeth City	1,518	3 B 2 . 7%	1,146	- 1,067	104	1,171	1,067	127	1.194	1,067	151	1,218	1,067	179 14.42	1.246
Fayettevllle	1,727	63 3.52	1,790	1.755	74	1.829	1,755	91	1,846	1,755	108	1,863	1.755	128 5.8%	1.88)
N.C. A and T	4,497	254 7.48	4.751	4,555	300	4,855	4,555	368	4,923	4.555	435	4 ,99 0	a.555	516 10.2%	5,071
N.C. Central	3,735	124 4.02	4,062	3.769	394	4,153	3,769	469	4.238	3,769	555	4,324	3,769	658 14.9%	4.427
Winston-Salem	1,594	59 3.6%	1.653	1,619	69	1.688	1,619	85	1,704	1.619	101	1.720	1,619	120 6.9%	1,739
5-SCHOOL TOTAL	12,614 94.17	7 88 5.9%	13,402 (14.8%)	12,765 93.22	931 6.82	13,696 (14.9%)	12.765 91.8%	1,140 8.2%	13,905 (15.0%)	12,765 90.42	1,350 9.62	14.115 (15.2%)	12.765 88.9%	1,601 11.12	14,366 (15.3%)
Appalachion	131 1.7%	7,414	7.545	135	7,554	7.689	143	7.585	7,728	159	7.585	7.744	190 2.4%	7,585	7,775
East Carolina	340 3.4%	9.728	10.068	350	9.915	10,265	371	9,932	10,303	411	9,932	10,343	493 4.72	9,932	10,425
M.C. School of the Arts	30 7.9%	148	378	32	352	384	33	352	385	36	352	388	43 10.92	352	395
N.C. State University	349 2.4%	11,908	14,257	359	:4.171	14,530	380	14,214	14,594	422	14,214	14,636	506 3.42	14,214	14,720
Pembroke	64 3.32	1,854	1,918	66	1,890	1,956	69	1,893	1,962	77	1,893	1,970	93 4.7%	1,893	1,986
UNC-Amheville	33 2.91	1.092	1,125	34	1,133	1,147	37	1,114	1,151	41	1,114	1,155	48 4.1%	1,114	1,167
UNC-Charlotte	319 5.25	1,804	6,123	328	5.916	6,244	347	5,916	6,263	386	5,916	6,302	462 7.2%	5,916	6,378
INC-Chapel Hill	985 5.17	15.411	19.396	1,085	18,515	19,600	1,185	18,465	19,650	1,290	18,410	19.700	1.395 7.12	18.355	19,750
INC-Greensboro	360 4.81	744.76	7.856	391	7,616	8,007	414	7,616	8.030	460	7,616	8,076	550 6.7%	7,616	8,166
JNC-Wilmington	79 3.13	7.463	2,542	81	2.516	2,597	86	2,516	2,602	95	2,516	2,611	115 4.4 2	2,516	2,631
Pestern Catolina	122 2.13	5,752	5,844	126	5.848	5,974	133	5.848	5.981	143	5,848	5,996	177 2.9%	5,848	6,025
1-SCHOOL TOTAL	3.15	76,120	77,052 (85.2%)	2,987 3.8%	75.406	78,393 (85.12)	3,198 4.12	75,451	78.649 (85.02)	3.525 4.5%	75,396	78,921 (84.8%)	4.072 5.1%	75,341	79,415 (84.7%)
INC TOTAL	15+446 (17, 11*	15 ANG (3.1 62)	90.454 (100.0X)	15,752 (17.1%)	76.337 (82.9%)	92,089 (100.0%)	15.963 (17.2 x)	76,591 (82.8%)	92.554 (100.02)	16.290		93.036 (100.0%)		76,942 (82 0%)	93,779 (100.0%)

NOTE: Percents in Parentheses six Sampé on UNC Total Envollment



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(7) Conclusion

We seek, in the foregoing exposition, to take appropriate account of some of the major difficulties which attended the effort to measure the sufficiency of our current affirmative undertakings and to provide, through the statement of goals, both a source of inducement to serious effort and a basis for monitoring and measuring progress. We hope that this discussion will be appreciated for what it is intended to be: a determination to set goals which we have some substantial basis for believing will be achieved, rather than the casual projection of inflated and unduly optimistic generalities.

Our fundamental commitment is to an intensive period of serious activity, in the belief that great progress can be achieved, although we understand the problems associated with advance measurement of that anticipated achievement. We believe that much of good will happen during the next four years, and we intend to insure that such is the case.

In formulating the individual institutional goals, we have taken into account both the difficulties and the opportunities. On the one hand, we must be sensitive to the intrinsic problems of predicting the future, to the limitations imposed by the necessary deferral of final decision about several aspects of this action program, and to the special local characteristics of the constituent institutions. On the other hand, we have established substantial objectives toward which we will be reaching conscientiously.

These goals will be reexamined annually for purposes of possible revision; such review will be Particularly significant at the conclusion of the 1974-1975 academic year, in light of additional State Plan initiatives which may be undertaken on the basis of completed study commitments made herein which are due to occur during the next twelve months.



3. The Community College System

The Department of Community Colleges has over the years developed and maintained a management information system which, among other capabilities, produced data appropriate to analyze desegregation information and practices insofar as these pertain to students.

The development of management information system capabilities to provide adequate data for analysis of desegregation information and practices with respect to faculty and staff was necessarily placed in a second priority and its development has not yet attained the same degree of comprehensiveness and sophistication as that related to students. With increased funding support, the development now in progress can be rapidly brought to standards which apprise the responsible authorities of the facts to disclose racial desegregation impact related to faculty and staff. It is anticipated that the governing boards and administrators will, as in the past, take responsible action to pursue vigorously and in good faith the elimination of any vestiges of the segregation practices which may be found to have infiltrated from other sources into the Community College System contrary to intent and policy of the governing authorities of this System. Evaluations will be made respecting faculty and staff on an annual basis.



G. Administration of Plan

1. Planning Period

A four-year period for the execution of this State Plan is deemed appropriate. We acknowledge that this is the first significant stage of what is perceived to be an ongoing program, subject to careful monitoring and periodic modification and improvement as dictated by experience and results. This effort is keyed to a four-year interval in the belief that at least that much time is needed to realize significant and measureable progress and in the belief that any more extensive execution period would involve increasingly imprecise and imponderable variables which would limit accuracy and predictability and thus usefulness.

The numerous substantial action commitments which constitute this initial four-year program all have two characteristics in common: First, each element is designed to effect changes in the racial identifiability of the constituent institutions; second, with respect to each such element it is not possible to do more than speculate as to its probable effectiveness. Accordingly, the Plan consists, in the final analysis, of a combination of multiple experimental efforts. Only experience will determine whether our confidence in this eclectic combination of efforts was well placed. With reference to the total effort here specified, it seems axiomatic and certainly beyond serious dispute that any effort to effect wide-ranging changes in social attitudes will take an appreciable amount of time. The purpose described herein is to set in motion various programs which we earnestly hope will be influential. The realistic expectation is that those various programs will, cumulatively and in combination, generate a progressively more substantial impact with the passage of time. We do not expect dramatic, instant results; rather, we expect the



positive results to cumulate, during the four-year life of the Plan, in substantial and measurable progress toward the ultimate objectives here postulated. Thus, reason dictates the conclusion that more measurable results will be achieved during the second year than during the first, more during the third year than during the second, and more during the fourth year than during any preceding year.

The dates assigned for realizing implementation of the various action programs are, in every instance, the earliest dates on which it appears feasible to have accomplished the implementation task; the corresponding dates for generation of results consequent upon such implementation cannot be stated with as much precision or certainty; stated simply, just as we do not and cannot know exactly what results will flow from a particular action program, so also we cannot know exactly when or in which volume any such results will be realized. The two concrete summary bases for measurement of progress which are included in the Plan (i.e., changes in the racial composition of student bodies and changes in the racial composition of institutional faculties) do anticipate a steadily augmenting rate of change over the four-year life of the Plan.

In several instances, it may appear that either the implementation date or the accomplishment date posited for a particular program is unduly delayed or conservative. What we have sought to do in every instance is to set objectives which are realistic, with due sensitivity to the fact that the entire program is attended by an understandable and understood urgency. For example, a substantial commitment contained in the Plan is to study carefully the possible existence of qualitative differences between comparable predominantly white and predominantly black institutions, to the end that any



such deficiencies as may be found within predominantly black institutions might be addressed and remedied promptly. The projected study, which will undertake to quantify and analyze many variables which arguably affect institutional quality, will require several months to complete; as promptly thereafter as the budget process permits, any such deficiencies discovered which are remediable by the infusion of additional money resources will have to be addressed in the form of budget appropriation requests to the North Carolina General Assembly. Since the budget requests for the 1975-1976 biennium are currently in the process of preparation and will be completed and submitted well before completion of the prerequisite study of possible supplemental needs of predominantly black institutions, the target date for actual realization of supplemental aid to predominantly black institutions can be no earlier than the 1977-78 fiscal year, in the absence of favorable action by the 1975 General Assembly on a late special request for a special appropriation supplement. Other similar examples exist of practical constraints with respect to either the timing of implementation or the realization of results. Our representation is that we have outlined within the Plan a composite program which reflects due and reasonable haste to achieve results.

2. Responsibility for Implementation

a. The University of North Carolina

Sections 501A, 501B and 501C of the Code of The University of North Carolina prescribe in pertinent part:

The President of The University of North Carolina shall be the chief administrative and executive officer of the University. He shall have complete authority to manage the affairs and execute the policies of The University of North Carolina and its constituent institutions, subject to the direction and control of the Board of Governors and the provisions of this Code.



He shall be responsible to the Board of Governors for the prompt and effective execution of all laws relating to The University of North Carolina and of all resolutions, policies, rules and regulations adopted by the Board for the operation of The University of North Carolina and for the government of any and all of its constituent institutions . . .

* * *

In carrying out his duties and responsibilities, the President shall be assisted by his staff officers and by the chancellors of the constituent institutions The President may delegate to other officers portions of his duties and responsibilities, with the required authority for their fulfillment.

Section 502A of the Code provides in pertinent part:

The administrative and executive head of each constituent institution shall be the Chancellor, who shall exercise complete executive authority therein, subject to the direction of the President.

Consistent with the foregoing, the various sections of the State Plan which call for action and therefore entail a need for identification of responsible officials have been written in terms of the authority and responsibility of the President and the chancellors, with the implicit understanding that within the context of, respectively, General Administration and campus administration the principal executives will delegate specific tasks to members of their staffs. Beyond technical assignments of official responsibility, however, we acknowledge that success in this undertaking necessarily will be a reflection of total institutional involvement and commitment, and to that end the responsible officials will publicize broadly both the contents of this State Plan and the progress of initiatives taken thereunder within the several affected institutions.

Compliance with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act is now and will continue for the indefinite future to be a substantial administrative concern of The University of North Carolina. It is also anticipated



that within the relatively near future, concern for the elimination of any remaining effects of discrimination on the basis of sex will also be a matter of substantial and continuing administrative concern to The University. For this reason, it is anticipated that there will be lodged at the vice presidential level within the administrative structure of The University imm-diate responsibility for general oversight of The University's efforts to comply with Title VI, the preparation of semi-annual and special reports required in pursuance of The University's obligations under Title VI, the investigation of complaints of Title VI violations made directly to The University or referred to The University by the Office for Civil Rights, and such other activities as may be conducive to the achievement of the general objectives of the State Plan. The amount of work to be done in pursuance of this obligation will exceed the capacities of one individual who also has other duties and therefore staff assistance will be necessary. Accordingly, budget provision will be made for the employment of such additional help as the vice president with responsibility for this matter may need in carrying out his responsibilities.

In addition to the personnel requirements just noted, there will doubtless be other expenses that will be especially incurred by reason of The University's efforts to maintain compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act. These will include special studies that must be undertaken on the initiative of The University or on request of the Office for Civil Rights, the employment of consultants to aid in identifying and devising solutions to problems, the convocation of conferences of administrative and faculty personnel to assist with the solution of problems, travel, and the like. The University budget should also provide for the support of these activities, since they will call for the expenditure of funds not now provided in The University's budget.



While the provision of special funds in the needed amounts will have to await another legislative appropriation to The University, interim assistance will be obtained in part from a \$15,000 allocation from the funds appropriated to The University for 1974-75 and in part from the temporary diversion to meet the requirements of Title VI enforcement of personnel and funds originally provided for other purposes.

Responsibility: The President of The University and a vice president designated by him.

Timing: Beginning 1974 and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Costs: \$50,000 a year for 1975-76 and each year thereafter.

Effect: To aid the President and the Board of Governors in the

efficient and effective execution of the duties of the Board and the President under Title VI of the

Civil Rights Act and the State Plan.



b. The Community College System

The legal relationship of the State level authorities to the institution authorities in the Community College System does not parallel that of The University. Each institution of the Community College System is an instrumentality of county government. These institutions are State-aided, rather than State-owned. This legal distinction has some bearing upon the responsibility for implementation of any policy, plan or regulation adopted by the State Board of Education which needs implementing action at the local level.

The State President of the Community College System is charged with responsibility for publishing and interpreting to the presidents and trustees of the respective institutions the policies, plans, and regulations adopted by the State Board relating to the institutions. The State President's relation—ship to the institution officers and trustees is largely based on leadership and persuasion, rather than command or direction. The primary sanction which is available as the ultimate instrument of persuasion is the statutory authority given the State Board of Education to withhold or withdraw State aid in the event that the president or trustees of an institution persists in refusing to implement policies, plans, or regulations adopted by the State Board of Education. This does not preclude the possibility of the institution continuing to operate with funds of local origin.

The institution presidents and trustees have in the past given responsible acceptance to the policies, plans, and regulations adopted by the State Board of Education. Consequently, the Community College System has always operated as a desegregated system of institutions. The System and each and every institution of the System is believed to be substantially in compliance with



provisions of the federal Civil Rights Act. Where deficiencies have been found in the past, all feasible steps have been taken to remedy them: and this is expected to continue as future practice. The State Board of Education, the State President, the local boards of trustees and the institution presidents have always approached problems of desegregation responsibly and in good faith and this is expected to continue in the future.



3. Monitoring, Review, and Revision of the State Plan

a. General

While acknowledging the dual legal character of the total public post-secondary educational program within North Carolina, this State Plan was composed and speaks in unified terms. That comprehensive statewide emphasis must characterize the necessary review and monitoring processes in which we will be engaged in the years to come.

To serve that essential purpose, a state committee for racially non-discriminatory public post-secondary education will be established by July 1, 1974. The committee will consist of four representatives appointed by the President of The University of North Carolina from The University staffs; four representatives appointed by the State President of the Community College System from the System staffs; one representative appointed by the Governor from his staff; and eight members at-large, who shall be lay citizens with no affiliation with either The University of North Carolina, the Community College System, the Department of Public Instruction, or any other public agency, institution, or office, and who shall be appointed by the Governor. The membership of the committee will reflect in both the representation from The University and the Community College System and in the at-large members the principal racial elements in the general population of the State.

It will be the responsibility of the committee to meet at the call of its elected chairman or of the Governor for the purpose of assessing progress in the implementation of the State Plan, identifying problems encountered in the course of the administration of the State Plan, receiving and evaluating complaints as to the efficacy of the State Plan, and rendering advice to the



Governor, the President of The University of North Carolina, and the State

President of the Community College System concerning the State Plan and its
administration.

Staff support for the committee will be provided by the State President of the Community College System and the President of The University of North Carolina and no special additional expense, beyond that already contemplated in this report, is anticipated to be required for this purpose. Additional funds will need to be requested for the fiscal years 1975-76 and afterwards for the direct expenses of the commission itself, chiefly the travel and subsistence expenses of the members-at-large of the committee. (It is assumed that the employing organizations of the public members will absorb such expenses incurred in connection with their service on the committee.)

Responsibility: The Governor of North Carolina, the President of
the Community College System, and the President of
The University of North Carolina.

Timing: Beginning July 1, 1974 and continuing at least to 1978.

Special Cost: \$2,000 a year for 1975-76 and each year thereafter for payment of the expenses incurred by lay members of the committee in attendance at meetings and other

Effect: To provide advice, guidance, and assistance to the

performance of duties.

President of the Community College System and the

President of The University of North Carolina and their

staffs in the administration of the State Plan, and

especially to provide a regular channel for a concerned

group of citizens to be informed about and to provide

advice with respect to the administration of the State Plan.



b. The University of North Carolina

We recognize that rapidly-changing events can make obsolete any long-term plan, and especially one that embraces so large and complex an endeavor as public post-secondary education. It is therefore contemplated that the annual review of the State Plan to be carried out by the President and the Board of Governors of The University, aided by the state committee for racially nondiscriminatory public post-secondary education, will lead to a substantial updating and revision of the Plan as it pertains to The University if that be found necessary in order to address more effectively the problems identified. Any revision of the Plan will be filed promptly with the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.



2. The Community College System

Data on faculty and staff employment distribution by racial and ethnic category will be reviewed annually by the State President. Student enrollment data will be reviewed quarterly. Faculty and staff salaries by racial and ethnic category will be reviewed annually. Compositions of board members will be reviewed annually.

The State Board of Education will make necessary revisions in the Community College System plan upon recommendation of the State President as needed.



4. Reporting Requirements

a. <u>General</u>

It will be the responsibility of the President of The University of North Carolina and the State President of The Community College System to furnish information and reports referable to their respective areas of responsibility to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare concerning implementation of and accomplishment under the State Plan. These reports will be submitted twice annually, on or about February 1 (designed to reflect activities and accomplishments during the fall term) and August 1 (designed to reflect activities and accomplishments during the spring term). Certain statistical data are more conveniently and meaningfully collected and analyzed on an annual basis rather than on a semi-annual basis, there being little change in them except once a year; other information can be gathered and assessed for the shorter time interval prescribed.

b. The University of North Carolina

Aside from efforts to comply with all statistical reporting formats prescribed by HEW, the governing assumption is that the periodic reports submitted by The University of North Carolina will undertake to address each aspect of the State Plan which calls for an action program. Thus, the report will embody a statement concerning whether or not the proposed implementation date for a particular action has been satisfied, what measurable consequences reasonably attributable to the activity have been realized during the reporting interval, and what modifications, if any, are proposed, are under consideration, or have been adopted in light of experience to date. Further, in any instance where the adoption and implementation of an action program is to be predicated



on an initial period of study and analysis, the report will include an assessment of progress, or lack of progress, to date of the report with reference to such preliminary activities.

The contents of the annual report will include, for example, data on the fall student enrollment of each of the public post-secondary institutions, analyzed by race; data on student retention experience by institution, by race; data on degrees granted by each institution, by race; data on faculty composition of each institution, by race and various other factors such as rank and highest earned degree; data on faculty salaries, by race; data on library holdings for each of the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina; data on budgets of each of the constituent institutions of The University; and similar statistica, information that might be helpful in evaluating the status of the institutions and the progress made toward the accomplishment of the goals stated in the State Plan. In addition, the semi-annual report will include a narrative assessment, together with such statistics as seem helpful, as to the progress and problems experienced in carrying out the commitments made in the State Plan. As additional types of information are found by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare to be necessary for its purposes in evaluating North Carolina's progress, such information will be provided to the maximum feasible extent.

As has been stated earlier, the impact on the racial composition of the student bodies of the 16 constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina anticipated to result from the effectuation of the State Plan has been stated in overall terms. No attempt has been made to ascribe a particular impact or degree of impact to a particular action. For the same reason, we think the most appropriate milestones by which the effectiveness of the State



Plan can be measured are those that have previously been set forth in the sections specifically projecting racial impact. Thus the report to be filed with the Office for Civil Rights as of January of each year will state for each institution the current racial composition of its student body and this will enable comparison with the projected figures and percentages contained in this report. We believe this to be the most meaningful set of milestones that can be devised for testing the efficacy of the State Plan against its ultimate objective.

An essential component of all periodic reports filed will be the treatment of intervening decisions made or in contemplation which have or might have an identifiable potential for a negative impact on the collective effort to render the constituent institutions less racially identifiable. All administrative officials of The University and of the constituent institutions are sensitive to and will remain sensitive to the need to attempt to assess the racial impact implications of educational actions, such as the addition, deletion, expansion, or contraction of academic programs, the construction, expansion, or closing of facilities, the establishment or discontinuation or significant modification of the mission of a constituent institution, and the modification of admissions standards, degree requirements, and educational expectations. A basic commitment is herein made by the Board of Governors to ensure that such assessments are made, in recognition of the fact that one critical consideration (but not the only proper consideration) in resolving basic questions about the role, scope, and mission of The University is the need to encourage at all times, in every way feasible, the further elimination of identifiable racial In any case where the strong possibility of a negative impact attributable to a particular course of action is perceived, the action will not



be taken unless there are countervailing legitimate and compelling inducements, of a sound educational character, which militate in favor of the proposed action.

The process of analysis and decision—making with reference to all required impact inquiries shall begin at the lowest pertinent operational level; thereafter, with reference to policy questions which under state law or established board policy are assigned to the Board of Governors for final resolution, the impact evaluation and corresponding recommendation will be reviewed by the President and, in turn, will be treated finally by the Board of Governors; further, with reference to those policy questions which under state law or established board policy have been assigned to the constituent institutions, the impact evaluation and corresponding recommendation will be treated finally by the chancellor of the constituent institution. All such ultimate decisions, whether made at the campus level or at the central level, will be the subject of the periodic reporting commitments made herein.



c. The Community College System

Reports by racial and ethnic category concerning faculty and staff employment distribution, student enrollments, faculty and staff salaries, and board compositions will be transmitted to the Office of Civil Rights as they are developed and reviewed. Changes in the Community College System plan will also be transmitted to the Office of Civil Rights as they are adopted.



5. Costs of Implementation: The University of North Carolina

In the foregoing pages of the State Plan, we have at every point where some new action is determined to be necessary attempted to determine the special cost of that action. For many of the actions intended, the indicated special cost is shown as "none." That does not mean that the activity will actually be cost-free; few of them will. It does mean that means will be sought from sources other than new state appropriations to finance the activity. Where a cost figure is stated, that generally means that the activity can be undertaken only if the indicated sum is requested from and granted by the General Assembly to finance it. The University's 1974-75 budget appropriation requests were filed many months ago with the Governor and Advisory Budget Commission and they are now pending before the Appropriation Committees of the General Assembly, where action is expected on them before any response to this State Plan is likely to have been received by North Carolina from the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. Therefore it is deemed infeasible to seek large additional amounts of money to finance the State Plan for 1974-75. Chief emphasis is placed on appropriation requests for 1975-76.

Summing up the estimated special costs for each of the following years for each of the projected program actions produces the following table (the studies called for in this State Plan will indicate the existence and extent of further appropriation requirements in future years):



<u>Action</u>	<u> 1974-75</u>	<u> 1975-76</u>
Recruiting: E.O.I.C. Director	\$ -	\$ 30,000
Recruiting: Publications	12,000	12,000
Recruiting: Principal minority member of recruiting staffs	-	?
Recruiting: Counsellors' conferences, etc.	3,000	3,000
Student Financial Aid: Minority presence scholarships	-	300,000
Faculty recruiting; Position and applicant listing services	-	30,000
Faculty desegregation: Financial assistance in exchange and visitation programs	-	100,000
General administration of State Plan		50,000
State committee on racially nondiscriminatory public post-secondary education	_	2,000



APPENDICES UNC



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DESECREGATION PLAN DRAFTING COMMITTEE

Co-Chairmen:

- Dr. Charles R. Holloman, State Vice President, Department of Community Colleges, Education Building, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611
- Mr. John L. Sanders, Vice President for Planning, The University of North Carolina, P. O. Box 2688, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514
- Dr. Gordon Blank, President, Western Piedmont Community College, 1001 Burkemont Avenue, Morganton, North Carolina 28655
- Mr. Henry Cooke, Chairman, Faculty Assembly of The University of North Carolina, Department of Mathematics, 207 harrelson Hall, North Carolina State University at Ralcigh, Raleigh, North Carolina 27607
- Dr. Harold Delaney, Vice President for Student Services, The University of North Carolina, P. O. Box 2688, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514
- Chancellor Lewis C. bowdy, N. C. Agricultural and Technical State University, Greensboro, North Carolina 27411
- Or. Lyle Jones, Vice Chancellor and Dean of the Graduate School, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514
- Mr. John D. Knight, Guidance Counsellor and Director of Community Service Program, Nash Technical Institute, Box 2347, Rocky Mount, North Carolina
- Chancellor Charles "A" Lyons, Fayetteville State University, Fayetteville, North Carolina 28301
- Dr. Marsellette Morgan, Associate Vice President Policy Development, Department of Community Colleges, Education Building, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611
- Mr. Fred Morrison, Legal Counsellor to the Governor, Governor's Office, Administration Building, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611
- Mr. Richard H. Robinson, Assistant to the President, The University of North Carolina, P. O. Box 2688, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514
- Dr. Armistead Smith, Administrative Assistant to the President, Wayne Community College, P. O. Box 1868, Goldsboro, North Carolina 27530
- Dr. Phillip Taylor, President, Halifax County Technical Institute, P. O. Drawer 809, Weldon, North Carolina 27890
- Mr. Terrence A. Tollefson. Associate Vice President Planning and Coordination,
 Department of Community Colleges, Education Building, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611
- Chancellor Herhert Wey, Appalachian State University, Boone, North Carolina 28608

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Appendix UNC-2



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WILLFARE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON DIG. 2020

November 10, 1973

Honorable James E. Holshouser, Jr. Governor of North Carolina Governor's Office Raleigh, North Carolina 27611

Dear Gövernor Holshouser:

I am replying to your letter of June 7, which included submissions by the State Board of Education, and to Dr. William C. Friday's letters of June 5 and 8, which included your State's official submission to the Department of Health, Education, and Weifare. After careful study of all the materials North Carolina has sent, we believe that an effective desegregation plan must include coordinated action between the two Boards which exercise responsibility for the Worth Carolina system of higher education. Therefore, we are writing to you, rather than to the Boards, to request that you initiate between these two agencies a closely coordinated effort to develop a comprehensive, detailed, and workable plan for the desegregation of the North Carolina higher education system.

On July 13, 1973, 1 acknowledged to Dr. William C. Friday receipt of your state's submission, "A State Program to Enlarge Educational Opportunity in North Carolina," as requested by my letter of May 19, 1973.

I appreciate the substantial amount of time and effort expended in the development of your submission. It clearly reflects the significant progress made by North Carolina in resolving the problems it faces in eliminating its dual system of higher education. I realize that the time constraints under which you were obliged to operate may not have provided adequate opportunity for you to explore all avenues with the thoroughness and detail you may have wished. Your State's submission does not provide us with a specific plan; rather it states a general "Program" which could lead to the development of a specific plan. This Program lacks sufficient detail to enable us to determine whether the points outlined will, in fact, accompaish the goal of eliminating the vestiges of duality in the higher education system of North Carolina. Although your program outlines many important areas for fruitful discussion, it contains no specific goals for faculty or student enroliment at the various institutions. Thus, our review of your submission, while indicating a good faith effort on the part of State officials, nevertheless indicates that the current submission for North Carolina's system of higher education falls short of complying with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

During the last five months, we have had the opportunity to focus more thoroughly on the issues involved and, as a consequence, we have developed additional criteria which we hope will assist the State in meeting the legal obligations imposed by Title VI. We believe that these criteria should significantly assist the State in the development of a plan which, when implemented, will bring the North Carolina higher education system into compliance with Title VI.



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I. GENERAL

The overall objective of an acceptable plan is the desegregation of the North Carolina higher education system so that a student's choice of institution or campus, henceforth, will be based on other than racial criteria. This overall objective should be achieved through a plan for specific actions by the State System and its individual institutions, coordinated at the State level to promote a unified approach throughout the System.

As stated in the June 12, 1973, decision of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia in Adams:

The problem of integrating higher education must be dealt with on a statewide rather than a school-by-school basis. [footnote omitted] Perhaps the most serious problem in this area is the lack of state-wide planning to provide more and better trained minority group doctors, lawyers, engineers, and other professionals. A predicate for minority access to quality post-graduate programs is a viable coordinated statewide higher education policy that takes into account the special problems of minority students and of black colleges.

A. Burden and Impact

Your plan must be specific both as to objectives and processes, and action in the plan must be set forth in detail. The plan must include all State institutions of higher education (constituent universities, community colleges, and technical institutions) both those which were in existence during the period of State enforced segregation and those which, while opened or established after 1954, have, or may have perpetuated that segregation, or impacted upon the desegregation of the system.

The expected impact on desegregation anticipated to result from any action contained in the plan must be expressed in numerical terms, particularly with regard to faculty employment and student enrollment. Further, the impact of any actions developed subsequent to the submission of the plan must be projected prior to implementation. Such actions include the addition of new institutions, the enlargement of existing facilities, the modification of admissions standards systemwide or at any individual institution, and the addition or deletion of degree programs at any institution. New degree programs, construction, or other actions which impede desegregation will violate Title VI.



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The North Carolina plan and its implementation may not place a greater burden on black as compared to white students, faculty and staff in any aspect of the designegation process. Such burdens include the denial to students of course offerings, access to facilities, financial aid, or other benefits, and the denial to faculty and staff of equal salaries, benefits and seniority rights. The closing or downgrading of any of the predominantly black institutions in connection with desegregation would create a presumption that a greater burden is being placed upon the black students and faculty in the state.

B. Responsibility

Your plan should precisely identify the individuals, agencies, and institutions responsible for insuring the development and implementation of the plan. In light of the objective of disestablishment of the dual system in North Carolina, efforts at and between the individual higher educational institutions must be developed, coordinated and implemented with systemwide effect in mind.

In addition, if action by legislation or approval by State boards or other agencies is required as a precondition for implementation of all or any portion of the plan, the need for such approval must be stated and described.

C. Costs

All costs of implementation of your plan must be identified and estimated and the sources for their payment indicated.

D. Reporting

As your State Program anticipated, the North Carolina plan must include a method for systematic reporting to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Reports should be submitted at least semi-annually and should include all relevant data relating to the implementation and the success or lack of success of your plan. It should also include the dates by which an action will be commenced and completed, as well as the sequence of steps necessary to accomplish the full desegregation of the higher education system in the State of North Carolina.

The Department of Health, Education, and Welfare cannot wait, as your submission suggests, until September, 1976, for a report on the data which you propose to collect from the constituent institutions. We urge that such information and additional information important to the projected desegregation proposals be submitted with your revised plan.



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Title VI compliance. documents or studies pertinent to our assessment of North Carolina's Please submit copies of the above documents, as well as any and all other Aid in North Carolina; a Board of Higher Education Study of admissions Interim Report and Recommendations; a 1967 report: "State-Supported Traditionally Negro Colleges in North Carolina;" a 1968 report: "Planning for Higher Education in North Carolina;" a 1968 Study of Student Financia nor's Commission on Education Beyond the High School; Biennial Reports of the North Carolina Board of Higher Education, 1963-69, including a 1967 Interim Report and Recommendations; a 1967 report: "State-Supported affirmative action plans for employment; a 1962 Report of the Governor's Commission in Theorem In your Program, reference is made to several planning documents and studies conducted by North Carolina. These include: institutional Student Financial other

C. Advisory Boards and Boards of Governance

education in North Carolina, including the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina, the Advisory Budget Commission, the State Education Assistance Authority, the Commission on Higher Education Facilities, the State Board of Education, the various Advisory Groups to the President of the University of North Carolina, and the Boards of Trustees of each of higher education. Please identity the various boards, agencies, and organizations in the State connected with the higher education program and their predecessors, beginning in 1953. As to each: (1) explain how the members are selected, (2) indicate the current and past membership how the members are selected. Boards and Boards of Governance in the State of North Carolina or deter-mine whether their racial compositions have perpetuated your dual system by race We have been unable full desegregation of the various bodies responsible for higher on in North Carolina, including the Board of Governors of the Universince its inception or 1953, whichever is later, and (3) describe the duties and functions of each. Specifically, your plan must information about the racial composition of and present proposals to determine the racial composition of any Advisory

F. Biracial Committee

committee approve the plan and participate in its implementation. developing a desegregation plan, either alone, or in conjunction with appropriate state officials. We would also suggest that this special and support for its implementation by both academia and the community at large, we recommend that the State establish a special biracial committee including persons of each race not presently employed by the State, as well as one or more representatives of the predominantly black institutions, and having a proportion of black members at least equal to the current proportion of black twelfth grade students in the State of North Carolina. This special committee should be charged with the specific responsibility of your response a description of you decide to In order to insure meaningful participation in the development of the plan members follow this suggestion, we would appreciate receiving with of this special committee. the composition and the mode of selection

G. Non-Academic Employment, Contractual Services and University-Related Services and Organizations

Your plan must provide for the elimination of discrimination in non-academic employment. Your Program states, among other things, that the University "will improve minority representation on its general administrative staff " Your plan should provide for desegregation of the administrative staff of each institution: financial aid, admissions, recruitment, placement, housing and counseling officers and staffs, and all other personnel who deal with students.

Your plan must also provide for the elimination of discrimination in provision of services by outside organizations through contracts and in the operation of entities related to or a part of institutions, such as the agricultural extension service and experiment stations related to land grant institutions. These areas of activity are so closely related to the operation of the higher education system and its component institutions that continued discrimination in them will affect the provision of equal educational opportunities. Your submission recognizes the importance of the inclusion of these areas in its general commitment to nondiscriminatory education. Your plan, however, must provide specific steps by which such discrimination will be eliminated.

II. STUDENTS

The objective of your plan in this area is the enrollment of a significant number of students of both races at each institution in your System.

We note that 17.6 percent of the full-time student body in the University of North Carolina system is black. We note further that the student bodies of each of the five predominantly black institutions are 94 percent black or higher, while blacks comprise less than 5 percent of each of the remaining institutions with the exception of special-purpose North Carolina School of the Arts. According to the statistics you have provided, black students comprise 3.5 percent of the professional school population at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, O percent at East Carolina, and under 4 percent of the full-time graduate school enrollments of every institution except Charlotte (7.7 percent) and Central (85.8 percent). It appears that considerable efforts must be made in several areas to desegregate the student bodies at the sixteen University of North Carolina institutions.



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A. Role of Institutions

1. Academic

Your Program does not detail the role and scope for each of the constituent institutions in the University of North Carolina System. For example, you have stated that North Carolina A and T "has expanded its curricula to assume larger responsibilities and services to meet the needs of its constituency." You do not elaborate, however, on how the curricula has been expanded, what larger responsibilities and services have been assumed, what the needs of this constituency are, or who the constituency is.

Your plan therefore must contain a statement of each institution's role expressed in a non-racial manner and including both academic and structural elements. Any statement that a given institution is meant for individuals of a particular race will violate Title VI. The description of the role must include: (1) a summary of the educational program to be offered at each institution, (2) the students whom such institutions are to serve, and (3) the potential opportunities for such students in employment or in further education as a result of completion of the educational program of the institution.

The maintenance of an image at any of the predominantly black institutions in North Carolina as institutions which provide leadership for the underprepared, the poor, the late-bloomers or the handicapped, will likely perpetuate the image of an institution as one for persons who are unable to succeed in an ordinary academic environment; and, thus, as an institution which, as a consequence of the make-up of its student body, offers an education which is less prestigious to that offered by other institutions in the State. Therefore, your plan should avoid these designations unless they are accompanied by (1) an explanation of the criteria by which students will be assessed as to their need for such special treatment and (2) a detailed description of the particular programs and services to be provided. In any event, appropriate support programs must be offered throughout the System to ensure desegregation.

2. Structural

The North Carolina system of higher education, as is pointed out in the June 5 letter and in your State Program, consists of community colleges, technical schools, four and five year senior colleges, regional and nonregional institutions.



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This concept of structural identification for the various institutions in the North Carolina System may be consistent with the elimination of the dual system of higher education. However, it is not clear from your submission that the application of this concept to your System is operating to promote desegregation. You should, therefore, effect sufficient differentiation in the academic roles to insure increased enrollment at each university by members of the race traditionally in the minority. Similarly, you should consider providing for sufficient differentiation in academic role to counterbalance the apparent overlap in mission between the traditionally black State institutions and the community colleges located near them.

B. Curriculum

The placement of curricula at an institution constitutes an important element of its institutional role.

While your stated intention to increase the academic excellence of the predominantly black schools as part of your desegregation effort is commendable, your general listing of projected areas of graduate and undergraduate study provides us with no means of evaluating whether such additional programs, will, in fact, improve the academic standing of the institution and thereby aid in its desegregation. Moreover, despite the programs described in your plan, there is no description of the way in which existing or new courses and programs at either the undergraduate or graduate level are specifically designed to effectuate the various institutional roles.

Your plan, therefore, must indicate the broad nature of the curricular offerings at each institution which are designed to aid in the implementation of its role, with particular emphasis on the impact of these course offerings on desegregation. The plan should show (a) the impact of such programs on faculty and student desegregation in numerical terms; (b) whether such programs are duplicated elsewhere; and if so, (c) where such duplication exists.



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1. Inter-institutional Cooperation

As is pointed out in your Program, widespread opportunities for cooperation between many institutions in the North Carolina system appear to exist. Although the Program enumerates several schools where such cooperation could be expanded, it does not outline specific steps that could and will be taken toward cooperation that are intended to contribute to the process of desegregation. Your plan must describe in detail any current and proposed cooperative programs between the following institutions, among others:

- 1) Elizabeth City and the College of the Albermarle;
- North Carolina Λ. and T. and University of North Carolina ~ Greensboro;
- 3) North Carolina Central and University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina State, and Duke (Research Triangle);
- 4) Fayetteville State and North Carolina State;
- 5) North Carolina A. and T. and North Carolina State;
- 6) Winston-Salem and other schools in that city;
- 7) Fayetteville State and Pembroke State; and
- 8) Each of the five predominantly black institutions and proximate community colleges and technical institutes.

Appendix E provides little information regarding the content of programs of inter-institutional cooperation between predominantly black and predominantly white institutions. Your plan must contain a detailed description of such programs, including: the number of black and white students or faculty involved in any exchanges; the nature and duration of such exchanges; as well as a description of how each program contributes to the desegregation process.

Your plan must also contain a similar account of those cooperative programs which are projected for the near future, including additionally: which institutions will be participating; when these programs will be implemented; and what type and quantity of resource allocations will be required.



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2. Institutional Duplication

There is an indication in your submission that the structure of the North Carolina higher education system is based, in part, upon academic specialization. This theory may include the related concept of elimination of duplicative curricula, which does not necessarily imply that all similar or duplicative degree programs at different institutions need be eliminated. Accordingly, we believe that your plan should address the existing duplication of curricular offerings in specialized areas in conjunction with achieving the differentiation of institutional roles discussed earlier in this letter. In addition, your plan should consider the curricular offerings in the State as a whole before instituting new courses or programs.

Your plan should identify, for example, the areas of "unjustified duplication", describe the goals and objectives of any "special academic programs," and explain the proposed development of programs "with different emphases."
You are correct in your understanding that "in the process of elimination of historically racially-based duplication merger of institutions will not be required." Your plan, however, must itemize areas in which you think "duplication is warranted, where it should be limited, and where it should be eliminated." Your plan must also explain why "extensive duplication" at the undergraduate level will not perpetuate duality.

Building upon the analyses which the State has already undertaken, if you believe that existing course or program duplication may impede your desegregation efforts, you should consider including in your plan methods to create sufficient differentiation between campuses as will promote further desegregation in your State System. Such methods could take the form of (a) placing or realigning curricula at particular institutions to enable them to compete aggressively for students of the race not traditionally identified with those institutions, or (b) eliminating duplicative programs. It should be stressed, however, that the latter recommended method does not imply that all program duplication need be eliminated. Core courses, particularly those in the more traditional disciplines, may be retained at all locations, while more specialized or technical programs might be allocated among institutions in a manner designed to promote desegregation. In connection with achieving appropriate academic differentiation among the various institutions, you should consider existing curricula throughout the State prior to initiating new courses or programs. An of the methods suggested above could be undertaken on a local, statewide, or regional basis.



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C. Retention of Black Students

Elimination of your dual system of higher education may not result in a reduction in the percentage of black students graduating from four-year institutions in the State or from graduate and professional level programs at State institutions. If black students in predominantly white institutions show a significantly greater attrition rate than black students in predominantly black institutions, or than white students at predominantly white institutions, the plan must provide for implementation of appropriate academic development programs at the predominantly white institutions designed to eliminate the disparate attrition levels.

Your Program states generally that the University "will investigate" opportunities "to initiate, continue or enlarge compensatory and remedial programs for disadvantaged" students where "chances of success, with academic and financial assistances, are realistic." Your program also states that the University will make "affirmative efforts" to expand mino. Ity aid. Your plan, therefore, should describe in detail all programs designed to insure sufficient academic and financial assistance to accomplish effective desegregation.

Further, the University of North Carolina must insure that no one constituent institution or group of institutions assumes the major role of compensatory education. The task must be shared by each institution in the system, and the role and impact of the community college system must also be closely examined in this regard.

D. Discrimination at the Institution Level

The elimination of discriminatory policies and practices at individual campuses is both a means to achieving system-ulde desegregation as well as an end in itself. Such policies and practices encompass institutional recruiting and admissions programs, student financial aid, college-supported housing, health care, employment services, training assignments such as student teaching, part-time University employment, other supportive services, and inter-collegiate athletic programs. Much of the discrimination often found to exist in these areas may be remedied by corrective action at the institutional level.



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Your plan should describe the steps and provisions made by the state system for the coordination and supervision of efforts to eliminate discrimination at individual institutions. (For example, it should detail actions that will be taken if student organizations do not file statements of nondiscriminatory policy or file such statements but discriminate nevertheless in their membership or activities).

Where inter-institutional activities are conducted between groups of institutions organized on a racial basis (e.g., athletic conferences composed entirely of either predominantly white or predominantly black colleges), action by the State will be required to realign such racially based groupings.

The Office for Civil Rights will continue to monitor individual institutions in these areas to insure that all discrimination is eliminated, and acceptance of your State plan will not relieve these institutions of their individual responsibilities.

111. RECRUITMENT AND OTHER ACTIONS AFFECTING ADMISSIONS

A vital component of any desegregation effort is the recruitment of qualified persons of all races to attend all State institutions. Your Program states that institutions will review admissions policies and practices to "insure" there is no racial discrimination, that recruitment of minority (white or black) students "will be planned so to overcome effects" of past discrimination, that high school students "will be encouraged" to attend appropriate University functions, and that cooperation with high school counselors will be "increased" so that minority students will be aware of aid and special programs and will be "encouraged to apply for admission." Certainly, these objectives are important considerations in the development of a specific plan. Your plan must, however, describe in much greater detail how these and other objectives will be implemented and how specified steps will lead to a projected significant increase of black students at the predominantly white institutions.

Your plan should provide for a recruitment program which will insure that potential applicants to institutions at all levels of the system will be equally informed as to the merits of each institution in the system.



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Since it has come to our attention that there have been incidents in several states where predominantly black institutions have experienced severe difficulty in recruiting white students because of the attitudes of high school counselors and administrators, we anticipate that your plan will provide that recruitment programs be carried out with cooperation between all of the individual institutions and will provide for positive participation in the effort by high school counselors. Your plan should assure that predominantly black schools do not experience difficulty in recruiting white students because of the attitudes of high school counselors or administrators, and that black high school students are not counseled primarily or only toward the predominantly black schools.

IV. PROJECTIONS

A. Student Projections

We are unable to assess the validity of various specific actions proposed in your Program because of the absence in your submission of projected goals for student enrollment related to these actions.

As part of our evaluation of your submission, however, we have analyzed the movement of black students into traditionally white institutions, as well as the movement of white students into the traditionally black institutions. This analysis reveals that little progress has been made by North Carolina in its efforts to desegregate the higher education system of the State.

For the purpose of this analysis, we have adopted as an indicator of the elimination of the vestiges of discrimination in student assignment a percent of white students at predominantly black institutions equal to at least one-third of their student bodies, and as to each predominantly white institution in the System, the enrollment of significant numbers of black students at each such institution. Further, we note from the information available to us in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare's 1972 Survey of Twelfth Grade Enrollment that there were approximately 26.88 percent black students in North Carolina's twelfth grade population in Fall, 1972. This figure is substantially higher than the approximately 17.6 percent full-time black students enrolled in the North Carolina System of higher education during 1972-1973. We would expect that by diligent recruitment efforts you can increase the percentage of black high school students entering the North Carolina System of higher education and thus improve the projections as to the amount of desegregation which can be achieved.



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B. Faculty and Staff

The objective in the area of faculty is to achieve system-wide desegregation such that a significant number of faculty and staff of both races will be located at each institution in the system.

With respect to faculty, we note that blacks comprise 9.6 percent of the faculty at constituent institutions, 90 percent of whom are at the five predominantly black institutions. Only 1.1 percent of the faculty at the eleven predominantly white institutions are black. You state that each institution is "in the process of setting goals for minority faculty recruitment" and that institutions will "intensify efforts" in this area and "encourage" faculty exchanges and visiting appointments. Your submission also states that the General Administration "will assign staff members" to the various campuses to discuss and analyze the problems of recruiting black faculty.

We feel that this segment of your Program is lacking in several respects:

- 1) Your Program does not provide any data in your submission regarding the racial composition of faculty by rank.
- 2) Appendix G does not define "all other". To assess accurately faculty racial composition, we would need to know the definition of this category.
- 3) Your Program does not specify methods, goals, or sources for faculty recruitment, nor do you specify how you will "intensify efforts in recruitment or encourage" exchanges. You also do not discuss how these items will significantly increase the number and percentage of white faculty at predominantly black institutions and black faculty at predominantly white institutions. Your plan must describe in detail the process by which this objective will be met and must formulate numerical goals which project the anticipated results of that process.
- 4) Your Program does not mention the development of any graduate level programs at North Carolina institutions to significantly increase the number of black faculty members at predominantly white institutions. Your recruitment efforts should include both faculty and staff who are presently employed in the system as well as graduate degree candidates of both races.



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In addition to implementation of faculty and staff recruitment programs, your state may seek increased faculty and staff desegregation in connection with such realighment of currently duplicative degree programs as you find necessary to effectuate the plans you have already begun to formulate concerning academic specialization. If this realignment approach is taken, tenured faculty should be included, and no faculty or staff member should be reassigned to the detriment of his or her eligibility for tenure and other employment benefits.

Faculty desegregation may also be increased through use of the mechanism of tenure. The tenure method would require an institution to include in its consideration of applicants for themsed positions non-tenured faculty from all other State institutions, thus creating increased opportunities for faculty of one race to teach at an institution where their race is currently in the minority. Should your recruitment program fail to achieve the objectives of faculty desegregation, actions such as those described above will be required to incure your system's compliance with Title VI. Any reduction in the percentage of tenured or non-tenured black faculty and staff in the system will be a violation of Title VI.

At the present time, we are unable to assess the validity of various specific actions proposed in your Program because of the absence in your submission of projected goals for faculty and staff employment at the constituent institutions. Your revised plan must provide such goals, relating such actions to faculty and staff employment.



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V. RESOURCES

The objective in this area is to assure that resources provided by the State to predominantly black institutions are comparable to those provided at all other State institutions of similar size, level, and specialization. resources inslude: (1) the number and quality of facilities; (2) the level of per capita expenditures by the institutions; (3) the amount and availability of student financial aid provided from State sources; quality of instructional and non-instructional programs, services, and staff; and (5) the number and quality of degree offerings available. Your plan must describe how the educational programs offered at historically black institutions and those offered at all other similar State institutions will be made comparable in quality, or it must show that resource comparability has been achieved. As to instructional staff, your plan must provide for such training and further education of present faculty and staff members as will promote desegregation and comparability. Your submission contains no specific information on how resource comparability is to be achieved in the system.

A. Financial Assistance to Black Institutions

Your Program does not provide information regarding the degree to which proposed, present, or past special assistance funding has narrowed or will narrow the gap in the quality of facilities, or in the level of per capita expenditures, financial aid capabilities, and teachers salaries between the predominantly black and predominantly white institutions of the State. Your plan must insure that the range and quality of present and proposed instructional and non-instructional programs, services, and degree of fering provided by predominantly black institutions are comparable to those offered by predominantly white institutions.

B. Construction and Expansion

Neither your Program, nor Exhibits C and D, offer any information regarding the comparability of the quantity or quality of existing physical plants in predominantly black and predominantly white institutions. Such information is needed in order to assess the effect of proposed and recent expansion on the upgrading of predominantly black institutions in North Carolina. Your plan must describe how recent or proposed expansion will contribute to the desegregation process.



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As your Program points out, as of July 1, 1972, "for the first time there is a governance structure empowered to develop, facilitate, and discharge at both state wide and institutional levels state policy in higher education." We agree that the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina "is in a position to implement both policy and statutory determinations" and "to develop comprehensive plans for the total post-secondary field in cooperation with the Community College System and the private sector."

We trust the State of North Carolina will utilize this opportunity to develop a comprehensive, detailed, and workable plan for the desegregation of its higher education system.

We appreciate the efforts which your State has made to date, and we hope that you will find this response useful in revising your submission. We would appreciate receiving your revised plan within ninety days of the date of this letter. In this connection, it should be noted that it will be our policy to release copies of your revised plan to members of the public if we are asked to do so.

During the coming weeks, my staff and I will be available to meet with you or with members of the State system staff either in Washington or in North Carolina at your request. In addition, we may desire further information from you or you from us. We anticipate spending some time in the State seeking, where necessary, further information on which to evaluate your plan and attempting, whenever possible, to gain a better understanding of your system and the problems with which you are confronted.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact Dr. Mary Lepper, Director, Higher Education Division, or Mr. Burton Taylor, Chief, Policy and Planning, Higher Education Division. Dr. Lepper's telephone number is Area Code 202 245-1801. Mr. Taylor may be reached at Area Code 202 963-7993. After November 16, Mr. Taylor may be reached at (202) 245-7220.

Sincerely yours,

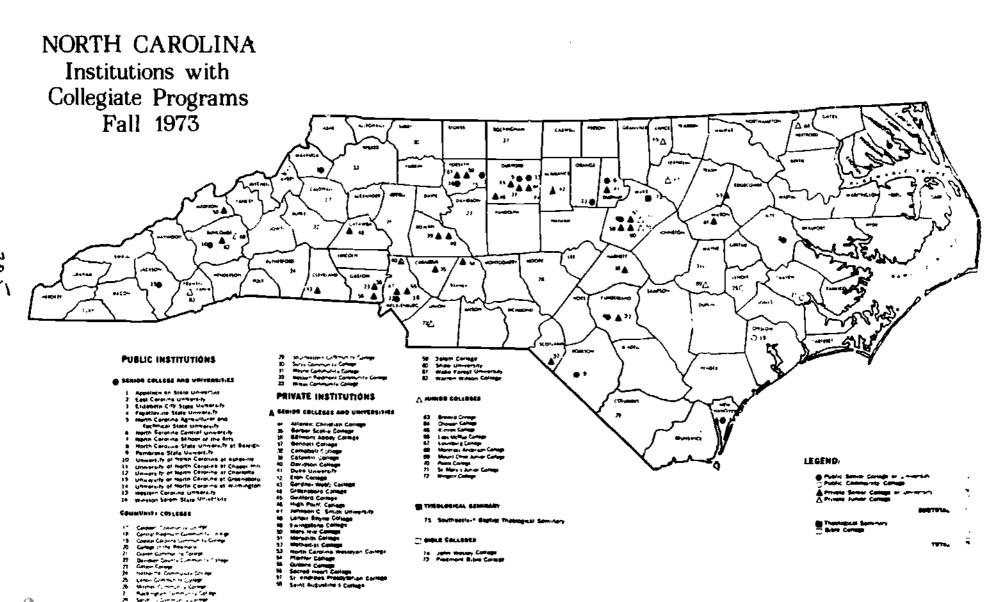
Peter E, Holmes

Director

Office for Civil Rights

cc: Dr. William C, Friday
Dr. Ben E, Fountain, Jr.
Presidents, North Carolina Institutions
NEW Regional Director
HEW Regional Attorney
HEW Regional Civil Rights Director







ENROLLMENT TRENDS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS, 1900-1973

Year (Fall)	Public In Number	st itut ions Percent	Private L Number	ustitutions Percent	All Institutions Number
£900	1,766	37.6%	2,912	62.4%	4,698
1916	2,581	39.2	4,005	60.8	6,586
1920	4,751	59.7	3,210	40.3	7,961
1930	9,324	49.3	9,605	50.7	18,929
1940	15,233	47.7	16,713	52.3	31,940
1946	21,518	49.9	21,582	50 . t	43,100
1947	23,912	51.3	22,686	48.7	46,598
1948	23,657	51.4	22,382	48.6	46,039
[444	24,247	52.5	21,956	47.5	46,203
1950	23,870	53.4	20,872	46.6	44,742
1951	21,877	53.7	18,831	46.3	40,708
1952	22,314	54.0	19,013	46.0	41,327
1953	22,888	53.4	19,967	46.6	42,855
1954	23,867	51.9	22,131	48.1	45,998
1955	25,968	52.0	23,957	48.0	49,925
1956	28,228	51.8	26,306	48.2	54,534
1957	28,414	50.8	27,481	49.2	55,895
1958	30,498	50.8	29,575	49.2	60,073
1959	33,063	52.2	30,325	47.8	63,388
1960	15,844	53.1	31,679	46.9	67,573
1961	40,056	53.3	35,145	46.7	75,201
1962	43,419	53.7	37,385	.6.3	80,804
1963	47,567	55.3	38,518	44.7	86,085
1964	52,541	56.2	40,892	43.8	93,433
1965	60,922	58.1	43,930	41.9	104,852
1966	67,065	59.5	45,740	4(1.5	112,805
1967	73,708	61.1	46,850	38.9	120,558
1968	79,076	62.3	47,763	37.7	126,839
1960	84,427	63.9	47,708	36.1	132,135
1970	92,597	65.9	47,888	34.1	140,485
1971	96,371	66.0	49,636	34.0	146,007
1972	98,407	ob.5	49,618	33.5	148,025
1973	101,378	67.5	48,883	32.5	150,261



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF ENROLLMENT* IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, FALL, 1973

Enrollment	Public Ins	titutions	Private ins	titutions	All inst	itu t ions
Characteristics	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Jr. & Sr. Institutions						
Two-Yr. Institutions	9,194**	9.1%	6,273	12.8%	15,467	10.3%
Sr. Institutions	92,184***	90.9	42,610****	87.2	134,794	89.7
Sex						
Men	56,693	55.9	27,260	55.8	83,953	55.9
Women	44,685	44.1	21,623	44.2	66,308	44.1
Residence Status						
!n-State	88,758	87.ú	25,842	52.9	114,600	76.3
Out-of-State	12,620	12.4	23,041	47.1	35,661	23.7
Full-Time & Part-Time						
Full-Time	81,955	80.8	45,721	93.5	127,676	85.9
Part-Time	19,423	19.2	3,162	6.5	22,585	15.0
Level of Instruction						
Freshman	29,335	28.9	14,521	29.7	43,856	29. 2
So pho more	19,593	19.3	11,202	22.9	30,795	20.5
Ju ni er	17,046	16.8	8,142	16.7	25,188	16.8
Senior & Fifth Year	15,921	15.7	7,814	16.0	23,735	15.8
Special & Occupational	3,830	3.8	2,319	4.7	6,149	<u>4.1</u>
Total Undergraduate	85,725	. 84.5 ,	43,998	90.0	129,723	86.4
First Professional	1,775	1.8	2,336	4.8	4,111	2.7
Graduate	13,878	13.7	2,549	5.2	16,427	10.9
GRAND TOTAL	101,378	100.0	48,883	100.0	150,261	100.0

^{*} Resident credit enrollment only. This excludes students in extension, correspondence, adult education, short courses, and students enrolled for individual lessons or auditing.



^{**} College parallel only. Does not include special credit students.

^{***} Includes military centers.

^{****} Includes theological seminary and Bible colleges.

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA CULLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND PERCENT CHANGE BY INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

											Pal	1973	Percent
Institution	Pell 1963	Pell 1964	Fell 1965	P#11 1966	Fall 1967	Pall 1968	Fell 1969	Fe11 1970	Fe11 1971	Fell 1972	Number	Z Change Over 1972	Change 1963-1973
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS													
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CARO	LINA												
Appalachian	3,186	3,428	3.954	4,417	4,939	5,580	6,252	6,665	7,345	7,352	7,545	2.63	136.87
East Carolina	5,930	6,599	7,728	8,823	9,360	9,258	9,788	10,007	10,106	10,286	10,068	-2.1	69.8
Elizabath City	885	998	1,013	992	955	1,009	1,039	1,104	1,084	1,109	1,146	3.3	29.5
Foyetteville	1,013	1,145	1,195	1,142	1,159	1,243	1,137	1,419	1,490	1,643	1,790	8.9	76.7
N.C. A and T	3,005	3.227	- 3,435	3,595	3,930	3,844	3,714	3,797	4,445	4,510	4,751	5.3	58.1
N.C. Central	2,609	2,651	2,779	3,226	3,086	3,042	3,290	3,563	3,723	4,028	4,062	0.B	55.7
M.C. School of the Arts		-		115	192	218	256	288	328	351	378	7.7	
N.C. State University	8,207	8,878	9,806	10,203	10,845	11,964	12,691	13,340	13,483	13,809	14,257	3.2	73.7
Fen broke	934	1,058	1,350	1,410	1,495	1,564	1,696	1, 9 26	2,077	1,980	1,918	-3.1	105.4
UNC-Asheville	54 <u>5e</u> /	470 <u>#</u> /	594 <u>a</u> /	565 <u>#</u> /	691 a /	748 <u>e</u> /	869	988	1,107	1,129	1,125	-0.4	106.4
UMC-Chapel Hill	11,297	12,155	13,130	14,156	15,601	16,233	16,430	18,130	19,160	19,224	19,396	0.9	71.7
UNC-Chatlotte	1,4148/	1,512 <u>a</u> /	1,815	1,715	2,014	2,351	3,085	4,068	4,676	5,159	6,123	18.7	333.0
UMC-Greensboto	3,737_/	4,249	4,721	4,930	5,365	5,889_,	6,423	6,793	6,983	7,411	7,856	6.0	110.2
UNC-Wilmington	927-	968 ^a /	1,055	1,201ª/	1,222	1,240	1,425	1,772	1,930	2,280	2,542	11.5	174.2
Western Carolina	2,289	2,431	3,001	3,652	3,965	4,310	4,670	5,125	5,330	5,640	5.844	3.6	155.3
Winston-Salem	1,160	1,115	1,242	1,295	1,325	1,301	1,346	1,401	1,623	1,720	<u>l,653</u>	-3.9	42.5
							_						
UNC Total	47,138	50,884	56,818	61,437	66,144	69,794	74,111	80,274	84,890	87,631	90,454	3.2	91.9
MILITARY CENTERS										h/			
Port Bregg	-	~	470	683	971	1,070	936	1,068	1,061	1,020 <u>b</u> /	891	-12.6	-
Camp Lejeune (ECU)	-	198	449	\$27	450	408	362	322	365	369	385	4.3	-
Chetry Foint (ECU)	-	-	195	303	344	387	308	314	411	419	454	8 - ÷	-
Seymour Johnson (ECU)		242	277	_ 171	220	2'.7	<u> 167</u>	139				-	-
Mil. Ctrs. Total	-	44U	1,391	1,584	1,985	2,112	1,773	1,843	1,837	1,808	1,730	-4.3	-
COMMUNITY COLLEGESC/													
Caldwell	-		-	-	-	-	-	177	263	267	282	5.4	-
Central Fiedmont	220	239	594	690	1,042	1,579	2,187	1,059	2,339	2,279	2,165	-5.0	÷8⊷ . :
Coastal Catolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	224	380	399	465	16.3	-
Col. of The Albematle	209	282	443	380	459	498	514	583	500	416	358	-iC	71.3
Ctaven	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 <u>5 e</u>	-	-
Davidson County	-	-	-	204	374	470	570	606	618	547	538	-1.6	-
Gaston	-	896	1,116	948	801	1,071	942	1,134	844	681	626	-8.1	-
leothermal	-	-	-	117	202	312	313	312	174	219	251	14.€	-
Lenoir	_	_	-	298	477	576	679	680	609	617	581	-5.5	-
Mitchell	-	-	-	-	•		-	-	-	-	45 <u>.e</u>	-	-
											-6.	-13.3	



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
AND PERCENT CHANGE BY INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

				:							Te11	1973	Parcen
	Fall	Fe11	Fall	Fall	Fe11	Pall	Fe11	Fe11	Fall	Fell			Change
Institution	1963	1967	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	Number	Over 1972	1963-1973
COMMUNITY COLLEGES	(Cont.)												
	•	•	229	420	519	552	684	820	796	699	585	-12.62	•
Southeastern	•	•	331	293	445	442	574	638	71,2	622	512	-17.7	•
Surry	•	,	•	139	266	301	371	431	455	470	675	43.6	•
Wayne	•	•	•	•	•	182	337	413	5.75	516	568	10.1	•
Western Piedmont	•	1	•	248	425	473	531	487	424	417	347	-16.8	•
Wilkes	"	1	1	93	22	211	282	328	357	316	250	-20.9	•
Com. Col. Torel	429	1,217	2,713	4,044	5,579	7,170	8,543	10,480	9.644	8,968	9.194	2.5	2,043.12
PUBLIC TOTAL	47,567	52,541	60,922	67,065	73,708	9,00,61	84,427	92,597	96,371	98,407	101,378	3.0	113.1
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS OBJECT AND INSTITUTES	MATURESTIES												
Atlantic Christian	1.325	1,289	1.447	1.525	1.479	1.567	1.544	1.747	1.794	1.770	1.721	-2.8	29.9
Berber-Scotia	315	315	355	369	450	609	260	537	550	208	456	-10.2	44.8
Belmont Abbey	619	667	702	775	790	619	775	679	718	565	622	10.1	0.5
Bennett	589	591	642	645	699	789	627	572	581	545	537	-1.5	-8 -8
Campbell	1,836	2,002	2,191	2,267	2,348	2,402	2,306	2,207	2,401	2,341	2,207	-5.7	20.2
Catawba	924	898	968	866	1,046	1,051	1,046	1,099	1,132	1,162	1,147	-1.3	34.3
Dev1deon	1,000	1,006	1,001	1,006	1,003	1,035	1,033	1,034	1,087	1,118	1,187	6.2	18.7
Duke	6,421	6,695	96,9	7,396	7,445	7,320	7,734	7,948	8,446	6,849	9.043	2.2	40.8
Elon	1,248	٠.		1,409	1,454	1,817	1,843	1,715	1,862	1,673	2,005	٠.0	9.09
Gardner-Webb	72원/		ų,	1,2169/	1,2864	1,3036/	1,448	1,528	1,420	1,543	1,525	-1.2	111.8
Greensboro	589	533	587	612	999	069	676	290	290	626 626	551	-12.0	-6.5
Guilford	1,632	1,661	1,862	1,765	1,573	1,601	1,782	1,757	1,740	1,610	1,584	-1.6	-3.0
	1,404	1,558	1,562	1,382	1,355	1,333	1,131	1,103	1,060	1,086	1,020	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
Johnson C. Smith	976	1,048	1,055	1,101	1,290	1,339	1,244	1,136	1,036	1,043	1,083	3.6	11.0
Lenoir Rhyne	1,142	1,212	1, 321	1,335	1,305	1,309	1,314	1,341	1,395	1,360	1,366	, e	19.6
Livingstone	97/	\$ \c	2,0	(70 ·	160	A 0 0 0	200	02/	#C/	\$.	3 :	۰ د د	۳. :
Mars Hill	1,200	1,524	0 7 6	1,331	1,324	1,200	1,237	1,194	100	1,304	1,010	· ·	
			3 5		200	9 6		1,103	1,671	1000	1,00	• • •	? .
Met nodi st	200	hT0	614	3 T Y	1,003	796	3 N N	016	90/	B C C	160	; ;	7
N.C. MCSTCYSII	2 3		100	900		2	Ì	100	(10		100	7.01	7 .
Pfelffer	628	7	í	906	939	958	934	982	1,088	1, 100	1,037	,	1.5.
Queens	926 /P36		/Post	# P P	618	609	705	658	6/3	595	633	<u>.</u>	8 0 (
Sacred Heart	208		37.2=	415	364	467	455	320	318	225	175		6.44
St. Andrews	86		931	955	913	005	898	963	892	869	716	41.	-11.3
St. Augustine's	766	733	914	926	1,031	1,039	1,109	1,103	1,286	1,442	1,488	·.;	i.
Sø len	9 7	200	551	581	290	552	547	526	525	910	620	•	19
Sha	650	721	765	961	1,103	1,085	1,203	1,154	1,060	1,359	13. 5		P) •
Wake Forest	2,958	2,920	2,996	3,022	3,163	3,177	3,210	3,326	3,738	4,013	411.4	4.	- P-C
												-	:



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND PERCENT CHANGE BY INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

			_								Fal	1 1973	Percept
Institution	Fall 1963	Fall 1964	Fall 1965	Fall 1966	Fall 1967	Pell 1968	Fa21 1969	Fe11 1970	Fell 1971	Fm11 1972	Marber	I Change Over 1972	Change 1963-197
SR. COL. & UNIV. (Cont.)												
Warran Wilson	286	257	278	277	307	<u> 376</u>	<u>401</u>	<u> 373</u>	<u>360</u>	374	388	3.7%	35.7%
Sr. Col. & Unlv.	22 (62	33,755	36,069	27 200	38,199	38,857	20 024	20 000		4			
Total	32,482	33,733	30,007	37,308	30,133	30,037	38,976	38,992	40.637	41.339	41.510	0.4	27.8
THEOLOGICAL SENTINARY													
Southeastern Baptist													
Theological Seminary	575	555	516	484	547	582	570	520	552	581	634	9.1	10.3
BIBLE COLLEGES													
John Wesley	28	41	41	49	56	61	40	66	59	62	69	11.3	146.4
Kernersville Wesleyan	ēS.	67	98	116	111	94	77	71	-	-	-		
Piedmont	158	168	226	260	285	329	365	387	385	399	397	-0.5	151 ₇ .3
Bible Cor. Total	231	296	365	425	452	484	482	524	444	461	466	1.1	101.7
JUNIOR COLLEGES													
Breverd	409	431	527	615	645	639	614	595	531	447	477	6?	16.6
Chowan	902	1,155	1,179	1,234	1.302	1,338	1.316	1,483	1.545	1.224	1,149	-6.1	27.4
Kittrell	-	180	132	182	276	316	334	380	554	501	336	-3.2.9	
Less-McRas	425	510	610	613	624	687	631	660	670	669	721	7.8	69.6
Louisburg	632	663	675	691	700	823	815	785	777	744	737	-1.0	16.6
Mitchell	519	557	602	629	543	539	578	546	576	470	€		-
Montreat-Anderson	253	339	401	466	463	466	470	353	313	363	378	4.1	49.4
Mount Ollve	201	260	325	363	385	346	31 3	345	328	300	286	-4.7	42.3
Osk Ridge	66	52	46		-		· . -	-					
Pesce	329	373	405	400	379	429	471	489	504	508	460	-9.4	39.8
St. Hary's	283	279	284	349	354	346	322	321	341	308	31 5	2.3	11.3
Southwood	87	167	308	139	346	272	209	253	197	153	-	-	-
Verdell Hell				81	67	51		-				-	25.4
Wingete	1,124	1,320	1,486	1,561	1,568	1,568	1,607	1,642	1,667	1,550	1,41	8 . 8-	25.8
Jr. Col. Total	5,230	6.286	6.980	7,523	7.652	7.840	7.680	7,852	8.003	7,237	6.273	-13.3	19.9
PRIVATE TOTAL	38,518	40,892	43,930	45.740	46.850	47,763	47.708	47.888	49,636	49,618	48.883	-1.5	26.9
GRAND TOTAL	86,085	93,433	104.852	112.805	120,558	126.839	132,135	140,485	146,007	148,025	150.261	1.5	74.5



 $[\]frac{a}{b}$ /Not in the Consolidated University system in that year. $\frac{b}{c}$ /Fayetteville State University assumed major responsibility for this branch in Fall 1972. $\frac{c}{c}$ /College parallel programs only.

d/Junior college in that Year.

Became community college in that year.

NOTE: Payetteville State University is in charge of undergraduate Programs and East Carolina University, North Carolina State University, and INC-Charlotte are in charge of graduate programs at Fort Bragg.

Appendix unc-7

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTEON, RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME, AND SEX, FALL 1973

	TOTAL		IN-STAT	E	OUT	-OF-STA	TE		FU <u>LL-</u> TIM	5	1	PART-TIM	E	TOT /	AL
INSTITUTION	ENROLLMENT	Hen	Wesen	Total	Nen	Women	Total	Hen	Women	Total	Hen	Yone:	Total	Men	Vones
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS															
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAR					21.5							200			
Appalachian	7,545	3,499	3,491	6,990	315	240	555	3,412	3,346	6,,39	402	385	*8*	3,614	3, 731
Eget Carolina	10,068	4,108	4,622	8,730	637	701	1,338	4,056	4,625	8,681	689	693	1,38	4,745	5,323
(Academic Affalrs)	(8,873)	(3,957)		(7,690)	(613)	(570)	(1,183)	(3,903)	(3,712)	(7,615)	(667)	(591)	(1,258)	(4,570)	
(Health Affalrs)	(1,195)	(151)	(889)	(4,040)	(24)	(131)	(155)	(153)	(913)	(1.066)	(22)	(127)	(129)		(1,020
Elizabeth City	1,146	410	580	990	116	40	156	495	568	1,063	31	52	85	526 765	620
Payetteville	1,790	687	937	1,624	78	88	166	697	943	1,640	68	#4	15%		1,325
N.C. A sud T	4,751	2,219	1,753	3,972	421	358	77 9	2,083	1,808	3,891	557	363	660	2,640	2,111
N.C. Central	4,062	1,543	2,109	3,652	230	180	410	1,518	1,939	3,457	255	350	605	1,7;3	2,289
N.C. School of the Arta	378	80	72	152	111	115	226	183	168	351	e	19	2-	191	187
N.C. State University	14,257	9,115	3,068	12,183	1,748	326	2,074	8,934	2.397	11,331	1,929	991	2,926	10,063	3,394
Pembroke	1,918	947	888	1,835	61	22	83	915	801	1,716	93	109	202	1,008	910
UNC-Asheville	1,125	535	521	1,056	42	27	69	470	424	894	107	1 24	231	577	54.8
UNC-Chapel Hill	19,396	8,742	6,227	14,969	2,943	1,484	4,627	10,568	6,542	17,116	1,117	1,169	2,286	11,683	7,711
(Academic Affalrs)	(16,701)	(7,579)		(12,914)	(2,557)	(1,230)	(3,787)	(9,159)	(5,513)	(14,672)	(977)	(1,052)	(2,029)	(10,136)	
(Heelth Affairs)	(2,695)	(1,163)	(892)	(2,055)	(386)	(254)	(640)	(1,409)	(1,029)	(2,438)	(140)	(117)	(257)	(1,549)	{1,146
UNC-Charlotte	6,123	3, 314	2,586	5,900	137	86	223	2,497	1,843	4.340	954	329	1,783	3,451	2,672
IINC-Greenaboto	7,856	1,949	4,941	6,890	272	694	966	1,354	4,519	5,873	867	1,116	1,983	2,221	5.635
UNC-Wilmington	2,542	1,321	1,125	2,446	65	31	96	1,163	906	2,069	223	250	473	1,386	7,156
Western Carolina	5,844	2,928	2,443	5,371	261	212	473	2,622	2,151	4.773	567	504	1,071	3,189	2.655
Wineton-Salem	1,657	596	939	1,535	58	60	118	604	920	1.524	50	<u>79</u>	125	654	999
UNC Total	90,454	41,993	36,302	78, 295	7,495	4,664	12,159	41,571	33,900	75,471	7,917	7,065	14.963	43.488	40.966
HILITARY CENTERS															
Fort Bragg*	891	723	168	891	-	-	-	174	29	203	549	139	688	723	168
Camp Lajaune (ECU)	385	354	31	385	-	-	-	25	7	32	32 9	2 4	353	354	31
Cherry Point (ECU)	454	329		386	54	14	68	34	14	48	349	5.7	466	<u> 383</u>	
Mil. Ctra. Total	1,730	1,406	256	1,562	54	14	68	233	50	283	1,227	22C	1,4-	1,460	270
COMMUNITY COLLEGES**															
Caldwell	284	159	123	282	2	-	2	129	86	215	32	37	69	191	123
Central Piedmont	2,165	1,454	646	2,100	47	18	65	933	330	1,263	568	334	902	1,501	66-
Coastal Carolina	465	187	133	320	98	47	145	160	107	267	1 25	7.3	198	285	160
Col. of The Albemarie	358	189	133	322	35	1	36	170	103	273	54	31	95	224	134
Creven	73	44	25	69	-	4	4	38	25	63	6	÷	10	44	25
Davidson County	538	347	1881	535	3	-	3	208	196	316	142	80	222	350	190
Gaston	626	340	275	615	9	2	11	254	192	446	95	85	180	349	27
laothermal	251	147	104	251	_	-		117	78	195	30	26	56	147	104



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME AND SEX, FALL 1973

	TOTAL		IN-STAT	<u> </u>		T-OF-STA			VLL-TIME			PART-TIM		T01	TAL
INSTITUTION	SHOPTHERE	Men	Women	Total	Hen	Women	Total	Hen	Women	Total	Men	Homen	Totel	Men	Momen
CONSCRIPTITY COLLEGES**	(Cont.)					•									
Lengir	501	345	230	575	5	1	6	238	122	360	112	109	22 l	350	231
Mitchell	454	253	181	434	17	3	20	258	153	411	12	31	43	270	184
Rotkinghan	462	306	148	454	8	-	8	245	120	365	69	28	97	314	146
Sandhille	585	412	166	578	4	3	,	372	140	512	44	29	73	416	169
Southeastern	512	262	235	497	9	6	15	227	178	405	44	63	107	271	241
Surry	675	320	329	649	13	13	26	176	115	291	157	227	384	333	342
Veyse	568	348	179	527	34	7	41	228	123	351	154	63	217	382	186
Wester Piedmont	347	193	153	346	-	1	1	147	113	260	46	41	87	193	154
filkee	250	154	93	247		2		<u> 132</u>	<u>76</u>	208	23	19		155	95
Com. Col. Total	9,194	5,460	3,341	8.801	285	108	393	4,032	2,169	6,201	1,713	1,280	2,993	5,745	3,445
PUBLIC TOTAL	101,378	48.859	39.899	88,758	7.834	4,786	12,620	45.836	36,119	81,955	10.85	0,566	19,423	\$6,693	44,685
AIVATE INSTITUTIONS															
PRIOR COLLEGES & UN	IVERSITIES														
tlantic Christian	1,721	612	737	1,349	196	176	372	719	831	1,550	89	82	171	808	913
larber-Scotie	456	95	164	259	. 93	104	197	182	255	437	6	13	19	188	268
lalmont Abbey	622	160	57	217	358	47	405	487	78	565	31	26	57	518	104
lennett	537	-	236	236	_	301	301	-	535	535	-	2	2	-	537
ampbell	2,207	972	750	1,722	361	124	485	1,283	805	2,068	50	69	119	1,333	874
etavbe	1.147	250	244	494	372	281	653	615	518	1,133	7	7	14	622	52 5
evideon	1.187	337	55	392	701	94	795	1.032	144	1,176	6	5	11	1,038	149
luke	9,043	1.120	683	1,803	4,796	2,444	7,240	5,429	2,836	8,265	487	291	778	5,916	3,127
lop	2,005	743	464	1,207	484	314	798	1,100	690	1,790	127	88	2:5	1,227	178
Gerdner Webb	1,525	574	505	1,079	311	135	446	839	587	1,426	46	5 3	99	885	640
reenaboro	551	116	248	364	80	107	187	100	342	530	8	13	21	196	355
ullford	1.584	801	330	1,131	239	214	453	722	434	1,156	318	110	-28	1.040	544
igh Point	1,020	317	242	559	277	184	461	570	407	977	24	19	+3	594	426
ichneon C. Smith	1,083	186	176	362	402	319	721	578	489	1,067	10	6	16	568	495
engir Rhyne	1.366	455	525	980	167	219	386	594	720	1,314	28	34	32	622	744
Lvingetone	750	277	216	393	2 30	127	357	403	340	743	4	3	-	40?	343
ters Hill	1.515	414	461	875	336	304	640	726	724	1,450	24	-1	65	750	765
Gradith	1.357	34	1,113	1,147	-	210	210	-	1,251	1,251	34	; 2	106	14	1.323
ethodist	631	321	206	527	70	34	104	377	219	596	14	21	35	391	240
I.C. Weeleyen	501	183	130	313	127	61	186	280	166	446	30	25	55	310	191
falffar	1,037	419	317	736	168	133	301	525	424	949	62	26	88	587	450
ໃນຂໍຂັນສູ	633	Ť	296	295		335	338	8	519	527	4	102	106	12	621
Secred Beart	175	Ž.	104	108	_	67	67	Ā	157	161	-	14	14	4	171



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION. RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME, AND SEX, FALL 1973

	TOTAL		IN-STAT	Z.	ot	T-OF-STA	TE		FULL-T IP	9 2		PART-TO	Œ	rot	AL.
1NST1TUTION	ENROLLMENT	Ken	Women	Total	Mea	Women	Total	Hen	Women	Toral	Hen	Women	Total	Men	Voest
SEMIOR COL. 6 UNIV. (C	ont.)					_	,								
St. Andrews	716	143	160	303	201	212	413	337	362	699	7	16	1;	344	372
St. Augustine's	1,488	352	46 L	013	295	380	675	625	788	1,413	22	53	73	647	841
Salem	620	9	339	348	_	272	272	3	360	563	6	51	5-	9	611
Shaw	1,529	312	285	597	562	370	932	860	644	1.304	14	11	25	874	653
Wake Forest	4,116	1,417	683	2,102	1,459	353	2,014	2,786	1,146	3,932	90	94	184	2,876	1,240
Warren Wilson	388	27		79	146	163	309	171	207	378	2	£	10	<u> 173</u>	215
Sr. Col. and Unlv.															
Total	41,510	10.559	10,231	20,790	12,434	8,286	20,720	21,443	17,178	38,621	1.550	1.339	1,689	22,993	18,51
TREOLOGICAL SEMINARY															
Southeastarn Baptlet															
Theological Seminary	634	290	24	314	286	34	320	5 38	46	584	38	12	50	576	36
SINLE COLLEGES															
John Wesley	69	48	8	36	7	6	13	45	10	35	10	49	14	55	14
Piedmout		133	65	198	119	80	199	229	139	<u>368</u>	23	6	29	<u> 25:</u>	3
Bible Col. Potel	466	181	73	254	126	86	212	274	149	. 423	33	10	-3	32.	159
JUNIOR COLLEGES															
Brevard	477	136	143	299	93	85	178	245	219	464	4	9	:2	249	228
Chowan	1,149	383	149	532	416	201	617	786	335	1,121	7.3	15	29	799	350
Ki rtrell	336	115	107	222	62	52	114	176	159	335	1	-	1	177	159
Lees-NcRae	721	311	184	495	167	59	226	476	240	716	2	3	5	478	243
Louisburg	737	365	248	613	94	30	124	458	271	729	:			459	2 76
Montreat-Anderson	378	109	90	199	97	82	179	201	165	366	5		1:	20€	172
Mount Olive	266	141	134	275	7		11	244	126	210	4	12	: 6	145	136
Peace	<u>€</u> 50	-	411	411	-	49	49	-	457	457	-	3	ڍَ	•	460
St. Hery's	315	7	224	224		91	91		308	308					315
Wingare	1,414	726	488	1,214	142	58	200	838	<u>489</u>	1.327	<u>3c</u>	<u>Y</u>		<u> 366</u>	546
Jr. Col. Total	6,273	2,306	2,178	4,484	1,078	711	1,789	3, 324	2,769	6,093	60	130	:01	3,384	2,989
PRIVATE TOTAL	48,883	13,336	12,506	25,842	13,924	9,117	23,041	25,579	20,142	45.721	1.661	181	1.161	27,360	11.413
RAND TOTAL	150,261	62,195	52,405	114,600	21,758	13,903	35,661	71,415	56,261	127,676	12.538	10.94*	22.595	83. 9 53	66.305

^{*} Fayerteville Stare University is in charge of undergraduate programs. East Carolina University, N.C. Stare University and UNC-Charlette six tharge of graduate programs.



^{**} College parallel students only. Does not include special credit students.

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN HORTH CABOLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION. LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION. AND RESIDENCE STATUS, FALL 1973

		UNDERCRA			7	TEST PRO	FZSS10#4	<u>u. </u>		CRAD	CATE			ALL ST	DENTS	
			Que-	Percent	-		Qut-	Percent			მად-	Percent		_	Ouc.	Pettes
		Ia-	of-	₽-t-of-		In-	of-	Out-of-		In-	of-	Jus –c f		ln-	of-	Out-ol-
DESTITUTION	Total	Stata	Stata	Stete	Total	Stata	State	Stata	Total	Stete	Stete	Stete	Total	State	State	State
TOBLIC DESTITUTIONS																
UNITY. OF BORTH CAROLIN																
Appalachian	4,604	6,143	461	7.0%	-	-	-	-	941	847	94	13.0%	1.545	6.990	555	7.4
East Carolina	8.849	7.599	1.250	14.1	20	20	-	-	1,199	1.111	88	^.3	10,063	8,730	1,338	13.3
(Academic Affaite)	(7.746)	(6,644)	(1.102)	(14.2)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,127)	(1.046)	(81)	.7.23	(8,873)	(1,690)	(1.183)	(13.3
(Bealth Affaira)	(1,103)	(955)	(148)	(13.4)	(20)	(20)	(-)	(~)	(72)	(65)	(7)	(\$,^)	(i.195)	(1.040)	(155,	(13.0
Elizabeth City	1,146	990	136	13.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.146	990	156	13.6
Fayettavilla .	1.790	1.624	166	9.3	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	•	1.790	1.624	166	9.3
N.C. A and T	4,151	3,399	752	18.1	-	-	-	-	600	573	27	5	4,751	3.972	779	16.4
N.C. Central	3.365	3.043	320	9.5	292	216	76	26.01	405	391	1.	3.•	062	3.652	410	10.1
N.C. School of the Art		152	226	39.8				-	-	-	-	-	378	152	226	59.6
N.C. State Opivaraity	11.402	10,643	1,237	10.4	-		-	•	2,375	1.538	837	35.2	14,257	12.183	2,074	14.5
Penbroke	1,916	1.835	83	4.3	_	-	-	-			-	-	1,918	1,835	83	4.3
UNC-Ashevilla	1.135	1,056	69	6.1	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	1,225	1.056	69	5 .1
UNC-Chapel Bill	13.468	11.448	2.020	13.0	1.463	1.323	140	9.6	4,465	2,198	2,267	\$C.9	19.396	14.969	4,427	22.8
(Academic Affaira)	(12.411)	(10.668)	(1.943)	(13.6)	(699)	(632)	(67)	(9.6)	(3,591)	(1.814)	(1,777)	(4 9 ,5)		(12,914)	(3,787)	(22.7)
(Bealth Affairs)	(1,057)	(980)	(77)	(7.3)	(764)	(691)	(73)	(9.6)	(874)	(384)	(49C)	(\$6.1)	(16,701)			(23.7
UNC-Chatlotte	3.270	5,061	209	4.0	(/04)	(631)	(73)	(3.6)	853	039	14	26.1	(2.695)	(2.055)	(640)	
	3.783	5.076	709	12.2	_				2.071	1.814	257	44.6	6,123	5,900	223	3.6
UNC-Gtaamboro		- •		3.8	-	-	-	-	2,0/1	1,014	. 23,		7.856	6.890	966	12.3
UNC-Vilaington	2,542	2.446	96	• • •	-	•	•	-					2,542	2,446	96	3.0
Western Carolina	3,156	4,754	402	7.8	-	-	-	-	688	617	71	10.3	5,844	5,371	473	8.1
Vineton-Salen	1,653	1.535	110	7.1				-		<u>:</u>		•	_ 1,653	1,535	118	7,1
UNC Total	75,082	66,808	8,274	11.0	1,775	1,559	216	12.2	13,597	9.928	3,669	27.0	90,454	10.195	12.159	13.4
MILITARY CENTERS																
Fort Stage	610	610	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	. 281	-	-	891	891	-	•
Camp Lejeume (ECU)	385	385	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	•	385	363	-	-
Cherry Point	454	386	68	13.0				-		<u></u> :		-	454	386	68	:5.0
Mil. Ctra. Total	1,449	1,301	68	6.7	-	-	-	-	261	281	-	-	1,730	1,662	68	3.9
COMPRETE COLLEGES																
Caldell	286	282	2	0.7	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	284	282	2	0.7
Central Piedmont	2.165	2.100	63	3.0	_		_		-	_	_	-	2.165	2,100	65	3.0
Constal Caroline	463	320	145	31.2	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	465	320	143	31.2
Col. of The Albemaria	358	322	36	10.0	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	358	322	36	10.0
Craves	73	69	,,	3.3	-	_		-	_	-	-	-	73	69	~	3.5
Davideon County	538	535	3	3.3 9.6	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	53 8	533	3	0.6
	626	615	11		-	_	_	_	-	-	-		53 4 626		_	1.8
Gaston			11	1.0	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-		613	11	1,6
leothe rmal	251	251	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	251	•	-



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, AND RESIDENCE STATUS, FALL 1973

		UNDERGRA				IRST PRO				GRAD	UATE			ALL ST	L'DENTS_	
		ln•	Qut- of-	Percent Out-of-		1-		Parcent			Out -	Percent			Jut -	Petter
19STITUTION	Total	State	State	State	Total	ln- Stata	of- State	Our-of- State	Total	In- State	of- State	Out-of- State	Total	la- State	of- State	Out-of State
CONSERVATOR COLLEGES	(Cont.)	_														
encir	581	575	6	1.0%	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	581	373	6	1.0
Htthell	454	434	20	4.4	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	454	434	20	4.4
lockinghau	462	454	8	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	462	454	8	1.
iendhilla	565	578	7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	585	578	7	1.
iouchesatern	512	497	15	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	512	491	15	2.
WEET?	675	649	26	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	675	649	26	3.
leyne	568	327	41	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	~	368	527	41	Ž.
Mestaro Piedmont	347	346	1	0.3		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	347	346	1	0.
iikea	250	247	3	1.2				-				-	250	247	3	1.
Comm. Col. Total	9,194	6.801	293	4.3	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	9,194	6,801	393	4.;
UBLIC TOTAL	85.725	76.990	8,735	10.2	1,775	1,559	216	12.2%	13,878	10,209	3,669	26.47	101,378	88,758	12.620	12.
REVATE INSTITUTIONS																
SR. COL. & DWIV.																
tlantit Christian	1.721	1,349	372	21.6	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1,721	1,349	372	21.
Berber-Storia	456	259	197	43.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	456	259	197	43.
Selmont Abbey	622	217	403	65.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	622	217	403	65.
Bennett	537	236	301	36.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$37	236	301	36.
ampball	2,207	1.722	485	22.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,207	22	495	22.
Cazavba	1.147	494	653	56.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,147	494	653	36.
)avideon	1,167	392	7 9 5	67.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,187	392	795	67.
Duke	5,909	1,064	4.825	81.6	1.209	268	941	77.8	1,925	451	1,474	76.6	9,043	1,603	7,240	80.
Zlon	2,005	1,207	798	39.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.005	-,20-	798	39.
ierdaer-Webb	1.525	1,079	446	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,525	1.079	446	29.
Crastaboro Contract	351	364	187	33.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	551	364	162	33.
wilford	1.584	1.131	453	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,584	1,131	453	28.
ligh Point	1,020	559	461	45.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,023	359	-61	-5 .
Ioheson C. Smith	1.083	362	721	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.063	76 2	721	66.
enois Rhyne	1.366	980	386	28.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.366	983	386	28.
ivingstone.	750	393	357	47.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75C	393	357	47.
Gra Hill	1,515	875	640	42.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:,5:5	6-3	640	42.
lecedith	1,357	1,147	210	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,35	1.1-	210	15.
Sethodist	631	327	104	16.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	631	527	104	16.
I.C. Wesleyan	301	313	188	37.5	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	501	313	100	37.
feiffer	1,037	736	301	29.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,037	-36	301	29.
meeus .	633	295	338	53.4	-	-		-	_	-	-	_	633	295	338	53.
atres Heart	175	108	67	38.3	-	_	-	_	_		-	_	175	105	4	38.
72020 NEGEC	716	303	413	37.7	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	726	301	113	ξŸ.



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, AND RESIDENCE STATUS, FALL 1973

		UNDERGR	ADUATE		P	IRST PRO	PESSION	<u>u</u>		GRAD	STAU			ALL ST	UD ENTS	
1WS%1TCT1ON	Total	In- Stete	Out- of- State	Petcent Out-of- Stage	Total	In- Stete	Out- of- State	Parcent Out-of- State	Total	In- State	Out- of- State	Percent Out-of- State	Total	_n. State	Out - of - State	Petcen Out-of State
SR. COL. 6 URIV. (Con	t.)															_
St. Augustine's	1,460	813	675	45.41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,488	913	675	45.4
Selen	620	348	272	43.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	620	315	272	43.9
Shaw	1,529	597	9 3 2	61.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:.529	597	932	61.0
Veke Potest	2,9L0	1.382	1,520	52.5	712	426	286	40.23	494	294	200	40.5%	4,116	2,102	2.014	48.9
Watren Wilson	<u> 368</u>	79	309	79.6				-	-		-	-	388		309	79.1
Sr. Col. & Univ.																
Total	37,170	19,351	17.819	47.9	1,921	694	1,227	63.9	2,419	745	1,674	69.2	41,510	20,790	20.720	49.1
THBOLOGICAL SENTHARY																
Southeastern Reptiet																
Theological Seminary	89	49	40	44.9	415	209	206	49.6	130	56	74	56.9	634	314	320	50.
HELE COLLEGES																
John Wesley	69	56	13	16.8	-	-	- .	-	-	-	-	-	69	56	13	18.4
Pladmont		198	199	50.1				-				-	397	198	199	50.1
Bible Col. Total	466	254	212	45.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	466	254	212	45.5
JUNIOR COLLEGES																
Breverd	477	299	178	37.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	477	299	178	37.3
Chovan	1,149	~ 532	617	53.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.149	532	61?	53.1
Kittrell	336	222	124	33.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	336	222	114	33.
Lees-HaRae	721	495	226	31.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	721	495	226	31.
Louisburs	737	613	124	16.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.32	613	124	16.
Montreet-Anderson	378	199	179	47.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	378	199	179	47.4
Mount Olive	286	275	11	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	286	275	11	3.
Peaca	460	411	49	10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	460	411	49	10.
St. Mary's	315	224	91	20.9	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	315	224	91	28.
Wingate	1,414	1,214	200	14.1		_		-			1 444 4 444	-	1,414	1,214	200	1
Jr. Col. Total	6,273	4,484	1,789	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.273	464, د	1,789	28.5
PRIVATE TOTAL	43.998	24.138	19,860	45.1	2,336	903	1,433	61.3	2.549	801	1.748	68.6	48.883	15,3.1	25,541	47.7
RAND TOTAL	129,723	101,120	28,595	22.0	4,111	2,462	1,649	40.1	16,427	11,010	5,417	33.:	150,161	114.69C	35,661	23.5

[•] Fayetteville State University is in chatge of undergraduate programs. East Catolins, N. C. State University and UNC-Charlotte are in thatge of graduate programs as College patellel students only. Does not include special credit students.



Appendix UNC-9
NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION,
CLASS, AND LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

			<u>U</u>	DERG	RADU				FIRST		
1NST1TLT10N	Occupa- tional*	Freshman	Sophomore	Junior	Senior	Pifth Year**	Special	Total Undergraduate	PROFES- S10NAL***	GRADUATE	GRAND TOTAL
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS											_
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA	<u> </u>										
Appalachian	-	1,906	1,302	1,699	1,458	-	<i>2</i> 39	6.604	-	941	7,545
East Carolina	-	2,929	2,123	1,883	1,907	-	7	8,849	20	1,199	10,068
(Academic Affairs)	(-)	(2,686)	(1,862)	(1,593)	(1,599)	(-)	(6)	(7,746)	(-)	(1,127)	(8,873)
(Health Affairs)	(-)	(243)	(261)	(290)	(308)	(-)	(1)	,	(20) [.]	(72)	(1,195)
Elizabeth City	-	397	246	212	261	-	30	1.146	-	-	1,146
Fayetteville	-	550	450	344	372	-	74	1,790	-	-	1,790
N.C. A and T	-	1,139	958	1,103	907	6	38	4,151	-	600	4,751
N.C. Central	_	1,054	851	557	626	_	177	3,365	292	405	4,062
N.C. School of the Arts	13	132	82	66	58	-	27	378	-	_	378
N.C. State University	236	3,184	2,669	2,341	2,361	10	1,081	11,662	-	2,375	14,257
Pembroke	-	526	465	455	389	_	83	1,918	_	-	1,918
UNC-Asheville	_	380	215	191	150	-	189	1,125	-	_	1,125
UMC-Chapel Hill	_	3,226	2,792	3,464	3,286	143	557	13,468	1,463	4,465	19,396
(Acedemic Affairs)	(-)	(3,207)	(2,610)	(3,087)	(2,950)	(-)	(557)	(12,411)	(699)	(3,591)	(16,701)
(Health Affairs)	(-)	(19)	(182)	(3,087)	(336)	(143)	(-)	(1,057)	(764)	(874)	(2,695)
	(-)	1,134	1,232	1,501		(143)	378	5,270	(704)	853	6,123
UNC-Charlotte	_				1,025	-			_		7,856
UNC-Greensboro	-	1,309	1,388	1,478	1,351	-	259	5,785	-	2,071	
UNC-Wilmington	91	801	595	397	405	-	253	2,542	-	٠	2,542
Western Carolina	-	2,323	1,029	859	890	-	55	5,156	-	688	5,844
Winston-Salem		<u>687</u>	<u>357</u>	304	<u> 262</u>		<u>43</u>	<u> 1,653</u>			1.653
UNC Total	340	21,677	16,754	16,954	15,708	159	3,490	75,082	1,775	13,597	90,454
MILITARY CENTERS											
Fort Bragg	-	495	36	46	33	-	_	610	-	281	891
Camp Lejeune (ECU)	-	307	52	19	4	3	-	385	-	-	385
Cherry Point (ECU)	-	345	68	27	10			<u>454</u>	=		454
Military Centers Total	-	1,147	156	92	47	7	-	1,449	-	281	1,730
COMMUNITY COLLEGES***		•									
Caldwell	-	194	90	_	-	-	_	284	-	_	284
Central Piedmont	-	1,617	548	-	-	-	-	2,165	-	_	2,165
Coastal Carolina	-	366	99	_	-	-	-	465	-	-	465
Col. of The Albemarle	_	257	101	_	_	-	_	358	-	-	358
Craven	_	61	12	_	-	-	-	73	-	_	73
Davidson County	_	393	145	_	_	-	-	538	-	-	538
Gaston	-	388	238	_	_	_	-	626	-	_	626
	_	168	63	_	_	_	_	251	-	_	251
lsothermal	_	369	212	_	_	_	_	581	-	_	56:
Lenoir		300	154	-		_	_	454	•	-	454
Mitchell	-	200	1 34	_	-	-	_	434	-	-	474



			U N	DERG	RADU				First		
INSTITUTION	OccuPa- tional*	Steepman	Sophonore	Jun10r	Senior	Fifth Year ^{an}	Special	Total Undergreduate	PROFES- SIONAL***	GRADUATE	Grand Total
CONSUNITY COLLEGES*** (Con	nt.)			_	_				•		
Rockingham	_	314	146	_	_	_	-	462	-	-	462
Sandhille	-	357	228	-	-	-	-	585	-	-	585
Southeastern	-	355	157	-	-	-	-	512	-	-	512
Surry	-	482	193	-	-	-	-	675	-	-	679
Wayne	-	490	78	-	-	-	-	568	-	_	566
Western Pladmont	-	247	100	-	-	-	-	347	-	-	347
Wilkes		<u> 153</u>	<u>97</u>			=		2 <u>50</u>			250
Community Colleges Total	-	6,511	2,683	-	-	-	-	9,194	-	-	9,194
PUBLIC TOTAL	340	29,335	19,593	17,046	15,755	166	3,490	85,725	1,775	13,878	101,378
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	_										
SENIOR COLLEGES & UNIVERSIT	<u>'1ES</u>										
Atlantic Christian	-	462	458	384	383	-	34	1,721	-	~	1,72
Barber-Scotia	-	150	210	45	49	-	2	456	-	-	45(
Belmont Abbey	-	219	97	133	138	-	35	622	-	-	622
Bennet t	-	167	143	136	88	-	3	5 3 7	-	-	537
Campbell	-	655	466	477	600	-	. 9	2,207	-	-	2,207
Catavba	-	360	259	246	267	-	15	1,147	-	-	1,147
Davidson	-	336	310	276	251		14	1,167	-		1,187
Duke	295	1,170	1,385	1,501	1,249	162	147	5,909	1,209	1,925	9,043
Elon		706	454	391	329	-	125	2,005	-	-	2,00
Gardner-Webb	132	460	304	267	319	-	23	1,525	-	-	1,52
Greensboro	-	123	139	173	116	-		551	-	-	551
Guilford	-	422	363	334	275	-	190	1.584	-	-	1,584
High Point	-	314	260	235	177	-	34	1,020	-	-	1,020
Johnson C. Smith	-	501 374	267	147	163	-	. 5	1,083	-	-	1,083
Lenoir Rhyne	-	374 242	338 163	315 155	321	-	16	1,366	-	-	1,366
Livingstone	-			155 317	178	-	12	750	-	-	750
Mara Hill	-	461	364		328	-	25	1,515	-	-	1,51
Meradith	-	338	338	307	291	-	63	1,357	-	-	1,357
Methodist	-	161	146	121	194	-	9	631	-	-	631
N.C. Weeleyan	-	87	102	132	125	-	55	501	-	-	501
Pfeiffer	•	380	205	169	175	-	88	1.037	-	-	1,037
Quesns	-	209	112	103	113	-	96	633	•	-	633
Sacred Heart	-	37	33	44	51	2	. 8	175	-	-	175
St. Andrews	-	211	205	194	90	-	16	716	-	-	716
St. Augustine's	-	653	377	233	225	-		I,488	-	-	1,488
Salem	-	179	173	103	106	3	56	620	-	-	620
Shaw	-	690	314	234	278	-	13	1.529	-	-	1,529



			U 1	IDERG	RADU				FIRST		
INSTITUTION	Occupa- tional*	Freshman	Sophomote	Junior	Sepior	Fifth Year**	Special	Total Undetgraduate	PROFES- SIONAL®##	GRADUATE	Grant Total
SENIOR COL. & UNIV. (Cont.)										_	
Wake Forest	-	771	720	746	636	-	37	2,910	712	494	4.116
Warren Wilson		158	96		67	<u>_</u> =	10	388			386
Senior Col. & Univ. Total	427	11,016	8,801	8,035	7,562	167	1,162	37,170	1,921	2.419	41,510
THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY											
Southeastern Baptist											
Theological Seminary	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	415	1 30	634
BIBLE COLLEGES											
John Wealey	3	29	15	14	7	-	1	69	-	-	69
Piedmont		146	80	93	47	31		397			397
Bible Colleges Total	3	175	95	107	54	31	1	466	-	-	466
JUNIOR COLLEGES											
Brevard	-	30 9	168	-	-	-	-	477	-	-	477
Chowan	32	700	417	-	-	-	-	1,149	-	-	1,149
Kittrell	_	184	152	-	-	-	_	336	-		336
Lees-McRse	78	406	230	-	-	-	7	721	-	-	721
Louisburg	120	376	241	-	-	-		737	-	-	737
Montreat-Anderson	-	221	145	-	-	-	12	378	-	-	378
Mount Olive	-	156	130	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	286
Peace	94	193	173	-	-	-	-	460	-	-	460
St. Mary's	216	161 624	154 496	_	<u>-</u>	-	70	315	-	-	315
Wingste	<u> </u>	024	436			<u> </u>	<u>78</u>	1,414	<u>=</u>		1.414
Junior Colleges Total	540	3,330	2,306	-	-	-	97	6,273	-	-	6,273
PRIVATE TOTAL	1,059	14.521	11,202	8.142	7,616	198	1,260	43.998	2,336	2.549	48,883
FRAND TOTAL	1,399	43,856	30,795	25,188	23,371	364	4,750	129.723	4.111	16,427	150,261

NOTE: Fayetteville State University is in charge of undergraduate programs and East Carolina University, N. C. State University, and UNC-Charlotte are in charge of graduate programs at Fort Bragg.

^{*} College parallel students only. Does not include special credit students.

^{**} Fifth-Year includes students who are enrolled in programs requiring five years of study for a bachelor's degree (architecture, engineering, etc.).

^{***} First Professional includes students who are in professional schools or programs (law, medicine, dentistry, and theology) which require at least two or more academic years of college work for entrance.

^{****} The community college system (including technical institutes) enrolls 28.876 students in two-year technical programs, and 8.948 students in general education in addition to the college parallel students included in this table.

Appendix UNC-10

NUMBER OF FRESHMAN APPLICATIONS, ACCEPTANCES, AND ENROLLEES IN
THE UNIVERSITY OF MORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

			_	rinder Plicati							ilmber Ceptan							nakher 11. Euro			
	_	1-	Out.		_	All		11		Out.			A13		_	n•	Out.			All	
INSTITUTION	St.	Vomen	Sta Men	Women.	Hen	tudents Volum	Total	St.	Vonen	Sta Man	Vonen	Men.	tudents Vonen	Total	Men	Women	St4	Voten		tudent Vonen	Tota
18311101108	N411			HOMEN	нен	1000							402211					404411			_
INIVERSITY OF NORTH CAR	OLTRA																				
Appelachian	1+378	1.500	218	168	1+596	1.668	3,264	1.085	1,329	160	142	1+245	1+47t	2+716	649	798	71	58	720	856	1,57
tast Catolina	1.579	1,886	528	582	2,107	2,468	4,575	1,238	1,604	378	452	1,616	2+056	3+672	700	998	120	149	826	1,147	1,97
Clizabeth Gity	178	233	109	31	287	264	551	169	221	89	29	238	250	508	98	152	41	13	13∳	165	304
Payetteville	344	466	120	95	464	561	1,025	272	410	65	91	337	501	838	183	257	31	29	214	286	500
N.C. A and T	714	632	525	311	1+239	943	2,182	564	509	301	214	865	723	1,588	410	346	95	98	505	644	94
LC. Central	443	627	188	171	631	798	1,429	371	578	132	133	503	711	1.214	276	413	53	50	329	463	79
N.G. School of the Atts	26	32	45	80	71	ITZ	183	17	19	28	42	45	61	106	13	18	21	36	34	54	8
R.C. State University	3,008	1,139	877	224	3,885	1+363	5,248	2,555	1,003	5 72	157	3+127	1,160	4.287	1,650	55?	230	сl	1 .850	618	2,496
Pembroke	175	200	31	20	296	220	426	150	160	20	15	I 70	175	345	132	<u>145</u>	15	3	147	180	29
NC_Ashevilla	134	150	27	17	161	167	328	122	145	24	16	146	162	. 308	89	tc1	10	9	99	110	20
INC-Chapel N111	2,961	2+139	2,210	1,725	5+171	3+864	9,035	2,046	1,625	892	487	2,938	2,112	5,050	1,432	1,162	401	m	1+833	1+375	3,20
NC_Chatlotte	1.051	927	210	155	1,261	1.082	2,343	826	757	41	51	867	808	1,675	410	413	18	14	444	427	6*.
NC_Green\$boto	401	1,587	113	413	514	2,000	2,514	315	1,426	90	369	405	1,795	2,200	195	930	-é	:38	241	880+3	1,279
NC_Wilmington	489	475	76	33	565	508	1+073	368	360	56	23	424	363	807	271	2-1	15	:	140	248	5-
Jestern Carolina	1,039	966	169	131	1,208	1,097	2,305	956	905	149	120	1,105	1+025	2,130	736	t*:	-+	16	863	-28	1,53
Jinston-Salem	234	463	52	55	266	518	804	186	322	20	32	206	354	560	135	212		12	144	.:44	381
TOTAL	14,154	13,422	5,498	4,211	19+652	17.633	37.285	11,240	11,374	3.017	2.373	14,257	13,747	28,004	7,391	^,433	1.263	948	8,654	2,381	1::



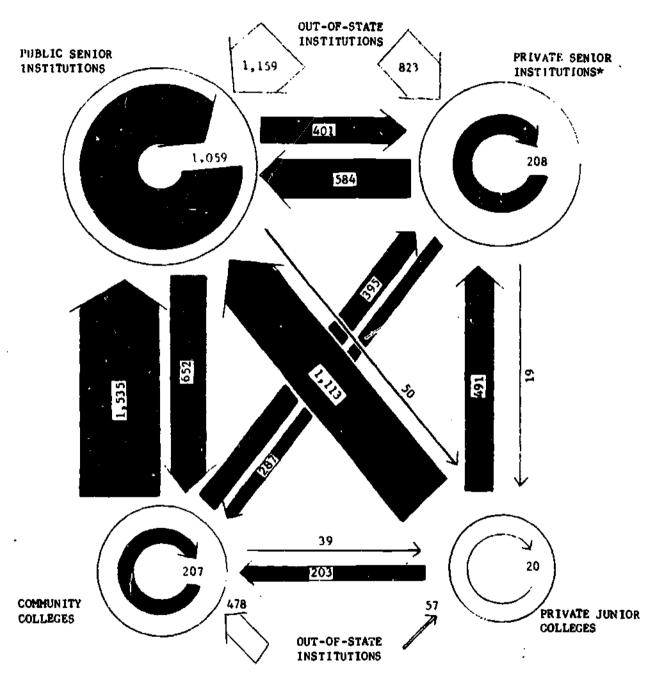
Appendix UNC_11

NUMBER OF TRANSFER APPLICATIONS, ACCEPTANCES, AND ENROLLEES
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

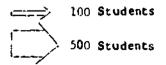
	_	N	UMBER	OF_APPL	.1CAT10	NS			N	Meer	OF ACC	EFTANCE	S			NUMBE	R OF	ACTUAL	ENROLL	EES.	
	I	n. Ate		-₹f- ate		All Studeni		_	n- ate		-of-		All udents			n +		-of-		Äll	
INSTITUTION		Women		Women	Men	Women		Men	Women	_	Women		Women		Men Sta	Women		Women		udent: Women	
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAL	roli <u>na</u>		À				_	,													
Appalachian	498	406	67	71	565	477	1.042	435	368	52	63	487	431	918	369	268	19	36	388	304	69
East Carolina	524	585	112	147	63 6	732	1.368	376	464	64	89	440	553	993	267	315	31	45	296	360	654
Elizabeth City	40	57	13	3	53	60	113	34	49	7	3	41	52	93	26	39	4	1	30	40	7(
Fayetteville	82	96	12	1	94	97	191	70	82	12	7	82	69	171	45	56	4	2	49	58	10:
N.C. A and T	107	73	69	51	176	124	300	86	52	42	35	130	87	217	56	37	22	23	78	60	136
₩.C. Centtal	żο	87	33	48	103	135	238	58	71	20	19	78	90	168	43	41	14	11	57	52	109
N.C. School of the Art:	s 28	19	49	52	77	71	148	22	7	31	30	53	33	90	21	5	24	25	45	30	:5
N.C. State University	735	357	284	104	1.019	461	1.480	520	265	172	6 8	692	333	1,025	3 6 0	164	103	28	483	192	675
Pembroke	139	108	15	20	154	128	282	130	92	12	15	142	107	249	125	86	10	15	135	101	136
UNC_Asheville	69	67	4	2	73	69	142	59	61	4	2	63	63	126	50	45	3	-	53	45	96
UNC_Chapel Hill	693	991	267	574	960	1.565	2,525	428	641	104	198	532	839	1.371	3 3 2	510	52	112	384	623	1:006
UNG_Charlotte	1,000	671	86	55	1.086	726	1.812	711	451	38	27	749	478	1.227	548	314	22	23	570	33-	90
UNC_Greensboro	267	551	61	143	328	694	1,022	192	452	44	124	236	576	812	139	285	33	96	172	381	533
UNC_Wilmington	237	223	58	59	295	282	577	167	180	51	55	218	235	453	127	120	42	43	169	163	332
Western Carolina	281	2 59	106	76	387	335	722	245	197	75	50	320	2 47	561	185	126	48	45	233	:-:	
Winston_Salem	38	44	6	8	44	52	96	29	27	_4	_4	33	31	64	24	22	3	3	<u> </u>	2:	5;
TOTAL	4,808	4,594	1.242	1.414	6,050	6,008	12,058	3.564	3,459	732	789	4.296	4,248	8,544	2,737	2,433	434	508	3.1*1	1,9-1	7,111



Flow of Undergraduate Transfers Among North Carolina Colleges and Universities, Fall 1972



Scale:



* Excluding Duke University



UNDERGRADUATE TRANSFERS TO NOPTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, FALL 1966 TO FALL 1973

								Fall	1973
	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall		% Change
Type of Institution	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	Number	Over 197
To Public Senior Institutions:									
From Community Colleges	104	258	482	730	988	1,326	1,535	1,698	10.6%
From Private Junior Colleges	822	896	1,055	1,020	1,177	1,131	1,113	1,145	2.9
From Public Senior Institutions	-	610	611	743	929	1,090	1,059	1,235	16.6
From Private Senior Institutions	-	471	56 5	687	695	686	584	668	14.4
From Out-of-State Institutions	<u> </u>	1.279	1,161	1,260	1,257	1,278	1,159	<u>1,350</u>	16.5
Subtotal		3,514	3,874	4,440	5,046	5,511	5,450	6,096	11.8
To Privata Senior Institutions:	•								
From Community Colleges	44*	8 1	147	164	193	293	3 9 5	395	-
From Private Junior Colleges	385*	499	585	511	914	498	491	387	-21.2
Prom Public Senior Institutions	-	286	.25 1	283	35 3	. 397	401	371	-7.5
From Private Senior Institutions	-	223	224	25 6	204	23 0	208	208	-
From Out-of-State Institutions	_	<u>679</u>	<u>784</u>	<u> 780</u>	<u>771</u>	834	<u>823</u>	<u>886</u>	7.6
Subtotal	-	1,762**	1,991**	1,994**	2,035**	2,252**	2,318**	2,247**	-3.1
To Community Colleges:									
From Community Colleges	-	-	36	87	138	202	207	320	54 · 6
From Private Junior Colleges	-	-	182	190	245	212	203	188	-7.4
From Public Senior Institutions	-	-	301	375	. 577	647	652	640	~1.8
From Private Senior Institutions	•	•	175	236	324	249	287	258	~10.1
From Out-of-State Institutions	<u> </u>	<u>_</u> -	<u>194</u>	260	<u>455</u>	466	<u>478</u>	<u>626</u>	31.0
Subtotal	-	-	888***	1,148	1,739	1,776	1,827	2,032	11.2
To Privete Junior Colleges:									
From Community Colleges	-	18	15	1 9	21	21	39	29	-25.6
From Private Junior Colleges	-	34	33	23	24	22	20	9	~55.0
From Public Senior Institutions	-	60	7 3	41	59	60	50	37	-26.0
From Private Senior Institutions	-	41	3 0	32	22	19	19	13	-31.6
From Out-of-State Institutions	<u> </u>	<u> 111</u>	132	<u>103</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>75</u>	57	91	59.6
Subtotal	-	264	283	218	208	197	185	1-9	-3.2
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTIONS		_	7,036	7,800	9,028	9,736	9,780	10,334	a

^{*} Does not include Campbell College, Duke University, and Queens College. ** Does not include Duke University.

^{***} Does not include Central Piedmont Community College.

⁻ Nata not available or not applicable.

UNDERGRADUATE TRANSFER STUDENTS AT NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND SEX, FALL 1973

	Trans	Transferred From	ij.	Tra	Transferred F	From	Transferred	Transferred	
Type of	Juntor Ins	Institutions	in N.C.	Sentor I	Institutions	s in N.C.	From All	From	
Institution	Community	Private		Public	Private		North Carolina	Out-of-State	GRAND
and Sex	Colleges	Juntor	Total	Sentor	Senior	Total	Institutions	Institutions	TOTAL
Public Senior Institutions	tons								
Men	1,072	616	1,688	260	287	847	2,535	635	3,170
Women	626	529	1,155	675	381	1,056	2,211	715	2,926
Total	1,698	1,145	2,843	1,235	899	1,903	4,746	1,350	960,9
Private Senior Institutions	ttons								
Men	257	200	457	210	103	313	77.0	519	1.289
10 Be	138	187	325	161	105	266	591	367	986
Total	395	387	782	371	208	579	1,361	886	2,247
SNOTTHEFT TNCT TAR	<u>v</u>						•		
Men	1,329	816	2,145	7.70	390	1,160	3,305	1,154	4,459
Wogen	164	716	1,480	836	987	1,322	2,802	1,082	3,884
Total	2,093	1,532	3,625	1,606	876	2,482	6,107	2,236	8,343
Men Contreges	201	88	289	373	148	521	810	344	1,154
Moisen	119	100	219	267	110	37.7	596	282	878
Total	320	188	508	079	258	888	1,406	626	2,032
Private Junior Colleges	99				-				
Men	_ 23	m	26	176	7	31	57	57	114
Women	•	vo	12	EI	Φ	19	31	34	3
Total	29	ው	38	37	13	20	88	91	179
ALL JUNIOR COLLEGES									
Men	224	76	315	397	155	552	867	401	1,268
Vonen	125	106	231	280	116	396	627	316	646
Total	349	197	246	677	271	876	1,494	717	2,211
ALL INSTITUTIONS									
1	1,553	206	2,469	1,167	545	1,712	4,172	1,555	5,727
Nome	889	822	1,711	1,116	602	3,718	3,429	1,398	4,827
Total	2,442	1,729	4,171	2,283	1,147	3,430	7,601	2,953	10,554



Appendix UNC_15

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS BY LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

		ICAN TAN	NEG		ORIEN			ICAN	AL <u>l o</u>		
THORTOSTE TAIL	W1	Z of	Wand an	% of	M	% of	** 1	% of	Wb	Z of	GRAND
Institution	Number	Total	- Number	Total	Number	Total	Number	Total	Number ———	Total	TOTAL
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAR	DLINA										
Undergraduate	508	0.7%	13,693	18.3%	104	0.1%	176	0.2%	60,601	80.7%	75,082
Graduata	47	0.3	1,512	11.1	52	0.4	69	0.5	11.917	87.7	13,597
First Professional	<u>6</u> 561	0.3	<u>241</u>	13.6	5	0.3	3	0.2	1,520	85.6	1,775
Total	561	0.6	15,446	17.1	161	0.2	248	0.3	74,038	81.8	90,454
MILITARY CENTERS											
Undergraduate	5	0.3	1.67	11.5	8	0.6	36	2.5	1,233	85.1	1,449
Graduate	3	1.1	46	16.4	$\frac{2}{10}$	0.7	_1	0.3	229	81.5	281
Total	8	0.5	213	12.3	10	0.6	37	2.1	1,462	84.5	1,730
COMMUNITY COLLEGES											
Undergraduate	35	0,4	894	9.7	-	-	-	-	8,265	89.9	9,194
PUBLIC TOTAL											
Undergraduate	548	0.6	14,754	17.2	112	0.1	212	0.3	70,099	81.8	85,725
Graduste	50	0.4	1,558	11.2	54	0.4	70	0.5	12,146	87.5	13,878
First Professional	<u>6</u>	0.3	241	13.6	5	0.3	3	0.2	1,520	85.6	1,775
Total	604	0.6	$\overline{16,553}$	16.3	171	0.2	285	0.3	83,765	82.6	101,378



RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

			RI CAN DI AN	NEC	:RO	ORIEN	it a l	-	IISH RAMED RICAN	ALL O	THER	
	INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
	Appalachian	17	0.2%	131	1.8%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	7,380	97.8%	7,545
	East Carolina	74	0.7	340	3.4	18	0.2	85	0.8	9,551	94.9	10,068
	Elizabeth City	-	-	1,058	92.3	-	-	1	0.1	87	7.6	1,146
	Fayetteville	-	-	1,727	96.5	-	-	1	0.1	62	3.4	1,790
	N.C. A and T	3	0.1	4,497	94.6	-	-	3	0.1	248	5.2	4,751
	N.C. Central	2	(Z)	3,738	92.0	7	0.2	•	-	315	7.8	4,062
₹	N.C. School of the Arts*	-	•	30	7.9	2	0.5	1	0.3	345	91.3	378
	N.C. State University	24	0.2	349	2.4	32	0.2	38	0.3	13,814	96.9	14,257
	Pembroke	331	17.3	64	3.3	-	-	-	-	1,523	79.4	1,918
	UNC-Asheville	ı	0.1	33	2.9	1	0.1	3	0.3	1,087	96.6	1,125
	UNC_Chapel Hill	54	0.3	985	5.1	59	0.3	63	0.3	18,235	94.0	1 9, 396
	UNC-Charlotte	15	0.2	319	5.2	8	0.1	22	0.4	5,759	94.1	6,123
	UNC-Greensboro	26	0.3	380	4.8	10	0.1	19	0.3	7,421	94.5	7,855
	UNC-Wilmington	_	-	79	3.1	1	(Z)	-	-	2,462	96.9	2,542
	Western Carolina	14	0.2	122	2.1	13	0.2	5	0.1	5 ,69 0	97.4	5,844
	Winston-Salem	-	-	1,594	96.4	-	-	-	-	59	3.6	1,653
	Total	561	0.6	15,446	17.1	161	0.2	248	0.3	74,038	81.8	90,454

^{*} Excludes high school students.

NOTE: (2) represents percentage less than 0.05.



Appendix UNG-17

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY INSTITUTION AND LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

		CLCAN	NEC		ORI EN			IAMED	_ ALL C		
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
Appalachian											
Undergraduate	16	0.2%	112	1.7%	7	0.1%	6	0.1%	6,463	97.9%	6,604
Graduate		0.1	19	2.0	3	0.3	<u> </u>	0.1	917	97.5	941
Total	17	0.2	131	1.8	10	0.1	7	0.1	7,380	\$7.8	7,545
East Carolina											
Undergraduate	5 8	0.6	192	2.2	7	0.1	81	0.9	8,511	96.2	8,849
Graduate	16	1.3	148	12.4	11	0.9	4	0.3	1,020	85.1	1,199
First Professional	=	-		•		-		-		100.0	20
Total	74	0.7	340	3.4	18	0.2	85	0.8	9,551	94.9	10,068
Elizabeth City											
Undergraduate	-	-	1,058	92.3	-	-	1	0.1	87	7.6	1,146
Fayetteville											
Undergraduate	-	-	1,727	96.5	-	-	1	C. 1	62	3.4	1,7 9 0
N.C. A and T											_
Undergraduate	3	0.1	4,073	98.1	-	-	1	(Z)	74	1.8	4,151
Graduate		-	424	70.7		-	2	0.3	174	29.0	600
Total	$-\frac{2}{3}$	0.1	4,497	94.6	-	•	3	0.1	248	5.2	4,751
N.C. Central											
Undergraduate	-	-	3,192	94.8	3	0.1	-	-	170	5.1	3,365
Graduate	-	-	374	92.4	3	0.7	-	-	28	6.9	405
First Professional	$\frac{2}{2}$	0.7	172	58.9	1	0.3		-	117	40.1	292
Total	2	(Z)	3,738	92.0	7	0.2	•	-	315	7.8	4,062
N.C. School of the Arts*					_				•		
Undergradu at e	-	-	30	7.9	2	C.5	1	2.3	ۆ∔د	91.3	?~€



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN MORTA CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND PERCENT CHANGE 3Y INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

Institution 1963	Pell 1964	Pall									1973	Pertent
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA Appelschish East Carolina 5,930 Elizabeth City 885 Psyetteville 1,013 1 N.C. A and T 3,005 M.C. Central 2,609 N.C. School of the Arte - M.C. State University 8,207 Fembroke 934 UNC-Asheville 545a/ UNC-Chapel Hill 11,297 UNC-Chapel Hill 11,297 UNC-Charlotte 1,414/ UNC-Greensboro 3,737 UNC-Wilmington 927a/ Whestern Carolina 2,289 Winston-Salem 1,160 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg - Camp Lejeune (ECU) - Cherry Point (ECU) - Seymour Johnson (ECU) - Seymour Johnson (ECU) - Consensity CollegesC/ Caldwell - College Carolina - College		1965	P#11 1966	Pall 1967	Pell 1968	Pall 1969	₹#11 1970	F#11 1971	Fell 1972	Number	% Change Over 1972	Change 1963-1973
Appalachian 3,186 East Carolina 5,930 Elizabeth City 885 Fayetteville 1,013 I N.C. A and T 3,005 N.C. School of the Arte N.C. State University 8,207 Fembroke 934 UNC-Asheville 545a/ UNC-Chapel Hill 11,297 UNC-Charlotte 1,414a/ UNC-Greensboro 3,737 UNC-Wilmington 927a/ Winston-Salem 1,160 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC/ Caldwell Consetal Carolina Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven												<u>. </u>
East Carolina Elizabeth City Respectivelle R.C. A and T R.C. A and T R.C. School of the Arte R.C. State University Respectivelle R.C. State University R.C												
Elizabeth City 885 Payetteville 1,013 1 N.C. A and T 3,005 3 N.C. Central 2,609 2 N.C. School of the Arte 8,207 8 N.C. State University 8,207 8 UNC-Asheville 934 1 UNC-Chapel Hill 11,297 12 UNC-Chapel Hill 11,297 12 UNC-Greensboro 3,737 4 UNC-Wilmington 9274 1 Western Carolina 2,289 2 Winston-Salem 1,160 1 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg	3,428	3,954	4,417	4.939	5,580	6,252	6,665	7,345	7,352	7,545	2.6%	136.8%
Payetteville	6,599	7.728	8.823	9,360	9.258	9.788	10,007	10,106	10,286	10,068	-2.1	69.8
N.C. A and T N.C. Central N.C. Central N.C. School of the Arte N.C. State University Pembroke UNC-Asheville UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Carolina UNC Total UNC Total MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Constal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Coreven 1,005 2,009 2,00	998	1,013	992	955	1,009	1,039	1,104	1,084	1,109	1,146	3.3	29.5
N.C. Central N.C. School of the Arte N.C. School of the Arte N.C. State University Fembroke UNC-Asheville UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Cherlotte UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Vestern Carolina Vestern Carolina UNC Total A7,138 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeune (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consequity CollegesC Caldwell Constal Carolina	1,145	1,195	1,142	1,159	1,243	1,137	1,419	1,490	1,643	1.790	8.9	76.7
N.C. School of the Arte N.C. State University Rembroke W.C. State University Pembroke W.C. State University Pembroke W.C. State University Pembroke 934 UNC-Asheville S45a/ UNC-Chapel Hill 11.297 12.297 UNC-Chapel Hill 11.297 12.244 UNC-Greensboro 3,737 Western Carolina 2,289 Winston-Salem UNC Total WILLTARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeune (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consultry CollegesC/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont Consultry CollegesC/ Castal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Corewen Craven	3,227	3,435	3,595	3,930	3,844	3.714	3,707	4,445	4,510	4.751	5.3	58
M.C. State University Fembroke 934 UMC-Asheville UMC-Chapel Hill UNC-Charlotte UNC-Greensboro UMC-Wilmington Western Carolina UNC Total MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeune (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consultry Colleges Caldwell Constal Carolina	2,651	2.779	3,226	3,D86	3,042	3,290	3,541	3,723	4,028	4.062	0.8	55.7
Fembroke UNC-Asheville UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Charlotte UNC-Greensboro UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Carolina UNC Total Winaton-Salem UNC Total A7.138 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Craven 934 11.297 12.41 11.297 12.41 12.41 12.41 12.41 12.42 12.41 12.	-	-	115	192	213	256	288	328	351	378	7.7	-
UNC-Asheville UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Charlotte UNC-Greensboro UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Carolins Uncaron-Salem UNC Total A7,138 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Craven 11,297 12,4142 11,297 12,4142 11,4142 12,289 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8.878	9.806	10,203	10,845	12,964	12,691	13,340	13,483	13,809	14,257	3.2	73.7
UNC-Chapel Hill 11.297 12 UNC-Charlotte 1,4142 1 UNC-Greensboro 3,737 4 UNC-Wilmington 9272 2 Western Carolina 2,289 2 Winston-Salem 1,160 1 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg	1,058	1,350	1,410	1,495	1,564	1.696	1,926	2,077	1,980	1,918	-3.1	105.4
UNC-Chapel Hill UNC-Charlotte UNC-Charlotte UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Caroline Unc Total UNC Total MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Craven 1,160 11,297 1,4142/ 1,4142	470 <u>€</u> /	594 <u>#</u> /	565≛/	691a/	748#/	869	988	1.107	1,129	1.125	-0.4	106.4
UNC-Charlotte UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Carolina Winston-Salem UNC Total UNC Total UNC Total WILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Craven 1,444 47,138 50 47,138 50 47,138 50 —————————————————————————————————	12,155	13.130	14.156	15.601	16.233	16,430	18.130	13,160	19,224	19,396	0.9	71.7
UNC-Greensboro UNC-Wilmington Western Carolina Winston-Salem UNC Total UNC Total WILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle Creven 3,737 47,138 50 47,138 50 —————————————————————————————————	1,5124/	1,815	1,715	2.014	2.351	3.085	4.068	4,676	5.159	6,123	18.7	333.0
WHC-Wilmington 927#/ Western Carolins 2,289 2 Winston-Salem 1,160 1 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consulty CollegesC/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Costal Carolina Coi. of The Albemarle 209 Craven	4.249	4.721 .	4.930	5,345	5.889	6.423	6,703	6.983	7.411	7,856	6.0	110.2
Western Carolins 2,289 Winston-Selem 1,160 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consulty Collegesc/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Cosstal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle 209 Craven	968ª/	1,055	1,2018/	1,222	1,240	1,425	. 1,772	1,930	2,280	2,542	11.5	174.2
Winston-Salem 1,160 1 UNC Total 47,138 50 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg Camp Lejeune (ECU) Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Mil. Ctrs. Total Consultry CollegesC/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Costal Carolina Col. of The Albemarle 209 Craven	2,431	3,001	3,652	3,965	4,310	4,670	5,125	5,330	5,640	5.844	3.6	155.3
MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg - Camp Lejeume (ECU) - Cherry Point (ECU) - Seymour Johnson (ECU) - Mil. Ctrs. Total - COMMUNITY COLLEGESC/ Caldwell - Central Piedmont 220 Cosstal Carolina - Col. of The Albemarle 209 Craven -		1,242	1,295	1,325	1,301	1,346	1,401	1,623	1,720	1,653	-3.9	42.5
Fort Bragg Camp Lejeume (ECU) - Cherry Point (ECU) - Seymour Johnson (ECU) - Mil. Ctrs. Total - Consumity Collegesc/ Caldwell - Central Fiedmont 220 Cosstal Carolina - Col. of The Albemorle 209 Craven -	50,884	56,818	61,437	66,144	69.794	74,111	80,274	84.890	87,631	90,454	2.2	?1. 9
Camp Lejeune (ECU) - Cherry Point (ECU) - Seymour Johnson (ECU) - Mil. Ctrs. Total - Consumity Collegesc/ Caldwell - Central Fiedmont 220 Cosstal Carolina - Col. of The Albemorle 209 Craven -									.,			
Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Hil. Ctrs. Total Consumity Collegesc/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Costal Carolina - Col. of The Albemorle 209 Craven	-	470	683	971	1.070	936	1,068	1,061	1,020 <u>b</u> /	891	-12.6	•
Cherry Point (ECU) Seymour Johnson (ECU) Hil. Ctrs. Total Consultry Collegesc/ Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Costal Carolina - Col. of The Albemorle 209 Craven -	198	449	427	450	408	362	322	365	369	385	4.3	~
Mil. Ctrs. Total COMMUNITY COLLEGESC Caldwell Central Fiedmont 220 Cosetal Carolina - Col. of The Albemarle 209 Craven -	-	195	303	344	387	308	314	411	419	454	8	•
Constitute Colleges Colleges Colleges Colleges Carolina C	242	277	171	220	247	167	139				•	•
Caldwell - Central Fiedmont 220 Coastal Carolina - Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven -	440	1.391	1,584	1.485	2,112	1,773	1,843	1,837	1,808	1,730	-4.3	•
Caldwell - Central Fiedmont 220 Coastal Carolina - Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven -												
Cosetal Carolina - Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven -	-	-	-	-	-	-	177	263	267	284	÷	
Cosstal Carolina - Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven -	239	594	690	1,042	1,579	2,187	3,059	2,339	2,279	2.163	-5.:	55:
Col. of The Albembrie 209 Craven -	-	-	-	· -	· -	· +	224	380	399	465	14.5	•
Creven -	282	443	380	459	498	514	583	500	416	358	-10	71.7
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**	7 <u>je</u>	-	•
DETACEOUS TARMES	-	_	204	374	470	570	606	618	547	538	-2.6	
Gaston -	696	1.116	948	801	1,071	942	1.134	844	681	626	-8.1	
lsothermal -	-		117	202	312	313	312	174	219	253	14.6	
Lenoir -	_	_	298	477	576	679	680	609	617	381	-5.5	_
Mitchell -	_	_	276	7//	J/4	-	-	-	-	45 <u>4</u>	-3.3	-
Rockingham -	_	_	214	399	503	549	588	568	533	461	-13.3	_



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN MORTH CAROLINA COLLECES AND UNIVERSITIES AND PERCENT CHANGE BY INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

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												7	rercent
Institution	Fail 1963	Fall 1964	Fell 1965	Fall , 1966	Fa11 1967	Fe11 1968	Fe11 1969	Fall 1970	Fe11 1971	Fali 1972	Number	7 Change Over 1972	Change 1963-197
COMMUNITY COLLEGES 2	/ (Cout.)												
Sen dhi 11e	•	•	229	420	519	552	789	820	796	699	585	-12.62	•
Southesstern	•	1	331	293	577	442	374	638	712	622	512	-17.7	•
Surry	•	•	1	139	266	30	38.	431	453	470	675	43.6	•
Wayne	•	•	•	•	1	182	337	413	575	516	568	10.1	•
Western Piedmont	•	•	•	248	425	673	531	787	757	417	347	-16.8	•
Wilke	'	'	1	93	5,	211	282	328	357	316	052	-20.9	1
for fall Total	7.51	1 217	2 713	7	5.570	021 2	675 8	007 01	0 644	9 0 6	701	•	2 6/3
COM: CO1. 10181	675	11741	*****	,	6,000	0,74,	646.0	70,400	****	99.6	7,134	6.3	2,043.14
PUBLIC TOTAL	47,567	52,541	60,922	67,065	73,708	9,00,62	84,427	92,597	96,371	98,407	101,378	3,0	113.1
PAIVATE DESTITUTIONS													
SENTOR COLLECES AND	UNIVERSITIES	,				•						1	
Atlantic Christian	1,325	1,289	1,447	1,525	1,479	1,567	1,544	1,747	1,794	1,770	1,721	-5.8	29.9
Barbar-Scotia	315	315	355	329	450	609	260	537	550	Š	456	-10.2	44.8
Belmont Abbey	619	667	702	775	790	619	775	679	718	265	622	10.1	0.5
Bennett	\$ 8 3	291	642	645	699	784	627	572	281	545	537	7.5	-8.8
Campbell	1,836	2,002	2,191	2,267	2,348	2,402	2,306	2,207	2,401	2,341	2,207	-5.7	20.2
Catavba	924	868	868	966	1,046	1,051	1,046	1,099	1,132	1,162	1,147	-1.3	34.3
Davidson	1.000	1,006	1,001	1,008	1,003	1,035	1,033	1,034	1,087	1,118	1,167	6.2	18.7
Duke	6,421	6,695	96.9		7,445	7,320	7,734	7,948	9,446	6,849	6,043	2.2	40.8
Elon	1,248	÷		1,409	1,434	1,817	1,843	1,715	1,862	1,873	2,905	7.0	9.09
Gardner-Webb	7208/			1,2164/	1,2884/	1,30원/	1,448	1,528	1,420	1,543	1,525	-1.5	111.8
Greensboro	60			612	899	069	929	290	290	929	551	-12.0	ð.
Guilford	1,632	1,661	1,862	1,765	1,573	1,601	1,782	1,757	1,740	1,610	1,584	9.1-	-3.0
High Point	1,404	1,558	1,562	1,382	1,355	1,333	1,131	1,103	1,060	1,086	1,020	-6.1	-27.4
Johnson C. Safth	926	1,048	1,055	1, 101	1,290	1,339	1,244	1,136	1,036	1,043	1,083	3.8	11.0
Lenoir Rhyne	1,142	1,212	1, 321	1,335	1,305	1,309	1,314	1,341	1,395	1,360	1,366	4.0	19.6
Livingstone	726	704	717	823	893	859	808	720	754	766	750	9.0	3.3
Mars Hill	1,288	1,324	1,348	1,331	1,324	1,268	1,257	1,494	1,467	1,504	1,515	0.7	13.6
Heredith	857	870	850	844	860	863	%	1,109	1,291	1,362	1,357	7.0-	58.3
Methodist	7.0	919	814	775	1,063	982	768	810	756	929	631	7.7	7.7%
N.C. Wesleyen	450	265	651	929	670	643	645	631	617	585	20:	-16.4	11.3
Pfeiffer	629	843	917	36	936	926	834	882	1,088	1,100	1,037		1.5.1
Queens	928,				618	808	705	658	673	292	633	·.	9 . 22.
Secred Heart	208 208 208				364	467	455	350	318	225	175	į	6.51,
St. Andreva	898				913	906	869	863	892	869	116	-1".4	-25.3
St. Augustine's	992	733	814	926	1,031	1,039	1,109	1,103	1,286	1,442	1,488	S	17
Sales	867	200	551	581	290	552	247	526	525	610	629	:	5
Shar	650	721	992	196	1,103	1,085	1,203	1,154	1,060	1,259	575*1	: ;	



NUMBER OF STUDIENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND PERCENT CHANGE BY INSTITUTION, 1963-1973

											Fel	1_1973	Percent
Institution	Fell 1963	Pall 1964	Fell 1965	Pa11 1966	Pall 1967	Fall 1968	Fall 1969	Fall 1970	Pall 1971	Pall 1972	Number	I Change Over 1972	Changa 1963-197
SR. COL. & UNIV. (Cont.)		257	278	277	307	376	401	373	360	374	200	3,7 2	26.50
Sr. Col. & Univ.	286			<u></u>							388	3.74	35.7%
Total	32,482	33,755	36,069	37,308	38,199	38,857	38,976	38,992	40,637	41,339	41,510	0.4	27.8
THEOLOGICAL SECTIONARY								•					
Southeastern Reptist													
Theological Seminary	575	555	516	484	547	582	570	520	552	581	634	9.1	10.3
STRLE COLLEGES													
John Wesley	28	41	4ž	49	56	61	40	66	59	62	69	11.3	146.4
Kermersville Wesleyan	45	67	98	<u>6</u>	111	94	77	71	-	-	-	-	
Piedmont	<u> 158</u>	188	226	<u> 260</u>	285	329	365	387	385	399	397	-0.5	151.3
Bible Col. Total	231	2 96	365	425	452	484	482	524	444	461	466	1.1	101.7
JUNIOR COLLEGES													
Breverd	409	431	527	615	645	639	614	595	531	447	477	6.7	16.6
Chowan	902	1,155	1,179	1,234	1,302	1.338	1.316	1,483	1,545	1,224 501	1,149 336	-6.1	27.4
Kittrall		180	132	182	276	316	334	380	554			-32.9	-
Less-HoRse	425	510	610	613	624	687	631	660	670	669	721	7.8	69.6
Louisburg	632	663	675	691	700	823	615	785	777	744	737 - ≗	, ~1.0	16.6
Mitchell	519	557 339	602 401	629 466	543 463	539 466	578 470	546 353	576 313	470 363	378	4.1	49.4
Montreat-Anderson	253 201	260	325	363	385	346	313	345	328	300	286	-4.7	42,3
Mount Olive	66	52	46	303	20 3	,-o	J. J	,,	J20	200	200	-4.,	4213
Oak Bidge	329	373	405	400	379	429	471	489	504	503	460	-9.4	39.8
Peace St. Mary's	283	279	284	349	354	346	322	321	341	308	315	2,3	11.3
Southwood	87	167	308	339	346	272	209	253	197	153	_	•	•
Verde'l Hell	-			81	67	51			_	_	-	-	-
Wingste	1,124	1,320	1.486	1.561	1.568	1.588	1,607	1,642	1,667	<u> </u>	1,414	-8.8	25.8
Jr. Col. Total	5,230	6 _v 286	6,980	7,523	7,652	7.840	7.680	7,852	8,003	7,237	6,273	-13.3	19.9
PRIVATE TOTAL	38,518	40,892	43,930	45,740	46,850	47,763	47,708	47,888	49.636	49,618	48,883	-1.5	26.9
GRAND TOTAL	86,085	93,433	104,852	112,805	120,558	126.839	132,135	140,485	146.007	148,025	150,261	1.5	74.5

NOTE: Fayetteville State University is in charge of undergraduate Programs and East Carolina University, North Carolina State University, and UNC-Charlotte are in charge of graduate programs at Fort Bragg.



A/Not in the Consolidared University system in that year.

b/Feyetteville State University assumed major responsibility for this branch in Fell 1972.

c/College parallel programs only.

d/Junior college in that year.

e/Secame community college in that year.

Appendix UNC-7

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION,
RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME, AND SEX, FALL 1973

(Haalth Affairs) (1.195)			IN-S	TATE	E	оՄ	T-OF-STA	<u></u>		<u>PULL-TIM</u>	Ε		PARI-TIM	Ε		
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA Appelechion 7,345 East Cerolina 10,068 (Academic Affeirs) (8,873) (Health Affaire) (1,195) Elizabeth City 1,146 Feyettaville 1,790 N.C. A end T 4,751 N.C. Central 4,062 N.C. School of the Arts 378 N.C. State University 14,257 Pembroke 1,918 UNIC-Chapel Hill 19,196 (Academic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNIC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affaire) (2,695) UNIC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (3,785) (3,78	Mi	NSTITUTION C	Nos	be n	Total	Hen	Women	Total	Hen	Vonen	Total	Nen	¥one::	Total	Men	Homes
Appelechien 7,545 East Carolina 10,068 (Academic Affeirs) (8,873) (Haalth Affaire) (1,195) Elizabeth City 1,146 Feyettaville 1,790 M.C. A and T 4,751 M.C. Central 4,062 H.C. Stote University 14,257 Pembroke 1,918 UNC-Asheville 1,125 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,196 (Academic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNC-Charlotte (6,123) UNC-Creanshoro 7,856 UNC-Charlotte 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 Millitary CENTERS Fort Bragg* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Conatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 358 Craven 73											•			•	_	
East Carolina 10,068 (Academic Affeirs) (8,873) (Hamlth Affeire) (1,195) Elizabeth City 1,146 Payettaville 1,790 M.C. A and T 4,751 M.C. Central 4,062 M.C. Stete University 14,257 Pembroke 1,918 UMC-Asheville 1,125 UMC-Chapel Hill 19,196 (Academic Affeire) (16,701) (Realth Affeire) (2,695) UMC-Charlotte 6,123 UMC-Greanshoro 7,856 UMC-Wilmington 2,542 Weatern Carolina 5,844 Minaton-Salem 1,653 UMC Total 90,454 Millitary CENTERS Port Bragg* 991 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 556 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMENNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemerle 1359 Craven 73	_							_				_				
(Academic Affeirs) (8,873) (Hamith Affeire) (1,195) Elizabeth City 1,146 Feyettaville 1,790 N.C. A and T 4,751 N.C. Central 4,062 H.C. School of the Arte 1,257 Fembroke 1,918 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affeire) (16,701) (Hamith Affeire) (2,695) UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affeire) (16,701) (Hamith Affeire) (2,695) UNC-Greanshoro 7,856 UNC-Wilmington 2,542 Weatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 Millitary CENTERS Fort Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Commatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemerle 358 Craven 73	3,4				6.990	315	240	555	3,412	3,346	6,758	402	385	-a-	3,814	3,731
Charle Class Cla	4.1				8,730	637	701	1,338	4.056	4,625	8,681	689	695	1.38	4,745	5.323
Elizabeth City 1.146 Payattaville 1,790 R.C. A and T 4,751 N.C. Central 4,062 H.C. School of the Arte 378 H.C. State University 14,257 Pambroke 1,918 UNC-Ashaville 1,125 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,996 (Academic Affairs) (2,695) UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affairs) (2,695) UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affairs) (2,695) UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 UNC-Creanshoro 7,856 UNC-Wilmington 2,542 Western Caroline 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 Millitary Craters Port Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Conatal Caroline 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	(3,5				(7,690)	(613)	(570)	(1,183)	(3,903)	(3.712)	(7 .615)	(667)	(391)	(1,250)	(4.570)	
Payettaville	(1			199)	(1,040)	(24)	(131)	(155)	(153)	(913)	(1,066)	(22)	(107)	(129)	(175)	
R.C. A and T	4	Izabeth City	_	90	990	116	40	156	495	568	1.063	31	5.2	83	526	620
N.C. Central 4,062 378 14,257 14,257 14,257 14,257 15,918 14,257 15,918 16,000 17,918 17,125	(yettaville	9	37	1,624	78	88	166	697	943	1,640	6 8	82	150	765	1.025
N.C. Central 4,062 H.C. School of the Arte 378 H.C. Stete University 14,257 Pembroke 1,918 UNC-Asheville 1,125 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,196 (Acedemic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNC-Charlotte 6,123 UNC-Greensboro 7,856 UNC-Greensboro 7,856 UNC-Wilmington 2,542 Seatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 Millitary CEMTERS Fort Bragg* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 554 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMENTIT COLLEGES** Caldwell 284 Cantral Piedmont 2,165 Comatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73 Craven 73	2.3	C. A and T	1,7	753	3,972	421	358	779	2,083	1,808	3,891	557	303	860	2,640	2,111
### ### ##############################	1,5		2.1	109	3,652	230	180	410	1,518	1,929	3,457	255	350	605	1,7:3	2,789
### 14, 257 Pembroke 1,918 UNC-Asheville 1,125 UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affairs) (16,701) (Realth Affairs) (2,695) UNC-Charlotte 6,123 UNC-Gransboro 7,856 UNC-Milmington 2,542 Seatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 ##################################				72	152	111	115	226	183	168	351	8	19	2-	191	187
### 1, 125 ### 1, 125 ### 1, 125 ### 1, 125 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 ### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 #### 1, 126 ##### 1, 126 ####################################	9,1		3.0	366	12,183	1,748	326	2,074	8,934	2,397	11,331	1,929	997	2.926	10,863	3, 394
UNC-Chapel Mill 19,396 (Academic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNC-Cherlotte 6,123 UNC-Greanshoro 7,856 UNC-Wilmington 2,542 Western Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 ODMSUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Coatal Carolina 465 Coi. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	9	mbroke	6	88	1,835	61	22	83	915	861	1,716	93	109	202	1,000	910
UNC-Chapel Hill 19,396 (Academic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNC-Charlotte 6,123 UNC-Greanshoro 7,856 UNC-Wilmington 2,542 Weatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Brass 991 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Conatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 358 Craven 73	:	C-Asheville	5	521	1,056	42	27	69	470	424	894	107	124	231	577	548
(Acedemic Affaire) (16,701) (Realth Affaire) (2,695) UNC-Charlotte (123) UNC-Charlotte (123) UNC-Charlotte (124) UNC-Charlotte (124) UNC-Charlotte (125) UNC-Charlotte (125) UNC-Charlotte (125) UNC-Wilmington (125) UNC Total (125) UNC Total (125) WILLITARY CENTRES Fort Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) (395) Cherry Point (ECU) (454) Mil. Ctre. Total (1,730) COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell (2,165) Coatal Carolina (465) Col. of The Albemerle (135) Craven (135)	0,1		6,2	227	14.969	2,943	1,484	4,427	10.568	6,542	17,110	1,117	1,169	2,286	11.685	7,711
UNC-Charlotte 6.123 UNC-Greanshoro 7,856 URC-Wileington 2,542 Weatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 654 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLECES** Caldwell 2,165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemerle 359 Craven 73	(7.5) (5.3	335)	(12,914)	(2,557)	(1,230)	(3,787)	(9,159)	(5,513)	(14,672)	(977)	(1,052)	(2,029)	(10,136)	(6,545
UNC-Greansboro 7,856 UNC-Wileington 2,542 Weatern Carolina 5,844 Winston-Salem 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 MILITARY CENTERS Fort Brass 991 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2,165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemerle 359 Craven 73	(1,1	Realth Affairs)) (8	192)	(2,055)	(386)	(254)	(640)	(1,409)	(1,029)	(2,438)	(140)	(117)	(257)	(1,549)	(1.146
UNC-Wilmington 2.542 Weatern Carolina 5.844 Winston-Salem 1.653 UNC Total 90.454 MILITARY CEPTRES Fort Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1.730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 2.165 Conatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	3,5	C-Cherlotte	2,5	586	5,900	137	86	223	2.497	1,843	4,340	954	829	1,783	3,451	2.672
URC-Wilmington 2.542 Western Carolina 5.844 Winston-Salem 1.653 UNC Total 90.454 MILITARY CENTRES Fort Brass* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1.730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 284 Cantal Piedmont 2.165 Coatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	1,9	C-Greanshoro	4.9	41	6,890	272	694	966	1.354	4.519	5,873	867	1,116	1,963	2,221	5,635
Seatern Carolina 5.844 Winston-Salem 1.653 UNC Total 90.454 MILITARY CENTERS 891 Camp Lajeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctra. Total 1.730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 284 Cantral Piedmont 2.165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 71	1.3		1.1	125	2.446	65	31	96	1.163	906	2.069	223	250	473	1,386	1.156
### UNC Total 1,653 UNC Total 90,454 ##################################	2,9		2,4	43	5.371	261	212	473	2,622	2,151	4,773	567	504	1.071	3,189	2.655
### MILITARY CENTERS Fort Bragg* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454 ##################################			9	<u> </u>	1,535	<u>58</u>	60	118	604	920	1,524	<u>50</u>	79	129	654	999
Port Bragg* 891 Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454	41,9	UNC Total	36.3)OZ	78,295	7,495	4,664	12,159	41,571	33.900	75,471	7.917	7,066	14.983	49,488	40.966
Camp Lejeune (ECU) 395 Cherry Point (ECU) 454		LITARY CENTERS														
Cherry Point (ECU) 454 Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 Community CollEGES** Caldwell 284 Central Piedmont 2,165 Constal Carolins 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	7	rt Brass*	1	68	89 1	-	-	-	174	29	203	549	139	688	723	168
Mil. Ctrs. Total 1,730 COMMUNITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 284 Central Piedmont 2,165 Conatal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	;	mp Lejeune (ECU)		31	385	_	-	-	25	7	32	329	24	353	354	31
COMMENSITY COLLEGES** Caldwell 284 Central Piedmont 2.165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 358 Craven 73		erry Point (ECU)		<u>57</u>	<u> 386</u>	<u>54</u>	14	€8	34	14	48	349	57	406		
Caldwell 284 Central Piedmont 2.165 Coastal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	1,4	Mil. Ctre. Total	2	256	1.662	54	14	68	233	\$0	283	1,227	220	1,447	1,460	270
Central Piedmont 2.165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemaria 359 Craven 73		MOUNTTY COLLEGES**													•	
Contral Piedmont 2,165 Constal Carolina 465 Col. of The Albemonte 359 Craven 73	1	ldwell		l 23	282	2	-	2	129	86	215	32	37	69	161	123
Command 465 Col. of The Albemania 359 Craven 73	1,4		•	546	2,100	47	18	65	933	330	1,263	568	334	902	1,501	664
Col. of The Albemarle 359 Craven 73	1		1	133	320	98	47	145	160	10'	267	125	73	198	285	180
Craven 73]	133	322	35	1	36	170	103	273	54	31	25	224	134
				25	69	_	4	4	38	25	63	6	4	10	44	29
Davidson County 330		vidson County	3	188	535	3	-	3	208	108	316	142	80	222	350	185
Gaeton 626			_	275	615	ğ	2	11	254	192	446	95	85	190	349	277
isothermal 251				104	251				117	78	195	36	26	56	147	104



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN MORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME AND SEX, VALL 1973

	TOTAL		IN-STAT	<u> </u>		<u>1-07-</u> STA	TE	P	<u>ull-time</u>			PART-TIP	Œ		TAL
INSTITUTION	EMPOLINEM	Hen	Komen.	Total	Hen	Women	Total	Hen	Women.	Totel	Hen	Momen	Total	Meg	Women
COMMENTALTY COLLEGES	(Cont.)														
Lengir	501	345	230	575	5	1	6	238	132	360	112	109	221	350	231
Mitchell	454	253	161	434	17	3	20	258	153	411	12	31	43	270	184
Rockingham	462	306	146	454	8	-	8	245	120	365	69	28	97	314	146
Sandhille	585	412	166	578	4	3	7	372	140	512	44	29	73	416	169
Southeastern	512	262	235	497	9	6	15	227	176	405	44	63	107	271	241
Sucty	675	320	329	649	13	13	26	176	125	291	157	227	364	333	,342
Høyne	568	348	179	527	34	7	41	228	223	351	254	63	217	382	186
Western Pledmont	347	193	153	346	-	ì	ı	147	113	260	46	41	87	193	154
wilkes	250	154	<u>9?</u>	247	1	2	3	132	<u>76</u>	208	23	19	42	155	9
Com. Col. Total	9-194	5,460	3,341	6.301	285	108	393	4,032	2,169	6,201	1.713	1,280	2.9%3	5,745	3,449
PUBLIC TOTAL	101,378	48.859	39.699	88,758	7.834	4,786	12.620	45,836	36,119	81.955	10.85:	8,566	19,423	56,693	44,685
RIVATE INSTITUTIONS															
SENIOR COLLEGES & UN															_
Atlantic Christlen	1,721	612	737	1.349	196	176	372	719	\$ 31	1,550	89	82	171	808	913
Berber-Scotie	456	95	164	259	93	104	197	162	255	437	6	13	19	188	268
Belmont Abbey	62?	160	57	217	350	47	405	487	76	565	31	26	5~	518	104
Bennett	537	-	236	236	-	301	301	-	5 3 5	535	-	2	2		537
Campbell	2,207	972	750	1,722	361	124	465	1,253	805	2,088	50	69	119	1,333	874
Cetsuba	1,147	250	244	494	372	261	653	615	518	1,133	7	7	14	622	525
Davidson	1,167	337	55	392	701	94	795	1,032	144	1,176	6	5	11	1,038	149
Duke	9,043	1,120	683	1,803	4,796	2,444	7,240	5,429	2.836	0,265	487	2 9 1	778	5.916	3.127
Slon	2.005	743	464	1.207	484	314	798	1.100	690	1.790	127	86	215	1,227	778
Gerdner Webb	1,525	574	505	1,079	3l 1	135	446	639	587	1.426	46	53	99	885	640
Greensboro	55 1	116	248	364	80	107	187	100	342	530	8	13	21	196	355
Goilford	1,584	801	330	1,131	239	214	453	722	434	1.156	318	110	≟2 6	1.040	544
High Point	1,020	317	242	559	277	184	461	570	407	977	74	19	43	594	426
Johnson C. Smith	1,083	186	176	>62	402	319	721	576	489	1.067	10	6	:6	588	÷95
Lepoir Rhype	1,366	455	525	980	167	219	386	594	720	·1,314	28	24	52	622	744
Livingetone	750	177	216	393	230	127	337	403	340	743	4	3	-	407	343
Mete Mill	3,515	414	461	875	336	304	640	726	724	1.450	24	-:	65	750	765
Moredith	1.357	34	1,113	1,147	_	21C	210	-	1,251	1.251	34	72	106	34	1.323
Methodist	631	321	205	527	70	34	104	377	219	596	14	21	35	391	240
N.C. Weeleyen	501	163	130	313	127	61	100	280	166	446	30	25	55	310	191
Pfeiffer	1.037	419	317	736	168	133	301	525	424	949	62	26	86	387	-50
Queens	633	9	286	295	3	335	338		519	527		102	106	12	621
Secred Heart	175	i i	104	108	_	67	67	4	157	161	_	14	14	4	171



MUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, RESIDENCE STATUS, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME, AND SEX, FALL 1973

	TOTAL		IN-STAT	<u> </u>	00	T <u>-0F-5T</u> #	ITE		FULL-Tim	œ		PARI-ID	Œ	107	
INSTITUTION	DIROLL NEEDS	Hen	Women	Total	Men	Hymen	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Momes	Total	Mary	Uoqe
SENTER COL. 4 DIVIV. (C.	ont.)														
St. Andrews	716	143	160	303	201	212	413	337	362	699	7	10	17	344	37.
St. Augustine's	1,488	352	461	813	295	380	675	625	785	1,413	22	53	75	647	84
Salem	620	9	339	348	_	272	272	3	560	563	6	51	57	9	61
Shaw	I,529	312	285	597	562	370	9 32	860	644	1,504	14	11	25	874	65
lake Forest	4,116	1,417	685	2,102	1,459	555	2,014	2,786	1,146	3,932	90	94	184	2,876	1.24
Warren Wilson	<u>388</u>	27	52	79	146	163	309	171	207	378	2	8	10	173	21
Sr. Col. and Univ.															
Total	41,510	10,559	10,231	20,790	12,434	0,286	20,720	21,443	17,279	38,621	1,550	1,339	≙,489	22,973	;8,51
THEOLOGICAL SEMERARY															
Southeastern Beptist															
Theological Seminary	634	290	24	314	286	34	320	530	46	584	38	12	50	576	59
DIBLE COLLEGES															
John Westay	69	48	8	56	7	6	13	45	10	55	10	4	14	55	1.
Piedmont	397	133	65	198	119	80	199	229	139	368	23	6	29	252	145
Bible Col. Total	466	101	73	254	126	86	212	274	149	4 2 3	33	10	à 3	30?	151
JUNIOR COLLEGES															
Brevard	477	156	143	299	93	65	178	245	219	464	4	9	13	24 9	22
Chowan	1,149	38 3	149	532	416	201	617	786	333	1,121	13	15	28	799	354
Kittrell	336	115	107	222	62	52	114	176	159	335	1	-	1	177	15
Lega-HcRae	721	311	184	495	167	59	226	475	240	716	2	3	5	478	24
Louisburg	737	365	248	613	94	30	124	458	371	729	1	•	ŧ	459	27
Montreat-Anderson	378	109	90	199	97	82	179	201	165	366	5	7	12	206	17
tount Olive	286	141	134	275	7	4	11	144	126	270	4	12	16	149	13
Peace	460	-	411	411	-	49	47	-	4.57	457	-	3	3	-	46
St. Mary's	315	-	224	224	-	91	9 î	-	308	308	-	-		-	31
Wingste	1,414	726	489	1,214	142	58	200	<u> 838</u>	489	1,327	30	5_	; _	<u> 366</u>	
Jr. Col. Total	6,273	2, 306	2,178	4,484	1,078	711	1,789	3,324	2,769	6,093	60	122	260	3,384	2,86
PRIVATE TOTAL	40,003	13,336	12,506	25,842	13,924	9,117	23,041	25.579	20,142	45,721	1,681	1,-61	3.162	21,260	21,67
RAND TOTAL	150,261	62.195	52.405	114,600	21,750	13,903	35,662	71,415	56,261	127,676	12.536	10.04	22,595	81,953	66,30

^{*} Fayetteville State University is in thatge of undergraduate programs. East Carolina University, N.C. State University and UNC-Charlerie are in thatge of graduate programs.

^{**} College parallel students only. Does not include special credit students.



Appendix UNC-8

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN MORTH CANOLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION. LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, AND RESIDENCE STATUS, FALL 1973

		VND ERGRA			5	IRST PRO				CRAD	UATE			<u> </u>		
		la-	Out- of-	Patrent Out-of-		lo-	of-	Petcant Out-of-		ln-	Out-	Pettent Justel		ln•	Out- of-	Parcen Out-of
INSTITUTION	Total	Stata	State	Ssete	Total	State	Stata	State	Total	State	State	State	Total	State	State	State
VALLE INSTITUTIONS													<u> </u>			
UNIV. OF MORTE CAROLIA											_					_
Appalachian	6,604	6,143	461	7.0%	-	_ =	-	-	941	847	94	15.01	7,545	6.990	555	7.4
Eget Cerolina	8,649	7,599	1,250	14.1	20	20	.=	-	1,199	1.111	88	٠.3	10,068	8,730	1,338	13.
(Academic Affaica)	(7,746)	(6,644)	(1.102)	(14.2)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,127)	(1,046)	(81)	7.2)	(8,873	(7,690)	(2,183)	(13.
(Bealth Affairs)	(1,103)	(955)	(148)	(13.4)	(20)	(20)	(-)	(-)	(72)	(65)	(7)	15.73	(1,195;	(1.040)	(155)	(13.
Elizabeth City	1,146	990	156	13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,146	990	156	13.
Payettevilla	1,790	1,624	166	9.3	-	-	-	-		-	-	- _	1.790	1.624	166	9.
M.C. A and T	4,151	3.399	752	18.1	-		-	-	600	573	27	5	4,751	3,972	79•	16.
N.C. Centtal	3,365	3,045	320	9.5	292	216	76	26.OX	405	391	1+	3.4	4,062	3.652	410	10.
M.C. School of the Art	378	152	226	59.8	-	-	-	-		_ -		- -	378	152	226	59.
M.C. State University	11,882	10,645	1.237	10.4	-	-	-	-	2,375	1.538	837	35.2	14.257	12,183	2,074	14.
Pembroka	1,918	1,435	83	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,918	1.835	83	4.
UNC-Ashevilla	1,125	1,056	69	6.1	-	-		<u>.</u> .					1,125	1.056	69	4.
UNC-Chapel Bill	13,468	11,448	2.020	15.0	1,463	1,323	140	9.6	4,465	2.198	2,26;	30.5	19,396	14,969	4,427	22.
(Academie Affaica)	(12,411)	(10,468)	(1,943)	(15.6)	(699)	(632)	(67)	(9.6)	(3,591)	(1,814)	(1,727)	; • 9 · 5)	(16.701)	(12,914)	(3.787)	(22.
(Mealth Affairs)	(1,057)	(980)	(77)	(7.3)	(764)	(691)	(73)	(9.6)	(874)	(384)	(490)	(56.1)	(2.695)	(2.055)	(640)	(23.
UNC-Chetlotte	5,270 5,7 \$ 5	5,062 5,076	20 9 709	4.0 12.2	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	853	839 1.814	14 257	26.1 44.6	6,123	5.900	223	3. 12.
UPC-Greenshore	2,542	2,466	96	3.8	_	_	_		2.071	1.014	43,		7,856	6.890	966	
UNC-Vilmington				7.8	-	_	•	-		4.5			2,542	2,446	96	3.
Western Carolina	\$,156	4,754	402		-	-	-	-	688	617	71	10.3	5,844	5,371	473	€.
Wineton-Salem	1.653	1,535	118	7.1				-			_	-	1,653	1,535	118	7.
UNC Total	75,082	66,808	8,274	11.0	2,775	1,559	216	12.2	23,597	9,928	3,669	27.0	90.454	78.295	12,259	13.4
MILITARY CONTRA																
Fort Bragg	610	610	-	-	-	-	-	-	281	281	-	-	89 1	691	-	-
Comp Letoune (ECT)	345	385	-	13.0	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	385	385		-
Chetry Point	454	386	68	15.0		_	— :	-	_		_	•	454	384	68	15.
Mil. Ctra. Total	1,449	1,381	68	4.7	-	-	-	-	281	281	-	-	1,730	1.662	48	3.
COMMUNITY COLLEGES																
Calde 11	284	282	2	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	284	262	2	0.
Gonttal Piedmont	2,165	2,100	65	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,145	2.100	65	1.
Cogstel Carolina	465	320	145	31.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	465	320	145	31.
Col. of The Albertals	358	322	36	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	358	322	36	10.
Cteven	73	69	4	5.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	69	•	5.
Davidson County	538	535	3	Q. 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$38	535	3	0.
Gaston	626	615	11	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	626	415	11	1.0
leothermal	25%	25 1	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	251	-	



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, AND RESIDENCE STATUS, PALL 1973

		UNDERGRA			F	IRST PRO				GRAD	UATE			ALL ST		
			Out.	Percent				Percent			Out -	Parcant			Dut-	Percent
		In-	of-	Out-of-		ln-	of-	Out-of-	_	in-	of-	Out-of-		12-	oi-	Out-of-
INSTITUTION	Total	State	Stata	Stata	Total	State	Stata	State	Total	Stata	State	Stata	Total	Stata	State	State
COMMENTE COLLEGES	(Cont.)															
Lenoir	581	575	6	1.02	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	\$81	\$75	6	1.0
Mitchell	454	434	20	4.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454	434	20	4.4
Rocki nghen	462	454	6	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	462	454	5	1.7
Sandhille	585	578	7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	585	578	7	1.2
Southeastarn	512	497	15	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	512	-97	15	2.9
Surry	675	649	26	3.6	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	675	649	26	3.8
Hayne	568	527	41	7.Z	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	568	\$27	41	7.2
Vestera Piedmont	347	346	1	0.3	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	347	346	1	0.3
Vilkee	250	247	3	1.2		 :		-			<u></u>	-	250	24?		1.2
Com. Col. Total	9.194	8,801	393	4.3	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	9.194	8.901	393	4.3
PUBLIC TOTAL	85,725	76,990	8.735	10.2	1,775	1.559	216	12.25	13,878	10,209	3,669	26.4%	101.378	88.758	12,620	12.4
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS																
SE. COL. 6 UNIV.																
Atlantic Chtistian	1,721	1,349	372	21.6	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	1,721	1,349	372	21.6
Berber-Scotie	456	259	197	43.2	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	456	259	197	43.2
Belwest Abbey	622	217	405	65.1	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	622	217	405	65.1
Bennett	537	236	301	56.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	537	236	3 G1	56.0
Campbell	2,207	1.722	485	22.0	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	2,207	1,:22	135	22.0
Catavba	1,147	494	653	\$6.9	-	_	-	-	-	-	_		1,147	494	653	56.9
Devideon	1-167	392	795	67.0	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	1,187	392	795	67.0
Duke	5.909	1,064	4.825	81.6	1.209	268	941	77.8	1,925	451	1.474	76.6	9,043	1,803	7,240	90. 3
Elon	2,005	1,207	798	39.8	-	-	-	-	-,,,,	-		-	2,005	20	798	39.0
Gerdnar-Wabb	1,525	1.079	446	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	_	v	-	1,525	1.079	446	29.2
Greensboro	551	364	187	33.9	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	551	364	187	33.9
Gut lford	1,584	1,131	453	28.6	-	_		-	_	_	_	-	1,584	1,131	453	28.6
High Point	1,020	559	461	45.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,023	359	-61	-5.2
Johnson C. Smith	1,083	362	721	66.6	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	1,083	36;	221	66.6
Lengir Rhyne	1.366	980	386	28.2	_	_	_	_			_	_	1,366	950	386	28.2
	750	393	357	47.6	_	_	_	_		_		_	75C	393	357	67-6
Livingatone	1.515	875	640	42.2	_	_	_	_	-	•			1.525	5-5	643	42.2
Here Hill					_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.357	1,1,7	210	15.5
Meradith	1,357	1,147	210	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	631	527	104	16.5
Methodiet	631	527	104	16.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	501		188	37.5
N.C. Wasleyan	501	313	186	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		313		
Pfeiffer	1,037	7 36	301	29.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.037	*36	30:	29.0
Queens '	532	295	338	53.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	633	295	330	53.6
Secred Hears	175	108	67	36 . 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	175	105	4 *	38.2
St. Andraws	716	303	413	\$7.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*1 6	303	413	57.7



NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, AND RESIDENCE STATUS, FALL 1973

		UNDERGR	ADUATE		F	IRST PRO	PESS long			ÇRAD	UATE			ALL ST	/DEDITS	
(#ST1TUT1ON	Total	ln- State	Out- of- State	Percent Out-of- State	Total	la- State	Out- of- State	Percent Out-of- State	Total	In- Stata	Out- of- State	Percent Out-of- State	Total]n- State	Out- of- State	Percen Out-of Stete
Sh. Col. & Unily. (Cont	:.)						_									
St. Augustine's	1,488	813	675	45.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,488	913	675	45.4
Salen	620	348	272	43.9	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	620	349	272	43.9
Shaw	1,529	597	932	61.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,529	597	932	61.0
Hake Poses:	2,910	1,382	1,528	52.5	712	426	286	40.2%	494	294	200	40.5%	4.116	2,102	2,014	48.9
Wetten Wilson	388	79	309	79.6			<u>-</u>	-	_	_ -	<u>-</u>	-	388	79	309	79.6
Sr. Cri. & Univ.																
Total	37,170	19, 351	17,819	47.9	1.921	694	1,227	63.9	2,419	745	1,674	69.2	43 . 53 0	20.790	20,720	49.9
TREOLOGICAL SENIMARY																
Southeastern Beptiet																
Theological Seminary	89	49	40	44.9	415	209	206	49.6	130	56	74	56.9	6 34	. 314	320	50.5
BIBLE COLLEGES			_													
John Weeley	69	56	13	18.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	56	13	18.8
Piedmont	397	<u>198</u>	199	50.1			_	-				-	397	198	199	50.1
Bible Col. Total	466	254	212	45.5	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	46 6	254	212	45.5
JUNIOR COLLEGES																
Stevetd	477	299	178	37.3	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	477	:99	178	37.3
Chowan	1,149	- 532	617	53.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1.149 336	532 232	617 114	53.7 33.9
Kittrell	336	222	114	33.9 21.3	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	721	495	226	33.7 31.3
Leas-IfcRes	721	495	226		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-37	613	124	16.8
Louiebutg	737	613	124	16.8	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	•	378		179	
Montreat-Andeteon	378	199	179	47.4	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-		199	1/9	47.4
Mouse Olive	286	275	11	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	286 460	275 411	49	13.6
Feace	460	411	49	10.6	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	-	315	224	91	28.9
St. Hery's	315	224	91	28.5 14.1	-	-	*	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	1,.14	<u>i.21.</u>	200	i1
Vingate	1,414	1,214	200	14.4				-				-				
Jt. Col. Total	5,273	4,484	1,789	28.5	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	6.273	45-	1.765	25.5
PRIVATE TOTAL	43.998	24,138	19,860	45.1	2,336	903	1,433	61.3	2.549	801	1,748	68.6	-8.883	15,9-1	23.341	47.5
RAND TOTAL	129.723	101,128	28,595	22.0	4,111	2,462	1.649	40.1	16,427	11,010	5,417	33.1	150.161	111.500	35,661	33.7

^{*} Payettaville State University is in charge of undergraduate programs. East Carolina, N. C. State University and UNC-Charlotte are in theree it graduate troprams.



			U N	IDERG	RADUA				FIRST		
	Occupa-					Fifth		Total	Profes-		CRAND
INSTITUTION	tional*	Freshman	Sophomore	Junior	Senior	Year**	Special	Undergraduate	S10NAL***	GRADUATE	TOTAL
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS											
UNIVERSITY OF HORTH CAROLINA	:										
Appalachian	_	1,906	1,302	1,699	1,458	-	239	6,604	-	941	7,545
East Carolina	_	2,929	2,123	1.883	1.907	-	7	8,849	20	1,199	10,068
(Academic Affeirs)	(-)	(2,686)	(1,862)	(1,593)	(1,599)	(-)	(6)	(7,746)	(-)	(1,127)	(8,873
(Health Affairs)	(-)	(243)	(261)	(290)	(308)	(-)	(1)	(1,103)	(20)	(72)	(1,195
Elizabeth City	-	397	246	212	2 6 1	-	30	1,146	-	-	1,146
Fayetteville	_	550	450	344	372	_	74	1,790	-	-	1,790
N.C. A and T	-	1,139	958	1,103	907	6	38	4,151	_	600	4,751
N.C. Central	_	1,054	851	657	626	-	177	3,365	292	405	4,062
N.C. School of the Arts	13	132	82	6 6	58	_	27	378	-	-	378
N.C. State University	236	3,184	2,669	2,341	2,361	10	1.081	11.882	_	2,375	14,257
Pembroke		5 26	465	455	389	-	83	1,918	_	-	1,918
UMC-Asheville .'	_	380	215	191	150	_	189	1,125	_	-	1,125
UNC-Chapel Hill	_	3,226	2,792	3.464	3.286	143	557	13,468	1.463	4,465	19.396
(Academic Affairs)	(-)	(3,207)	(2,610)	(3,087)	(2,950)	(-)	(557)	(12,411)	(699)	(3,591)	(16,701)
(Health Affairs)	(-)	(19)	(182)	(377)	(336)	(143)	(-)	(1,057)	(764)	(874)	(2.695)
UNC-Charlotte	`_'	1.134	1,232	1.501	1.025	-	378	5,270	-	853	6,123
UNC-Greensboro	_	1.309	1,388	1,478	1,351	_	259	5,785	_	2.071	7,856
UNC-Wilmington	91	801	595	397	405	-	253	2,542	_	-,0,1	2,542
Western Carolina		2,323	1.029	859	890	_	55	5,156	_	688	5,844
Winston-Salem	_	687	357	304	262		43	1,653	_	-	1,653
WIDSCON-SSIEM						_		_ 1,033			
UNC Total	340	21,677	16,754	16,954	15,708	159	3,490	75,082	1,775	13,597	90,454
MILITARY CENTERS											
Fort Bragg	-	495	36	46	33	-	-	6 10	-	281	891
Camp Lejeune (ECU)	-	307	52	19	4	3	-	385	-	-	385
Cherry Point (ECU)		345	<u>68</u>	27	10			<u>454</u>			454
Military Centers Total	-	1,147	156	92	47	7	-	1,449	-	281	1.730
COMMUNITY_COLLEGES***											
Caldwell	_	194	90	-	-	•	-	284	-	-	284
Central Piedmont	_	1,617	548	_	-	-	_	2,165	\$	-	2,165
Coastal Carolina	-	366	99	-	-	-	_	465	-	-	465
Col. of The Albemarle	_	257	101	-	-	-	_	358	-	-	358
Craven	-	61	12	-	-	-	-	73	-	_	73
Davidson County	_	393	145	_	_	-	_	538	-	-	538
Gaston	_	388	238	-	_	-	_	626	-	_	626
Isothermal	_	168	83	_	_	-	_	251	•	-	251
Lengir	_	369	212	_	-	-	_	581	_	_	55:
Mitchell		300	154	_	-	-		454	_	_	



			UN	DERG	RADU.	A T E			FIRST		
	Occupa-					Fifch	_	Total	PROFES-		GRAN
1 WST1TUT1ON	tional*	Freshmen	SoPhomore	Justor	Senior	Year**	Special	Undergraduate	SIONAL***	GRADUATE	LATOT
COMMUNITY COLLEGES**** (Co	nt .)										
Rockingham	-	314	148	-	_	_	-	/ 462	*	-	46
Sandhilla	_	357	228	-	_	_	-	SBS	-	-	58
Southesstern	-	355	157	-	-	-	-	512	-	-	51
Surry	-	482	193	-	_	-	-	675	-	-	67
Vayne	-	490	78	-	_	-	-	568 -	-	•	56
Western Piedmont	-	247	100	-	_	-	-	347	-	-	34
Wilkes	<u>=</u>	<u> 153</u>	97	 =			_	250			250
Community Colleges Total	. -	6,511	2,683	-	-	-	-	9,194	-	-	9,19
PUBLIC TOTAL	340	29,335	19,593	17,046	15,755	166	3,490	85,725	1,775	13,878	101,370
RIVATE INSTITUTIONS											
SENIOR COLLEGES & UNIVERSI	ti <u>es</u>										
Atlantic Christian	-	462	458	384	383	-	34	1,721	-	-	1,72
Barber-Scotia	-	150	270	45	49	-	2	456	-	-	45
Belmont Abbey	_	219	97	133	138	-	35	622	-	-	63
Bennett	-	167	143	136	86	-	3	537	-	-	53
Campbell	-	655	466	477	600	-	9	2,207	-	_	2.20
Cacavba	-	360	259	246	267	-	15	1,147	-	-	1.14
Davideon	-	336	310	276	251	-	14	1,187	•	-	1,18
Duke	295	1,170	1,385	1,501	1,249	162	147	5,909	1,209	1,925	9,04
Elon	-	706	454	391	329	-	125	2,005	-	-	2,00
Gardner-Webb	1 32	460	304	287	319	-	23	1,525	-	-	1,52
Greeneboro	-	123	139	173	116	-	-	551	•	-	55
Guilford	-	422	363	334	275	-	190	1.584	-	-	1,58
High Point	-	314	260	235	177	-	34	1.020	-	-	1,02
Johnson C. Smith	-	501	267	147	163	-	5	1,083	-	-	1.08
Lenoir Rhyne	-	374	338	315	321	-	18	1.366	-	-	1,36
Livingstons	•	242	163	155	178	-	12	750	-	-	75
Mars Hill	-	481	364	317	328	-	25	1,515	-	•	1,51
Meredich	-	338	338	307	291	-	83	1.357	-	-	1.35
Methodist	-	161	146	121	194	-	9	631	-	_	63
N.C. Wesleysn	-	87	102	132	125		55	501	· -	-	50.
Pfeiffer	-	380	205	189	175	-	88	1,037	-	-	1,03
Queens	-	209	- 112	103	113	-	96	633	-	-	63
Secred Heart	•	37	33	44	51	2	8	175	-	_	17
St. Andrews	-	211	205	194	90	-	16	716	-	-	-1
St. Augustine's	-	653	377	233	225	-	_	1.488	-	_	1,48
Salem	-	179	173	103	106	3	56	620	-	•	62
Shau	-	690	314	234	278	_	13	1.529	_	_	1,52



			UA	DERG	RADU	AT E			FIRST		
	Occupa-					Fifth		Total	PROFES-		GRANI
INSTITUTION	tional*	Freehman	Sophomore	Junior	Senior	Year**	Special	Undergraduate	SIONAL***	GRADUATE	TOTAL
SENIOR COL. & UNIV. (Cont.)											
Wake Forest	-	771	720	746	636	-	37	2,910	712	494	4,116
Warren Wilson		<u> 158</u>	96	<u>77</u>	47		<u>10</u>	38 <u>8</u>			388
Senior Col. & Univ. Total	427	11,016	8,801	8,035	7,562	167	1,162	37,170	1,921	2,419	41,510
THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY											
Southesstern Baptist											
Theological Seminary	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	415	1 30	634
BIBLE COLLEGES											
John Wesley	3	29	15	14	7	-	1	69	-	40	69
Fiedmont		146	80	<u>93</u>	47	31	=	397			397
Bible Colleges Total	3	175	95	107	54	31	1	466	-	-	466
JUNIOR COLLEGES			_								
Breverd		309	168	_	-	-	-	477	-	-	477
Chowan	32	700	417	-	-	-	-	1,149	-	-	1,149
Kittrell	-	184	152	-	-	-	-	336	-	-	336
Lees-McRae	78	406	230	-	-	-	7	721	-	-	721
Louisburg	120	376	241	-	-	-	-	737	-	-	737
Montreat-Anderson	-	221	145	-	-	-	12	378	-	+	378
Mount Olive	-	156	130	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	286
Peace	94	193	173	-	- .		-	460	-	-	460
St. Mary's		161	154	_	-	-		315	-	-	315
Wingate	216	624	<u>496</u>				<u> 78</u>	1,414			1,414
Junior Colleges Total	540	3,330	2,306	-	-	-	97	€,273	-	-	6,233
PRIVATE TOTAL	1,059	14,521	11,202	8,142	7,616	198	1,260	43,998	2.336	2.549	48,883
GRAND TOTAL	1,399	43,856	30,795	25,188	23,371	364	4,750	129,723	4,111	16,-27	150,261

NOTE: Fayetteville State University is in charge of undergraduate programs and East Carolina University, N. C. State University, and INC-Charlotte are in charge of graduate programs at Fort Bragg.

^{****} The community college system (including technical institutes) enrolls 28,876 students in two-year technical programs, 11,371 students in vocational programs, and 8,948 students in general education in addition to the college parallel students included in this table.



^{*} College parallel students only. Does not include special credit students.

^{**} Fifth-Year includes students who are enrolled in programs requiring five years of study for a bachelor's degree (atchitecture, engineering, etc.).

^{***} First Professional includes students who are in professional schools or programs (law, medicine, dentistry, and theology) which tequire in least two or more academic years of college work for entrance.

Appendix UNC-10

NUMBER OF FRESHMAN APPLICATIONS, ACCEPTANCES, AND ENROLLES IN
THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

				NUMBER PL1CATI						AC	umber Ceptan		_				ACTUA	PRINCE L END			
		n-	Out			All		11		Qut-			All		10		Out.			A11	
INSTITUTION	Hen	Women		Women	Hen	Vonen	Totel	See Hen	Women	Ste Hen	Women	Hen	Youen	Total		Women	St.	Voqe n		Student Vomen	
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAR	ROLINA																				
APpelechien	1,376	1,500	218	168	1,596	1,668	3,264	1.085	1+329	160	142	1.245	1,471	2,716	649	798	71	58	720	636	1,576
Eest Caroline	1.579	1.886	526	582	2,107	2.468	4,575	1,236	1,604	378	452	1,616	2,056	3,672	796	998	120	149	826	1,147	E+973
Elisabeth City	176	233	109	31	287	264	551	169	22 l	69	29	258	250	508	98	1 52	41	13	139	165	304
Peyetteville	344	466	120	95	464	561	1,025	272	410	_ 65	91	337	501	636	163	257	31	29	214	286	500
N.C. A end T	714	632	525	311	1,239	943	2,182	564	509	301	214	865	723	1,588	410	346	95	98	505	444	949
N.C. Centrel	443	627	166	171	631	795	1,429	371	578	132	133	503	711	1,214	276	413	53	50	329	463	792
N.C. School of the Arts	26	32	45	80	71	112	163	17	19	28	42	45	61	106	13	16	21	36	34	54	86
N.C. State University	3.008	1,139	677	274	3.885	1.363	5,248	2.555	1,003	572	157	3.127	1,160	4,287	1.650	557	230	ć1	1.880	618	2,496
Pembroke	175	200	31	20	206	220	426	150	160	20	15	170	175	345	132	145	15	3	147	150	29
UNC-Asheville	134	150	27	17	161	167	326	122	146	24	16	146	162	308	,89	101	10	9	99	110	209
UNC-Chapel Nill	2,961	2+139	2.210	1.725	5,171	3+864	9,035	2,046	1.625	892	487	2,938	2,112	5,050	1.432	1.164	401	211	1.633	1,375	3.2€€
UMC.Charlotte	1.051	927	210	1 55	1,261	1.082	2.343	826	757	41	51	867	808	1,613	416	413	16	14	444	427	0^1
UNC_Greensboro	401	1,587	113	413	514	2,000	2.514	315	1,426	90	369	405	1,795	2,200	195	932	-6	:38	241	1,068	1,315
UNG_Wilmington	489	475	76	33	565	508	1.073	358	360	56	23	424	363	807	271	241	25	•	295	148	3
Western Ceroline	1,039	966	169	131	1,208	1,097	2,305	956	905	149	120	1-105	1+025	2,130	72e	e*:		59	803	*26	1,531
Winston-Selem	234	463	52	55	286	518	804	186	322		32	éiis	354	560	135	<u> </u>	=	1:	144		>a
TOTAL	14-154	13.422	5.498	4-211	19.652	17,633	37,285	11,240	11.374	3.017	2.373	14,257	13.747	28+004	7.391	7.435	1.263	948	8.655	0.363	17.12



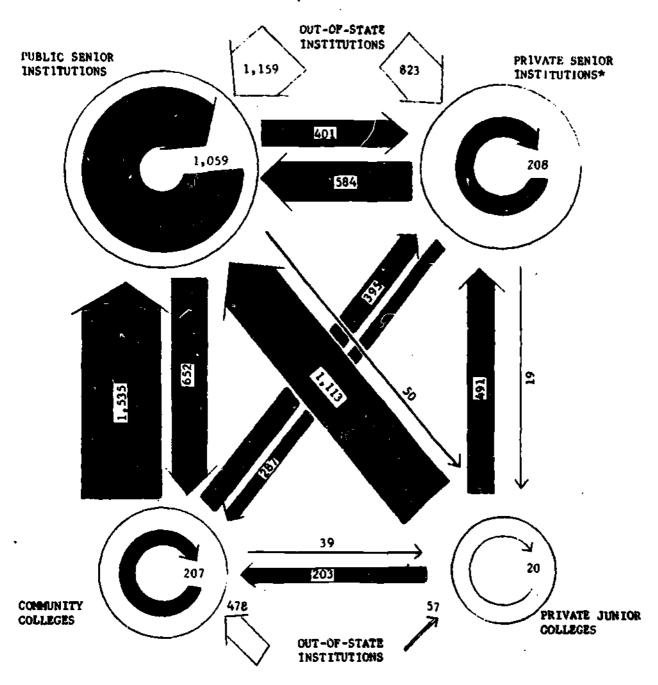
Appendix UNC-3.1

NUMBER OF TRANSFER APPLICATIONS, ACCEPTANCES, AND ENROLLEES
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

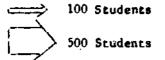
		N	UNIDER	OF APPL	.ICATIO	NS			NL	MBER	OF ACC	EPTANCE	S			NUMBE	R OF	ACTUAL	. ENROLL	.EES	
		n-		-of-		All		_	n-		-of-		AII			n-	Out	-of-		All	
INSTITUTION		et e Women	Hen	Women		Studen: Women			at e Women		at e Vomen		udent: Women			Women		vomen		udent: Voten	
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAL	<u>tol, ina</u>	•																			
Appelechien	498	406	67	71	365	477	1,042	435	368	52	63	487	431	918	369	268	19	36	388	304	69
E48t Carolina	524	58.5	112	147	636	732	1,368	376	464	64	89	440	553	993	267	315	31	45	298	360	63
Elizabeth City	40	57	13	3	53	60	113	34	49	7	3	41	52	93	26	39	4	1	30	40	,
Fayetteviile	82	96	12	1	94	97	191	70	82	12	7	82	89	171	45	56	4	2	49	58	10
N.C. A and T	107	73	69	51	176	124	300	88	52	42	35	130	87	217	56	37	22	23	78	60	13
N.C. Central	70	87	33	48	103	135	238	58	71	20	19	78	90	168	43	41	14	11	57	52	10
N.C. School of the Arts	28	19	49	52	77	71	148	22	7	31	30	53	37	90	21	!	24	25	45	3:	:
N.C. State University	735	357	284	104	1,019	461	1,480	520	265	172	68	692	333	1,025	3 8 0	164	103	28	483	192	67
Pembroke	139	108	15	20	154	128	282	130	92	12	15	142	107	249	125	86	10	15	135	101	23
UNC-Asteville	69	67	4	2	73	69	142	59	61	4	2	63	63	126	50	45	3		53	43	9.
UNC_Chapel Hill	693	991	267	574	960	1,565	2.525	428	641	104	198	532	839	1,371	332	510	52	112	384	627	1,00
UNC-Charlotte	1,000	671	86	55	1,086	726	1,812	711	451	38	27	749	478	1,227	548	314	22	23	570	33*	90
UNC.Greensboro	267	551	61	143	328	694	1,022	192	452	44	124	236	376	812	139	285	33	9e	172	381	55
UNC_Wilmington	237	223	58	59	295	282	577	167	180	51	55	218	235	453	127	120	42	43	169	le?	33
Western Carolina	281	259	106	76	387	335	722	245	197	75	50	320	247	567	185	126	48	45	233	:-:	₩
Winston-Selem	38	44	6	8	44	52	96	29		4	4		31	64		22	3	_3	<u>:-</u> :-		5
TOTAL	4.808	4,594	1.242	1,414	6.050	6,008	12,058	3,564	3,459	732	789	4.296	4,248	8,544	2,737	2,433	434	508	3.171	2,941	1,11



Flow of Undergraduate Transfers Among North Carolina Colleges end Universities, Fall 1972







* Excluding Duke University



UNDERGRADUATE TRANSFERS TO NOP"H CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, FALL 1966 TO FALL 1973

								Fall	1973
	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall		% Change
Type of Institution	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	Number	Over 197
To Public Senior Institutions:									
From Community Colleges	104	258	482	730	98 8	1,326	1,535	1,698	10.6%
From Private Junior Colleges	822	896	1,055	1,020	1,177	1,131	1,113	1,145	2.9
From Public Senior Institutions	-	61 0	611	743	929	1,090	1,059	1,235	16.6
From Private Senior Institutions	-	471	565	687	695	686	584	668	14.4
From Out-of-State Institutions		1,279	1,161	1,260	<u>1.257</u>	1,278	1,159	1,350	16.5
Subtotal	-	3,514	3,874	4,440	5,046	5,511	5,450	6,096	1i.8
To Private Senior Institutions:									
From Community Colleges	44*	81	147	164	193	293	395	395	-
From Private Junior Colleges	385*	499	585	511	514	498	491	387	-21.2
From Public Senior Institutions	-	286	25 1	283	353	3 9 7	401	371	-7.5
From Private Senior Institutions	-	223	2.74	- 256	204	230	208	208	-
From Out-of-State Institutions	_=	673	<u> 784</u>	780	<u> 771</u>	<u>834</u>	<u>823</u>	886	7.6
Subtotal	-	1,762**	1,991**	1,994**	2,035**	2,252**	2,318**	2,247**	-3. i
To Community Colleges:						_			
From Community Colleges	-	-	36	87	138	202	207	320	54.6
From Private Junior Colleges	-	-	182	190	245	212	203	188	-7.4
From Public Senior Institutions	_	-	301	375	577	647	652	640	-1.8
From Private Senior Institutions	-	_	175	236	324	249	287	258	~10.1
From Out-of-State Institutions			<u> 194</u>	<u> 260</u>	<u>455</u>	<u>466</u>	478	<u>626</u>	31.0
Subtotal	- .	-	(88 8 ***	1,148	1,739	1,776	1,827	2,032	11.2
To Private Junior Colleges:							en'	20	
From Community Colleges	-	18	15	19	21	21	39`	29	-25.6
From Private Junior Colleges	-	34	33	23	24	22	20	9	-5 3.0
From Public Senior Institutions	-	60	73	41	59	60	50	37	-26.0
From Private Senior Institutions	-	41	30	32	22	19	19	13	-31 .6
From Out-of-State Institutions	_=	111	<u>132</u>	103	82	<u>75</u>	. 57	91	59.6
Subtotal	-	264	283	. 218	208	197	185	1-9	-3.2
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO NORTH CAROLINA			7,036	7,800	9.028	9,736	. 9 . 78 0	10,554	-,ş

^{*} Does not include Campbell College, Duke University, and Queens College.

Does not include Duke University.

Does not include Certral Piedmont Community College.

⁻ Data not available or not applicable.

UNDERGRADUATE TRANSPER STUDENTS AT NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND SEX, FALL 1973

appendix once to

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Collegee Junior Institutions in N.C. Senior Institutions fully Total Senior Institutions		Trans	Transferred From		Tra	Trannferred From	_	Transferred	Transferred	
Institution Community Private Public Private and Sex Colleges Jumior Total Senior Senior	Type of	Juntor Ins		in N.C.	Sentor	netitucion	a In N.C.	From All	From	
### Colleges Jumior Total Senior Senior 1,072	Institution	Community	Privace		Publ 1c	Privace		North Carolina	Out-of-State	GRAND
Nome	and Sex	Colleges	Juntor	Total	Sentor	Sentor	Total	Institutions	Institutions	TOTAL
Hen 1,072 616 1,688 560 287 Women 626 529 1,155 675 381 Total 1,698 1,145 2,843 1,235 668 Hen 257 200 457 210 103 Wan 138 187 782 371 206 Nomen 1,329 816 2,145 770 390 Women 764 716 1,480 836 486 Nomen 1,329 816 2,145 770 390 Women 1,329 816 2,145 770 390 Women 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 876 Momen 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 36 Momen 320 188 289 289 367 13 Momen 2 3 3 3 3 Momen 2 3 <td>olic Senior Institut</td> <td>tions</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	olic Senior Institut	tions								
Vone	Hen	1,072	919	1,688	260	287	279	2,535	635	3,170
Total 1,698 1,145 2,843 1,235 668 Mate Senior Institutions Men	Women	626	529	1,155	675	381	1,056	2,211	715	2,926
Man 257 200 457 210 103 Man Local 257 200 457 210 103 Total 138 187 325 161 105 Total 1,329 816 2,145 770 390 Hen 764 716 1,480 836 496 Total 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Hen 70 716 1,480 836 496 Total 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Nomen 201 88 289 37 110 Total 320 186 506 640 258 Hen 6 6 12 13 13 Homen 100 219 36 46 56 Total 224 91 315 397 155 Hen 100 2,460 1,167 2	Total	1,698	1,145	2,843	1,235	899	1,903	97.7	1,350	960*9
Wen ben ben ben ben ben ben ben ben ben b	vate Senior Institu	ut 10ns								
Women 138 187 325 161 105 Total 395 387 782 161 105 SENIOR INSTITUTIONS 1,329 816 2,145 770 390 Momen 764 716 1,480 836 496 Total 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Windley 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Windley 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Windley 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Women 119 100 219 267 110 Total 320 188 508 640 258 Hen 23 3 3 13 13 Momen 6 12 12 13 13 Hen 105 24 3 4 54 6 Hen 1,211 1,211	Men.	257	200	457	210	103	313	770	519	1,289
SENIOR INSTITUTIONS 1,329 816 2,145 770 390	u ac c _M	138	187	325			266	591	367	958
SENIOR INSTITUTIONS 1,329 B16 2,145 770 390 Men 764 716 1,480 836 486 Women 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Women 201 88 289 323 148 Men 119 100 219 267 110 Total 23 3 26 24 7 Men 6 6 12 13 6 JUNIOR COLLEGES 3 3 26 24 7 Men 224 91 315 397 135 JUNIOR COLLEGES 9 36 23 26 27 Men 125 106 231 280 116 JORALEGES 106 231 266 277 Hen 105 234 677 271 Hen 1,167 2,460 1,167 245 Hen	Totel	395	387	782			579	1,361	986	2,247
Hen Vocamen Total 1,329 716 1,480 836 486 836 486 Free Processor 764 716 1,480 836 486 836 486 764 88 289 373 148 876 766 836 876 876 876 876 766 876 876 876 876 876 876 876 876 876		S						ı		
Women Total 764 716 1,480 836 486 Total 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Bunity Colleges 201 88 289 373 148 Men Women Total 119 100 219 267 110 Total 23 320 188 508 640 258 Men Women Good State State Junior Colleges Total 23 3 26 24 7 Hen Total 224 91 315 397 155 Hen Total 349 197 546 677 271 Total Homen B89 622 1,711 1,116 602			816	2,145	770	390	1,160	3,305	1,154	4.459
Total 2,093 1,532 3,625 1,606 876 Numity Colleges 201 88 289 323 148 Men 119 100 219 267 110 Total 320 188 508 640 258 Amen 23 3 26 24 7 Nomen 6 6 12 13 6 Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 9 36 26 24 7 Men 125 9 36 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 9 36 36 37 13 Men 125 9 36 37 13 INSTITUTIONS 197 2,460 1,167 545 Men 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Women	764	716	1,480	836	486	1,322	2,802	1,082	3,884
Wenter 201 88 289 323 148 Wenter Women 119 100 219 267 110 Total 320 188 508 640 258 Total 23 3 26 24 7 Wenter 40men 6 12 13 6 Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLECES 9 36 37 13 Men 224 91 315 397 155 Wenner 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Hen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Totel	2,093	1,532	3,625	1,606	876	2,482	6,107	2,236	8,343
Men 201 88 269 373 146 Women 119 100 219 267 110 Acte Junior Colleges 23 3 26 24 7 Wen 6 12 13 6 7 Women 29 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Men 125 106 231 280 116 JUNIOR COLLEGES 349 197 546 677 271 Men 125 106 231 280 116 Hen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	00001100									
Women Total 119 100 219 267 110 Tate Junior Colleges 23 3 26 24 7 Men Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Wen Women Total 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 Hen Wen Wen Wen Wen Wen Ren 1.553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Hen Wen Wen Wen Wen Wen Ren 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Men to total teles	201	88	289	373	148	521	810	344	1,154
Total 320 188 508 640 258 Agen Mem Nomen 23 3 26 24 7 Women Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 9 36 37 13 Wen Nomen Total 125 91 315 397 155 Hen Hen Nomen B889 822 1,711 1,116 545	Women	119	201	219	267	110	377	296	282	878
Nen 23 3 26 24 7 Men 6 12 13 6 7 Women 6 12 13 6 7 Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Wen Women 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 Hen Hen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Total	320	188	208	9	258	868	1,406	929	2,032
Men 23 3 26 24 7 Women 6 6 12 13 6 Total 29 9 36 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Wen 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,153 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 689 622 1,711 1,116 602	toare funtor Collego	4								
Women 6 12 13 6 Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Men 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 46n 1,167 545 602 Hen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Xen		П	56	24	~	31	57	57	114
Total 29 9 38 37 13 JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Wen Women 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,153 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Women	•	9	12	13	•	19	33	3%	65
JUNIOR COLLEGES 224 91 315 397 155 Wen Women 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 689 622 1,711 1,116 602	Total	29	6 5	38	37	E	20	88	16	179
Men 224 91 315 397 155 Women 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602										
Women 125 106 231 280 116 Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602		224	16	315	397	155	552	298	407	1,268
Total 349 197 546 677 271 INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Women 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Women	125	901	231	280	116	396	627	316	943
INSTITUTIONS 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Wen 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	Total	349	197	246	677	172	948	1,494	717	2,211
Men 1,553 907 2,460 1,167 545 Women 889 822 1,711 1,116 602	LINSTITUTIONS			-						
689 622 1,711 1,116 602	Ken	1,553	907	2,460	1,167	545	1,712	4,172	1,555	5,727
	Women	688	822	1,711	1,116	602	1,718	3,429	1,398	4.827
1,729 4,171 2,283 1,147	Total	2,442	1,729	4,171	2,283	1,147	3,430.	7,601	2,953	10.55

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Appendix UNC-15

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS BY LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

		RICAN	NEG	RO	ORIEN	TAL		ish Iamed Ican	ALL 0	THER	
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAR	OLINA										
Undergraduste	508	0.7%	13,693	18.3%	104	0.1%	176	0.2%	60,601	80.7%	75,082
Graduate	47	0.3	1,512	11.1	52	0.4	69	0.5	11,917	87.7	13,597
First Professional	<u>_6</u>	0.3	241	13.6	$\frac{5}{161}$	0.3	<u> </u>	0.2	1,520	85.6	1,775
Total	561	0.6	15,446	17.1	161	0.2	248	0.3	74,038	81.8	90,454
MILITARY CENTERS											
Undergraduate	5	0.3	167	11.5	8	0.6	36	2.5	1,233	85.1	1,449
Graduate	<u>-3</u>	1.1	46	16.4	$\frac{2}{10}$	0.7	1	0.3	229	81.5	281
Total	8	0.5	213	12.3	10	0.6	37	2.1	1,462	84.5	1,730
COMMUNITY COLLEGES											
Undergraduate	3 5	0.4	894	9.7	-	-	-	-	8,265	89.9	9,194
PUBLIC TOTAL											
Undergraduate	548	0.6	14,754	17.2	112	0.1	212	0.3	70,099	81.8	85.725
Graduate	50	0.4	1,558	11.2	54	0.4	70	0.5	12,146	87.5	13,878
First Professional	6	0.3	241	13.6	<u>5</u>	0.3	3	0.2	1,520	85.6	1,775
Total	604	0.6	16,553	16.3	$\overline{171}$	0.2	285	0.3	83,765	82. ć	101.378



RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1973

		ICAN IAN	NEG	:RO	ORI EN	TAL	•	II SH IAMED II CAN	AL L 0	THER	
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRANI TOTAL
Appalachian	17	0.2%	131	1.8%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	7,380	97.8%	7,545
East Carolina	74	0.7	340	3.4	18	0.2	85	0.8	9,551	94.9	10,068
Elizabeth City	-	-	1,058	92.3	-	-	1	0.1	87	7.6	1,146
Fayetteville	-	-	1,727	96.5	-	-	1	0.1	62	3.4	1,790
N.C. A and T	3	0.1	4,497	94.6	-	-	3	0.1	248	5.2	4,751
N.C. Central	2	(z)	3,738	92.0	7	0.2	-	-	315	7.8	4,062
N.C. School of the Arts*	-	-	30	7.9	2	0.5	1	0.3	345	91.3	378
N.C. State University	24	0.2	349	2.4	32	0.2	38	0.3	13,814	96.9	14,257
Pembroke	331	17.3	64	3.3	-	-	-	-	1,523	79.4	1,918
UNC_Asheville	l	0.1	33	2.9	1	0.1	3	0.3	1,087	96.6	1,125
UNC_Chapel Hill	54	0.3	985	5.1	59	0.3	63	0.3	18,235	94.0	19,396
UNC-Charlotte	15	0.2	319	5.2	8	0.1	22	0.4	5,759	94.1	6,123
UNC-Greensboro	26	0.3	3 8 0	4.8	10	0.1	19	0.3	7,421	94.5	7,85
UNC-Wilmington		-	79	3.1	1	(Z)	•	-	2,462	96.9	2,54
Western Carolina	14	0.2	122	2.1	13	0.2	5	0.1	5,690	97.4	5,844
Winston-Salem	-	-	1,594	96.4	•	-	-	-	59	3.6	1,65
Total	561	0.6	15,446	17.1	161	0.2	248	0,3	74,038	81.8	90,454

^{*} Excludes high school students.

NOTE: (Z) represents percentage less than 0.05.



Appendix UNL-17

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY INSTITUTION AND LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

		RIÇAN DI AN _	NEC	RO	ori en	ITAL		ISH AMED ICAN	ALL O	THER	
Institution	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
Appalachian				_			•				
Undergraduaté	16	0.2%	112	1.7%	7	0.1%	6	0.1%	6,463	97.9%	6,604
Graduate	1	0.1	_ 19	2.0	3	0.3	1	0.1	917	97.5	941
Total	-17	0.2	131	1.8	10	0.1	- 7	0.1	7,380	97.8	7,545
East Carolina											
Undergraduate	58	0.6	192	2.2	7	0.1	81	0.9	8,511	96.2	8,849
Graduate	16	1.3	148	12.4	11	0.9	4	0.3	1,020	85.1	1,199
First Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		100.0	2.
Total	74	0.7	340	3,4	18	0.2	. 85	0.8	9,551	94.9	10,068
Elizabeth City Undergraduate	-	-	1,058	92.3	•	-	ı	0.1	87	7.6	1,146
Fayetteville Undergraduate	-	-	1,727	96.5	-	-	1	e.1	62	3.4	1,790
N.C. A and T											
Undergraduate	3	0.1	4,073	98.1	-	-	1	(Z)	74	1.8	4,151
Graduate	=	→ '	424	70.7	=	-	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.3	174	29.0	600
Total	3	0.1	4,497	94.6	•	-	3	0.1	248	5,2	4,751
N.C. Central											
Undergraduate	-	•	3,192	94.8	3	0.1	-	-	170	5.1	3,365
Graduate	-	-	374	92.4	3	0.7	•	-	28	6.9	4.73
First Professional Total	$-\frac{2}{2}$	0.7 (Z)	$\frac{172}{3,738}$	58. 9 92.0	- 	0.3 0.2	- :	-	- 11 ⁻ 31 ⁵	40.1	29: , 06:
N.C. School of the Arts® Undergraduate	-	-	30	7.9	2	0.5	1	7.3	3-3	91.3	376

RACIAI COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH GAROLINA BY INSTITUTION AND LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

			•								
· · ·		RIGAN DIAN	NEC		ORIEN			IAMED	ALL C		
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
N.C. State University								•			
Undergraduate	21	0.2%	275	2.3%	26	0.2%	18	0.2%	11,542	97.1%	11,882
Graduate	3	0.1	74	3.1	6	0.3	_20	0.8	2,272	95.7	$\frac{2,375}{14,257}$
Total	24	0.2	349	2.4	32	0.2	38	0.3	13,814	96.9	14,257
Pembroke											
Undergraduate	331	17.3	64	3.3	-	-	-	•	1,523	79.4	1,918
UNC-Asheville											
Undergraduate	1	0.1	33	2,9	1	0.1	3	0.3	1,087	96.6	1,125
UNC-Chapel Hill											
Undergraduate	35	0.3	693	5.1	35	0.3	27	0.2	12,678	94.1	13,468
Graduate	15	0.3	223	5.0	20	0.5	33	0.7	4,174	93.5	4,465
First Professional	4	0.3	69	4.7	4	0.3	3	0.2	1,383	94.5	1,463
Total	54	0.3	985	5.1	59	0.3	63	0.3	18,235	94.0	19,396
UNC-Gharlotte											
Undergraduate	14	0.3	211	4.0	?	0.1	18	0.3	5,020	95.3	5,270
Graduate	1	0.1	108	12.7	1	0.1	4	0.5	<u>739</u>	86.6	853
Total	15	0.2	319	5.2	-8	0.1	22	0.4	5,759	94.1	6,123
UNC-Greensboro											
Undergraduate	16	0.3	249	4.3	5	0.1	15	0.2	5 , 50 0	95.1	5,785
Graduate	<u>_16</u>	0.5	<u> </u>	6.3	5	0.2	4	0.2	1,921	92.8	2, <u>071</u> 7,856
Total	2ć	0.3	380	4.8	10	0.1	19	0.3	7,421	94.5	7,856
UNC-Wilmington											
Undergraduate	-	-	79	3.1	1	(Z)	-	•	2,462	96.9	2,542



RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY INSTITUTION AND LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION, FALL 1973

		RICAN IAN	NEG		ORIEN	ITAL		IISH AMEO KICAN	ALL O	THER	
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL						
Western Carolina		-									
Undergraduate	13	0.2%	111	2.2%	10	0.2%	4	0.1%	5,018	97.3%	5,156
Graduate	_1	0.1	11	1.6	3	0.4	1	0.1	<u>672</u>	97.8	<u>688</u>
Total	14	0.2	122	2.1	13	0.2	- 5	0.1	5,690	97.4	5,844
Winston-Salem											
Undergraduate	•	•	1,594	96.4	-	-	•	-	59	3.6	1,653
UNC TOTAL											
Undergraduate	508	0.7	13,693	18.3	104	0.1	176	0.2	60,601	80.7	75,082
Graduate	47	0.3	1,512	11.1	52	0.6	69	0.5	11,917	87.7	13 ,59 ~
First Professional	6	0.3	241	13.6	5	0.3	3	0.2	1,520	85.6	1,775
Total	561	0.6	15,446	17.1	161	0.2	248	0.3	74,038	81.8	90,454

^{*} Excludes high school students.

NOTE: (2) represents percentage less than 0.05.



Appendix 080-18

HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN POST SECONDARY EDUCATION IN NORTH CAROLINA BY RACE. FALL 1972

TYPE OF			AMERICAN		114 NW 4 1
	BLACK	AMERICAN	ORIENTAL	OTHER	TOTAL
PUBLIC					
Doctoral Institutions	1,391	213	97	38,760	40,461
5-year Institutions	8,582	107	52	28.871	37,612
4-year Institutions	4,438	1	2	5,202	9,643
N.C. School of Arts	29	2	l	319	351
Subtotal UNC	14,440	323	152	73,152	€3,067
COMMUNITY COLLEGES/ TECHNICAL INSTITUTES					
Curriculum Program					
Extension Program	Breakdov	wn not availa	gole		
Subtotal CC/TI	8,816	90	84	39.7 9 3	48.783
SUBTOTAL PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	23,256	413	236	112.945	136,850
PRIVATE					
Private Universities	358	32	25	12,162	12,577
Senior and Bible Colleges	4,658	61	44	21,693	26,456
Junior	755	10	2	6,502	7.269
Proprietary	Data	Not Availab	le		
Subtotal Private	5,771	103	.71	40,357	46,302
Τυ Τ Λ1,	29,027	516	307	153,302	183,152



Appendix UNC-19

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT

		ICAM DIAN	NEG	RO	ORIEN	ITAL		ish Iamed Ilcan	ALL O		
INSTITUTION	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	GRAND TOTAL
Appalachian .	33	0.4%	101	1.4%	13	0.2%	11	0.1%	7,195	97.9%	7,353
East Carolina	78	0.7	333	3.1	17	0.1	76	0.7	10,354	95.4	10,83€
Elizabeth City	-	-	1,038	93.6	•	-	-	-	71	ć.4	1,109
Fayetteville	6	0.4	1,588	96.6	-	-	-	-	49	3.0	1,640
N.C. A and T	1	(2)	4,290	95.1	-	-	-	~	219	4.9	4,511
N.G. Central	5	0.1	3,521	93.7	3	0.1	-	-	231	6.1	3,760
N.C. School of the Arts	-	-	29	8.3	1	0.3	2	0.5	319	90.9	351
N.C. State University	21	0.2	222	1.6	32	0.2	29	0.2	13,505	97.8	13,809
Pembroke	304	¥5.4	5 5	2.8	•	•	-	-	1,611	81.8	1,970
UNC-Asheville	2	0.2	27	2.8	í	0.1	1	0.1	937	96.8	968
UNC-Chapel Hill	40	0.2	842	4,4	44	0.2	51	0.3	18,247	94.9	19,224
UNC-Charlotte	28	0.6	191	3.7	11	0.2	16	0.3	4,913	95.2	5,109
UNG-Greensboro	125	1.7	327	4.4	21	G.3	133	1.8	5,822	91.3	7,425
UNC-Wilmington	-	-	76	3.4	1	(Z)		-	2,136	96.5	. 2,213
Western Carolina	15	0.3	146	2.4	8	0.1	4	0.1	5,799	97	5,773
Winscon-Salem		•-	1,654	96.2		-		-	<u>6</u> 5	3.8	<u> </u>
Total	658	0.7	14,440	16.4	152	0.2	323	0.4	72,494	82.3	35,

IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FALL 1972

⁾ represents percentage less than 0.05.

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1972)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF ENROLLMENT 1N THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION, STUDENT LEVEL, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS, FALL 1972

						<u>_</u>
INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
<u>Appalachian</u>						
Undergraduate	_					
Full-time	33	69	9	11	6,106	6,228
Part-time	-	1	-	-	256	257
Graduate						
Full-time	-	7	2	-	394	403
Part-time	-	24	2	-	439	465
Total		,				
Full-time	33	76	11	11	6,500	6,631
Part-time	-	25	2	-	695	722
East Carolina						
Undergraduate	-0		_	40	A 513	
Full-time	58 2	143 37	6	48 24	8,511	8,766
Part-time	2	3/	-	24	336	399
Graduate	_			_		
Full-time	7	34	4	4	849	898
Part"time	11	119	7	-	638	775
First Professional						
Full-time	*	-		-	20	20
Pert-time	-	***	_	-	_	_
Total						
Fu.1-time	65	177	10	52	9,380	9,684
Part-time	13	156	7	24	974	1,174
Elizabeth City						
Undergraduate						
Full ^a ci ne	,,,	981	-	-	67	1,048
Part-time	-	57		_	4	61
Payettevi le						
Undergrad Late						
Fuli-time	6	1,549	-	-	42	1,597
Part-time	-	3 9	-	-	7	46
N.C. A and T						
Undergraduate	_					
full-time≠ Part-time	1	3,969		***	149	4,119
rarc-cime	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
Graduate						
FeIl-time	-	321		_	70	391
Part-time	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A	N/A	N/A
3						•

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1972)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF WORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION, STUDENT LEVEL, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS, FALL 1972

Institution	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
N.C. A and T (Cont					<u>, </u>	
Total	• /					
Full-time*	1	4,290	_	_	219	4,510
Part-time	n/A	N/A	n/a	N/A	N/A	N/A
N. C C						
N.C. Central Undergraduate						
-	_	3,086	_	_	124	3,210
Full-time Part-time	ī	72	-	_	3	76
Part-time	•	12	-	_	3	76
Graduate						
Full-time	-	97	2	-	14	113
Part-time	-	85	-	-	11	96
First Professiona						
Full-time	3	172	1	-	78	254
Part-time	1	9	-	•	1	. 11
Total						
Full-time	3	3,355	3	-	216	3,577
Part-time	2	166	-		15	183
N.C. School of the	Arts					
Undergraduate						
Full-time	-	29	1	2	303	335
Part-time	-	-	-	-	16	16
N.C. State Univers	ity					
Undergraduate						
Full-time	15	169	23	16	9,876	10,099
Part-time	-	11	3	1	1,418	1,433
Graduate						
Full-time	1	12	2	7	784	800
Part-time	5	30	4	5	1,427	1,47
Total						
Fuil-time	16	181	25	23	10,660	10,903
Part-time	5	41	7	6	2,845	2,904
Pembroke						
Undergraduate						
Full-time	279	53	-	-	1,517	1,849
Part-time	25	2	-	-	94	121
UNC-Asheville				;		
Undergraduate						
Full-time	_ 2	27	1	1	937	966
Part-time	-	-	-	-	-	•



OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1972)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION, STUDENT 'EVEL, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS, FALL 1972

INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIENTAL	SPAN1 SII SI'RNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
UNC-Chapel H111						
Undergraduate	•					
Full-time	29	591	21	21	11,824	12,486
Part-time	2	20	2	2	5 73	599
Graduate						
Full-time	9	163	18	27	3 ,9 22	4,139
Part-time	-	18	ı	1	549	569
First Professional						
Full-time	-	50	2	-	1,379	1,431
Part-time	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total						
Full-time	38	804	41	48	17,125	18,056
Part-time	2	38	3	3	1,122	1,168
UNC-Charlotte						
Undergraduate			_			
Full-time	19	124	9	10	3,786	3,948
Part-time	6	21	1	4	586	618
Graduate	. <u>.</u>	_			00	
Full-time	1	7	1	_	82	91
Part-time	2	39	-	2	459	502
Total		• • •			2.040	
Full-time	20	131	10	10	3,868	4,039
Part-time	8	60	1	6	1,045	1,120
UNC-Greensboro		•				
Undergraduate	0.0			01		
Full-time	82	227	12	81	4,669	5,071
Part-time	9	9	1	7	373	399
Graduate	0	10		• •	***	500
Full-time	8	18	5 3	14	538	583
Part-time	26	73	3	31	1,242	1,375
Total	00	015		0.5	6 0.03	
Full-time	90 35	245	17	95 28	5,207	5,654
Part-time	35	82	4	38	1,615	1,774
UNC-Wilmington						
Undergraduate		60	1		1 1171	1 000
Full-time	_	58	1	-	1,771	1,830
"a"-time	_	18	_	-	385	403
ERIC			354			

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OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fell 1972)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION, STUDENT LEVEL, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS, PALL 1972

INSTITUTI O N	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIETTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
Western Carolina						
Undergraduate				_		
Full-time	13	103	4	3	4,698	4,821
Part-time	1	33	1	-	545	580
Graduate						
Full-time	-	3	Ż	1	147	153
Part-time	1	7	1	-	409	418
Total						
Full-time	13	106	6	4	4,845	4,974
Part-time	2	40	2	_	954	998
<u>Winston-Salem</u> Undergraduate						
Full-time	_	7,524	_	<u> -</u>	34	1,558
Part-time	-	130	-	-	32	162
UNC TOTAL						
Undergraduate						
Full-time**	537	12,702	87	193	54,414	67,933
Part-time	46	4 50	8	38	4,628	5,170
Graduate						
√ull-time**	26	662	36	53	6,800	7,577
Part-time	45	395	18	39	5,174	5,671
First Professional						
Full-time	3	. 222	3	-	1,477	1,705
Part-time	1	9	••	-	1	11
Total						
Pull-time	566	13,586	126	246	62,691	77,219
Part-time	92	854	26	77	9,803	10,852
Total	658	14,440	152	323	72,494	88,067

^{*} Includes part-time students.

^{**} Includes part-time students at N.C. A and T.



HE FORM (Resident-Credit Enrollment and Total Faculty by Race, Fall 1971)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1971

STITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMERICAN ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENT'S	TOTA!
palachian						
ndergraduate	10	65	· _	15	6,431	6,521
raduate and Professional	1	5	2	2	814	824
otal	11	70	2	17	7,245	7,345
st Carolina						
ndergraduate raduate and	78	190	17	278	8,586	9,149
Professional	2	11	3	3	938	957
otal	80	201	20	281	9,524	10,106
izabeth City						
ndergraduate raduate and	-	1,024	-	-	60	1,084
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
ptal	-	1,024	**	-	60	1,084
<u>vetteville</u>						
dergraduate aduate and	-	1,326	-	-	98	1,424
rofessional	-	-	-	-	-	-
tal	-	1,326	-	-	98	1,424
. A and T		•				
dergraduate aduate and	4	3,994	-	-	94	4,092
pfessional		298	-	-	5 5	353
tal	4	4,292	-		149	4,445
Central						
dergraduate	-	3,145	-	-	86	3,231
nduate and rofessional	4	422	-	-	66	492
ERIC.	. 4	3,567	356	-	152	3,723

BHE FORM (Resident-Credit Enrollment and Total Faculty by Race, Fall 1971)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1971

INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMERICAN ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTA
N.C. School of the Arts						
Undergraduate Graduate and	-	48	-	- .	280	32
Professional Total	-	- 48	-	-	280	32
N.C. State University					234	
Undergraduate	24	150	16	21	11,014	11,22
Graduate and Professional	4	41	9	12	2,192	2,25
Total	28	191	25	33	13,206	13,48
<u>Pembroke</u>						
Undergraduate Graduate and	264	54	-	-	1,759	2,07
Professional	-	-	-	-	1 700	4.4-
Total UNC-Asheville	264	54	-	-	1,759	2,07
Undergraduate	_	30	1	2	1,074	1,10
Graduate and Professional	-	-	-	-	-,074	± 9 ± ()
Total	-	30	1	2	1,074	1,10
UNC-Chapel Hill						
Undergraduate Craduate and	18	455	9	15	12,719	13,21
Professional	8	188	11	16	5,711	5,93
Total	26	643	20	31	18,430	19,15
UNC-Charlotte						
Undergraduate Graduate and	27	123	16	8	4,002	4,17
oradiare and Orapicasional	4	28	1	-	467	50
RCC BALT PROVIDED LIGHT	31	151	17	8	4,469	4,67

BHE FORM (Resident-Credit Enrollment and Total Faculty by Race, Fall 1971)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT 1N THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1971

INST 1 TUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMERICAN ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	1ATOT
UNC-Greensboro				•=•••	·	
Undergraduate	99	200	11	71	4,764	5,145
Graduate and					•	r
Professional	54	99	13	37	1 ,63 5	1,838
Total	153	299	24	108	6,399	6,983
JNC-Wilmington						
Undergraduate	-	64	1	4	1,861	1,930
Graduate and						
Professional	· -	-	-	-	-	-
To "al	-	64	1	4	1,861	1,930
Western Carolina						
Undergraduate	10	92	7	1	4,862	4,972
Graduate and			_			
Professional	1	4	1	-	352	358
Total	11	96	8	1	5,214	5,330
Winston-Salem						
Undergraduate	-	1,579	-	-	44	1,623
Graduate and						
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1,579	-	-	44	1,623
UNC TOTAL						
Undergraduate Graduate and	534	12,539	78	415	57,734	71,300
Professional	78	1,096	40	70	12.230	13,514
Total	612	13,635	118	485	69,964	84,814



OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1970)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1970

INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
				_		
Appalachian Undergraduate	7	31	430	11	5,097	5,146
Graduate or	•				-	•
Professional	1	4	-	1	364	370
Total	8	35	-	12	5,461	5,516
East Carolina Undergraduate	91	144	17	23	8,703	8,978
Graduate or Professional	1	6	1	1	383	392
Total	92	150	18	24	9,086	9,370
Elizabeth City Undergraduate		999		_	34	1,033
Graduate or Profesaional	-	-	-	-	-	~
Total	-	999	-	-	34	1,033
Fayetteville Undergraduate Graduate or	-	1,300	-	-	20	1,320
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1,300	-	-	20	1,320
N.C. A and T Undergraduate Craduate or	1	3,338	-	1	14	3,354
Professional	-	20	• -	-	12	32
Total	1	3,358	-	1	26	3,386
N.C. Central Undergraduate	-	2,788	-	-	75	2,863
Graduate or Professional	4	166	2	-	38	210
Tot al	4	2,954	2	_	113	3,073



OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1970)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1970

INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	negro	AMERICAN ORIENTAL	Spanish Surnamed American	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
N.C. School of the	Arts					
Undergraduate Graduate or		33	1	1	261	296
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	33	1	1	261	296
N.C. State Univers	<u>ity</u>	- • -				
Undergraduate	16	141	15	23	9,515	9,710
Graduate or Professional	5	43	8	11	787	854
. ,		_				
Total	21	184	23	34	10,302	10,564
Pembroke						
Undergraduate	214	86	1	-	1,625	1,926
Graduste or						
Prof@ssional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	214	86	1	-	1,625	1,926
UNC-Asheville						
Undergraduate	1	12	3	1	936	953
Graduate or						
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	12	3	1	936	\$53
UNC-Chapel Hill					-	
Undergraduate	14	240	18	11	11,405	11,688
Graduate or						
Professional	5	114	10	23	5,059	5,211
Total	19	354	28	34	16,464	16,899
UNC-Charlotte						
Undergraduate	77	76	23	10	2,728	2,914
Graduate or						
Professional	-	-	-	-	31	31
Total	77	76	23	10	2,759	2,945
UNC-Greensboro						
Undergraduate	69	146	9	73	4,473	4,770
Graduate or Professional	9	16	14	8	378	425
ERIC ERIC	78	162	23	81	4,851	5,195
Full Text Provided by ERIC			360			

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS (Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1970)

RACIAL COMPOSITION OF FULL-TIME EMBOLLMENT IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA BY CONSTITUENT INSTITUTION AND STUDENT LEVEL, FALL 1970

INSTITUT ION	AMERICAN INDIAN	NEGRO	ORIENTAL	SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTHER STUDENTS	TOTAL
tmc-1111-1-a						•
<u>UNC-Wilmington</u> Undergreduate	-	46	2	4	1,389	1,44
Graduate or		70	•	7	4,000	I , 44.
Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totel	-	46	2	4	1,389	1,44
Western Carolina	,	4.7	•			
Undergraduate	6	47	3	1	4,407	4,46
Graduate or		,		•	0.0	٥
Professional	-	1	-	1	82	8
Total	6	48	3	2	4,489	4,54
Winston-Salem						
Undergraduate	-	1,140	-	-	15	1,15
Graduate or				_		
Professional	-	-	-	•	-	
Total	-	1,140	-	-	15	1,15
UNC TOTAL						
Undergraduate	496	10,567	92	15 9	50,6 9 7	62,01
Greduate or	_					
Profesaional	25	370	35	45	7,134	7,60
Total	521	10,937	127	204	57,831	69,62

		_				FALL 19													
(Coded)	Verbel	Meth.		Out-of- Verbal	State :	Total	Verbal	Studen Math.		1972	1971	<u> </u>	1969	SAT AVZ 1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	196
	326	346	672	349	339	683	327	347	674	701	715	750	743	730	724	689	640	616	594
8	431	461	892	454	496	950	433	463	896	908	907	910	893	892	896	882	896	902	84(
c	427	447	874	441	470	911	428	449	877	880	902	905	915	913	905	894	893	871	820
Đ	485	499	984	497	516	1,013	487	501	988	993	1,022	1,040	1,050	1,058	1,043	1,039	1,042	1,038	1,017
٤	523	563	1,086	582	628	1,210	532	572	1,104	1,129	1,116	1,126	1,142	1,155	1,151	1,152	1,132	1,100	1,076
F	460	497	957	472	509	981	460	498	958	955	965	987	966	968	977	971	992	926	914
G	404	392	796	388*	433	821	403	394	797	886*	887	857*	859	855	838	823	800	721	714
н	478	539	1,017	501	564	1,065	480	541	1,021	1,940	1,086	1,085	1,082	1,086	1,095	1,072	1,070	1,038	1,021
I	336	370	706	365	400	765	348	373	721	726	723	724	726*	745*	732	664	652	655	647
J	304	329	633	309	343	652	304	331	635	654*	689	670	708	696	669	630	584	574	5 2 9
K	303*	334*	637*	313*	346*	659*	305*	336*	641*	654*	665	696	707	701	682	652	611	587	572
L	441	473	914	476	515	9\$1	446	479	925	940	945	966	974	982	959	953	943	931	892
н	465	472	937	463	490	953	465	474	939	955	983	997	781	985	941	947	919	909	935
H	423	456	879	437	472	909	424	457	881	926	914	911	906	906	909	895	\$81	883	553
ø	32 7	357	684	365	369	733	335	360	695	728	715	715	778	805	792	745	678	65~	626
P	457	440	897	500	481	981	478	460	938	959	964*	956*	951	. 956	962	1,015	_	-	-

^{*}Computed by The University of North Carolina - Institutional Research Division.



Appendix UNC_24

DISTRIBUTION OF SAT SCORES OF ENTERING PRESHMEN IN
THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FAIL 1973

Score Intervale	A	В	c	D	E	p	G	H	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	All Institutions
<u>Verbal</u>																	·
2-800	-	-	-	2	10	-		1	-	-	•	1	1	1		-	
700-749	-	2	.3	. 6	99	2		21	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	4	
650-699	ī	. 5	11	34	244	9		61	-	-	-	16	3	9	•	•	
600-649	_	11 24	33 77	79	444	31		135	•		•	48	9	40	1	4 8	
550-599 500-540	3	_		143	573	63		277	7	1	1	139	20	78	8	_	
500-549 450-499	5 8	60 118	171 249	275 330	723 569	136 211		482	7 40	5	5 5	251 384	32 43	200 294	35	13 13	
400-449	31	130	352	272	345	206		639	84	2 34	9		43 58		33 92	13	
350-399	65		343	116				472		-	36	564 368	31	405	228	12	
300-349	143	120 41	187		160	166		296	170 249	70 144	78		_	338			
	113	11		13	33	32		75		169		112	7	137	213	5	
2 50- 299			57	-	7	6		8	149		101	6	2	37 3	182	3	
200-249 200-100	19	2	7	_	1	-		-	16	64	55	-	-	33	109	3	
000-199 Eag Aug (1-1-1-	_	20	41	_ 39	_	9		27	70	,,	16	83	- ;		77	16	
Mot Available		_20	- 41						<u>70</u>	_11	14	63	_1		-//	10	
Total Students	388	544	1,5,11	1,309	3,208	871		2,498	792	500	304	1,973	209	1,576	949	88	
Keen*	327	433	428	487	532	460		480	348	304	305	446	465	424	335	478	
Median**	322	434	421	485	534	455		480	339	304	295	441	457	430	334	488	
Muthematical																	
750-800	•	-	2	2	57	1		22	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
700-749	-	1	3	5	165	5		74	-	1	-	8	•	3	-	3	
650-699	-	5	14	30	415	15		186	1	-	-	33	3	15	-	3	
600-649	-	20	37	87	602	54		321	-	1	1	73	10	57	1	5	
550-599	1	46	117	206	781	132		552	7	2	2	223	25	172	6	5	
500~549	7	91	208	306	672	219		614	20	12	3	445	43	293	16	9	
450-499	20	144	313	364	333	189		412	60	9	17	448	55	381	61	12	
100-449	41	126	385	204	139	166		237	132	45	14	443	33	372	148	13	
350-399	112	69	256	63	40	66		49	197	101	53	195	26	180	239	9	
300-349	144	19	109	3	4	13		5	240	182	117	21	12	56	235	10	
250-299	58	3	42	-	-	2		-	64	124	72	1	1	12	122	3	
200-249	5	-	4	-	-	-		-	1	12	11	-	-	1	44	-	
000-199	-	-		-	-	-			-	-	-		-	33	-	-	
Not Available	<u>-</u>	_20	41	39		<u>9</u>		<u>27</u>	<u>70</u>	11	14	83	_1		_77	16	
Total Students	388	544	1,531	1,309	3,208	871		2,498	792	500	304	1,973	209	1,576	949	88	
Mean*	347	463	449	501	572	498		541	373	331	336	479	474	457	360	460	
Median ^{AA}	345	466	443	500	577	499		543	364	330	326	482	479	463	357	454	

^{*} Computed by institutions from individual scotas.

^{**.}Computed by The University of North Carolina - Institutional Research Division from grouped data.



Appendix 'INC-25

HIGH SCHOOL CLASS RANK OF ENTT ING FRESHMEN IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA,* FALL 1973

Rank In Quintile	8	С	E	F	G	H	1	ţ	ĸ	L	М	N	0	Rank In Quartile	A	0
Percent Distribution														Percent Distribution		
Top Fifth	34%	22%	86%	46%	6%	51%	20%	41%	15%	40%	41%	44%	23%	Top Fourth	28%	71%
Second Fifth	31	26	11	38	9	31	25	27	24	31	28	36	25	Second Fourth	31	25
Third Fifch	17	22	2	14	15	11	23	17	24	17	21	15	27	Third Fourth	25	3
Fourth Fifth	6	12	1	1	19	3	10	8	20	7	3	2	11	Bottom Fourth	13	-
Bottom Fifth	1	5	-	•	28	-	6	5	12	ı	-	-	3	Not Available	3	1
Not Available	11	13	•	1	23	4	16	2	5	4	7	3	11			
Cumulative Percent Distribution														Cumulative Percent Distribution		
Top 20 Percent	34	22	86	46	6	51	20	41	15	40	41	44	23	Top 25 Percent	28	71
Top 40 Percent	65	48	97	84	15	82	45	68	39	71	69	80	48	Top 50 Percent	59	96
Top 60 Percent	82	70	99	98	30	93	68	85	63	88	90	95	75	Top 75 Percent	84	99
Top 80 Percent	88	82	100	99	49	96	78	93	83	95	93	97	86			

* Excludes North Carolina School of the Arts.



Appendix UNC-26 NUMBER OF DEGLESS CONFERRED BY NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC AND PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, 1969-70 TO 1972-73

		1	ACHELUR'S				f last	PROFESSI	ONAL	_			MASTER'S					DOCTON'S		
	* 48C + T	Anapet.	Sumber	1955		Numb ex	Yumber	Numb		2-73	Number	Number	Number	1972		Number	Sumber	Romber		73
	· *:		ef	Number	.Change	of	, of	of	Number	Chenge	0(of a	of	Humber	1Chenge Over	of	ol	of December	Mumber of	TChan Ove
INSTITUTION	1-49.	egrees	[471.7]	of Degrési	Cvet 1971-72		Degreei 1970-71		of De8rtes	Over 1971-77	Degrees 1969.70	Degrees 19:0.71		of Degrees		1969-10	1970-71	Degree* 1971.72		
MALIC ENSTITATIONS							_													
Ditwessiff of Mostly car	OLIV.	-																		
		1,393	1.444	1,652	14.43	•	•	-	-	-	380	416	468	483	3.21	-	-	-	-	•
Last Cerclana	1.751	1,620	1,637	1.835	12.1	-		•	•	•	253	258	368	432	17.4	-	•	•	•	•
Lizebet's City	203	216	231	261	/1.6	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
ayerteville	158	252	293	224	-23.0	-	-	-	•	•	61	123	132	171	29.5	-	•	•	•	•
GG. A amp ? GG. Centrel	549 613	604 556	683 582	636 608	-6.9 4.5	24	19	"	51	34.5%	9J	107	102	117	14.7		•	:		
i.C. Schoo! of the Arts		30	32	30	56.2	24	19	•	,,	34.74	71	10,	102	1,,,	.4.7	- :			_	
I.C. State Tolversity	1.761	1,832	1,924	2,150		-	-		-	•	414	440	427	427	-	163	203	189	213	12.
renbroke	337	341	409	466	11.9 13.9	•	•	•	•	•		440	-1,	42,	-	.03	203		***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
MG-Asheville	113	111	127	1.5	20.5		-		-	-		_		-		_	_			
MC-Chapel sill	2,303	2.720	2.812	2,893	3.0	215	278)20	771	15.9	1,124	1,115	1.324	1,266	-4.4	241	278	315	31:	0.
MG-Charlotte	390	575	692	893	29.0	2.,	2,0	720	<i>"</i> :		1,111	23	116	194	67.2					
MC-Geresboro	853	921	950	1.052	10.7						252	332	309	349	12.9	j	35	16	27	68.
.BC_V: Importon	22)	235	248	323	31.0			_		-		7.5	-			•	•	•	•	•
Mestere Carelina	749	183	879	873	.0.7	-				•	224	193	233	235	0.8				_	
inscon.Salen	244	260	224	265	10.3					_		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		_	•			-		
PUBLIC TOTAL	11,641	12,449	13,167	14,361	9.1	719	297	353	422	19.5	2.800	1,009	3,479	3,674	5.6	407	499	32D	557	÷.
PETVATE LASTITUTIONS																				
ttlootie Christiaa	J61	404	441	396	.to.2	-	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
Marber-Sebeie	89	112	104	113	8.6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•
Malmont Abbey	149	154	136	140	2.9	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•
Jennet t	126	156	159	109	.31.4	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
Compbell	569	583	587	597	1.7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Catavba	242	229	245	226	-7.6	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	•
David son	210	24t	266	223	-15.4	•	•			· -		•	. •			•			•	
Duka	1.089	1,065	1,135	1,213	6.9	223	258	294	293	-0.4	315	336	338	387	14.5	223	220	237	193	-16.
Elon	335	321	318	319	2.2	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• 1		-	•
Zerdner. webb	-	242	324	335	3.4	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	- 50	-	•	•
Peter shore	134	1,24	107	114	6.5	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	:	•	•	•	•	•	•
iullord	262	222	263	275	-2.8	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
ligh Poise	293	249	244	248	1.6	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-
Johnson C. Smith	176	218	228	225	-1.3	t	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•
Lengl: Rhyme	276	123	307	312	1.6	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-
Livi ngst ane	166	185	131	145	10.7	-	-	•	•	•	2	4	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•
More Hill	274	285	300	218	-7.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	•
Marediin	146	216	226	246	6.6	-	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•
leehodist	187	186	163	180	10.4	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•
N.C. Wesleyan	123	136	152	165	8.6	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	•	•	•
Pfeilfer	196	1:9	214	160	.25.2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Queens	136	127	113	107	_5.3	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-
Shered reere	72	79	72	57	-20.6	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	•
St. Aner eu s	183	174	166	197	18.7	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	•
it. Augustine's	263	263	205	353	23.4	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•
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darren kilson	51	76	56	16	25.0	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-,
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Appendix UNC-28

NUMBER OF MASTER'S DECREES CONFERRED BY MORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
BY INSTITUTION, SEX, AND FIELD OF STUDY, 1972-73

UNG-Greensboro Men Women Total	CNC-Charlotte Men Women Total	UNG-Chapel Hill Men Women Votal	N. C. State University Men Women Total	N. G. Gentral Hen Homen Total	N. C. A and I Hen Hemen Total	East Carolina Men Women Total	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS* (NIVERSITY OF KORTH CAROLINA Appalachian Hen Hen Vomen Total	INSTITUTION AND SEX
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NUMBER OF DOCTOR'S DEGREES CONFERRED BY NORTH CAROLINA UNIVERSITIES BY INSTITUTION, SEX, AND FIELD OF STUDY, 1972-73

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SOME PRINCIPAL STATUTES PERTAINING TO THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

- § 116-1. Purpose.—In order to foster the divelopment of a well-planned and coordinated system of higher education, to improve the quality of education, to extend its benefits and to encourage an economical use of the State's resources, the University of North Carolina is hereby redefined in accordance with the provisions of this Article. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)
- § 116-2. Definitions.—As used in this Article, unless the context clearly indicates a contrary intent:

(1) "Board" means the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina.

(2) "Board of trustees" means the board of trustees of a constituent institu-

(3) "Chancellor" means the chancellor of a constitutent institution.

- (4) "Constituent institution" or "institution" means one of the 16 public senior institutions, to wit, the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, North Carolina State University at Raleigh, the University of North Carolina at Greensboro, the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, the University of North Carolina at Wilmington, Appalachian State University, East Carolina University, Elizabeth City State University, Fayetteville State University, North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University, North Carolina Central University, North Carolina School of the Arts, Pembroke State University, Western Carolina University, and Winston-Salein State University.
- (5) "President" means the President of the University of North Carolina. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)
- § 116-3. Incorporation and corporate powers.—The board of trustees of the University of North Carolina is hereby redesignated, effective July 1, 1972, as the "Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina," The Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina shall be known and distinguished
- § 110-11. Powers and duties generally.--The powers and duties of the Board of Governors shall include the following:
 - (1) The Board of Governors shall plan and develop a coordinated system of higher education in North Carolina. To this end it shall govern the 16 constituent institutions, subject to the powers and responsibilities given in this Article to the boards of trustees of the institutions, and to this end it shall maintain close liaison with the State Board of Education, the Department of Community Colleges and the private colleges and universities of the State. The Board, in consultation with representatives of the State Board of Education and of the private colleges and universities, shall prepare and from time to time regise a long-range plan for a coordinated system of higher education, supplying copies thereof to the Governor, the members of the General Assembly, the Advisory Budget Commission and the institutions, State-wide federal or State programs that provide aid to institutions or students of post-seeondary education through a State agency, except those related exclusively to the community college system, shall be administered by the Board pursuant to any requirement of State or federal statute in order to insure that all activities are consonant with the State's long-range plan for higher education,



(2) The Board of Governors shall be responsible for the general determination, control, supervision, management and governance of all affairs of the constituent institutions. For this purpose the Board may adopt such policies and regulations as it may deem wise. Subject to applicable State law and to the terms and conditions of the instruments under which property is acquired, the Board of Governors may acquire, hold, convey or otherwise dispose of, invest and reinvest any and all real and personal property, with the exception of any property that may be held by trustees of institutional endowment funds under the provisions of G.S. 116-36 or that may be held, under authority delegated by the Board of Governors, either by a board of trustees or by trustees of any other endowment or trust fund.

(3) The Board shall determine the functions, educational activities and academic programs of the constitutions. The Board shall also determine the types of degrees to be awarded. The powers herein given to the Board shall not be restricted by any provision of law assigning specific functions or responsibilities to designated institutions, the powers herein given superseding any such provisions of law. The Board, after adequate notice and after affording the institutional board of trustees an opportunity to be heard, shall have authority to withdraw approval of any existing program if he appears that the program is un-

productive, excessively costly or unnecessarily duplicative.

(4) The Board of Governors shelf elect officers as provided in G.S. 116-14. Subject to the provisions of section 18 of this act [Session Laws 1971, Chapter 1244, section 18], the Board shall also elect, on nomination of the President, the chancellor of each of the constituent institutions and fix his compensation. The President shall make his nomination from a list of not fewer than two names recommended by the institutional loard of trustees.

(5) The Board of Governors shall, on recommendation of the President and of the appropriate institutional chancellor, appoint and fix the compensation of all vice-chancellors, senior academic and administrative

officers and persons having permanent tenure

(6) The Board shall approve the establishment of any new publicly supported institution above the community college level.

•(7) The Board shall set trition and required fees at the institutions, not inconsistent with actions of the General Assembly.

(8) The Board shall set curollment levels of the constituent institutions.

- (9) a. The Board of Governors shall develop, prepare and present to the Governor, the Advisory Budget Commission and the General Assembly a single, unified recommended budget for all of public senior higher education. The recommendations shall consist of requests in three general categories: (i) funds for the continuing operation of each constituent institution, (ii) funds for salary increases for employees exempt from the State Personnel Act and (iii) funds requested without reference to constituent institutions, itemized as to priority and covering such areas as new programs and activities, approximate of programs and activities, increases in carealments, increases to persons served, capital improvements, improvements in levels of operation and increases to remedy define noise, as well as other areas.
 - Finds for the continuing operation of each constituent institution shall be appropriated directly to the institution. Fourly to: salare increases for complayees exempt from the Stair Personnel.



Act shall be appropriated to the Board in a lamp such for allocation to the institutions. Funds for the third category in paragraph a of this subdivision shall be appropriated to the Board in a lump sum. The Board shall allocate to the institutions any finds appropriated, said allocation to be made in accordance with the Board's schedule of priorities; possided, however, that when both the Board and the Advisory Budger Commission does it to be in the best interest of the Starr, finds in the third category may be allocated, in whole or in part, for other items within the list of priorities or for items not included in the list.

- c. The Advisory Budget Commission may, on recommendation of the Board, authorize transfer of appropriated funds from one institution to another to provide adjustments for over- or underenrollment or may make any other adjustments among institutions that would provide for the orderly and efficient operation of the institutions.
- (10) The Board shall collect and disseminate data concerning higher education in the State. To this end it shall work cooperatively with the Department of Community Colleges and shall seek the assistance of the private colleges and universities. It may prescribe for the constituent institutions such uniform reporting practices and policies as it may deem desirable.
- (11) The Board shall assess the contributions and needs of the private colleges and universities of the State and shall give advice and recommendations to the General Assembly to the end that the resources of these institutions may be utilized in the best interest of the State. All requests by private institutions of higher education for State assistance to the institutions or to students attending them shall be submitted first to the Board for review and recommendation before being presented to any other State agency or to the General Assembly.

(12) The Board shall give advice and recommendations concerning higher education to the Governor, the General Assembly, the Advisory Budget Commission and the boards of trustees of the institutions.

(13) The Board may delegate any part of its authority over the affairs of any institution to the board of trustees or, through the President, to the chancellor of the institution in any case where such delegation appears necessary or prudent to enable the institution to function in a proper and expeditious manner. Any delegation of authority may be rescinded by the Board at any time in whole or in part.

(14) The Board shall possess all powers not specifically given to institutional boards of trustees. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)



§ 116.31. Monibership of the boards of trusteen. (c) All persons viso, as of time 30, 19-2, are zeroing as unsteen of the regional university and of the North Carolina School of the Arts, except these who may have been elected to the Board of Governors, shall continue to zeroe for one year beginning July 1, 1972, and the terms of all such trustees shall continue for the petiol of one year.

O) Filertive July I, 1972, a separate board of trustees shall be erected for each of the following institutions: North Carolina State University at Radioth, the University of North Carolina at Asheville, the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, the University of North Carolina at Greenshoro, and the University of North Carolina at Wilmington. For the period commencing July 1, 1972, and ending June 30, 1973, each such board shall be constituted as follows:

- Twelve or more persons elected prior to July 1, 1972, by and from the membership of the board of trustees of the University of North Carolina, and
- (2) The president of the student government of the institution, ex officio.
- (c) If any vacancy should occur in any board of trustees during the year beginning July 1, 1972, the Governor may appoint a person to serve for the balance of the year.
- (d) Effective July 1, 1973, each of the 16 constitutent institutions shall have a heard of trustees composed of 13 persons chosen as follows:
 - (1) Eight elected by the Beard of Governors,
 - (2) Four appointed by the Governor, and
 - (3) The president of the student government ex officio.
- (e) From and after $Jv \neq 1$, 1973, the term of office of all trusteys, except the ex officio member, striction four years, commencing on july 1 of odd-numbered years. In every odd-numbered years to each board of trustees and the Governor shall appoint two persons to each such board.
- (f) In electing boards of trustees to serve commencing July 1, 1973, the Board of Governors shall designate four persons for four-year terms and four for two-year terms. The Governor, in making appointments of trustees to serve commencing July 1, 1973, shall designate two persons for four-year terms and two for two-year terms.
- (g) From and after July 1, 1973, any person who has served two full four-year terms in succession as a member of a board of trustees shall, for a period of one year, be ineligible for election or appointment to the same board but may be elected or appointed to the board of another institution.
- (h) From and after July 1, 1973, no member of the General Assembly or officer or employee of the State or of any constituent institution or spouse of any such member, officer or employee shall be eligible for election or appointment as a trustee. Any trustee who is elected or appointed to the General Assembly or who becomes an officer or employee of the State or of any constituent institution or whose spouse is elected or appointed to the General Assembly or becomes such officer or employee shall be deemed thereupon to resign from his membership on the board of trustees.
- (i) No person may serve simultaneously as a member of a board of trustees and as a member of the Board of Governors. Any trustee what is elected or appointed to the Board of Governors shall be deemed to resign as a trustee effective as of the date that his term commences as a member of the Board of Governors.
- (j) From and after July 1, 1973, whenever any carancy shall occur in the membership of a board of trustees among those appointed by the Governor, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the board to inform the Governor of the existence of such vacancy, and the Governor shall appoint a person to fill the unexpired term,



and whenever any vacancy shall occur among those elected by the Board of Governors, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the board to inform the Board of Governors of the existence of the vacancy, and the Board of Governors shall elect a person to fill the unexpired term. Whenever a member shall fail, for any reason other than ill health or service in the interest of the State or nation, to be present for three successive regular meetings of a board of trustees, his place as a member shall be deemed vacant. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)

Revision of Portions of Article. - See same catchline under § 116-1.

- § 116-32. Officers and meetings of the boards of trustees.—At the first meeting after June 30 of each year each board of trustees shall elect from its membership a chairman, a vice-chairman and a secretary. Each board of trustees shall hold not less than three regular meetings a year and may hold such additional meetings as may be deemed desirable. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)
- § 116-33. Powers and duties of the boards of trustees.— Each board of trustees shall promote the sound development of the institution within the functions prescribed for it, belping it to serve the State in a way that will complement the activities of the other institutions and aiding it to perform at a high level of excellence in every area of endeavor. Each board shall serve as advisor to the Board of Governors on matters pertaining to the institution and shall also serve as advisor to the chancellor concerning the management and development of the institution. The powers and duties of each board of trustees, not inconsistent with other provisions of this Article, shall be defined and delegated by the Board of Governors. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)
- § 116.34. Duties of chancellor of institution. (a) The chancellor shall be the administrative and executive head of the institution and shall exercise complete executive authority therein, subject to the direction of the President. He shall be responsible for carrying out policies of the Board of Governors and of the hoard of trustees. As of June 30 of each year he shall prepare for the Board of Governors and for the board of trustees a detailed report on the operation of the institution for the preceding year.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the chancellor to attend all meetings of the board of trustees and to be responsible for keeping the board of trustees fully informed on the operation of the institution and its needs.
- (c) It shall be the duty of the chancellor to keep the President, and through him the Board of Governors, fully informed concerning the operations and needs of the institution. Upon request, he shall be available to confer with the President or with the Board of Governors concerning matters that pertain to the institution.
- (d) Subject to policies prescribed by the Board of Governors and by the heard of trustees, the charecllor shall make recommendations for the appointment of personnel within the institution and for the development of educational programs. (1971, c. 1244, s. 1.)



Appendix UNC_31

BOARDS OF TRUSTEES AND THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS:
Methods of Selection and Racial Composition, 1953 to date

General Statement

In 1953 there were twelve public senior institutions of higher education in North Carolina. Nine of these institutions operated under individual boards of trustees. The other three, the North Carolina College for Women (now The University of North Carolina at Greensboro). North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering (now The University of North Carolina at Raleigh) and The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, were governed by a single board, the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina.

This arrangement continued until the 1960's, when three additional four-year, degree-granting institutions grew out of former two-year colleges and became constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina. Prior to joining the University, separate boards of trustees governed each of these three institutions. The campus at Charlotte came under the governance of the University board in 1965, and the campuses at Asheville and Wilmington, in 1969.

The sixteenth public senior institution is the North Carolina ().

School of the Arts. which was created by the General Assembly in 1963. Prior to 1972 it was controlled by a separate board of trustees.

These nine are presently designated: Appalachian State
University, East Carolina University, Elizabeth City State University,
Fayetteville State University, North Carolina Agricultural and
Technical State University, North Carolina Central University,
Pembroke State University, Western Carolina University and
Vinston-Salem State University.

Throughout the period 1953 to 1972 each board had full governing authority for its institution or group of institutions.

On July 1, 1972, legislation became effective which placed the governance of all sixteen institutions under a single board, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina.

Legislation creating this board also provided for a board of trustees for each of the institutions and gave the Board of Governors the authority, effective July 1, 1973, to elect a majority of the members of each institutional board. The institutional boards have extensive powers, most of which are derived by delegation from the Board of Governors.

Following is an alphabetical listing of the sixteen public senior institutions. Under each institution's name there is an explanation of the method of selection of its board of trustees and a statement concerning the racial composition of the board. When all members of a board, during any period of the institution's history, were of one race, that fact is stated. When a board was racially mixed, the members are listed by name, with Indian and black members indicated. If there is no racial indication following any name, the member is of the white (Caucasian) race.

The composition of the Board of Governors is given following the institutional listings.



APPALACHIAN STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

<u>1953-1957</u>

Nine members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate. All members were of the white race.

1957-1973*

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly. All members were of the white race. The president of the student body was added as an <u>ex officio</u> member, effective May 6, 1971.

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body <u>ex officio</u>. Twelve members are of the white and one is of the black race.

The membership is as follows:

Claude Armfield, Jr.

F. P. Bodenheimer

B. Irvin Boyle

D. Dwight Crater

John P. Frank

Ralph Kennedy Frasier (Black)

John A. Garwood

Gordon L. Goodson
George Perry Green
Lester P. Martin, Jr.
Dr. Fred C. Miller
Mrs. Robert C. Rivers
Malcolm Carroll, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1953-1957

Thirteen members: twelve appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate, the Superintendent of Public Instruction <u>ex officio</u>. All members were of the white race.

<u>1</u>958-1971

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly. All members were of the white race.

1971-1973*

Thirteen members: twelve appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly, president of the student body ex officio. All members were of the white race.

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio. Twelve members are of the white and one is of the black race.

The membership is as follows:

Dr. Andrew A. Best (Black)
Mrs. J. G. Burgwyn
Dr. Donald L. Copeland
Wayne A. Corpening
Frederic L. Cox
Dr. J. Earl Danieley
Ashley B. Futrell

K. Edward Greene
Robert L. Jones
Herbert Lee
Troy W. Pate, Jr.
William L. Powell, Jr.
Bill Bodenhamer, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



ELIZABETH CITY STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

<u>1953-1957</u>

J. W. Davis

Nine members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate.

The membership was as follows:

1953-54

G.	R.	Little	Ε.	L.	Н	off	l.er	(Bla	ck)
G.	н.	Ferguson	н.	L.	М	itc	hell	. (ві	ack)
٥.	R.	Symons	н.	Fe	re	bee			
W.	C.	Chappell	Mr	s. '	T.	c.	Saw	yer.	Sr.

<u>1954-55</u>

J.	W. Davis	T. S. Cooper (Black)
E.	L. Hoffler (Black)	Mrs. T. C. Sawyer, Sr.
G.	H. Ferguson	E. P. Leary
D.	Bagley	O. Roy Symons
W.	C. Chappell	

<u> 1955-56</u>

J.	T.	Davis	Mrs. T. C. Sawyer, Sr.
E.	L.	Hoffler (Black)	E. P. Leary
G.	н.	Ferguson	O. Roy Symons
W.	C.	Chappell	
T.	s.	Cooper (Black)	

1956-57

J. W. Davis E. L. Hoffler (Black) G. H. Ferguson W. C. Chappell	T. S. Cooper (Black) E. P. Leary O. Roy Symons J. H. Moore
Mrs. T. C. Sawyer, Sr.	J. H. Moore



1957~1971

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly.

The membership was as follows:

1957-58

J. W. Davis
McDonald Dixon
J. Carlton Abbott
A. G. Byrum
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.
Herbert Hardy

A. J. Jones Clifford B. Jones (Black) John H. Moore O. Roy Symons Martin L. Wilson (Black)

<u> 1958-59</u>

J. W. Davis
McDonald Dixon
J. C. Abbott
A. G. Byrum
R. L. Garrett
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

Herbert Hardy
A. J. Jones
C. B. Jones, Sr. (Black)
John H. Moore
O. Roy Symons
Martin L. Wilson (Black)

1959-60

J. W. Davis
McDonald Dixon
J. Carroll Abbott
A. G. Byrum
Roland L. Garrett
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

Herbert Hardy
A. J. Jones
Clifford B. Jones (Black)
O. Roy Symons
Martin L. Wilson (Black)

<u>1.960-61</u>...

Junious W. Davis, Sr. McDonald Dixon
J. Carroll Abbott
Albert G. Byrum
Roland L. Garrett
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

Roger R. Jackson, Jr.
A. J. Jones
Clifford B. Jones (Black)
O. Roy Symons
Martin L. Wilson (Black)

1961-62

McDonald Dixon
O. Roy Symons
J. Carroll Abbott
Albert G. Byrum
Roland L. Garrett
[Ston Godwin, Jr.]

Roger R. Jackson, Jr. A. J. Jones Clifford B. Jones (Black) Lunsford H. Long John H. Moore Martin L. Wilson (Black)

McDonald Dixon

R. L. Garrett

J. C. Abbott

A. G. Byrum

A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

A. G. Jones

C. B. Jones, Sr. (Black)

W. L. Long

L. T. Randolph (Black)

J. C. Sawyer, Sr.

M. L. Wilson (Black)

<u>1963-64</u>

McDonald Dixon

R. L. Garrett

J. W. Bond (Black)

A. G. Byrum

A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

C. W. Griffin

C. B. Jones, Sr. (Black)

W. L. Long

L. T. Randolph (Black)

J. C. Sawyer, Sr.

M. L. Wilson (Black)

<u>1964-65</u>

McDonald Dixon
Roland L. Garrett
J. Carroll Abbott
John W. Bond
Albert G. Byrum
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.

Clarence W. Griffin
Clifford B. Jones, Sr. (Black)
W. Lunsford Long
Louis T. Randolph (Black)
J. C. Sawyer, Sr.
Martin L. Wilson (Black)

<u>1965-67</u>

McDonald Dixon Clarence Griffin John Bond (Black) Clifford B. Jones (Black) Louis T. Randolph (Black) John C. Bies (Black) Mrs. W. Arthur Tripp
Albert G. Byrum
Martin L. Wilson (Black)
Roland Garrett
A. Pilston Godwin, Jr.
Fred Markham

1<u>9</u>67<u>-</u>69

McDonald Dixon
Clarence W. Griffin
John C. Bias (Black)
Albert G. Byrum
Joseph J. Harrington
Clifford B. Jones (Black)

Fred p. Markham, III
Herbert T. Mullen
Maceo A. Sloan (Black)
Mrs. W. Arthur Tripp
Kermit E. White (Black)
Martin L. Wilson (Black)



McDonald Dixon
Clarence W. Griffin
John C. Bizs (Black)
Albert G. Byrum
Joseph J. Harrington
Clifford B. Jones (Black)

Fred P. Markham, III Lorimer W. Midgett Herbert T. Mullen Maceo A. Sloan (Black) Kermit E. White (Black) Martin L. Wilson (Black)

1971<u>-</u>73*

Thirteen members; twelve appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly, president of the student body ex officio.

The membership was as follows:

1971-72

C. W. Griffin

J. C. Bias (Black)

J. Wilbert Forbes

J. J. Harrington

W. W. Hoffler (Black)

C. Johnson (Black)

C. B. Jones, Sr. (Black)

Fred Markham

H. T. Mullen

L. W. Midgett

K. E. White (Black)

A. H. Williams (Black)

Daryl Morris, ex officio (Black)

1972-73

Clarence W. Griffin
Clifford B. Jones (Black)
John C. Bias (Black)
Joseph J. Harrington
William W. Hoffler (Black)
Charles Johnson (Black)
Fred Markham, III

Lorimer W. Midgett
Herbert T. Mullen
Kermit E. White (Black)
Andrew H. Williams (Black)
Darnell Johnson, ex officio (Black)

<u>July 1, 1973-date</u>

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor,

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972 the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



president of the student body <u>ex officio</u>. Seven members are of the white and six are of the black race.

The membership is as follows:

Frank W. Ballance (Black)
Mrs. Geneva J. Bowe (Black)
J. Wilbert Forbes
Mrs. O. F. Gilbert, Jr.
Clarence W. Griffin
Dr. Charles Johnson (Black)
Fred P. Markham, III

Lorimer W. Midgett
J. Stanley Peel
Dr. Robert L. Poston
Dr. J. S. Simmons (Black)
Dr. Kermit E. White (Black)
Miss Edna Hathaway, ex Officio
(Black)



FAYETTEVILLE STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1953-1956

Nine members appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate.

The membership was as follows:

<u> 1953</u>

Mrs. M. E. Bizzell (Black)

B. G. Bullock

J. H. Cook

C. W. Furlonge (Black)

C. F. Hedrick

W. E. Horner

A. Moore (Black)

M. N. Muldrow

Mrs. M. P. Powell (Black)

<u>1954-1955</u>

J. H. Cook

V. Dawson

W. P. DeVane

G. E. Edgerton

C. W. Furlonge (Black)

R. J. Hester

W. E. Horner (Black)

E. Rosenthal

S. B. Warren

1956*

W. Baker

J. H. Cook

V. Dawson

W. P. DeVane (Black)

G. E. Edgerton

A. J. Ellis

C. W. Furlonge (Black)

R. J. Hester

W. E. Horner

W. C. Nance

E. Rosenthal

R. Thompson

S. B. Warren

E. L. White



^{*}Includes members serving part of the year

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly.

The membership was as follows:

1957

	<u>1957</u>
W. Baker J. H. Cook V. Dawson W. P. DeVane (Black) G. E. Edgerton A. J. Ellis	 C. W. Furlonge (Black) R. J. Hester W. E. Horner E. Rosenthal S. B. Warren E. L. White
	1958-1959
W. Baker C. J. Barber (Black) J. H. Cook V. Dawson W. P. DeVane (Black) G. E. Edgerton	A. J. Ellis R. J. Hester W. E. Horner E. Rosenthal S. B. Warren E. L. White
	<u>1960-1961</u>
C. J. Barber (Black) W. R. Collins (Black) J. H. Cook V. Dawson W. P. DeVane (Black) G. E. Edgerton	A. J. Ellis R. J. Hester K. A. McDonald S. R. Rosemond (Black) E. Rosenthal S. B. Warren
	1962-1963
C. J. Barber (Black) G. L. Butler (Black) W. R. Collins (Black) J. H. Cook V. Dawson W. P. DeVane (Black)	G. E. Edgerton A. J. Ellis R. J. Hester K. A. McDonald E. Rosenthal S. B. Warren
	1964-1965
C. J. Barber (Black)	G. E. Edgerton

W. R. Collins (Black) J. H. Cook

G. L. Butler (Black)

V. Dawson W. P. DeVane (Black) G. E. EdgertonA. J. EllisK. A. McDonald

Mrs. J. R. Nance

E. RosenthalS. B. Warren

C. J. Barber (Black)
G. L. Butler (Black)

W. R. Collins (Black)

J. H. Cook V. Dawson

W. P. DeVane (Black

G. E. Edgerton

A. J. Ellis

Mrs. J. R. Nance

K. A. McDonald

E. Rosenthal

S. B. Warren

1968-1969

C. J. Barber (Black)

W. Breece

G. L. Butler (Black)

W. R. Collins (Black)

J. H. Cook

C. R. Dawkins

V. Dawson

G. E. Edgerton

K. A. McDonald

Mrs. J. R. Nance

E. Rosenthal

S. B. Warren

1970

C. J. Barber (Black)

W. Breece

G. L. Butler (Black)

W. R. Collins (Black)

J. H. Cook

C. R. Dawkins

V. Dawson

G. E. Edgerton

Mrs. J. R. Nance --

E. Rosenthal

E. B. Turner (Black)

S. B. Warren

1971-1972*

Thirteen members; twelve appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio.

The membership was as follows:

1971

C. J. Barber (Black)

W. Breece

G. L. Butler (Black)

W. R. Collins (Black)

J. H. Cook

C. R. Dawkins

V. Dawson

G. E. Edgerton

Mrs. J. R. Nance

E. Rosenthal

E. B. Turner (Black)

S. B. Warren

W. Alston, ex officio (Black)

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees he institution.

C. J. Barber (Black)

G. L. Butler (Black)

Mrs. H. Clark

W. R. Collins (Black)

J. H. Cook

P. Cousin (Black)

C. R. Dawkins

V. Dawson

G. E. Edgerton

Mrs. J. R. Nance

E. Rosenthal

S. Warren

K. Robinson, ex officio (Black)

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight selected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio.

The membership is as follows:

C. J. Barber (Black)

A. Barnes (Black)

G. L. Butler (Black)

R. Cellner

W. R. Collins (Black)

P. Cousin (Black)

R. Crowell

Mrs. B. Landis (Black)

J. S. Lee

R. Little

D. McClean

Mrs. F. H. Weaver

I. C. Robinson, <u>ex officio</u>,

(Black)



NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

<u>1953-1957</u>

Sixteen members; fifteen appointed by the Governor, Superintendent of Public Instruction ex officio.

The membership was as follows:

<u>1953-1955</u>

Charles A. Hines
Wade H. Paschal
Shelley B. Caveness
E. R. Merrick (Black)
L. W. James (Black)
Murray Davis (Black)
J. W. Jeffries (Black
H. A. Scott

W. L. T. Miller (Black)
A. A. Morrisey (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
George Sockwell
J. Wilson Alexander
C. H. Dearman
George T. Ashford
Charles F. Carroll, ex officio

<u>1955-1957</u>

Charles A. Hines
W. L. T. Miller (Black
Robert H. Frazier
A. A. Morrisey (Black)
J. Wilson Alexander
E. R. Merrick (Black)
James A. Graham
Murray B. Davis (Black)

George Sockwell
H. A. Scott
E. E. Waddell (Black)
A. H. Brett (Black)
Wade Paschal
Shelley B. Caveness
George T. Ashford
Charles A. Carroll, ex officio

<u>1957-1972</u>

Twelve members appointed by the Governor. The president of the student body was added as an <u>ex officio</u> member, effective May 6, 1971.

The membership was as follows:

<u>1957-1958</u>

J. Wilson Alexander
A. H. Brett (Black)
Murray B. Davis (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Graham
Joseph M. Hunt

E. R. Merrick (Black)
George Sockwell
Henry A. Scott
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Shelley B. Caveness



1<u>958</u>+1<u>959</u>

J. Wilson Alexander
A. H. Brett (Black)
Murray Davis (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Graham
Robert P. Holding

E. R. Merrick (Black)
Henry A. Scott
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Joseph M. Hunt
George Sockwell

1959-1960

J. Mack Hatch
A. H. Brett (Black)
Murray Davis (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Graham
Robert P. Holding

W. L. Reid (Black)
Henry A. Scott
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Joseph M. Hunt
George Sockwell

1960-1961

A. H. Brett (Black)
Murray Davis (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James Graham
J. Mack Hatch
Joseph M. Hunt

W. L. Reid (Black)
Henry A. Scott
George Sockwell
E. E. Waddell (Black)
Robert P. Holding
W. B. Wicker (Black)

1961-1962

Robert H. Frazier Murray Davis (Black) J. Mack Hatch Frontis W. Johnston W. L. Reid (Black) Henry A. Scott George Sockwell
John S. Stewart (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Robert P. Holding, Jr.
Joseph M. Hunt, Jr.

1962-1963

Murray B. Davis (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
J. Mack Hatch
Frontis W. Johnston
W. L. Reid (Black)
George Sockwell

J. S. Stewart (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Robert P. Holding, Jr.
Joseph M. Hunt



Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Craham
J. Mack Hatch
Frontis W. Johnston
David W. Morehead (Black)

W. L. Reid (Black)
George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)

1964-1965

Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Graham
J. Mack Hatch
Frontis W. Johnston
David W. Morehead (Black)

W. L. Reid (Black)
George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)

1965-1966

Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
James A. Graham
J. Mack Hatch
David W. Morehead
L. L. Ray

George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Frontis W. Johnston

<u>1966-1967</u>

Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
J. Mack Hatch
David W. Morehead (Black)
L. L. Ray
J. S. Stewart (Black)

Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
James A. Graham
Frontis W. Johnston
George Sockwell

1967-1968

Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
Frontis W. Johnston
David W. Morehead (Black)
Charles A. Phillips
L. L. Ray

George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
James A. Graham



Andrew A. Best (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
Frontis W. Johnston
Charles W. Phillips
L. L. Ray
J. S. Stewart (Black)

Otis E. Tillman (Black)
E. E. Waddell (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
James A. Graham
David W. Morehead (Black)
George Sockwell

1969-1970

Howard C. Barnhill (Black) Andrew A. Best (Black) Robert H. Frazier Frontis W. Johnston David W. Morehead (Black) Charles W. Phillips

L. L. Ray
George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
James A. Graham

1970-1971

Howard C. Barnhill (Black) Andrew A. Best (Black) Robert H. Frazier James A. Graham Frontis W. Johnston David W. Morehead (Black) C. W. Phillips
L. L. Ray
George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)

<u>197</u>1-1972

Howard C. Barnhill (Black) Andrew A. Best (Black) Robert H. Frazier Frontis W. Johnston David W. Morehead (Black) L. L. Ray

George Sockwell
J. S. Stewart (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
James A. Graham
C. W. Phillips
Otis E. Tillman (Black)

<u>1972*-1973</u>

Thirteen members, twelve appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio.

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trusteea of the institution.



Membership was as follows:

Marshall Bass (Black)
Lacy Caple (Black)
Robert H. Frazier
Frontis W. Johnston
John McArthur
David W. Morehead (Black)
W. B. Nixon (Black)

C. W. Phillips
J. S. Stewart (Black)
Franklin Teague
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
W. B. Wicker (Black)
Larry Hinton, ex officio (Black)

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members, eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio.

Membership is as follows:

Marshall Bass (Black)
Lacy H. Caple (Black)
C. C. Griffin (Black)
Frontis W. Johnston
Richard D. Levy
Robert Linton (Black)
John H. McArthur

David W. Morehead (Black)
John S. Stewart (Black)
Otis E. Tillman (Black)
John C. Hawkins
Mrs. Emily Preyer
Marilyn Marshall, ex officio
(Black)



NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1953-1973

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate (approval was by the General Assembly after 1957). The president of the student body was added as an <u>ex officio</u> member, effective May 6, 1971.

The membership was as follows:

1953-1954

R. M. Gantt
Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard (Black)
J. W. Black (Black)
Charles F. Carroll
C. A. Dandelake

T. W. Ellis, Jr.
Ernest B. Johnson (Black)
Walter Jones, Jr.
B. I. Satterfield
Banks Wilkins
Nelson Woodson

1954-1955

R. M. Gantt
Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
Frank Banzet
J. W. Black (Black)
Charles F. Carroll
C. A. Dandelake

T. W. Ellis, Jr.
Ernest B. Johnson (Black)
Walter Jones, Jr.
B. I. Satterfield
Banks Wilkins
Nelson Woodson

<u>1955-1957</u>

R. M. Gantt
Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
Frank Banzet
J. W, Black (Black)
Charles F. Carroll
C. A. Dandelake

T. W. Ellis, Jr.
Ernest B. Johnson (Black)
Walter Jones, Jr.
B. I. Satterfield
Banks Wilkins
Nelson Woodson

<u>1957-1959</u>

Bascom Baynes
Welch Harris
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. W. Black (Black)
Ohn G. Clark
Cda Duncan (Black

Edwin Jones, Sr.
Hanes Lassiter
W. W. Pierson
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr,
Dillard Teer

Bascom Baynes
Welch Harris
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. W. Black (Black)
John G. Clark
Edwin Jones, Sr.

Hanes Lassiter
W. W. Pierson
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
Dillard Teer
Clarence Watkins (Black)

1961-1963

Bascom Baynes
Welch Harris
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
W. H. Davenport (Black)
Reginald A. Hawkins (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)

W. W. Pierson
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
Dillard Teer
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
Clarence Watkins (Black)

1963-1965

Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)
Mrs. Harvey Beech (Black)
Welch Harris
Reginald A. Hawkins (Black)

W. W. Pierson
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
Dillard Teer
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)

<u> 1965-1966</u>

Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)
Mrs. Harvey Beech (Black)
Robert J. Brown (Black)
Mrs. R. S. Ferguson

Welch Harris
Malcolm H. Hunt
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)

1966-1967

Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)
Mrs. Harvey Beech (Black)
Robert J. Brown (Black)
Mrs. Everett I. Bugg

Mrs. R. S. Ferguson
Welch Harris
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)



Bascom Baynes
J. M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)
Mrs. Harvey Beech (Black)
Robert J. Brown (Black)
Mrs. Everett I. Bugg

Paul Clyde
Mrs. R. S. Ferguson
Clyde A. Shreve
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)

1968-1969

Bascom Baynes
James M. Hubbard, Sr. (Black)
J. R. Larkins (Black)
Mrs. Harvey Beech (Black)
Mrs. Everett I. Bugg
Paul Clyde

Mrs. R. S. Ferguson Clyde A. Shreve Marshall T. Spears, Sr. M. Hugh Thompson (Black) Clarence C. Watkins (Black)

<u> 1969-1971</u>

Clyde A. Shreve
M. Hugh Thompson (Black)
John R. Larkins (Black)
Wiley T. Armstrong (Black)
Bascom Baynes
Mrs. Eloise C. Beech (Black)

Paul Clyde
Mrs. R. S. Ferguson
E. K. Powe
Louis T. Randolph (Black)
Marshall T. Spears, Sr.
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)

<u>1971-1972</u>

Clyde A. Shreve John R. Larkins (Black) Wiley T. Armstrong (Black) Bascom Baynes Mrs. Eloise C. Beech (Black) J. LeVonne Chambers (Black) George Debnam (Black)
Mrs. R. S. Ferguson
E. K. Powe
Louis T. Kandolph (Black)
Clarence Watkins (Black)

<u> 1972*-1973</u>

Clyde A. Shreve
Wiley T. Armstrong (Black)
John R. Larkins (Black)
Bascom Baynes
Mrs. Eloise Beech (Black)
William Clement (Black)

Robert E. Dawson (Black)
George Debnam (Black)
Mrs. R. S. Ferguson
Charles V. Holland (Black)
E. K. Powe
Clarence C. Watkins (Black)
William W. Covington, ex offici
(Black)

Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body <u>ex officio</u>. Eight members are of the black and five are of the white race.

The membership is as follows:

Wiley T. Armstrong (Black)
Mrs. Josephine Strayhorne (Black)
Mrs. Edmund M. Cameron
William A. Clement (Black)
Robert E. Dawson (Black)
George Debnam (Black)
Milton Harrington

James Hawkins (Black)
Charles V. Holland (Black)
E. K. Powe
William Sessoms
Clyde A. Shreve
Milton Lewis, ex officio (Black)



NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL OF THE ARTS

Board of Trustees

1963-1973*

Legislation establishing the institution was enacted on June 24, 1963.

Thirteen members; twelve appointed by the Governor, the Conductor of the North Carolina Symphony ex officio. The president of the student body was added as an ex officio member, effective May 6, 1971. Prior to October 1972, all members were of the white race. At that time the first black member, Mr. Asa T. Spaulding, was appointed to the board.

July 1, 1973-date

Fourteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body and Conductor of the North Carolina Symphony ex officio. Thirteen members are of the white and one is of the black race.

The membership is as follows:

Mrs. Smith Bagley
Mrs. Alex Bernhardt
Wallace Carroll
Mrs. William A. V. Cecil
James McClure Clarke
A. J. Fletcher
J. Gordon Hanes

R. Philip Hanes, Jr.
Robert W. Newsom
Dr. James H. Semans
Mrs. Asa T. Spaulding (Black)
Mrs. T. J. VanMetre
Susan Summers, ex officio
John Gosling, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

<u>1953-1972</u>

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain <u>ex officio</u> members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. Effective May 6, 1971, the president of the student body of each of the six institutions within the University became an <u>ex officio</u> member.

All members during this period were white.

July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 17 persons, 16 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year all members were white.

<u>July 1, 1973-date</u>

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

8 elected by the Board of Governors

4 appointed by the Governor

l ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Robert J. Brown (Black)
Dr. Walter W. Dickson
C. A. Dillon, Jr.
Grover Gore
Mrs. Neill McFadyen
James M. Peden, Jr.
Philip Henry Pitts

Dr. J. W. Pou
Zeno Ratcliff, Jr.
Lexie L. Ray
Walter L. Smith
Fred L. Wilson
Terry Carroll, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



PEMBROKE STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1<u>953-1958</u>

Eleven members appointed by the Governor. All members were American Indians.

1959-1973

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly. The president of the student body was added as an <u>ex officio</u> member, effective May 6, 1971.

The membership was as follows:

1959-1960

Lester Bullard (Indian)
A. E. Hammonds (Indian)
Steve Hammonds, Jr. (Indian)
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)
James R. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Carl L. Maynor (Indian)
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

1960-1961

Lester Bullard (Indian)
A. E. Hammonds (Indian)
Steve Hammonds, Jr. (Indian)
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

1961-1962

Lester Bullard (Indian)
A. E. Hammonds (Indian)
Steve Hammonds, Jr. (Indian)
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

1962-1963

Lester Bullard (Indian)
Steve Hammonds, Jr. (Indian)
James E. Hammonds (Indian)
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Harry W. Locklear (Indian)
Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

Lester Bullard (Indian)
Steve Hammonds, Jr. (Indian)
James E. Hillman
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Harry W. hocklear (Indian)
Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

1964-1966

Lester Bullard (Indian)
Frank H. Epps (Indian)
James E. Hillman
Charles Hostetler
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little

Harry W. Locklear (Indian)
Harvey Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
Edward L. Williamson

1966-1968

Martin L. Brooks (Indian)
Herman Dial (Indian)
James E. Hillman
L. W. Jacobs (Indian)
Hal Little
Harry W. Locklear (Indian)

E. T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Raymond B. Mallard
Ashley Murphy
John W. Oxendine (Indian)
Edward L. Williamson

1968-1<u>9</u>70

W. Earl Britt
B. O. Burns
Herman Dial (Indian)
James E. Hillman
Hal Little
Harry W. Locklear (Indian)

E. T. Lowry (Indian)
Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
R. D. McMillan, Jr.
Raymond B. Mallard
John W. Oxendine (Indian)
Purnell Swett (Indian)

<u> 1970-1972</u>

W. Earl Britt
B. O. Burns
Herman Dial (Indian)
Hal W. Little
Harry W. Locklear (Indian)
E. T. Lowry (Indian)

Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
Leroy Marks
R. D. McMillan, Jr.
John W. Oxendine (Indian)
Sankey W. Robinson
Purnell Swett (Indian)
R. Gary Strickland, ex officio



1972*-1973

Thirteen members: twelve appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly, president of the student body ex officio.

The membership was as follows:

<u>1972-1973</u>

Joe Freeman Britt
B. O. Burns
Ernest Chavis (Indian)
Robert B. Davis
Herman Dial (Indian
Harry W. Locklear (Indian)
Elmer T. Lowry (Indian)

Zeb A. Lowry (Indian)
R. D. McMillan, Jr.
Leroy Marks
Sankey W. Robinson
Purnell Swett (Indian)
Percy Lee Conway, ex officio

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body ex officio. Six members are of the white race, five are Indians and one is black.

The membership is as follows:

Ernest H. Brown, Jr.
Herman Dial (Indian)
Beth Finch
Janie Locklear (Indian)
Harry W. Locklear (Indian)
Leroy Marks
Fred Musselwhite

Sankey W. Robinson
Juddie A. Revels, Jr. (Indian)
Purnell Swett (Indian)
David Lee Thompson (Black)
Clyde Upchurch, Jr.
Van Coleman, ex officio



^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT ASHEVILLE

Board of Trustees

1953-1958

The Board of Trustees of Asheville-Biltmore College was constructed as follows:

- 5 appointed by the Alumni Association of Asheville-Biltmore College
- 7 appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Buncombe County
- 7 appointed by the City Council of the City of Asheville

The following ex officio members:

The Mayor of the City of Asheville

The Chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Buncombe County

The Chairman of the Asheville City School Board

The Chairman of the Board of Education of Buncombe County

The Superintendent of Asheville City Schools

The Superintendent of Buncombe County Schools

All members were of the white race.

<u>1958</u>–1963

The Board of Trustees of Asheville-Biltmore College was constructed as follows:

- 2 members appointed by the Asheville City Council
- 2 members appointed by the Board of Buncombe County Commissioners
- 2 members appointed by the Asheville City School Board
- 2 members appointed by the Buncombe County Board of Education
- 4 members appointed by the Governor of North Carolina

All members were of the white race.

<u>1963-1969</u>

The Board of Trustees of Asheville-Biltmore College was composed of 12 members appointed by the Governor of North Carolina. All members were of the white race.



<u>1969-1972</u>

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain ex officio members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. The presidents of the student bodies were added as ex officio members, effective May 6, 1971.

All members during this period were white.

July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons, 12 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year all members were white.

July 1, 1973-date

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

8 elected by the Board of Governors

4 appointed by the Governor

1 ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Garza Baldwin, Jr.
George H. Blanton, Jr.
Dr. George W. Brown
Dr. Francis A. Buchanan
Bruce A. Elmore
Robert B. Hall
Dr. Otis B. Michael

Mrs. Charles D. Owen, Jr.
Frell MacDonald Owl (American
Indian)
Mrs. Julia Greenlee Ray (Black)
Bernard R. Smith, Jr.
Maurice H. Winger, Jr.
Kenneth Wright, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina.

That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees

FRICH the institution.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL, HILL

Board of Trustees

<u>1953-</u>1972

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain <u>ex officio</u> members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. The presidents of the student bodies were added as <u>ex officio</u> members, effective May 6, 1971.

All members during this period were white.

July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 17 persons, 16 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year 16 members were white and the <u>ex officio</u> member was black.

July 1, 1973-date

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

- 8 elected by the Board of Governors
- 4 appointed by the Governor
- 1 ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Hargrove Bowles, Jr.
A. Leon Capel, Jr,
Walter Davis
Henry A. Foscue
Mrs. James Harper
Charles R. Jonas, Jr.
Thomas W. Lambeth

T. Henry Redding
Ralph Strayhorn
John A. Tate, Jr.
Walter S. Tucker (Black)
John A. Wilkinson
Ford Runge, ex officio



^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHARLOTTE

Board of Trustees

1953-1958

Charlotte College operated under the publicly elected Charlotte City Board of Education. All members of this board were white.

1958-1963

The Board of Trustees of the Charlotte Community College System served as the governing board for Charlotte College.

The Board consisted of eleven members appointed as follows:

- 1 by the Charlotte City Council
- 2 by the Mecklenburg County Commissioners
- 2 by the Charlotte City Board of Education
- 2 by the Mecklenburg County School Board
- 4 by the Governor Of North Carolina

Membership throughout the period included ten members of the white and one of the black race and was as follows:

J. Murrey Atkins 1958-1963 Dr. E. A. Beaty 1958-1962 R. L. Taylor 1958-1963 John Paul Lucas 1958-1963 Addison H. Reese 1958-1963 Linn D. Garabaldi 1958-1963 Oliver Rowe 1958-1963 Thomas M. Belk 1958-1963 Cecil Prince 1958-1960
Sheldon P. Smith 1958-1963
Dr. Thomas Watkins, Sr. (Black)
1958-1963
John A. McRae 1958-1962
C. A. McKnight 1960-1963
Robert Lassiter 1962
John J. Delaney 1962-1963

1963-1965

Twelve members appointed by the Governor. All members were of the white race.

<u>1965 - 1972</u>

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain <u>ex officio</u> members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. The presidents of the student bodies were added as <u>ex officio</u> members, effective May 6, 1971.

All members during this period were white.



July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons, 12 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year all members were white.

July 1, 1973-date

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

8 elected by the Board of Governors

4 appointed by the Governor

l ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Mrs. Mary Jarrett Adair
Irwin Belk
F. Douglas Biddy
Dr. William E. Bluford (Black)
C. C. Cameron
Frank H. Crowell
N. K. Dickerson

John L. Fraley
James A. Hardison, Jr.
Mrs. Parks M. King, Jr.
Thomas H. Leath
Addison H. Reese
Richard Butterfield, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NOR'TH CAROLINA AT GREENSBORO

Board of Trustees

1953-1972

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain ex officio members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. The presidents of the student bodies were added as ex officio members, effective May 6, 1971.

All members during this period were white.

July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 15 persons, 14 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year all members were white.

July 1, 1973-date

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

- 8 elected by the Board of Governors
- 4 appointed by the Governor
- 1 ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Mrs. J. Carroll Abernethy, Jr. Mrs. Raphael O. Black (Black) Robert D. Davis Thomas S. Douglas, III Mrs. Herbert Falk Walter T. Johnson, Jr. (Black) Beverly C. Moore

Mrs. William C. Stanback
Louis C. Stephens, Jr.
Thomas Storrs
H. Patrick Taylor, Jr.
Mrs. Stewart B. Warren
Christopher Jones, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON

Board of Trustees

In 1946 Wilmington College was founded by the New Hanover County Board of Education. For the first twelve years the Board of Education appointed three members to serve as trustees.

In 1958 the College became a Community College and the trustees were appointed as follows:

- 2 by the City Council
- 2 by the County Commissioners
- 4 by the Board of Education
- 4 by the Governor

In 1964 the College became a four-year institution and the Governor appointed all twelve trustees.

During the period, 1946 to 1969, all members of the Board of Trustees were white.

1969-1972

Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina. Composed of 100 persons elected by the General Assembly and, in addition, of certain ex officio members, to wit, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and all former governors. The presidents of the student bodies were added as ex officio members, effective May 6, 1971.

All members during this period were white.

July 1, 1972*-July 1, 1973

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons, 12 of whom were elected by and from the members of the former Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina and one of whom, the president of the student body, served <u>ex officio</u>. During this year all members were white.

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



July 1, 1973-date

Board of Trustees composed of 13 persons selected as follows:

8 elected by the Board of Governors

4 appointed by the Governor

l ex officio, the president of the student body

The membership is as follows:

Tony E. Brewington (Indian)
Dr. John B. Codington
Mrs. Homer Davis
Addison Hewlett, Jr.
William L. Hill, II
George R. Little, Jr.
Ashley M. Murphy

Mrs. Kenneth Newbold
E. S. Simpson
C. Lacy Tate
Harold Gene Troy (Black)
Thomas H. Wright, Jr.
William Renn, Jr., ex officio



WINSTON-SALEM STATE UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1953-1958

Nine members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate.

The membership was as follows:

<u> 1953</u>

Winfield Blackwell
O. A. Kirkman
Dr. R. S. Hairston (Black)
Clark S. Brown (Black)
J. Harmon Linville

T. E. Story Curtiss Todd (Black) G. G. Tucker

B. E. Wilson

1955

John C. Whitaker
William F. Womble
Dr. Rufus S. Hairston (Black)
Thomas Winfield Blackwell
J. Harmon Linville

L. D. Long Clarence Pemberton Julian Robertson Mrs. Birdie G. Robinson (Black)

<u> 1957</u>

John C. Whitaker
William F. Womble
Dr. Rufus S. Hairston (Black)
Thomas Winfield Blackwell
J. Harmon Linville

L. D. Long Clarence Pemberton Julian Robertson Mrs. Birdie G. Robinson (Black)

1959-1969

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly.

The membership was as follows:

1959

Thomas Winfield Blackwell
Thomas B. Rice
Dr. Rufus S. Hairston (Black)
Bert L. Bennett
Clark S. Brown (Black)
Long

N. L. Dillard (Black)
F. L. Gobble
John Hough
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
H. D. Townsend

<u> 1961</u>

Thomas Winfield Blackwell Thomas B. Rice J. Paul Wallace Bert L. Bennett Clark S. Brown (Black) L. D. Long N. L. Dillard (Black)
Sam Burrow, Jr.
John Hough
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
H. D. Townsend

1962-1963

Winfield Blackwell
Thomas B. Rice
Clark S. Brown (Black)
Sam J. Burrow
William R. Crawford (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)

Gordon Hanes
L. D. Long
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
J. Paul Wallace

1963-1964

Winfield Blackwell
Clark S. Brown (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)
John Hough
William R. Crawford (Black)
L. D. Long

Ralph M. Stockton, Jr. Sam J. Burrow
J. Paul Wallace
Gordon Tomlinson
Gordon Hanes
Thomas B. Rice

<u>1964-1965</u>

Winfield Blackwell
John Hough
Clark S. Brown (Black)
Sam J. Burrow, Jr.
William R. Crawford (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)

Gordon Hanes
Samuel O. Jones (Black)
Thomas B. Rice
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
J. Paul Wallace

1965-1966

Winfield Blackwell
Thomas B. Rice
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Samuel O. Jones (Black)
Gordon Tomlinson
J. Paul Wallace

Sam J. Burrow, Jr.
William R. Crawford (Black)
Clark S. Brown (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)
John Hough
Gordon Hanes



<u>1966-1967</u>

Winfield Blackwell
John Hough
Clark S. Brown (Black)
Sam J. Burrow, Jr.
William R. Crawford (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)

Gordon Hanes
Samuel O. Jones (Black)
Thomas B. Rice
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
J. Paul Wallace

1967-1968

Sammie Chess (Black)
John Hough
Rev. William Crawford (Black)
Clark S. Brown (Black)
N. L. Dillard (Black)
Thomas B. Rice

Dr. Samuel O. Jones (Black)
J. Paul Wallace
Winfield Blackwell
Gordon Tomlinson
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Hanes

1968-1969

Winfield Blackwell Clark S. Brown (Black) N. L. Dillard (Black) Samuel O. Jones (Black) Ralph M. Stockton, Jr. Gordon Hanes William R. Crawford (Black)
Sammie Chess, Jr. (Black)
J. Paul Wallace
John Hough
Thomas B. Rice
Gordon Tomlinson

<u>1969-1970</u>

Winfield Blackwell John Hough Clark S. Brown (Black) Sammie Chess (Black) Gordon Hanes Samuel O. Jones (Black)

Jack O'Kelley (Black)
Thomas B. Rice
C. C. Ross, Sr. (Black)
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
Gordon Tomlinson
J. Paul Wallace

<u> 1970-1973</u>

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly. The president of the student body was added as an ex officio member, effective May 6, 1971.

The membership was as follows:

1970-1971

Winfield Blackwell
Clark S. Brown (Black)
John Hough
ie Chess (Black)
ERIC in Hanes
Thomas B. Rice

Gordon Tomlinson
Samuel O. Jones (Black)
J. Paul Wallace
Jack O'Kelley (Black)
C. C. Ross (Black)
Earl Hart, ex cfficio (Black)

416

1971-1972

C. C. Ross, Sr. (Black)
Roland H. Hayes (Black)
Thomas B. Rice
Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.
M. B. Robinson (Black)
Winfield Blackwell
Jack O'Kelley (Black)

Sammie Chess, Jr. (Black)
J. Paul Wallace
Dr. Samuel O. Jones (Black)
Clark S. Brown (Black)
John Hough
Terry Howard, ex officio (Black)

1972*-1973

David P. Mast
Roland H. Hayes (Black)
Jack O'Kelley (Black)
Gordon Hanes
C. C. Ross, Sr. (Black)
Winfield Blackwell

Gordon Tomlinson

B. Robinson (Black)

Ralph M. Stockton, Jr.

J. Paul Wallace

Thomas B. Rice

Melvin Brown, ex officio (Black)

July 1, 1973-date

Thirteen members; eight selected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body <u>ex officio</u>.

The current membership is as follows:

Rodney E. Austin Cooper D. Cass John W. Dowdle, Jr. Roland H. Hayes (Black) James E. Mack (Black) Richard D. Messinger Jack O'Kelley (Black) Mrs. Barbara K. Phillips (Black)
Rev. M. B. Robinson (Black)
Charles C. Ross, Sr. (Black)
Miss Laura F. Sawyer (Black)
Ralph Stockton, Jr.
Charles Zollicoffer, ex officio
(Black)



^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.

WESTERN CAROLINA UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees

1953-1954

Nine members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate. All members were of the white race.

1955-1971

Twelve members appointed by the Governor, approved by the Senate (approved by the General Assembly after 1957). The president of the student body was added as an <u>ex officio</u> member, effective May 6, 1971. All members were of the white race.

<u>1971-1973</u>*

Thirteen members; twelve appointed by the Governor, approved by the General Assembly, president of the student body <u>ex officio</u>. All members were of the white race.

<u>1973-dat</u>e

Thirteen members; eight elected by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, four appointed by the Governor, president of the student body, ex officio.

The membership is as follows:

Jack Abbott
Orville Dillard Coward
Robert Lee Edwards
Hugh Gentry
James H. Glenn
John Gloyne (Indian)
Jack M. Hennessee

Hazen Ledford
Thomas L. Mallonee
Clyde M. Norton
Mrs. W. Boyd Owen
Richard Wynne
Harold Rogers, ex officio

^{*}Effective July 1, 1972, the governing board of the institution became the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina. That Board delegated many of its powers to the Board of Trustees of the institution.



THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS

General Explanation of Method of Selection of Members

The law provides that the permanent composition of the Board of Governors will be 32 persons elected by the General Assembly for eight-year, overlapping terms, eight persons being chosen every two years. In each class of eight at least one must be a woman, at least one shall be "a member of a minority race" and at least one shall be "a member of the political party to which the largest minority of the members of the General Assembly belong."

The initial membership of the Board of Governors was made up primarily of persons chosen by and from the former boards of trustees of the institutions, to serve for terms expiring at various dates extending to June 30, 1979. As these terms expire, the General Assembly is to elect the members so that by July 1, 1979 all members will have been chosen by the General Assembly.

July 1, 1972 to June 30, 1973

34 members; 16 elected by and from the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina, 16 elected by and from the boards of trustees of the other public senior institutions, 2 non-voting members elected by and from the Board of Higher Education. In addition the Governor of the State served, ex officio, as a member and as chairman until December, 1972.

The membership was as follows:

Robert W. Scott, ex officio (until Dec. 31, 1972) Arch T. Allen Ike F. Andrews (partial term) Howard C. Barnhill (Black) Dr. Andrew A. Best (Black) W. Earl Britt Clark S. Brown (Black) Victor S. Bryant Hugh Cannon Julius Chambers (Black) Lenox G. Cooper Dr. Hugh S. Daniel William A. Dees, Jr. Jacob II. Froelich, Jr. George Watts Hill Watts Hill, Jr. (non-voting) Mrs. Howard Holderness

J. P. Huskins (non-voting) Dr. Wallace N. Hyde William A. Johnson John R. Jordan, Jr. Robert B. Jordan Charles H. Larkins, Sr. Mrs. Albert H. Lathrop Reginald F. McCoy J. Aaron Prevost Mrs. L. Richardson Preyer Louis T. Randolph (Black) William B. Rankin Maceo A. Sloan (Black) W. W. Taylor, Jr. Dr. E. B. Turner (Black) Thomas J. White. Jr. E. J. Whitmire Mrs. George D. Wilson George M. Wood (partial term)



July 1, 1973-date

32 members; 9 elected by the General Assembly, 23 elected by and from the former boards of trustees of the public senior institutions.

The membership is as follows:

W. Earl Britt Clark S. Brown (Black) Victor S. Bryant Hugh Cannon Philip G. Carson Julius Chambers (Black) T. Worth Coltrane Lenox G. Cooper Dr. Hugh Daniel, Jr. William A. Dees, Jr. Jacob H. Froelich, Jr. George Watts Hill Luther H. Hodges, Jr. Mrs. Howard Holderness Dr. Wallace Hyde William A. Johnson

John R. Jordan, Jr. Robert B. Jordan, III Mrs. Albert H. Lathrop Reginald F. McCoy Mrs. Hugh Morton J. Aaron Prevost Louis T. Randolph (Black) William B. Rankin Maceo A. Sloan (Elack) W. W. Taylor, Jr. Dr. E. B. Turner (Black) David J. Whichard, II Thomas J. White, Jr. Mrs. George D. Wilson John W. Winters (Black) George M. Wood



Appendix UNC-32

STATEWIDE ADVISORY GROUPS ON HIGHER EDUCATION

In this appendix are the principal statewide advisory groups for higher education. Groups organized for short-term projects have not been included.

Under the name of each advisory group is a brief explanation of the function of the group and a statement of the way in which its members are selected. When all members of a group, during any period of the group's history, were of one race, that fact is stated. When a group was racially mixed, the members are listed by name, with Indian and black members indicated. If there is no racial indication following any name, the member is of the white (Caucasian) race.

The groups included are as follows:

The Faculty Assembly of The University of North Carolina

The Advisory Council of Private College Presidents

The State Advisory Council for Title I of the Higher Education Act of 1965,

The State Committees on Residency Status

The Executive Advisory Committee for the Allied Health Professions Articulation Project

The Joint Committee on College Transfer Students

The Committees on Nursing Education

The Joint Committee on Allied Health Education

The Joint Committee on Dental Education



THE FACULTY ASSEMBLY

OF

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

With the creation of the sixteen-campus University in July, 1972, the President of the University invited the faculties of the institutions to form a statewide organization to advise him and, through him, the Board of Governors on academic matters and on special concerns of faculty members. This organization, known as the Faculty Assembly, consists of a minimum of two representatives chosen by each institution, plus an additional number as determined by a formula based on the total number of faculty members at the institution.

The membership is as follows:

1972-date

Appalachian State University

Paul Sanders Max Dowell Joyce Crouch

East Carolina University

Henry Ferrell William Grossnickle James McDaniel Robert Woodside

Elizabeth City State University

Helen M. Caldwell (Black)
*Rudolph Jones (Black)
**Maurice C. Powers (Black)

Fayetteville State University

Henry M. Eldridge (Black) Joseph Knuckles (Black)

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University

**Nan Manuel (Black)
Gerard E. Gray (Black)
*Katie White (Black)
Ralph L. Wooden (Black)

^{*}Term ended in 1973
**Term began in 1973



North Carolina Central University

Vernon Clark (Black) Charles E. King (Black) E. Lavonia Allison (Black)

North Carolina School of the Arts

William Baskin Alton Buzbee

North Carolina State University

*A. C. Barefoot Henry C. Cooke John F. Ely **Vincent M. Foote John M. Riddle *K. S. Petersen **James B. Wilson

Pembroke State University

Robert K. Gustafson John S. Wallingford

The University of North Carolina at Ashevilla

Arnold Sgan Phillip Walker

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

**Lucy H. Conant

**Fred W. Ellis
George A. Kennedy

*William F. Little

*John L. Sanders
Joseph C. Sloane
George V. Taylor

The University of North Carolina at Charlotte

*Kenneth Dunkley
Dan L. Morrill
**Robert Mundt
**Karl Gabriel
*Jerry Stone

^{**}Term ended in 1973
**Term began in 1973



The University of North Caroline et Greensboro

Robert O. Stephens

Eloise R. Lewis

Walter H. Puterbeugh

The University of North Caroline et Wilmington

Henry G. Crowgey *Calvin L. Doss **Barbare A. Greim

<u>Western Caroline University</u>

Marilyn M. Jody Clifford R. Lovin Salvetore D. Nerboso

<u> Winston-Salem Stete University</u>

W. Archie Blount (Bleck) Carrie C. Robinson (Bleck)



^{*}Term ended in 1973 **Term began in 1973

In 1972, pursuant to action of the General Assembly, the President of the University, with the approval of the Board, appointed an advisory committee of representative presidents of the private colleges and universities in the state. This committee advises the President and through him, the Board of Governors on matters of special concern to the private institutions.

1972-date

The membership is as follows:

President Norman Wiggins
President Robert Davis
President Arthur Winger
President Prezell Robinson (Black)
President Raymond Bost
President Ralph Scales
President Terry Sanford
President Samuel Spencer



STATE ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR TITLE 1 OF THE HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

Pursuant to the Higher Education Act of 1965, the Board of Higher Education became the state agency concerned with all aspects of community service and continuing education provided for in Title I of the Act. The Director of Higher Education appointed a State Advisory Council, effective in 1966, with the following functions:

- -to advise the state agency on policy matters
- —to assist the state agency in identification of priority problem areas and in the preparation of the state plan and annual amendments
- -to consult with the state agency on policy matters arising in the administration of the state plan
- -to recommend proposals to the state agency for funding.

Effective July 1, 1972, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina became the state agency for Title I programs, and members of the State Advisory Council are now appointed by the President of the University.

Past members and their terms of office were as follows:

W. C. Harris 1966-72 J. A. Pritchett 1966-72 John S. Stewart (Black) 1966-72 William L. Turner 1966-72 W. Burns Jones 1967-72 Wilbur Clark 1966-67 S. E. Duncsn (Black)1966-67 John Hampton 1967-68 Paul A. Miller 1969

The present membership is as follows:

Paul N. Guthrie Prezell K. Robinson (Black) Robert H. Ward Warren J. Wicker S. Leigh Wilson Corrina Sutton



STATE COMMITTEES ON RESIDENCY STATUS

State Committee on Residence

1969-1972

The State Committee on Residence was established in January 1969, pursuant to policy of the Board of Higher Education concerning residency status of students in North Carolina's public institutions of higher education. The Committee functioned to formulate guidelines, review policy and advise on residency cases of unusual complexity, undue hardship or extenuating circumstances which were referred to it by institutional authorities.

The Committee membership consisted of one representative each from the staffs of the Board of Higher Education, the State Department of Administration, the Department of the State Auditor and the State Department of Community Colleges and one representative from each of the public senior campuses. A representative of the State Attorney General's office served in an advisory capacity. Membership totaled 21. The State Residence Committee, appointed pursuant to Board of Governor's policy adopted July 13, 1973, is the successor to the State Committee on Residence.

During the period 1969-1972, the racial composition of the membership was as follows:

- 15 White
 - 5 Black (representing the predominantly Black institutions)
 - 1 Indian (representing the institution with significant Indian enrollment).

State Residence Committee

1973-date

Pursuant to approval by the Board of Governors of "A Manual to Assist the Public Higher Education Institutions of North Carolina in the Matter of Student Residence Classification for Tuition Purposes," on July 13, 1973, a State Residence Committee was constituted. The functions of the Committee are:

- —to decide appellate cases appropriately referred to it from an institution;
 —to evaluate the administrative practices and substantive rules associated with implementation of State law relating to residential classification for tuition purposes and to make recommendations, respectively, to the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina and to the State Board of Education concerning any perceived need for changes in applicable law or administrative policies and procedures associated with the responsibility of classifying students by residence for tuition purposes; and
- —to serve as a source of general advice to and sharing of information with and among affected institutions of higher education concerning residence questions.

Membership of the Committee consists of one individual appointed by the President of The University of North Carolina from the staff of the General Administration; one individual appointed by the President of the Community College System from the staff of the system; six campus representatives appointed by the President of the University; six campus representatives appointed by the President of the Community College System; and, ex officio, a representative appointed by the Attorney General from his staff.



The membership is as follows:

Gordon Blank
Erik Esselstyn
John G. Gay
Joseph H. Nanney
Elbert C. Price
Herman H. Roach, Jr.
Raymond L. Jefferies, Jr.
Richard Arnold

Henry Ferguson
Douglass Hunt
Brooklyn McMillon (Black)
Kenneth Raab
Julian Vainright
Richard H. Robinson, Jr.
Andrew A. Vanore, Jr., ex officio



EXECUTIVE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONS ARTICULATION PROJECT

The purpose of the Committee is to develop guidelines for articulation between and among the two-year and four-year institutions within the state in the various allied health professions and, once these guidelines have been developed and accepted, to assist the institutions and individuals in interpreting and applying them.

Members of this Committee were appointed in 1972 by the President of The University of North Carolina and the President of the Community College System, pursuant to a contract with the Bureau of Health Manpower and Education of the National Institutes of Health. According to the contract, the members were to be broadly representative of the allied health education field.

1972-date

The membership is as follows:

Bobby L. Anderson Dr. John F. Bergner Dr. Gerald W. Bray Charles Bucher Dr. John F. Corey Dr. Dale Lindsay Dr. William Martin

Dr. Lee Powers
Dr. Gloria Scott (Black)
Dr. Ronald L. Thiele
Dr. Robert Williams
Dr. J. Stephen Wright
Dr. Ralph H. Boatman



THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON COLLEGE TRANSFER STUDENTS

The Joint Committee on College Transfer Students was created in 1965 by the four organizations representative of higher education in North Carolina. The organizations were the North Carolina Association of Colleges and Universities, the North Carolina Association of Junior Colleges, the State Board of Education and the State Board of Higher Education. The last organization was replaced by the Board of Governors on July 1, 1972.

The Joint Committee has functioned to develop guidelines for a commonly acceptable program of general education in the first two years of undergraduate study and for minimum loss of credits and time when a student transfers from one institution to another. The Committee has developed guidelines for such a commonly acceptable program and is asked to address other transfer problems as they arise and to recommend solutions.

The membership totals seventeen; three representatives appointed by the boards of each of the four sponsoring organizations and five <u>ex officio</u> members. <u>Ex officio</u> members include staff members of the sponsoring organizations and the immediate past chairman of the Joint Committee.

From 1965 until 1972 all members were of the white race.

The membership 1972 to date is as follows:

Marion M. Richards
Ben J. Utley

**Newton H. Barnette
Jerry E. Surratt
Vaud Travis

*Bruce Whitaker

**B. Franklin Lowe, Jr.
Gerald M. Bolick
George S. McSwain, Jr.

*W. Thomas Cottingham

**Donald R. Mahorn

John H. Horne
Cecil Patterson (Black)
*Tyree Kiser
**Norma J. Thompson (Indian)

The following are ex officio:
John F. Corey
J. P. Freeman
Bobby L. Anderson
Jerry E. Surratt, Immediate Past
Chairman
Richard G. Cashwell



^{*}Term ended in 1973

^{**}Term began in 1973

COMMITTEES ON NURSING EDUCATION

Joint Committee on Nursing Education of the State Board of Education and the Board of Higher Education

1965**-**1973

Members of this Committee were appointed in 1965 by the Director of Higher Education and the President of the Community College System to advise the two agencies. Since the termination of the Board of Higher Education on July 1, 1972, the Joint Committee had advised the Board of Governors through the President of the University and the Board of Education through the President of the Community College System on all aspects of nursing education.

<u>19</u>65-1<u>973</u>

During this entire period the number of members ranged from ten to fifteen with the committee organized in an informal manner. The final membership was twelve.

The minority race members were as follows:

<u>1965-67</u>

Naomi Wynn (Black)

Dr. Martin L. Brooks (Indian)

<u> 1967-69</u>

Dr. Martin L. Brooks (Indian)

1969-73

Dr. Cecil Patterson (Black) Dr. Isaac H. Miller, Jr. (Black)

Joint Advisory Committee on Nursing Education

<u>1974-date</u>

The members of the Joint Committee were appointed, (after consultation with various professional groups,) in January 1974, by the President of The University of North Carolina and the President of the Community College System.



The Committee's function is to advise the Board of Governors through the President of the University and the Board of Education through the President of the Community College System on all aspects of nursing education.

The membership is as follows:

Mr. Joseph Barnes
Ms. Georgia Jones
Ms. Barbara Galton
Dr. Eloise R. Lewis
Dr. Isa Grant
Ms. Juanita Long (Black)
Ms. Willa Hatcher (Black)
Dr. J.P. Tyndall
Dr. Gerald B. James
Dr. Marinell Jernigan
Dr. Ruby Wilson



JOINT COMMITTEE ON ALLIED HEALTH EDUCATION

Members of this Committee were appointed in the fall of 1970 by the Director of Higher Education and the President of the Community College System to advise the two agencies. Since the termination of the Board of Higher Education on July 1, 1972, the Joint Committee has advised the Board of Governors through the President of the University and the Board of Education through the President of the Community College System on all aspects of allied health education.

1970-date

The membership is as follows:

Dr. Ralph Boatman

Dr. Lawrence K. Boggs

Dr. Hubert Eaton (Black)

Dr. Donald Harbert

Mrs. Alice C. Kennedy

Mr. John Ketner

Dr. Dale Lindsay

Dr. Edwin W. Monroe

Dr. Ernest Parry

Dr. E. Charles Powell

Dr. Lee Powers

Mr. Harry Ramsey

Mrs. Mildred S. Strickland



JOINT COMMITTEE ON DENTAL EDUCATION

Members of this Committee were appointed in December, 1969, by the Director of Higher Education and the President of the Community College System to advise the two agencies. Since the termination of the Board of Higher Education on July 1, 1972. the Joint Committee has advised the Board of Governors through the President of the University and the Board of Education through the President of the Community College System on all aspects of dental education, including auxiliary areas.

1969-date

The membership is as follows:

Dr. James W. Bawden
Miss Sarah Bizzell
Dr. Joseph E. Campbell
(Black)

Dr. Richard Hagemeyer Dr. William L. Hand, Jr. Mrs. Edna R. Hensey Dr. Edwin Monroe Mr. John A. Pritchett Sen. Marshall A. Rauch Mrs. Don Shriver Dr. Rober & H. Watson

Mr. Albert Wrav

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PRINCIPAL STATE AGENCIES WITH RESPONSIBILITIES IN HIGHER EDUCATION

This appendix includes the official state agencies, other than the governing bodies, that have had, during the past twenty years, significant functions regarding higher education.

Under the name of each agency is a brief explanation of the function of the group and a statement of the way in which its members are selected. When all members of an agency board, during any period of its history, were of one race, that fact is stated. When a board was racially mixed, the members are listed by name, with Indian and black members indicated. If there is no racial indication following any name, the member is of the white (Caucasian) race.

The agencies are as follows:

The Board of Higher Education
The State Education Assistance Authority
The North Carolina State Commission on Higher Education
Facilities
The Advisory Budget Commission



BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION

The Board of Higher Education was created in 1955 "to plan and promote the Gevelopment of a sound, vigorous, progressive, and coordinated system of higher education." Until 1963 its responsibilities extended to the community colleges, as well as to all the public senior institutions. While its legal authority varied from one biennium to another, in general it had responsibility for approving new program requests, though it was not always successful in enforcing its decisions concerning programs. It had no authority for the selection or assignment of institutional personnel, and it played essentially an advisory role in budgeting. At no point in its history was it in any sense a governing board. The existence of the Board of Higher Education was terminated as of July 1, 1972, when its responsibilities and powers were merged into those of the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina.

1955-1964

Nine members appointed by the Governor.

The membership was as follows:

<u>1955-57</u>

Mrs. T.R. Easterling
Reginald L. Harris (partial term)
W. Dallas Herring (partial term)
W.J. Kennedy, Jr. (Black)
Robert Lassiter, Jr.
Santford Martin (partial term)

L.P. McLendon
D. Hiden Ramsey
Charles H. Reynolds
E.L. White (partial term)
William F. Womble

<u> 1957-59</u>

N. Elton Aydlett (partial term)

Dr. Oliver C. Carmichael (partial term)

Mrs. T.R. Easterling

W. Dallas Herring

W.J. Kennedy, Jr. (Black)

Robert Lassiter, Jr.

L.P. McLendon
D. Hiden Ramsey
Charles H. Reynolds
E.L. White (partial term)
William F. Womble (partial term)

1959-61

N. Elton Aydlett
Dr. Oliver C. Carmichael
Mrs. T.R. Easterling
W. Dallas Herring
John P. Kennedy, Jr. (partial term)
Kennedy, Jr. (Black)

Robert Lassiter, Jr. (partial term)
L.P. McLendon
D. Hiden Ramsey (partial term)
Charles H. Reynolds
William F. Womble (partial term)

<u> 1961-63</u>

N. Elton Aydlett Dr. Oliver C. Carmichael Mrs. T.R. Easterling (partial term) W. Dallas Herring Mrs. Harry P. Horton (partial term) John P. Kennedy, Jr.

W.J. Kennedy, Jr. (Black) L.P. McLendon Charles M. Reeves, Jr. (partial Mrs. Harry B. Stein (partial term William F. Womble

<u>1963-65</u>

N. Elton Aydlett Dr. Oliver C. Carmichael (partial term) Mrs. Harry P. Horton William A. Dees, Jr. Gordon H. Greenwood (partial term) Joseph W. Grier, Jr. Allen H. Gwyn, Jr. (partial term)

W. Dallas Herring (partial term) John R. Jordan, Jr. (partial term John P. Kennedy, Jr. (partial term W.J. Kennedy, Jr. (Black) Mrs. Harry B. Stein

1965-1969

Fifteen members; nine appointed by the Governor, four selected by the Boards of Trustees of the State-supported senior colleges and two selected by the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina.

The membership was as follows:

1965-67

Dr. Martin L. Brooks (Indian) S.E. Duncan (Black) W.C. Harris, Jr. Mrs. Harry P. Horton John S. Stewart (Black) Lindsay C. Warren, Jr. James L. Whitfield E.J. Whitmire

Mrs. George D. Wilson Gordon H. Greenwood Dr. Hubert M. Poteat, Jr. John A. Pritchett Watts Hill, Jr. J.P. Huskins J. Paul Lucas

1967**-**69

S.E. Duncan (Black; partial term) Gordon H. Greenwood W.C. Harris, Jr. Addison Hewlett, Jr. Watts Hill, Jr. Mrs. Harry P. Horton J.P. Huskins J. Paul Lucas

Isaac H. Miller, Jr. (Black: partial term) Dr. Hubert M. Poteat, Jr. John A. Pritchett William B. Rankin Emil Rosenthal Lindsay C. Warren, Jr. Clarence C. Watkins (Black) Mrs. George D. Wilson



1969-72

Twenty-two members: nine appointed by the Governor, four selected by the Boards of Trustees of the State-supported senior colleges, two selected by the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina, and seven ex officio (the Governor and the chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Appropriations, Finance and Higher Education).

The membership was as follows:

<u>1969-71</u>

Governor Robert W. Scott, ex officio J. Paul Lucas Mrs. Harry P. Horton H. Clifton Blue Sammie Chess (Black) W.C. Harris, Jr. Addison Hewlett, Jr. Watts Hill, Jr. J.P. Huskins R.F. McCoy (partial term) Isaac H. Miller, Jr. (Black) John A. Pritchett Maceo A. Sloan (Black) John L. Stickley David J. Whichard, II (partial term) E.J. Whitmire Mrs. George D. Wilson

J. Russell Kirby, ex officio
The following ex officio
members served for a portion
of the two-year period:
 Lindsay C. Warren, Jr.
 Thorne Gregory
 Samuel H. Johnson
 Clarence E. Leatherman
 Ralph H. Scott
 John T. Henley
 John J. Burney
 Kenneth C. Royall, Jr.
 Perry Martin
 Dwight Quinn

1971-72

Governor Robert W. Scott, ex officio
J. Paul Lucas
Mrs. Harry P. Horton
H. Clifton Blue
Sammie Chess (Black)
W. Lunsford Crew
Addison Hewlett, Jr.
Watts Eill, Jr.
J.P. Huskins
William A. Johnson
Reginald F. McCoy
Isaac H. Miller, Jr. (Black)

John A. Pritchett
Maceo A. Sloan (Black)
John L. Stickley
E.J. Whitmire
John J. Burney, ex officio
John T. Henley, ex officio
J. Russell Kirby, ex officio
Dwight Quinn, ex officio
Horton Rountree, ex officio
Kenneth C. Royall, Jr., ex officio



STATE EDUCATION ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

The State Education Assistance Authority, created by the General Assembly in 1965, provides a system of financial assistance consisting of grants, loans, work-study or other torms of employment, and other aid, in order to help qualified residents of the State obtain an education beyond the high school. The Authority is authorized to issue tax-exempt revenue bonds and to receive gifts, grants or donations for the purpose of maintaining the student loan and grant programs.

The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina provides the secretariat for the Authority, and the Authority works very closely with the Board. The Executive Director of the Authority is elected by the Directors of the Authority on nomination of the President of the University.

1966-dat<u>e</u>

Seven members appointed by the Governor.

The membership is as follows:

Victor E. Bell, Jr.	19 66 to date .
J. Russell Kirby	19 66 to d a te
Roger Gant, Jr.	1966 to date
Mrs. Carrie Harper	1966 to date (Black)
W.H. Plemmons	1969 to date
Edwin Baker	1972 to date
Burkette Raper	1971 to d a te

Former members

Watts Hill, Jr.	1966	to	1969
Arthur Wenger	1966	to	1971
H. Edmunds White	1966	to	1972



The Commission on Higher Education Facilities was created by Executive Order of the Governor in January, 1964. Functions of the Commission are:

- 1. To develop state plans for the allocation of federal funds for construction of academic facilities under Title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and for undergraduate instructional equipment under Title VI of the same Act.
- 2. To make recommendations to the United States Office of Education in accordance with the priorities in the two state plans mentioned above.
- To maintain an inventory of all academic facilities in the state and compute a variety of facilities utilization indices on an annual basis.
- 4. To conduct such facilities-related planning as is provided for in policy documents of the United States Office of Education.

1964-date

Nine members appointed by the Governor.

The membership of the Commission, with one exception, has remained unchanged since its initial appointment by the Governor on January 21, 1964. The membership is as follows:

Sneed High
William A. Dees, Jr.
Joseph W. Grier, Jr.
R. Barton Hayes
Halbert Jones
A.E. Spears (Black)
Harold L. Trigg (Black)
Mrs. Earl W. Brian
Allen H. Gwyn, Jr., served to September 22, 1964.
John R. Jordan, Jr., served September 24, 1964, to present.

General Advisory Committee

In 1964 Governor Terry Sanford appointed a General Advisory Committee to the Commission on Higher Education Facilities. This committee consisted initially of six public college presidents and



six private college presidents. The purpose of the Committee is to advise and assist the Commission in the development and amendment of state plans and in the review of realtive priorities of institutional applications.

As indicated in the list below, only four of the initial twelve presidents appointed still serve on the advisory committee. The Commission has not asked succeeding governors to make new appointments as vacancies occurred. The remaining members are invited to meet with the Commission when state plan amendments and project priorities are being considered.

The initial appointments to the General Advisory Committee were as follows:

William C. Friday to date Douglas M. Knight to July 1, 1969 C. Robert Benson to February 11, 1967 Carlyle Campbell to July 31, 1966 J.E. Danieley to July 31, 1973 Samuel P. Massie (Black) - to February 1, 1966 to December 31, 1968 R.P. Perry (Black) J. Lem Stokes, II to December 1, 1968 Bruce E. Whitaker to date Kenneth R. Williams (Black)-to date W.H. Plemmons* to date

Facilities Advisory Committee

The establishment of the Facilities Advisory Committee was authorized by the Commission on May 12, 1967, and appointments were made by Chairman Sneed High on January 18, 1968. The purpose of the committee was to provide technical assistance and advice in the development of North Carolina's participation in the academic facilities inventory and utilization study, which got underway on a national basis in fiscal year 1968.

Members who have served on the Technical Advisory Committee, with race and dates of service indicated, are:

Silas Vaughn - January 18, 1968, to date

W. Archie Blount (Black) - January 18, 1968, to date

F.H. Eason - January 18, 1968, to June 30, 1973

Edgar Hooks - January 18, 1968, to March 26, 1968

John Davis - March 26, 1968, to date

Gerald B. James - January 18, 1968, to date



^{*}President Emeritus, but still serves.

Joseph Jones, Jr. (Black) - January 18, 1968, to July 31, 1972 January 18, 1968, to May 9, 1968 Arnold K. King May 10, 1968, to date L. Felix abyner Robert W. LeMay January 18, 1968, to date January 18, 1968, to January 20, 1969 Walter J. Matherly January 21, 1969, to date James A. Ward January 18, 1968, to April 1, 1970 Larry G. Owen January 18, 1968, to February 3, 1969 W. Burkette Raper January 18, 1968, to date Ned R. Trivette

The Facilities Advisory Committee was quite active during the period when facilities inventory and utilization study procedures were being developed. These programs are now ongoing and require little advisory committee attention.



ADVISORY BUDGET COMMISSION

The Advisory Budget Commission is the statutory body that, with the Governor, prepares a statewide budget for the consideration of the General Assembly. The Commission also has certain continuing functions relating to the budget, including the authority to authorize, under prescribed conditions, the transfer of certain funds from one item to another in the budget of The University of North Carolina.

<u>1953-1972</u>

Six members: two appointed by the Governor, the Chairmen of the House and Senate Appropriations and Finance Committees ex officio.

All members were of the white race.

1973-date

Twelve members; determined as follows:

four appointed by the Governor two appointed by the Speaker of the House two appointed by the President of the Senate (Lt. Governor) four ex officio (the Chairmen of the House and Senate Appropriations and Finance Committees).

All members are of the white race.



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SCHOLARSHIPS, GRANTS, AND AWARDS FOR UNDERCRADUATE STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLECES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1972-73

Test Total Recipients Total Tota		NON_ATHLETIG												
Martiful			ATHLETIC		Education	al Opportu	nity Crants							
Test Total Recipients Total Tota			Amount	Received		/wount	Received		Amount	Received		Amount		
William 100 \$153,177 \$806 191 \$100,080 \$524 781 \$142,209 \$182 1,162 \$395,466 \$344 \$284	INSTITUTION		Total			Total			Total		•	Total	Avarage pe Recipient	
Appellachian	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			_										
East Carolina 174 204-932 1.178 207 103.716 501 1.080 215.171 199 1.461 523.819 355 Elizabeth City 45 36.400 609 588 227.552 404 45 19.051 423 678 29.103 355 789 789 789 789 789 789 789 789 789 789							A						4345	
Elizabeth City 45 36.400 509 588 227.552 404 45 19.051 423 678 293.003 427 Fayetteville 47 22.123 421 617 200.860 326 290 60.762 209 934 283.035 291 8.C. A and T 99 89.227 901 791 646.7779 588 207 365.339 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 838 838 838 839 839 839 1,765 1.097 919.355 839 839 839 839 839 839 839 839 839 839														
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Pembroke	N.C. School of the A	rts -	•	-	18									
UNC-Chapel Hill 226 416,604 1,843 502 343,151 684 1,572 685,442 436 2,300 1,445,197 628 UNC-Chapel Hill 226 416,604 1,843 502 343,151 684 1,572 685,442 436 2,300 1,445,197 628 UNC-Creensboro	N.C. State [iniversity	y 208	355,329	1,708	305	151,808	498							
UNC-Chapel Hill 226 416,604 1,843 502 343,151 684 1,572 685,442 436 2,300 1,445,197 626 UNC-Charlotte 17 22,110 1,301 115 49,070 427 596 188,038 316 728 259,218 335 UNC-Greensboro 153 91,382 578 91 2355,981 390 1,070 447,363 448 UNC-Milmington 43 14,788 344 33 10,105 306 229 53,438 233 305 78,331 257 Western Carolina 143 95,055 665 147 46,410 316 1,210 377,315 312 1,500 518,786 348 Winston-Salem 62 42,540 519 459 129,727 283 393 281,299 712 936 433,566 485 UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,813 484 Combinity Collects COMBINITY COLLECTS COMBINITY COLLECTS CONSUMITY COLLECTS COLLECTS COLL of the Albemarle 117 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina - 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 333 Coll, of the Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 Craven - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 162 Oavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 (Gaston County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 (Gaston County 13 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,977 222 15,001 10 1 1,001 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				325				147					226	
UNC-Charlotte 17 22,110 1,301 125 49,070 427 596 188,038 316 728 259,218 356 UNC-Greensboro - 158 91,382 578 912 355,981 390 1,070 447,363 418 UNC-Milington 43 14,788 344 33 10,105 306 229 53,438 233 305 78,331 215 Western Carolina 143 95,055 665 147 46,410 316 1,210 377,315 312 1,500 518,780 344 Winston-Salem 62 42,540 519 459 129,727 283 195 281,299 712 936 453,866 485 UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,813 484 COBSUMITY COLLEGES Caldwell 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Constal Piedmont 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina 111 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 333 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 Craven - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 161 Oavidson County 100 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Caston 15 2,936 196 70 16,604 229 85 18,977 222 Isothermal 15 2,936 196 70 16,604 229 85 18,977 222 Isothermal 15 2,936 196 70 16,604 229 85 18,977 222 Isothermal 15 2,936 196 70 16,604 229 85 18,977 222 Isothermal 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,853 368 Rockingham 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,853 368 Rockingham 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,853 368 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 17C 44,610 265 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 17C 44,610 265	UNC-Asheville			1.871	57	34,394		45				-	954	
UNC-Greensboro	UNC-Chapel Hill	226	416,604	1,843	502	343,151	684	1,572	685,442	436	2,300	1,445,197	628	
UNC-Milmington 43 14,788 344 33 10,105 306 229 53,438 233 305 78,331 257 Western Carolina 143 95,055 665 147 46,410 316 1,210 377,315 312 1,500 518,780 344 Winston-Salem 62 42,540 519 459 129,727 283 395 281,299 712 936 453,566 485 UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,813 484 COMESUMITY COLLEGES Caldwell 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina - 3 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 333 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 227 Craven 14 7,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 163 Caston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 279 65 12,413 191 Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 279 65 12,413 191 Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 279 65 12,413 191 Caston 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,837 325 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,837 325 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 26 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 26 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 26	UNC-Charlotte	17	22,110	1,301	115	49,070	427	596	188,038	316	72 8	259,216	356	
Western Carolina 143 95,055 665 147 46,410 316 1,210 377,315 312 1,500 516,780 346 Winston-Salem 82 42,540 519 459 129,727 283 395 281,299 712 936 453,566 485 UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,683 484 COMENUITY COLLEGES Caldwell - - 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont - - - 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,357 185 Col. of The Albemarle - - - 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 227 Craven - - 10 <t< td=""><td>UNC-Greensboro</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>•</td><td>153</td><td>91,382</td><td>578</td><td>912</td><td>355,981</td><td>390</td><td>1,070</td><td>447,363</td><td>416</td></t<>	UNC-Greensboro	-	-	•	153	91,382	578	912	355,981	390	1,070	447,363	416	
Winston-Salem 62 42,340 519 459 129,727 283 305 281,299 712 936 453,366 485 UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,613 484 Consumity Colleges Caldwell - - 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont - - - 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina - - - 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 353 Col. of The Albemarle - - - 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 223 Crawen - - - 107 2,906	UNC-Wilmington	43	14,788	344	33	10,105	306	229	53,438	233	305	76,331	257	
UNC Total 1,441 1,563,351 1,085 4,958 2,342,759 473 8,886 3,495,703 393 15,285 7,401,883 484 COMMUNITY COLLEGES Caldwell 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 184 Coastal Garolina 107 25,666 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 353 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 Craven - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 162 Oavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 194 Caston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 189 65 12,413 194 Caston 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,555 113 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 354 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 275 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 26	Western Carolina	143	95,055	665	147	46,410	316	1,210	377,315	312	1,500		346	
COMMUNITY COLLEGES Caldwell 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina 111 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 353 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 Craven - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 165 Oavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 65 18,97 222 Isothermal 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,555 115 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,855 115 Nitchell 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 275 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 295 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 265	Winston-Salem	62	42,540	519	459	129,727	283	305	281,299	712	<u>936</u>	453,566	485	
Caldwell - - - 13 3,900 300 30 3,150 105 43 7,050 164 Central Piedmont - - 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina - - 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 333 Col. of The Albemarle - - 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 Craven - - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 125 Oavidson County - - - 10 2,906 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston - - - 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,97° 222 Isothermal - - - 30 9,333 311 58 33,838	UNC Total	1,441	1,563,351	1,085	4,958	2,342,759	473	8,886	3,495,703	393	15,265	7,401,613	484	
Central Piedmont 17 5,520 325 90 13,847 154 107 19,367 181 Coastal Garolina 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 353 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 222 3,626 165 Caven 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 165 Caven Coavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,977 222 150 thermal 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,525 113 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 358 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 295 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 265	COMMUNITY COLLEGES													
Coastal Garolina 11 4,664 424 3 273 91 14 4,937 333 Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 223 Craven 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 163 Oavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Caston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,977 223 Isothermal 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Nitchell 5 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,525 113 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 356 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 273 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 293 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 25	Caldwell	-	-	-	13	3,900	300	30	3,150	105	43	7,050	164	
Col. of The Albemarle 107 25,666 240 99 20,076 203 206 45,742 225 Craven 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 165 Oavidson County 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,977 222 150thermal 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,355 113 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 388 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 295 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 265	Central Piedmont	-	-	-	17	5,520	325	90	13,847	154	107	19,367	181	
Craven - - - 14 2,925 209 8 701 88 22 3,626 165 Oavidson County - - - 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston - - - 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,97° 222 Isothermal - - - 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir - - - 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,355 113 Mitchell - - - 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,839 36 Rockingham - - - 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297	Coastal Garolina	-	_	•	11	4,664	424	3	273	91	14	4,937	353	
Oavidson County - - - 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston - - - 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,97° 222 Isothermal - - - 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir - - - 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,355 113 Mitchell - - - 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,839 368 Rockingham - - - 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 29 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750	Col. of The Albemarle		-	-	107	25,666	240	99	20,076	203	206	45,742	222	
Oavidson County - - - 10 2,001 200 55 10,412 189 65 12,413 191 Gaston - - - 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 85 18,977 222 Isothermal - - - 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -93 Lenoir - - - 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,355 113 Mitchell - - - 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 36 Rockingham - - - 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 29 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750	Craven	-	_	-	14	2,925	209	8	701	86	22	3,626	163	
Gaston 15 2,936 196 70 16,041 229 65 18,97 222 Isothermal 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,335 113 Nitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,839 368 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 27 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 293 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 26		_	-	-	10	2.001	200	55	10.412	189	63	12,413	191	
Isothermal - - - 30 9,333 311 58 33,838 583 88 43,171 -91 Lenoir - - - 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,525 113 Mitchell - - - 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 23,839 358 Rockingham - - 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 273 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 293 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 170 44,610 160	_	-	_	-	15	2,936	196	70	16.041	229	65	18,97	22?	
Lenoir 9 1,732 192 40 3,823 96 49 3,535 113 Mitchell 45 17,150 381 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 358 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 273 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 293 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 170 44,610 265		-	_	_				58		583	88	43,171	-91	
Nitchell 45 17,150 361 20 8,689 434 65 25,839 376 Rockingham 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 275 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 295 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 170 44,610 265		_	_	_				40	3,823	96	49	3,335	115	
Rockingham - 31 12,468 402 33 4,965 150 64 17,433 273 Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 293 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 170 44,610 265		_	_	-	-			20		434	63		3+8	
Sandhills 20 4,854 243 34 10,090 297 10 3,910 391 64 18,854 295 Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 16 A 30 23 24 23		_	_	_								•		
Southeastern 2 295 148 138 32,750 237 30 11,565 386 176 44,610 16		20	4.854	_	• -								295	
Southeastern as a second of the second of th					-					•	_		ie:	
	Surry	5	810	162	20	6,016		21	2,554		46	9,382	204	



SCHOLARSHIPS, GRANTS, AND AWARDS FOR UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS IN . ATH GAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1972-73

							TOTAL					
		ATHLETIC	Educations		nity Grants	Oth	er Non-Ath					
		Ampunt	Received		Amount	Received		Amount	Received_	_	Amount	Received
INSTITUTION	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient
	Cont.)			-								
Wayne	-	-	•	19	\$ 7,386	\$389	30	\$ 11,420	\$ 381	49	\$ 18,806	\$384
Western Piedmont	•	-	-	10	2,111	211	77	26,173	340	87	28,284	325
Wilkes	12	\$ 5,772	\$481			•	30	6,000	200	42	11,772	28 0
Comm. Col. Total	39	11,731	391	523	146,650	280	704	177,437	252	1,266	335,818	265
PUBLIC TOTAL	1,480	1,575,062	1,064	5,481	2,489,409	454	9,590	3,673,140	383	16,551	7,737,631	468
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS SR. COL. & UNIV.												
Atlantic Christian	37	22.129	598	52	26,965	435	188	75.327	401	287	124,421	434
Berber-Scotia	15	17,750	1.183	133	88,926		79	41.030		227	147,706	651
Belmont Abbey	12	27.898	2,325	31	16,622	536	136	63.086	464	179	107,606	60:
Bennett	•	17,070	1,,1,,	145	71,600	494	160	221,465		305	293,065	961
Campbell	74	41,780	565	274	108,250		395	118,634		743	268,664	362
Catavba	60	75,421	1.257	25	13,717		147	72,320		232	161,458	696
Davidson	106	212.267	2,003	35	28,300		342	250,038	731	483	490,605	1,016
Duke	104	468,000	4,500	75	71,840		1,354	1,831,265	1,352	1,533	2.371.105	1,547
Elon	87	79,253	911	82	26,563	324	276	64,534	234	445	170,350	383
Gardner-Webb	153	92,665	606	83	47,625	574	396	97,253	246	632	237,543	276
Greensboro	1,,,	72,005	005	27	17,700		242	86,890	359	269	104, 590	389
Guilford	59	83.583	1.417	28	16.860		210	156,273	744	297	256,716	864
High Point	38	35,608	937	32	12,620	394	133	58,090	437	203	106,318	524
Johnson C. Smith	98	95,940	979	405	211,653	523	248	166,443	671	75 l	474,036	631
Lengir Rhyne	63	64,706	1.027	26	13,410		460	171.018	372	549	249,134	454
Livingstone	83	92.322	1.112	369	186,610		121	92,447	764	573	371,379	648
Mars Hill	65	67,959	1,046	84	50,000	595	502	155,900		651	273,859	421
Meredith	-		•	34	30,480	896	229	127,225	556	263	157,705	600
Hethodist	_		•	22	15,750	716	14	22,520	1,609	36	38,270	1,063
N.C. Wesleyan			-	56	36.300	648	119	53,000	445	175	89,300	5to
Pfeiffer	30	28.848	962	31	23.995		306	1:5,632		367	209,475	571
Queens	-	-	•	12	9,400	783	96	91,686	955	108	101,086	936
Sacred Heart	49	-	•	20	18,490	924	25	11,938	478	45	30,428	676
St. Andrews	-		•	53	41,878		243	202,387	833	296	244,265	825
St. Augustine's	52	35,000	673	626	417.180		108	115,000	t,065	786	567,180	722
Salem		22,200	-	-	-	-	114	94,736	831	114	94,736	831



SCHOLARSNIPS, GRANTS, AND AWARDS FOR UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1972-73

	NON-ATHLETIC												
		ATHLETIC Amount Received		Educat ional	l Opportu	nity Grants	0t.h	er Non-Ath	letic		TOTAL		
					Amount	Amount Received		Amount	Received		Amount R	eceived	
	Number of		Average per	Number of		Average per	Number of	T-+-1	Average per	Number of		Average per	
1NST1TUT1ON	Recipients	Total	Recipient	Recipients	Total	Recipient	Recipients	Total	Recipient	Recipients	Total	Recipient	
SR. COL. & UNIV. (Con	nt.)												
Shau	-	-	-		287,025	\$847	176	\$ 223,378		515	\$ 510,403	\$991	
Wake Forest	184	\$ 275,525	\$1,497	75	53,505		1,009	646,541	641	1,268	975,571	769	
Warren Wilson	-	_	-	73	31, <u>94</u> 5	438	249	154,295	620	322	186,240	578	
Sr. Col. & Univ.													
Total	1,320	1,816,654	1,376	3,257	1,975.209	606	8,077	5,621,351	696	12,654	9,413,214	744	
THEOLOGICAL SENIMARY													
Southeastern Beptist													
Theological Seminar	y DA 1	r a N	OTAV	AILA	BLE								
BIBLE COLLEGES John Wasley													
	-	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	
Piadmont		<u></u>	•	 ÷ -	_ 	•		-	-	-		•	
Bible Coi. Total	•	-	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	
JUNIOR COLLECES													
Breverd	22	22,081	1,004	8	5,487	686	80	40,214	503	110	67,782	616	
Ghovan	74	26,000	351	54	14,972	277	2 70	91,755	340	398	132.727	333	
Kittrell*	D A 7	N A 3	OTAY	AILA	8 L E			•					
Lees_McRae	54	39,697	735	51	22,563	442	157	60,363	384	262	122,623	468	
Louisburg	23	16,108	700	38	24,700	650	115	72,323	629	176	113.131	643	
Heatrest-Anderson	8	5,400	675	45	9,050	201	22	36,882	1.676	75	51,332	684	
Hount Olive	10	10,800	1,080	20	7,900		91	40,508	A45	121	59,208	489	
Peace	-	•	-	13	2,031	156	59	26,390	447	72	28,421	395	
St. Hary's	-	· -	-	-	-	•	26	13,025	501	26	13,025	501	
Vingate	18	19,179	1,066	26	11,400	438	138	72,997	529	182	103,576	569	
Junior Coi. Total	209	139,265	666	255	98,103	385	958	454,457	474	1.422	691,825	487	
PRIVATE TOTAL	1,529	1,955,919	1,279	3,512	2,073,312	590	9,035	6,075,808	672	14,076	10,105,039	718	
GRAND TOTAL	3,009	3,531,001	1,173	8,993	4,562,721	5 07	18,625	9,748,948	523	30.627	17,842,670	583	

^{*} All financial aid records were destroyed by fire in Harch, 1973.



Appendix UNC-35

LOANS GRANTED TO UNDER RADUATE STUDENTS IN NORTH GAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1972-73

			MENT LOANS	GUASANTEED LOAN PROGRAM			OTHER	LOANS G	KANTED	101/	AL LOAMS CHE	ANTED
INSTITUTION			Received		Amount	Received		Amount	c Recaived		Amount	Raceived
	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipiencs	Total	Avarage per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average pe Recipient
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS							_				_	
UNIVERSITY OF N.C.								A-0	A	040		**
Appalechian	655	\$ 384,235	\$587	198	\$ 168,209		136	\$19,507	\$143		\$ 571,951	
East Catpline	986	485,975	493	228	214,321		16	24,775	1,548	1,230	725,071	
Elizabeth City	507	192,232	379	130	92,771		-	•	•	637	285,003	
Fayetteville	698	224,176	321	70	45,721		-	-		768	269,897	
N.G. A and I	1,248	842,769	675	267	269,775		451	390,402	866	1,966	1,502,946	
N.C. Central	1,236	613,293	496	174	160,998	925	257	271,098	1,055	1,667	1,045,389	
N.C. School of the A		77,125	876	10	9,370		3	2,400	800	101	88,895	
N.C. State University		485,950	505	269	194,869	724	9	2,350	261	1,241	683,169	
Pen broke	222	70,810	319	80	65,974		22	5,222	237	324	142,006	
UMC-Ashavilla	212	145,205	აგ 5	8	8,050	1,006	30	3,823	127	250	157,078	
UNG-Chapel Hill	1,626	908,490	559	203	200,900	990	356	150,527	423	2,185	1,259,917	
UNC-Charlotta	187	74,700	399	146	117,372	804	113	7,175	63	446	199,247	
UNC-G) censboro	512	222,063	434	162	127,500	787	63	20,600	327	737	370,163	502
UNG-Wilmington	51	16,550	325	136	108,542	798			•	187	125,092	669
Western Carolina	563	299,483	532	149	100,312		111	37,592	339	823	437,387	531
Winston-Sales	738	279,786	379	95	97,580		<u>51</u>	16,731	328	884	394,097	446
UNG Total	10,492	5,322,842	\$07	2,325	1,982,264	853	1,618	952,202	589	14,435	8,257,300	572
COMMUNITY COLLEGES												
Caldwell	11	4,360	396	•	•	•	•	-	-	11	4,360	
Cantral Piedmont	39	10,968	2 8 l	5	2,450	490	4	2,203	551	48	15,621	
Coastal Carolina	31	10,974	354	1	334	334	4	207	52	36	11,515	
Col. of The Albemarle	97	31,179	321	-	-	•	18	9,256	514	115	40,435	
Craven	17	4,505	265	6	4,300	717	•	-	-	23	8,805	
Davidson County	•	•	•	3	2,600	86?	-	-	•	3	2,600	
Gaston	3	1,150	383	3	1,800	600	28	3,479	124	34	6,429	
lsothermal	33	9,238	280	•			•	-	•	33	9,238	
Lenoir	32	6,389	200	7	5,395	771	6	340	57	45	12,124	269
Mitchell	69	37,665	546	•			•	•	•	69	37,665	
Rockinghaz	10	3,817	382	1	200	200	74	4,164	56	85	8,181	96
Sandhills	33	12,270		10	8,500		•		-	43	20,770	483
Southeastern	131	31,900	244	1	334	334	` 56	16,025	286	188	48,259	
Surry	***	22,700		i	1,050			•		1	1,050	





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LOAN GRANTED TO UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1972-73

	MATIONAL	DEPENSE ST	UDENT LOANS	GUARAI	NTEED LOAN I		OTHER	LOANS GE	RANTED	tota	AL LOANS GE	ANTED
			Received	<u> </u>	Amount	Received		Amount	Received		Amount	Rece ived
	Number of Reciptent		Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	. Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average per Recipient	Number of Recipients	Total	Average pe Recipient
SR. COL. & UNIV. (Con		_		•		<u> </u>						
Shew	496	\$ 421,600		20	\$ 24,000	\$1,200	•	-	-	516	\$ 445,600	\$864
Wake Forest	302	163,315		97	94,225	971				399	257,540	645
Warren Wilson	29	16,140	557			-	61	<u>\$29,913</u>	\$490	90	46,053	512
Sr. Col. & Univ. Total	7,080				1 105 506	054					4 4 30 441	
rocer	7,000	4,383,209	619	1,123	1,107,505	986	1,449	1,184,747	618	9,652	6,675,461	692
THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY Southeastern Beptisc Theological Seminary		T A H	0 T A V	A 1 L /	BLE							
BIBLE COLLEGES												
John Wesley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
Piedmont			-			-	<u> </u>		-	 -		-
Bible Col. Total	-	-	-	-		-	-	•	•	•	-	-
JUNIOR COLLECES												
Breverd	42	25,092	597	6	4,300	717	ı	328	328	49	29,720	607
Chowan	250	195,883	784	20	19,850	992	5	5,841	1,168	273	221,574	806
Kittreli*	D A		OTAV	AILA	BLE							
Lees-HcRee	12	3,250	271	13	12,451	958	15	15,000	1,000	40	30,701	768
Louisburg	115	57,555	488	20	18,110	906	-	-	-	138	75.665	548
Nont Feat -Anderson	40	30,709	768	17	17,550	1,032	-	-	-	57	48,239	847
Mount Olive	56	40,934	731	64	64,451	1,007	-	-	-	120	105,385	678
Peace	-	-	-	36	35,175	977	-	•	•	36	35,175	977
Sc. Hery's	-	•	-	.3	3,000	1,000	•	-	•	3	2,000	1,000
Vingat é	63	36,000	571	47	<u>45,500</u>	968	<u>—</u> :-		-	11C	81,500	741
Junior Col. Total	581	389,423	670	226	220,387	975	21	21,169	1,008	828	630,979	7 62
PRIVATE TOTAL	7,661	4,772,632	623	1,349	1,327,892	984	1,470	1,205,916	820	10,480	*,306,440	697
RAND TOTAL	18,704	10,282,169	550	3,752	3,373,619	899	3,278 2	2,193,792	669	25,734	15,849,580	616

^{*} All financial aid records destroyed by fire in March, 1973.



Appendix UNC..36
FINANCIAL AID FOR FIRST PROFESSIONAL STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA UNIVERSTIES, 1972.73

	PUB	LIC INSTITU	TIONS	PRI	VATE INSTITUTI	ONS	GRAND
TYPE OF AID	NCCU	UNC-CH	Total	Duke	Wake Forest	Total	TOTAL
SCHOLARSHIPS						•	
Health Professions							
Education Assistance Act							
Number of Recipients	86	220	306	31	63	94	400
Total Amount Received	\$62,106	\$199,159	\$261,265	\$57,184	\$49,890	\$107,074	\$368,339
Average per Recipient	\$722	\$905	\$854	\$1,845	\$792	\$1,139	\$9 2 1
Other Scholarships							
Number of Recipients	•	75	75	255	447	702	777
Total Amount Received	-	\$105,049	\$105,049	\$394,549	\$403,820	\$798,369	\$903,418
Average per Recipient	. •	\$1,401	\$1,401	\$1,547	\$903	\$1,137	\$1,163
Total Scholarships							
Number of Recipients	86	295	3 8 1	286	510	796	1,177
Total Amount Received	\$62,106	\$304,208	\$366,314	\$451,733	\$453,710	\$905,443	\$1,271,757
Average per Recipient	\$722	\$1,031	\$961	\$1,579	\$890	\$1,137	\$1,081
LOANS GRANTED							
Health Professions							
Education Assistance Act							
Number of Recipients	•	366	366	119	136	255	621
Total Amount Received	•	\$364,487	\$ 364,487	\$133,603	\$175,800	\$309,403	\$673,890
Average per Recipient	•	\$ 996	\$ 996	\$1,123	\$1,293	\$1,213	\$1,085
Other Loans Cranted					- -		. = 0
Number of Recipients	25	254	279	177	17	194	473
Total Amount Received	\$19,950	\$261,5 9 5	\$281,545	\$194,310	\$20,200	\$214,510	\$496,055
Average per Recipient	\$798	\$1,030	\$1,009	\$1,098	\$1,188	\$1,106	\$1,049
Total Loans Granted							1.00
Number of Recipients	25	620	645	296	153	449	1,094
Total Amount Received	\$19,950	\$626,082	\$646,032	\$327,913	\$196,000	\$523,913	\$1,169,945
Average per Recipient	\$ 798	\$1,010	\$1,002	\$1,108	\$1,281	\$1,167	\$1,069
EMPLOYMENT		 -			40	40	725
Number of Recipients	-	685	685	-	40	40	
Total Amount Received	•	\$709,626	\$709,626	-	\$11,710	\$11,710	\$721,336
Average per Recipient	•	\$1,036	\$1,036	-	\$293	\$29 3	\$995



Appendix UNC-37

RACIAL/ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF FEDERAL STUDENT FINANCIAL AID IN
THE UNIVERSITY OF MORTH CAROLINA, 1972-73

	TOTAL	HEADCOUN!	T ENROLLIN	ENT, PALL	1972		STUDENTS	ASSISTED.				FUNDS	AHARDED,		
HOITUVITZMI		AMERICAN HEGRO		SPANISE SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALL OTBER	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMZRICAN ORIENTAL			AMERICAN INDIAN		AMERICAN ORIENTAL		ALL OTTER
NCSU	(0.20%)	222 (1.60%)	(0.20 %)	29 (0.20%)	13.505 (97. 80%)	(0.47X)	96 (7.48%)	(0.86%)	10 (0.78%)	1,160 (90.41%)	\$6,498 (0.69%)	\$95,944 (10.20%)		\$10.300 (1.092)	\$817,645 (06.89%
UNC-CH	40 (0.20%)	842 (4.40%)	(0.20%)	51 (0.30%)	18,247 (94.90%)	12 (0.431)	443 (15.74%)	5 (0.18%)	(0.18 %)	2,349 (83.48%)		\$52 8,1 57 (25,77%)			\$1,504,009 (73.391)
UNC-G	125 (1.70%)	327 (4.40%)	(0.30 %)	133 (1.80%)	6,822 (91.80%)	13 (1.69%)	130 (16.91%)	(0.13 %)	18 (2.34%)	607 (78.93%)		\$128,980 (23.49%)		\$11,848 (2.16%)	\$398,64 (72.59%)
ASU	33 (0.40x)	101 (1.40%)	13 (0.20%)	11 (0.10%)	7,195 (97 .902)	0	51 (5.08%)	0	0	953 (94.92%)	0	\$62,294 (8.07%)	0	0	\$709,43; (91.93%)
ECU	78 (0-70%)	333 (3.10%)	(0.10 1)	- 76 (0.70%)	10,354 (95-40%)	3 (0.25%)	145 (12.03%)	0	0	1,057 (87.72%)		\$1-6,326 (16.291)	0	0	\$750.111 (83.48%)
R.C.AGT	(0.05Z)	4,290 {95.10%)	0	0	219 (4.90%)	0	2,013 (99.90%)	0	0	(0.01%)		2,013,717 (99.98 2)	0	0	\$365 (0.02%)
NCCU	5 (0.10%)	3,521 (93.70%)	(0.10 %)	0	231 (6.10%)	0	2,520 (99.76%)	(0. 042)	0	5 (0.20%)		L,573,784 (99.81%)	\$200 (0.01%)	0	\$2,82 <u>1</u> (0.18 2)
MC-C	28 (0.60%)	191 (3.70%)	(0.20%)	16 (0.302)	4,913 (95.20%)	1 . (0.26%)	74 (18.882)	0	6 (1.53%)	311 (79.34%)	\$350 (0.13%)	\$69,692 (25.13%)	0	\$2,106 (0.76%)	\$205,202 (73. 9 9%)
v CU	15 (0.30%)	246 · (2.40%)	8 (0.10%)	4 (0.10 %)	5,799 (97.10%)	3 (0.38%)	48 (6.0PT)	1 (0.13%)	0	738 (93.42%)	\$2,127 (0.36%)	\$40,714 (6.94%)	\$1,437 (0.25%)	e 0	\$542,089 (92,45%)



RACIAL/ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF FEDERAL STUDENT FINANCIAL AID IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, 1972-73

	TOTAL	HEADCOUNT	ENROLLM	ENT. FALL	1972		STUDENTS	ASS1\$TED	1972-73			Find:	S AWARDED		
INSTITUTION	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMERICAN ORIENTAL		ALL OTHER	AMERICAN INDIAN	AMERICAN NEGRO	AMERICAN ORIENTAL		ALL OTHER	AMERICAN INDIAN			SPANISH SURNAMED AMERICAN	ALJ, OTZER
ECSU	0	1,038 (93.60%)	0	0	71 (6.402)	0	867 (97.53%)	0	0	(2.47%)		\$830.329 (98.48%)	0		\$10,800 (1.28%)
FSU	(0.40%)	1.588 (96.60%)	0	0	49 (3.00%)	3 (0.26 \$)	1,171 (99.66%)	0	1 (0.09%)	0	\$2,315\$. (0.21%)	1,111,576 (99.73%)	0 0		(
PSU	304 (15.40%)	55 (2.80%)	0	0	1,611 (81.80%)	130 (34,67%)	17 (4.53%)	(0.27%)	0	(60.53 %)	\$83,651 (34.56%)	\$10,656 (4.40%)	\$1,867 (0.77%)	0	\$145,899 (60 .27 X)
UNC-A	(0.20%)	27 (2.80%)	(0.10 1)	(0.10%)	937 (96.80%)	0 0	21 (9.72%)	0	(0.462)	194 (89.82%)	0 0	\$23,144 (10.36%)	0		\$199,120 (89.092)
UNC-W	0	76 (3.402)	(0.05%)	0	2,156 (96.60%)	(0.50 %)	\$7 (28.65%)	0	(1.00%)	139 (69.85%)	\$700 (1.04%)	\$21,050 (31.28%)	0		\$44.541 (66.191)
us su	0	1,654 (96.20%)	0	0	66 (3.80%)	0	1,034 (99.33%)	0	0	(0.67%)	0	\$784,257 (99.85%)	0		\$1.200 (0.157)
NCSA	0	29 (8.30%)	1 (0.30%)	(C. 50X)	319 (90.90%)	\$ 0	27 (25.72%)	(0.95 %)	2 (1.90%)	75 (71.43x)	0	\$33,361 (25.81%)	\$2,211 (1.71%)		\$90,130 (69.75%)



Appendix UNC.38

1973-74 EIGHEST BARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

(For institutions Granting Bachelor's, Master's, and Doctor's Degress)

Institutions Included:

North Carolina State University

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

The University of North Carolina at Greenaboro

Note::

- 1. Faculty population studied beard on faculty that are:
 - Full_time in instruction and departmental research (Excludes faculty that are part-time, visiting, on leave or have joint appointment between instruction and departmental research and some non_academic department.)
 - Faculty having academic rank of professor, associate professor, assistant professor or instructor (all other academic ranks excluded).
- 2. Study based on State funds only.
- 3. Excludes Health Affairs.



1973-74 HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

					9-10	MONTH						i i			11-1	2 HONT	H				
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1973-74 HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

(For Institutions Granting Bachelor's and Master's Degrees)

Institutions Included:

Appalachian State University

East Carolina University

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University

North Carolina Central University

The University of North Carolina at Charlotte

Western Carolina University

Noces:

- 1. Faculty population studied based on faculty that are:
 - a) Full-time in instruction and departmental research (Excludes faculty that are part-time, visiting, on leave or have joint appointment between instruction and departmental research and some non-academic department.)
 - b) Paculty having academic rank of professor, associate professor, assistant professor or instructor (all other academic ranks excluded).
- 2. Study based on State funds only.
- 3. Excludes Health Affairs.



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1973-74 HICHEST BARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

Institutions intluded:

Elizabeth City State University

- N. C. A and T State University
- N. C. Central University
- N. C. State University

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

The University of North Carolina at Greensboro

Notes:

- 1. Faculty population studied based on faculty that are:
 - e) Pull-time in instruction and departmental remearch (Excludes fatulty that are part-time, visiting, on leave or have joint appointment between instruction and departmental research and some non-atademic department.)
 - b) Faculty having scademic rank of professor, associate professor, assistant professor or instructor (all other stademit ranks excluded).
- 2. Study based on State funds only.
- 3. Excludes Health Affairs.
- 4. There is no common, University-wide set of tenute regulations. North Carolina State University at Raleigh, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, and The University of North Carolina at Greenaboro operate under a common set of tenure regulations brought over from their former status as tampuses of the Consolidated University, which did have a tommon set of tenure regulations for its tampuses. Eath of the other three institutions whose tenure date is exhibited here has its own set of tenure regulations.
- 5. Even where there is a tommon set of tenure regulations applicable, their administration may differ in material respetts.
- 6. While the conferral of tenure is now the act of the Board of Governors, that Board ten act upon only those recommended for tenure by the respettive institutions, whith apply their own standards and procedures in determining who should be recommended for tenure.



1973-74 HIGHEST BARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

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1973-74 HICHEST EARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC RANK

NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL OF THE ARTS

Notes:

- i. Faculty population studied based on faculty that are:
 - s) Full-time in instruction and departmental research (Excludes faculty that are part-time, visiting, un leave or have joint appointment between instruction and departmental research and some non-academic department.)
 - b, Faculty having academic rank of professor, associate professor, assistant professor or instructor (all other academic ranks excluded).
- 2. Study based on State funds only.



1973-74 HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE BY ACADEMIC BANK

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Appendix UNC.. 39

BUDGETED FTE STUDENTS AND TEACHING POSITIONS BY INSTITUTION FOR 1971-72, 72-73, and 73-74, REGULAR ACADEMIC YEAR

	BUDGETE		UDENTS	TEACH	DGETED FI	CIONS	PE	TED STU	IER
INSTITUTION	71-72	72-73	73-74	71-72	72-73	73-74	71-72	72-73	73-74
NCSU	. 11,200	11,650	11,500	820.2	805.0	802.0	13.7	14.5	14.3
UNC-CH	14,390	14,700	15,103	1,055.7	1,013.8	1,041.6	13.6	14.5	14.5
UNC-G	6,350	6,750	6,700	466.9	465.5	471.6	13.6	14.5	14.2
ASU	6,000	6,250	6,900	360.2	390.0	432.1	16.7	16.0	16.0
ECU	9,135	9,245	9,498	552.4	554.8	540.2	16.0	16.6	15.4
NCA&T	3,650	3,700	4,018	232.5	231.2	256.1	15.7	16.0	15.7
NCCU	3,250	3,350	3,879	230.1	223.3	242.5	14.1	15.0	16.0
UNC-C	3,900	4,450	5,134	243.8	278.8	331.6	16.0	16.0	15.5
wcu	5,200	5,400	5,120	319.5	337.5	324.0	16.3	16.0	15.8
ECSU	1,100	1,200	1,150	73.3	72.3	72.2	15.0	16.0	15.9
FSU	1,400	1,450	1,700	92.2	90.6	106.2	15.2	16.0	16.0
PSU	1,800	1,800	1,755	118.6	112.5	109.8	15.2	16.0	16.0
UNC-A	925	1,025	1,025	63.9	64.1	64.3	14.5	16.0	16.0
UNC-W	1,650	1,800	2,180	98.0	97.6	136.9	15.0	16.0	15.9
WSSU	1,400	1,450	1,550	106.7	96.7	103.8	13.1	15.0	15.0
NCSA	550	550	550	63.4	63.4	68.4	8.7	8.7	8.0



Appendix UNC-40

APPROPRIATIONS PER STUDENT BY INSTITUTION FOR 1971-72, 72-73 AND 73-74 REGULAR ACADEMIC YEAR

Institution		All Sources		Stat	State Funds Only	ոլչ
	71-72	72-73	73.74	71-72	72-73	73-74
NGS U	2,712	2,832	3,207	1,908	2,004	2,374
UNC-CH ²	2,304	2,518	2,853	1,636	1,766	2,078
UNC-G	2,081	2,126	2,295	1,493	1,489	1,674
Group Average	2,404	2,552	2,863	1,760	1,796	2,099
		727	9	676		,
Asu	1101	1,01	1,939	C+0,1	1774	1647
ECU*	1,719	1,840	2,018	1,205	1,282	1,465
NCA&T	1,840	1,937	2,342	1,228	1,237	1,674
NCCU	1,774	1,797	2,037	1,309	1,295	1,542
UNC-C	1,700	1,755	2,023	1,286	1,343	1,641
WCU	1,700	1,779	1,921	1,214	1,307	1,447
Group Average	1,693	1,793	2,032	1,197	1,279	1,528
ECSU	2,292	2,421	2,480	1,743	1,928	2,033
FSU	1,757	1,654	2,023	1,330	1,280	1,680
PSU	1,448	1,565	1,868	1,106	1,248	1,592
UNC-A	2,151	2,137	2,431	1,710	1,655	2,068
UNC-W	1,758	1,725	2,097	1,247	1,332	1,730
WSSU	1,989	1,951	2,326	1,522	1,445	1,864
Group Average	1,838	1,845	2,162	1,389	1,430	1,791
NCSA	3,103	090*7	3,906	2,240	2,910	2,885

(1) Includes Appropriations For "Education And General" Excluding Summer School and Extension and Public Service.

Does not include Health Affairs. 3





NORTH CAROLINA

STATE COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES

AMEED HIGH CHAIRMAN

MR4 BARL W BRIAN WILLIAM & DEEA JR JOERHH W GRIER, JR CHARLOTTE R BANTON MATEL

14.190H

320 WEST JONES STREET P. O BOX 2147 RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27602 CHARLED L WHEELER . . . Diatetos

January 9, 1974

HALDERT JONES LAURIHOUR JOHN R. JORDAN BALEMH -EMBRLOTTE NAROLD L TRIGG BALIMONY

TO:

John Sanders, Vice President - Planning

FROM:

Charles L. Wheeler (17-11

SUBJECT: Comparative Study of Academic Facilities and Their Utilization

at Campuses of The University of North Carolina.

This memorandum is in reply to your communication of December 27. 197%, requesting comparative data on the inventory, utilization, condition, and adequacy of facilities at the institutions of The University of North Carolina.

The first several sections of this memorandum apply several nationallyrecognized indices to the utilization of facilities on the campuses. The age and condition of existing facilities are reported. Total academic facilities on each campus are compared with normative data and deficits and surpluses reported. Finally the effect of facilities funded by the General Assembly but not yet ready for occupancy is evaluated.



Assignable Square Feet of Academic Facilities Per FTE Student

One of the most useful measures of the adequacy of instructional and instruction-related space is the assignable square feet of academic facilities per full-time equivalent (FTE) student. For many years the United States

Office of Education had used a planning standard of 100 net square feet per

FTE student for the entire higher education community. The U. S. Office

of Education in 1969 developed a more detailed array of space factors based

on the type of institution. These factors are reported in Federal Support for

Higher Education Construction: Current Programs and Future Needs. Report

of the Higher Education Construction Programs Study Group (Washington: Office

of Education, U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, July 10, 1969),

p. 136. These space allocations, which are used in this memorandum, average out

to 107 assignable square feet per FTE student for the entire higher education uni
verse. These standards are based on detailed analytical data and reflect a com
posite of state planning standards in effect at the time of the study.

The data for North Carolina public senior institutions in the 1972 fall term are shown in the following table:

Institution	Standard	Assignable Square Fee Per FTE Student
Public Doctoral Institutions	· [
North Carolina State U	114	161
UNC-Chapel Hill	114	106
UNC-Greensboro	114	103
Group Average	114	125
Public 5- Year Institutions		
Appalachian S. U.	103*	84
East Carolina U.	103	72
N. C, A & T S. U.	103	127
N. C. Central U.	103	84
UNC-Cha rlotte	103	92
tern Carolina U.	_103_	91
RIC roup Average	103 464	88

Institution	Standard	Assignable Square 1 eet Per FTE Student
Public 4- Year Institutions		
Elizabeth City S. U.	93	110
Fayetteville S. U.	93	93
N. C. School of Arts	93	209
Pembroke S. U.	93	103
UNC-Asheville	93	144
UNC-Witmington	93	92
Winston-Salem S. U.	93	87
Group Average	93	105

The standard for 5-year institutions is interpolated, to recognize the offering of Master's Degree programs.

Among the six 5-year institutions, only North Carolina Agricultural & Technical State University reaches the standard. Among the 4-year institutions. UNC-Wilmington and Winston-Salem State are below the standard.

Capacity/Enrollment Ratio

The Capacity/Enrollment (C/E) Ratio is the number of square feet of instructional and library space per student clock hour of instruction delivered. A C/E ratio of 3.00 to 4.00 normally is considered in the desirable range. A ratio of 5.00 or more usually has resulted in raising the question of excess facilities with respect to applications for federal facilities support.

C/E ratios for the fall of 1972 are as follows:

[nstitution	C/E Ratio
Public Doctoral Institutions	
N. C. State U.	4.77
UNC-Chapel Hill	4.54
UNC-Greensboro	_4.01
Group Ratio	4.53



<u>Institution</u>	C/E Ratio
Public 5-year Institutions	
Appala chian S. U.	4,61
E. Carolina U.	3, 20
N. C. A & T S. U.	5. 47
N. C. Central U.	3.72
UNC-Cha rlotte	4.94
Western Carolina U.	3.89
Group Ratio	4. 16
Public 4-year <u>Institutions</u>	
Elizabeth City S. U.	4. 50
Fayett eville S. U.	4. 31
N. C. School of the Arts	3. 20
Pembroke S. U.	5.15
UNC-Asheville	8.74
UNC-Wilmington	4. 89
Winston-Salem S. U.	_3, 75
Group Ratio	4,73

East Carolina University and the North Carolina School of the Arts have the lowest C/E ratios at 3.20. This table supports the position that total instructional and library space at each campus is adequate for existing enrollments.

Classroom Space Factors

Efficiency of classroom utilization is usually measured by three standards:

- 1. Assignable square feet per student station (ASF/Station);
- 2. Hours the classroom is used per week (Hrs/Wk) and
- 3. Percentage of student stations occupied when the room is in use (% Station Occupancy).

Generally accepted norms for these three measures are combined into a single space factor by the following formula:



Classroom SF =
$$\frac{16 \text{ (ASF/Station)}}{30 \text{ (Hrs/Wk)} \times 60\% \text{ (Station Occupancy)}} = 0.89$$

Any value higher than the 0.89 derived in the equation above suggests that maximum practical utilization of existing classrooms is not being achieved.

The 1972 values for institutions of The University are as follows:

·	
Institution	Space Factors
Public Doctoral Institutions	
N. C. State University	1.08
UNC-Chapel Hill	1.09
UNC-Greensboro	1.41
Group Factor	1.14
Public 5-year Institutions	
Appalachian S. U.	1.46
East Carolina U.	1,21
N. C. A & T S. U.	1.67
N. C. Central U.	1, 18
UNC-Charlotte	0.85
Western Carolina U.	1.14
Group Factor	1, 25
Public 4-year Institutions	
Elizabeth City. S. U.	1. 33
Fayetteville S. U.	1.32
N. C. School of Arts	1.63
Pembroke S. U.	1.48
i/NC-Asheville	1.83
UNC-Wilmington	1.23
Winston-Salem S. U.	1.78_
Group Factor	1.48

Only the University of North Carolina at Charlotte exceeds the desired utilization level. This fact suggests that all campuses of The University have an adequate volume of classroom space for current enrollments.

Laboratory Space Factors

The norm for laboratory use is 20 hours per week, with 80 percent of student stations occupied when the laboratory is in use. Assignable square feet per student station varies by discipline from 15 to 150 square feet.



Engineering/Mechanical type laboratories tend to require substantially more space than other disciplines. A good median for this group is 100 square feet per student station. The median for academic laboratories, as contrasted with engineering/mechanical, is about 40 square feet.

Substituting in the same formula used for classrooms, these figures produce the following space factors:

Academic laboratories = 2.50

Engineering/Mechanical laboratories = 6.25

The average student station area in laboratories in The University is

42. 2 square feet. The major deviation is in the case of North Carolina State

University where the average is 59 square feet, reflecting the number of engineering/mechanical laboratories included.

Space factors for class laboratories in The University in 1972 are as follows:

	<u> </u>	
Institution		Space Factors
Public Doctoral Institutions		
N. C. State U.		6. 7 0
UNC-Chapel Hill		3. 24
UNC-Greensboro		4.28
Group Factor		5. 02
Public 5-year Institutions		
Appala chian S. U.		4.48
E. Carolina S. U.		2. 82
N. C. A & T S. U.		7. 36
N. C. Central U.		5. 0 6
UNC - Charlotte		3.93
Western Carolina U.		4. 56
Group Factor		4.50
Public 4-year Institutions		
Elizabeth City S. U.		5. 0 5
Fayetteville S. U.		3. 41
N. C. School of the Arts		2. 32
Pembroke S. U.		4. 07
UNC-Asheville		16.18
FRICE-Wilmington		4. 18
iston-Salem S. U.	448	<u>4.9i</u>
Group Factor		3, 97

The only institution in The University to exceed the desired utilization level is the North Carolina School of the Arts. This fact indicates that existing laboratories are capable of considerably more intensive use. The data do not, of course, speak to the issue of whether or not laboratories are adequate for each discipline being taught.

Percentage of Total Higher Education Space Rated in Satisfactory Condition

The condition of buildings is assessed by personnel on each campus. Unsatisfactory space is classified as "Needs Renovation" or "Should Be Razed." Every effort is made to involve physical plant personnel with engineering training in the evaluation process. Despite this effort, the fact must be recognized that human factors enter into the process so that assessments likely are not absolutely consistent from one campus to another.

Recent studies of the U. S. Office of Education indicate that approximately 85 percent of the total higher education physical plant in the nation is in satisfactory condition. As shown in the following table, facilities of The University are rated somewhat better than this national average. Four of the individual campuses fall below the national norm: Western Carolina University, Elizabeth City State University, North Carolina School of the Arts, and Winston-Salem State University.

Public Doctoral Institutions

N. C. State U.	88.4%
UNC-Chapel Hill	88.1
UNC-Greensboro	90.6
Group Percentage	88.6



Public 5- year Institutions	
Appalachian S. U.	100.0
E. Carolina U.	100.0
N. C. A & T S. U.	94. 4
N. C. Central U.	87. 0
UNC-Charlotte	100. 0
W'n Carolina U.	81. <u>9</u>
Group Percentage	94. 5
Public 4-year Institutions	
Elizabeth City S. U.	74 . 9
Fayetteville S. U.	92. 3
N. C. School of Arts	61.5
Pembrcke S. U.	100.0
UNC-Asheville	100.0
UNC-Wilmington	100. 0
Winston-Salem S. U.	78.4
Group Percentage	87.5

In both the 5-year and 4-year categories, the traditionally Black campuses report relatively high percentages of unsatisfactory space. In neither case, however, do they report the highest percentage of unsatisfactory space in the group.

Percentage of Total Facilities by Age Group

	33 years	13-32	0-12
<u></u>	and over	Years	Yea rs
Public Doctoral Institutions	i		
N. C. State University	26. 5	35. 6	37.9
UNC-Chapel Hill	39. 6	16. 3	44. l
UNC-Greensboro	46.4	22.6	31.0
Group Percentage	35. 3	25.3	39. 2
Public 5- Year Institutions			
Appalachian State University	12.7	25. 7	61.6
East Carolina University	19.9	22.7	57.4
N. C. A & T State Universit	ty 13, 1	53.4	33.5
N. C. Central University	23.0	45.9	31.1
UNC-Charlotte	-	-	100.0
Western Carolina University	y 7.8	32. 0	60. 2
Group Percentage	13.4	29. 8	56 . 8

Percentage of	Total	Facilities	By Age	Group

·	33 years and over	13-32 Years	0-12 <u>Years</u>
Public 4- Year Institutions			
Elizabeth City State University	30.1	27.5	42.4
Fayetteville State University	34.9	19.1	46.0
N. C. School of the Arts	37.5	6.5	56. 0
Pembroke State University	-	13.0	87. 0
UNC-Asheville	2.6	_	97. 4
UNC-Wilmington	-	<u>,</u>	100.0
Winston-Salem State University Group Percentage	47.3	12.7	40. 0
	23.0	12.6	64. 4

Age of buildings may be interpreted as conveying some indication of the modernity of a campus. Such assumptions, however, may be incorrect, since an old building may have been renovated and its facilities modernized. The table above reflects that a relatively high percentage of facilities on the traditionally Black campuses fall into the older age brackets.

1973 Inventory of Academic Facilities Compared to Normative Standards

The computation of required space on each campus in the table below is based on the square feet per FTF student, by type of institution, and level of student as detailed in the 1969 Office of Education study cited earlier in this memorandum. These computed requirements for 1973 enrollments are then compared with the 1973 inventory to produce a square foot excess or deficit of assignable academic facilities.



1973 ACADEMIC FACILITIES STATUS

1111171	· <u></u>	=:=:=	::===:			er wi lle:		12315 4471	11411315
Institution Hass/FTE UG G		Enr. Factor NASF/FTE		Enrollment		Required NASF in 1973			Dilt- erence
	G	UG	G	บต	G	Total			
Public Doctoral	Institut	tions		· 		— 1 <u></u>			
NC State U.	105	265	11,007	1,659	1,155,735	439,635	1,595,370	1,918,335	+322,969
UNC-Chap. Bill	105	265	12,103	3,516	1,270,815	931,740	2,002,555	1,625,924	-376,631
UNC-Greensboro	105	265	5,517	1,432	579,285	379,480	958,765	743,600	-215,165
Public 5-Year Ins	titut 10	ns <u></u>							
Appalachian SU	98	230	6,448	744	631,904	171,120	803,024	598,516	-204,508
E. Carolina U	98	230	8,602	860	842,996	197,800	1,040,796	701,753	-339,047
NC A&T SU	. 98	230	4,017	313	393,466	71,990	465,656	535,710	+ 70,054
NC Central U	98	230	3,242	287	317,716	66,010	383,726	325,477	- 58,249
UNC-Charlotte	98	230	4,769	431	467,362	99,130	566,492	420,919	-145,57
W'n Carolina U	98	230	4,880	446	478,240	102,580	580,820	481,874	98,946
Public 4-Year Ins	stitutio	ns.							
Elizabeth C. SU	90	130	1,103	_	99,270	-	99,270	119,340	+ 20,070
Fayetteville SU	90	130	1,739	-	156,510	-	156,510	150,989	- 5,521
NC Sch. of Arts	90	130	554*	-	49,860	-	49,860	71,726	+ 21,866
Pembroke SU	90	130	1,789	-	161,010	-	161,010	191,030	+ 30,020
UNC-Asheville	90	130	990	-	89,100	-	89,100	144,244	+ 55,144
UNC-Wilmington	9 0	130	2,282	_	205,380	-	205,380	189,325	16,055
Winston-Salem SU	90	130	1,586	-	142,740	-	142,740	141,611	- 1,129

*Includes High School

UG - Undergraduate

G - Graduate

Ten of the 16 campuses have facilities deficits according to these standards. Three of the five traditionally Black institutions have deficits. In two of these instances, however, the deficits are quite small. The effects of previously approved and funded construction projects are taken into account in the subsequent sections.



Academic Facilities Under Construction or Financed and to be Constructed

The following table reports the academic facilities which have been financed at institutions of The University and which, in virtually every instance, should be ready for occupancy by the fall of 1976. The table shows significant expansion of academic facilities at each of the traditionally Black institutions.

	······································			
	1973	Under	Financed, to be	Total
Institution	Inventory	Construction	Constructed	Facilities
Public Doctoral Instit	cutions			
NC State U.	1,918,335		99,439	.,317,774
UNC-Chapel Hill	1,625,924	36,515	100,835	1,763,274
UNC-Greensboro	743,600	-	80,400	824,000
Public 5-Year Institut	ions			
Appalachian SU	598, 516	28,810	108,034	735,360
East Carolina U	701,753	33,635	121,309	856,697
NC A&T SU	535,710	11,390	116,114	663,214
NG Central U	325,477	-	127,201	452,678
UNC-Charlotte	420,919	-	67,000	487,919
Western Carolina U	481,874	-	83,690	565,5 6 4
Publ <u>ic</u> 4-Year institut	i ana		~	<u>.</u> .
dolle deleat misticut	TOUS			
Elizabeth City SU	119,340	-	30,150	149,490
Fayetteville SU	150,989	` -	58,062	209,051
NC Sch. of the Arts	71,726	-	•	71,726
Pembroke SU	191,030		59,829	250,859
UNC-Asheville	144,244	-	12,060	156,304
UNC-Wilmington	189,325	26,890	70,350	286,475
Winston-Salem SU	141,611	-	93,105	234,716



Effect of Facilities to be Constructed on Utilization Levels for Academic Facilities

The University has not yet developed afficial enrallment projections for the fall of 1976. Like most other elements of the national higher education community. The University is concerned with declining enrollment growth and the uncertainty of future enrollment trends.

Since enrollment projections have not been perfected, the following table assesses the effect of planned and funded construction on utilization levels based on current enrollments.

The table demonstrates that len of the sixteen campuses will have academic facilities for increased enrollments when funded facilities become available.

All five of the traditionally Black institutions show an excess of academic space for present enrollments. This fact would appear to reflect fair and equitable treatment of these institutions by the Board of Governors and the General Assembly.

_	Enr. F NASF/		Enrollment Re		Required NASF in 1973			Total <u>Facilities</u>	Diff- erence
	UG	G	UG	G	UG	G	Total		
Public Doctoral	Institut	ions	·				-		
NC State U	105	265	11,007	1,659	1,155,735	439,635	1,595,370	2,017,774	+422,40
UNC-Chap. Hill	105	265	12,103	3,516	1,270,815	931,740	2,002,555	1,763,274	-239,28
UNC-Greensboro	105	265	5,517	1,432	579,285	379,480	958,765	824,000	-1 34,76
Public 5-Year In	stitutio	ns							
Appalachian su	98	230	6,448	744	631,904	171,120	803,024	735,360	- 67,66
E. Carolina U	98	230	8,602	860	842,996	197,800	1,040,796	856,697	-184,099
NC A&T SU	98	230	4,017	313	393,666	71,990	465,656	663,214	+197,550
NC Central U	98	230	3,242	287	317,716	66,010	383,726	452,678	+ 68,95
UNC-Charlotte	98	230	4,769	431	467,362	99,130	566,492	487,919	- 78,57
W Carolina U	98	230	4,880	446	478,240	102,580	580,820	565,564	- 15,250



Institution	int. Fa		Enrolle	n <u>t</u>	Require	[NASF] i	п 1973	Total F <u>acilities</u>	Ditt- erence
	*.	•	υ,	ι.	i'G	١.	15091		
Public 4-Year Inc	stitutio	ns							
Elizabeth C. SU	90	130	1,103	_	99,270	_	99,270	149,490	+ 50,220
Fayetteville SU	90	130	1,739	-	156,510	_	156,510	209,051	+ 52,541
NC Sch. of Arts	90	130	554*	-	49,860	-	49,860	71,726	+ 21,866
Pembroke SU	90	130	1,789	-	161,010	-	161,010	250,859	+ 89,849
UNC-Asheville	90	130	990	-	89,100	-	89,100	156,304	+ 67,204
UNC-Wilmington	90	130	2,282	_	205,380	-	205,380	286,475	+ 81,095
Winston-Salem SU	90	130	1,586	-	142,740	-	142,740	234,716	+ 91,976

*Includes High School UG - Undergraduate G - Graduate

Square Feet of Funded New Facilities Per 1973 FTE Student

Since institutions vary in size, one measure of relative effort to meet facilities needs is the number of square feet of academic space being added per FTE student. The table which follows indicates that the traditionally Black campuses are receiving extremely favorable treatment in this regard. Among the six 5-year institutions, the two traditionally Black campuses rank one and two. Among the seven 4-year campuses the three traditionally Black institutions rank one, four, and five.



Institution	73 FTE	ASF	ASF per FTE
Public Doctoral Institutions			
NC State University	12,666	99,439	7.85
UNC-Chapel Hill	15,619	137,350	8.79
UNC-Greensboro	6,949	80,400	11,57
Public 5-Year Institutions			
Appalachian State University	7,192	136,344	19.03
East Carolina University	9,462	154,944	16.38
NC A&T State University	4,330	127,504	29,45
NC Central University	3,781	131,757	34.85
UNC-Charlotte	5,200	67,000	12.88
Western Carolina University	5,326	83,690	15.71
Public 4-Year Institutions			
Elizabeth City State University	1,103	30,150	27.33
Fayetteville State University	1,739	58,062	33.39
NC School of the Arts	554*	-	-
Fembroke State University	1,789	59,829	33.44
UNC-Asheville	990	12,660	12,18
UNC-Wilmington	2,282	97,150	42.57
Winston-Salem State University	1,586	93,105	<u>58.70</u>
Total	80,014	1,369,284	17,11

^{*}Includes High School

Conclusion

Measures of classroom and laboratory and total instructional and library space utilization indicate that the campuses of The University, including the traditionally Black institutions, have adequate facilities of these types for current enrollments.

Data on total academic facilities reflect deficits at more than half of the institutions. Three of the five traditionally Black campuses have deficits.

but in two instances these are very small.



Physical plant at the traditionally Black institutions tends to be somewhat older than for The University as a whole, and the institutions report relatively more space in unsatisfactory condition. Data on planned and funded new construction, however, shows that the Board of Governors and the General Assembly are currently making a greater than proportionate effort to meet the facilities needs of the traditionally Black institutions.



Appendix UNC-42

LIBRARY HOLDINGS AND BOUND VOLUMES PER FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENT 1973-74

INSTITUTION	BUDGETED 1973-74 FTE ENROLLMENT	NUMBER OF BOUND VOLUMES JUNE 30, 1973	NUMBER OF BOUND VOLUMES PER FTE STUDENT	RANK
ASU	6,900	261,385	37.9	14
ECU	9,031	405,572	44.9	12
EC SU	1,150	77,950	67.8	6
FSU	1,700	81,785	48.1	10
N.C. A and T	4,018	317,581	79.0	3
NCCU .	3,981	272,186	68.4	5
NCSA	550	38,742	70.4	4
NCSU	11,850	615,162	51.9	9
PSU	1,755	74,336	42.4	13
UNC-A	970	81,556	84.1	2
UNC-C	5,134	168,573	32.8	16
unc-ch	18,525	1,958,941	105.7	1
UNC-G	6,700	389,323	58.1	8
UNC-W	2,250	101,914	45.3	11
WCU	4,800	176,666	36.8	15
WSSU	1,550	101,164	65.3	7



4

Appendix UNC-43

INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

The 65 formal interinstitutional cooperative arrangements involving

The University of North Carolina are detailed in . Of the

total, 44 arrangements are between predominantly black and white institutions.

The institutional reports provide 1) the title of each arrangement;

2) the type of participants--faculty, student, or other; and 3) the
magnitude of the program. It should be noted that, where precise data are
not available, estimates are given. Racial composition of participants in
each program is not known. In addition, inconsistencies in the data may
appear as a result of the individual institution reporting a) all formal
arrangements active and inactive; b) currently operating arrangements;
c) either a) or b) plus formal arrangements scheduled to begin at a future
date.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

Appalachian State University

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		CATEGORY		
	(check	as appro		
	Faculty	Student	Other	
ments of an a		Exchange		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Two-Year Engineering Curriculum (w/NCSU)		×		Fifteen persons
Pre-Forestry Program (w/NCSU)		×		Twelve persons
Appalachian Training Complex (w/Wilkes Community College and public schools of northwestem region)	×		×	200-300 persons plus 100's of students
Appalachian-Indiana Cooperative Arrangement (a national bilateral arrangement)			x	Presently inactive
Environmental Education (w/ECU, FSU, NCCU, UNC-C, UNC-CH, UNC-G, WCU, NCSU)		x		Twelve persons
Appalachian Consortium (w/Mars Hill, Lees McRae, Western Carolina, East Tennessee, and regional agencies)			×	35 persons (planning stage plus one operational project)
Manpower for Appalachian Libraries and Educational Medla (with Montreat-Anderson, Western Piedmont Community)			×	Twelve persons
Appalachian TTT Project (with Wa tauga, Wilkes, Ashe, Avery and Caldwell Counties)	x		×	Retraining graduate professors to understand teacher preparation for contemporary public schools (60-80 persons)
Developing Institutions Consortium w/ Concord College (Virginia)		'	×	Providing Consultative Services (Four persons)
Developing Institutions Consortium with eight 2-year colleges in North Carolina.		x	х	Research, development of management systems, significant curriculum revision, recruitment practices (25-30 persons)
Pre-Nursing Curriculum (w/UNC-G)		×]	Ten persons
* e.g., Number of Persons involved	and/or of	her meas	res of	tilization.
ERIC.				

INTERINSTITUT.ONAU COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

Appalachian State University

AND COBER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

	(-11	CATEGORY		
	(check as appropriate) Faculty Student Other			-
	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
				• •
Teacher Corps	į			
(w/ regional schools)	×		x	200-300 persons
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INTERISCITITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1473

	CATEGORY			<u> </u>	
	(check	as appro	priste)		
	Faculty	Student	Other	7	
	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM* ·	
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
iological Institute Program (ECSU SF also includes Physics and	\		×	30 faculty members from ECU	
Cooperative Program in Physics (w Chowan, College of the Albermarie, Lenoir Community College, Kittrell, Louisburg, Wayne Community, Sandhills Community, Southeastern Community, Coastal Carolina Community)			×	15 faculty members from ECU	
Cooperative Program in Physics and Engineering (w New York University)			×	15 faculty members from ECU	
Cooperative Program in Forestry (w Duke and North Carolina State U.)			×	3 faculty members from ECU	
Merine Science Sea Grent (w NCSU, UNC-CH, UNC-W, College of the Albermarle)			×	2 faculty members from ECU	
Cooperative Program in Nursing		٠,	×	* See Attachment	
Cooperative International exchange with Kansai University Ogura City Japan	×		×	l faculty member from each University to be exchanged for the 1973-74 school year	
Speech, Language and Audio Pathology Department Internship program (w/ Duke and UNC-CH)		×	:	New program	
Department of Social Work Graduate Credit program (W/UNC-CH)		* .		New program	
* e.g Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	ures of	etilization.	
ERIC C	!	4 8 n	! l	•	

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INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

OF THE EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY

SCHOOL OF NURSING

 Listing and description of any student exchange programs between your institution and others, 1972-73 academic year.

Student exchange programs in nursing are difficult because curricular variations are dictated by availability of local resources. However, during 1971-72 the School of Nursing enrolled one student from the University of Northern Colorado and one from the University of Indiana. Each student completed the senior year here for graduation from her home institution.

This year, 1972-73, we sent a student to UNC-Greensboro under the same arrangement. This student is completing her senior year at UNC-G for graduation from ECU.

 Listing and description of any faculty exchange programs between your institution and others, 1972-73.

No formal faculty exchange program is/existence. Faculty are borrowed as special situations arise.

3) Listing and description of all other types of interinstitutional cooperative arrangements with other institutions, 1972-73.

Two interinstitutional projects have been developed over the past two to three years. One consists of a group which met, under the umbrella of the Board of Higher Education, for the purpose of developing a consortium graduate program in nursing. This group has not met since re-organization dissolved the Board of Higher Education. (See attached memorandum)

The second project "Implementation and Evaluation of a Consortium of Five North Carolina State Baccalaureate Nursing Programs" has been approved for federal funding and is awaiting actification of availability of funding. The interim project director is Dr. Ruby Barnes of ECU.

The purpose of this multi-university project is to operationalize and evaluate a process model for statewide inter-university collaborative interaction. Face-to-face planning among faculty members from the five baccalaureate nursing programs, a modality for implementing expanding roles both into the respective nursing community and into the baccalaureate programs, and the uniqueness of each school and community it serves are represented within the model. This process model focuses upon a specific activity whereby the input of inter-university resources, both human and material, are efficiently



and effectively utilized. The testing of the process focuses upon the implementation of selected learning opportunities for registered nurses who are responsible for the maintenance of health and management of illnesses of aging clients in health care facilities. The administrative framework and communication channels of the model are the means of making accessible continuing education for the graduate nurse practitioner in her own institutional setting or region.

The five baccalaureate nursing programs engaged in this project are located in the following tax-supported universities:

East Carolina University, Greenville, North Carolina University of North Carolina at Chapel Rill University of North Carolina at Greensboro University of North Carolina at Charlotte Western Carolina University, Cullowhee, North Carolina

The model will have many "spin-offs" concerning wider implications for other schools and health disciplines in making continuing education accessible to the professional nurse practitioner. Some are:

- Dissemination of current information to and by all North Carolina University Schools of Nursing, both public and private.
- 2. Stimulate an On-going evaluation process of communication in all North Carolina University Schools of Nursing.
- Serve as a means of making accessible to the nurse practitioner rapid dissemination of information concerning changes in professional education and in trends for the delivery of health care.
- 4. Stimulate comprehensive, coordinated, and continuing patient care from an interdisciplinary approach in North Carolina and in other states.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

ELIZABETH GITY STATE UNIVERSITY

		1	CATECORY				
			as appro		4		
			Student	Other	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS		
Title of Arrange	emen t	rxchange (1)	Exchange (2)	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROCRAM.		
l. Adult Basic Ed	ucation Program gional Ed. Bd.,			x	13 Persons		
 Bilaterial Con Administrative (w/Duke Unive 	Improvement		:	×	30 Persons		
,	ry Cluster ance of Business- ess and Industrial			x	25 Persons		
Johnson C. Sm N C A&T, NCCU	ia, Bennett, 758, ith, Livingston, , St. Augustine's, d 51 other college	s		x	All Students 4 Staff Members		
Program (w/WSS	llege Devolopment U, Livingstone, er institutions)			×	6 Persons		
 Cooperative L Library Serv (w/15 Senior P of Higher Ed. 	ices ublic Institution:	; \$	Į.	x	250 Persons		
(w/St. August State, Langst	urriculum Program ine's, FSU, Norfo on U., Southern t-Texas Southern)	lk		x	300 Persons		
	l Science Institu lic High Schools)	te		x	40 Persons		
 N.C.C.U. Conso Administrative (w/NCCU, FSU, Lab) 	a la companya di santa di san			x	10 Persons		
(w/UNC-A, UNC- A&T, NGCU, Cer Col., Col. of Gaston, Leuton Ruckingham Com	al Computing Server, ASU, UNC-W, NC stral Piedmont Comthe Albemarle, Co., Comm. Col., mm. Col., Belmont Ab	m. i		×	100 Persons		
e.g., Number of	persons involved	and/er o	ther meas	ures of	utilization.		



INTERINGTITYTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANCEMENTS INVOLVING

ELIZABETH CITY STATE UNIVERSITY

	CATEGORY			
		(check as appropris		4
	Faculty		Other	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM*
Title of Arrangement	(1)	Exchange	(3)	(4)
Title of Afrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	- (4)
				Ē.
Bennett, Campbell, Guilford, H:	ilgh]		1
Point, Lenoir Rhyme, Pfeiffer,	}			
Queens, St. Andrews, St. Augus-		•		
tine's, Salem, Wake Forest, War:	gen i		ł	İ
Wilson)				
1. Faculty-Improvment Study Project	t			
(w/Temple University)]		ж	2 Persons
,,				1
2. New Careers Program	<u> </u>	ļ		1
(w/Economic Improvement Council	1)		x	4 Persons
3 Panagrative Cod-d-s 177.		,	!	
 Cooperative Swimming and Water Safety Arrangement (w/COA, Am.]		x	 65 Persons
Red Cross, Albemarle Water] '		^	os retadiis
Safety Committee				
555 55, 55. <u>22.2</u> 22.0				
4. Upward Bound	}		-	
(Public Schools in 7-County Are	a)		x	75 Persons
			j	
5. Washington County Project	l i			10 Persons
(w/Washington County Public Sch	1 30072)		×	To Persons
6. Expanded University-Community	ļ [
Cooperation Student Teaching,				
Library Internship, Business,			x	265 Persons
Social Work, News Media (Variou	s			
Civic, Business, Cultural, and		1		
Educational Agencies)	[[{		
-	}			
7. Southeastern Library Network	i l	i		10 Persons
Improved Library Services		- 1	x	10 Persons
(w/84 Academic Libraries in	i I	ļ		
Southeastern U.S.)	1			
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] _		_	
e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of	itilization.
ERIC	•	•	•	

TO THE CONSTITUTE OF A COMPTRAINING ARRANGEMENTS CONTINUE AND

FAYETTEVILLE STATE UNIVERSITY

ARD GROUP INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1947°

	•	CATLCORY		
i		as appro		
		Student		
	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMA
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ayetteville State University/Fort Fragg Program (W/NGSU)		x		Approximately 26 students have been involved in this program for 72-73 school year. Beginni January 1, no additional studen were permitted to enroll as degreu candidates from N. C. State.
association of Eastern North Caroli colleges (w/Atlantic Christian, campbell, Chowan, ECU, ECSU, couisburg, Meredith, Methodist, co. Wesleyan, St. Augustine's, chaw, Wingate)	na		×	Supports the Ashociation and is a paying member - associatio dues.
Invironmental Education (w/ASU, ECU ICCU, UNC-C, UNC-G, WCU, NCSU)	,		×	One faculty member is involved as a member of the steering committee.
ersity Cooperative Program & Committee in Statistics (SREB) w/NCSU, Duke)			×	One faculty member actively participating conducting resear in support of program.
cooperative College Development Program Title III (w/ECSU, WSSU, Civingstone)			x	One faculty member, 3 administratincluding the Chief Administrat Officer is involved in the program.
nstitute of Dramatic Arts (a mational multilateral arrangement)	;		×	One faculty member is involved, 2 - 3 students participate duri the summer.
college Placement Services consortium (w/Barber-Scotia, Bennett CSU, Johnson C. Smith, Livingstone, LC. A & T, NCCU, St. Augustine's, chaw, WSSU)		·	x	One professional and I clerical person involved 72-73. For 73-74, external support reduced to \$5,000. Administrative position must be supported by State fund
rogram (w/Alabama A&M, Bennett, Bistishop, Clark, Florida A&M, Jackson tate. Lincoln, Norfolk, NC A & T, couthern, Talladega, Tennessee tate, Voorhees)			×	The involvement includes one director, I counselor, I direct of tutorial, I reading speciali I secretary, 30 teaching facult and 440 freshmen students. In addition to general education program is based on consortium teaching principie.

INTEFINITITETICAL, COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

FAYETTEVILLE STATE UNIVERSITY

	ļ	CATEGORY		1
	(check	as appro	priate)	
	Faculty		Other	7
		Exchange	Program	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMO .
Title of Arrangement	(1)	_(2)	(3)	(4)
Biology Consortium, Title III (w/Sandhills Community, UNC-W, NCS - R, NLS)			×	One faculty member involved as coordinator of consortium program.
Student Teaching Program (w/ECU, UNC - Clemson)		×		Practice teaching.
Admissions, Financial Aid, Registrar Information System Development (w/NEL, NCCU, Voorhees, St. Augustine's, Elizabeth City, Shaw)			×	Six administrators participate in program. One & 1/2 administrations are financed.
			•	
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	}	}		
e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or or	ther measu	res of p	tili.ation.
ERIC.	!		ļ	

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STATE UNIVERSITY

		į	CATEGORY		Γ	
		(check	as appro	priate)	J	
		Faculty	Student	Other	1	
		Exchange	Exchange	Programs	}	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMA
_	Tile of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	1	(4)
		Į		Ī	_	
t -	Project Upward Bound Project	ţ			1.	181 Persons Involved
	01/080=0)	1 i		×	١ ٠٠	tot talaoue tunofnen
	177,17742-111	i :	'	1	l	•
2.	merto Science Consortium	1 :				
•	officenest, Serber Scotia.			×	۷٠.	617 Persons Involved
	and the City, Fayerteville,	<u> </u>	•		ļ	•
	and the strain of the strain o		•	1	!	·
	nompton, J. C. Smith, Livingston,			}		
	morfolk State, NCCU, Shaw, St.	[•			
	Augustine's St. Paul's, Virginia	ł 1	-	1		
	Gare, Virginia Union, WSSU)			j		
٠.	Tri-University Project in Science			×	3.	29 Persons Involved
	(U/Florida A&M, Tennessee State)					
		[[l	ĺ		
٠.	comsportation Curriculum					•
	Development	, , ,		×	4.	75 Persons Involved
	(d/North Western University)	' I				
	_		1			
٠.	icteen College Curriculum	1	į.	. x	5.	160 Persons Involved
	()"是海海	!		,	- •	
	· 4/4/ Schools Participating)	}				
		i	1			
٠.	tandest Exchange Program	1	×	' ' 1	6.	10 Persons Involved
	id/talversity of Wisconsin System)		ł		
	_	+]			
1.	Bural Proverty Research Project	j]	×	7.	1911 Persons Involved
	(W/Undiversity of Wisconsin)	1	٠ [j	-	
		- 1		1		
٠.	rotal Course in Physics	×	x	1	8.	17 Persons Involved
	(W/0NC-G)	[i	- 1	•	
				Į.		•
٠.	cutta-City Library Loan Privilege	· 1	ſ	x (9.	250 Persons Involved
	(W/Greensboro College, UNC-G,	- 1			- •	
	senmert, Guilford College)		. 1			
	0,			•	1.	•
١,	Mevelopment of Instructional	• 1		x	10.	3 Persons Involved
	Shorials Designed to Improve		1	* 1		- retbollo throwith
	Scalin and Television Production	1	1	1		s .
	Techniques	1)	1		
	(W/dniversity of Wisconsin)	1	!	1		
			Į.	.		
	Credmont University Center	}	- (11.	21 Dansans Invaluat
	Tearber Scotia, Belmont Abbey	Į.	- 1	3°.	4.	21 Persons Involved
	- muett, Catawha, Davidson, Elon,		- 1			•
	Commission College, Guilford	-		j		
		- 1	1	٠. ا		•
	taniego, cidh Point, J. C. Smith	1	1		•	_
	cemair bbyne, Livingstone, Mara	. 1	- 1	1		•
	Mill, Pfeiffer, Queens, St.	1	. 1	1		
	Andrews, Salem, Wake Forest, WSSU)					

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STATE UNIVERSITY AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		<u> </u>	CATEGORY		
			as appro		4
			Student		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
	Title of Arranement	(1)	Exchange (2)	(3)	(4)
12.	N. C. Educational Computing Service			ж ,	12. 42 Persons Involved
	(W/41 Participating Institutions	P 1			
13.	Urbita Education Exchange Program (W/Rutgers, University of Wisconsin)			ĸ	13. 22 Persons Involved
14.	Urban Education and Urban Affair Exchange (W/University of Wisconsin)	5		ĸ	14. 4 Persons Involved
15.	Cooperative Education Program in Human Relations in Education (W/University of Wisconsin)			*	15. 2 Persons Involved
16.	Council of Black Architectural Schools (W/Tuskegge, Hampton, Southern Prairie View, Tenn, State, Howard)	·		.	16. 400 Persons Involved
17.	Graduate Social Work Early Entrance Program (W/Columbia University)			x	17. 3 Persons Involved
•8•	Graduate Social Work Program (W/University of Louisville)			ĸ	18. 4 Persons Involved
i9.	Cooperative Social Welfare Curriculum Development Program (W/UNC-G)			ĸ	19. 115 Persons Involved
26.	Cooperative Program Designed For Evaluative Purposes	x			20. 9 Persons Involved
21.	Consortium-26 (W/Clark College, Morgan, D. C. Teachers, Livingstons, Florida A & M, W. Va. State, Stubenville Jacksun State			×	21. 90 Persons Involved
22	Grecosboro Interiostitutional and Community-Coordinating Committee For Foreign Students (W/UNC-G, Guilford, Bennett,			ĸ	22. 204 Persons Involved
	Greensboro, College)		(. ∤	•

			CATEGORY	-	·
		(check	as appro	oriate) Other	
Title of Arrangement			Student Exchange (2)		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS (4)
		1.		j	
23.	Program Designed to Improve the Teaching of Nursing Theory and Practice	٠ ,		×	23. 162 Persons Involved
	(W/Noses H. Cone Hospital, Westery Long, Guilford County Health Dept. Annie Penn Hospital, Edgerwood Minor Nursing Home, Kendall Center For Retarded Children)				
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INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY

-		CATECORY	١	
	(check	as appro		1
		Student	Other	1
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
DukeNCCU Cooperative Program (w/Duke)		×	×	Ten students.
Attitudes and Life Ways of People in Black Communities (w/UNC-CH)			×	
A Pilot Study of the Social & Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/UNC-CH)			×	
N. C. Educational Computing Service (w/UNC-A, UNC-G, ASU, UNC-W, ECSU, NC A & T, Central Piedmont Comm., Col. of the Albemarle, Gaston, Lamoir Co. Gomm., Rockingham Comm., Lern Piedmont Comm., Belmont Abbey, Bennett, Campbell, Guilford, High Point, Lenoir Rhyne, Pfeiffer, Queens, St. Andrews, St. Augustine' Salem, Wake Forest, Warren Wilson)			×	Twenty faculty, 150 students, 4 staff, three terminals, \$8,000 budget (from this office, may be more from institution).
Environmental Education (w/ASU, ECU, FSU, UNG-C, UNC-CH, UNG-G, WCU, NCSU)		×		
Committee on Cooperation with Predominantly Negro Universities (CGNU) (w/NC A & T , University of Wisconsin)	x	×	×	Two faculty, twelve students.
Schior Colleges & Universities Improvement Program (w/Shaw)			×	
,				
κ ε.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of u	tilization.
CDIC			ļ	

INTERPRSTITUTIONAL COOPERSTIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY

l l		CATEGORY			
		as appro			
		Student Exchange (2)	Other Programs (3)	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS (4)	
	`-/- -		- (3)		
Ocycloping Colleges Cooperative W/NC A & T)			ж	This is the same as CCNU on previous page.	
Program to Strengthen Development Offices (w/Virginia Union University)		ж	Six staff members.	
Science Exchange Program (w/NC A &)	×	•		
College Placement Services Consortium (w/Barber-Scotia, Bennett, ECSU, Johnson C. Smith, Livingstone, NC A & T, FSU, St. Augustine's, Shaw, WSSU)			x	Eight staff members.	
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}					
	<u>'</u>				
c.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of u	tilization.	

HRW Desegregation Plan -Office of Civil Rights: Information

Academic Department

1. Student Exchange Programs:

- (a) A small number of students are enrolled in courses at Wake Forest University by special inter-institutional arrangements. Likewise, we have students from Wake Forest smalled in our courses from time to time. The number of these students is small because of differences in purposes of the institutions and in the diverse calendars of the institutions but for no other reasons. The four institutions comprising the Academic Urban Consortium (Wake Forest University. Salem College, Winston-Salem State University and the North Carolina School of the Arts) all support the basic concept of interinstitutional cooperation.
- (b) Our three summer foreign programs in music, dance and drama are open to students outside of the NCSA student body.

 Especially the music program in Italy, a large number of students are recruited from other institutions. In the past, we have also had a student of ours in the Salem College Italian program at Asolo, Italy (a program in the visual arts, music, and Italian language).

2. Faculty Exchange Programs:

(a) Since the beginning of the School, we have used parttime faculty from our neighboring institutions in discipline areas where we have not maintained a permanent, fulltime position. From Wake Forest University we use faculty in Sociology, Anthropology and Psychology. From Winston-Salem State University we use faculty in Black History and Black Literature. From Salem College we use faculty in German language.

This year, again through the Academic Urban Consortium, we are sharing Mr. Jonathan Williams. poet, as writer-in-residence from January to May at all four of the institutions comprising the Consortium. Mr. Williams meets classes of students in creative writing at least once a week separately on each of the four campuses; then, at least once a week, he meets groups which include students from all of the four campuses together in special sessions in his home.

3. Other Kinds of Interinstitutional cooperative programs:

In addition to the Consortium-related activities and the student and faculty exchange programs listed above, the North Carolina School of the Arts as one of the sixteen component institutions of the University of North Carolina system is represented on the major councils within the university. Among these, especially, are the Advisory Council on International Programs, the Faculty Assembly and the Faculty Welfare Committee.



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NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL OF THE ARTS

The Advisory Council on International Programs attempts to coordinate all of the foreign programs operated within the university system and to communicate to the students and faculty of the component institutions all information pertaining to these programs. Effort is made to involve students from several campuses within the system in these international programs. Increased effort will be made to share facilities and travel accommodations among several institutions. A composite calendar of these programs is in preparation.

The University Faculty Assembly, like the Faculty Welfare Committee, is composed of representatives from each of the sixteen institutions who are elected by their faculty. Policies pertaining to university-wide matters relating to faculty are the province of this Council.

Again through the Consortium, more community-based, experiential projects are being developed. Students and faculty from the four institutions will be involved in these learning situations for which academic credit is often available.

In this community, there is an enormous amount of inter-institutional sharing of facilities. As a member of the University of North Carolina system, the North Carolina School of the Arts faculty have access to library facilities at the sixteen institutions and may use inter-library loan facilities within the system. Our faculty may also use the library facilities of the other institutions in the Consortium.

Salem Gollege and Summit School throughout the year make available to the NCSA their facilities for performances of many of our major programs.

This summer three members of our academic faculty have been invited to participate in a workshop for faculty development sponsored by the Advancement School in Winston-Salem. This workshop will offer to our faculty a modest stipend for two weeks of concentrated work on designing a new syllabus for a transdisciplinary course in American Studies (History, Art and Literature) for our secondary curriculum. Through the facilities of this workshop, our faculty will have access to consultants and instructional models and materials which otherwise we could not afford to consider.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

		CATECORY			
		as appro			
		Student	Other	}	
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM®	
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Research & Home Economics (w/UNC-G)			x		
Engineering Operations Program (w/UNC-A)		×		Six students.	
Southeastern Plan Environment Laboratory (Phytotron)(w/Duke)			×		
Two-Year Engineering Curriculum (w/ASU)		×		Eight students.	
Three-Two ProgramEngineering (w/Wake Forest)		×		Zero.	
Three-Two ProgramEngineering (w/Davidson)		x		Three.	
Two-Two ProgramPre-Engineering (w/Wingate)	i	×		Fifteen.	
Agriculture Transfer Program		×			
Agriculture Transfer Program (w/ECU)		×			
* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	:ler meas	res of i	cílizatíon.	



PUTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

	i	CATEGORY		1
		as appro		
,		Student Exchange	Other Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM*
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Agriculture Transfer Program (w/PSU)		x		
Forestry (Pre) Program (w/Wingate)		x		Seventeen students transferred in 1971 and 1972.
Tatern ProgramAdult Education (w/Rockingham Comm.)			x	
Internship ProgramAdult Education (w/Lenoir Co. Comm.)			×	
Internship Program_Adult Education (w/Southeastern Comm. College)	:		×	
Internship ProgramAdult Education (w/Wayne Comm.) Internship Program-Adult Education			×	
(w/W.W. Holding Technical Institute) Internship ProgramAdult Education			x	
(w/Saudhills Comm.) Internship Program-Adult Education (w/Wilson Technical Institute)			x	
Internship Program_Adult Education (w/Caldwell Comm.)			×	
Internship ProgramAdult Education (w/Davidson Co. Comm.)			×	
Internship ProgramAdult Education (w/Western Piedmont Comm.)			×	• ,
Project Opportunity (w/Duke)			×	Three_hundred and thirteen minority students from Durham county 1968_ 1973 - progrem ends in August of 1973.
Graduate Minor in Water Resources (w/UNG=CH)		х		
Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of	otilizatíon.

INTERINITITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

		CATEGORY		1
		as appro		
		Student		MACHITEDE OF PROCEASE.
Title of Appropriate		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM* (4)
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	
Institute of Statistics (w/UNC-CH)			×	Thirty persons (St. dept.)
Graduate Programs & Research in Marine Sciences (w/UNC-CII)			×	Twenty-one faculty members involve and thirty students.
Institute of Environmental Health Studies (w/UNC=CH)			×	
Textile Transfer Program (w/Wingate		x		
Textile Transfer Program (w/Surry Comm.)		×		
Textile Transfer Program (w/Wayne Comm.)		×		
Textile Transfer Program (w/Gardner Webb)		×		Thirty students per year
Textile Transfer Program (w/Gaston)		×		mitty statemen per year
Textile Transfer Program (w/Lenoir Co. Comm.)		х	ļ	
Textile Transfer Program (w/Sandhil Comm.)	ls	×		
Textile Transfer Program (w/College of the Albemarle)		×		
Textile Transfer Program (w/Wilkes Comm.)		×		
* e.g., Number of persons involved	an d /or o	her meas	res of p	tilization.
ERIC **All text Producting STC:	{ ;	498	1	

INTERIASTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVI ARRANCEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

ALD OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MAKER, 1973

		CATLGORY				
		as appro				
		Student				
Tint a California		Exchange				
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
extile Transfer Program (w/Davidso		x				
o. Comm.)	ľ			,		
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extile Transfer Program (w/		×		1		
sothermal Comm.)						
		;				
extile Transfer Program (w/		x		i ,		
ockingham Comm.)				}		
		1		}		
extile Transfer Program (w/Surry		×		l /		
Comm.)				/		
			i			
]					
laster of Industrial Engineering	1	×		Twenty students.		
rogram (w/UNC=G)						
Des Pousseur Duonnes (/ACII)		x		Five students transferred in 19		
re-Forestry Program (w/ASU)	1	^		and 1972.		
	}			alle 1774		
Pre-Forestry Program (w/Campbell)		×		Seven students transferred in l		
	1			and 1972.		
	}					
Pre-Forestry Program (w/Chowan)		×		Nine students transferred in 19		
]		i	and 1972.		
Des Posses Description (11/8CU)				Four students transferred in 19		
re-Forestry Program (w/ECU)	i i	X		and 1972.		
	i i		1	and 1772.		
re-Forestry Program (w/High Point)	1	×	j	No transiers to date.		
to referently regularity consumptions to the			Į.			
		1				
Pre-Forestry Program (w/Sandhills		×		Six students transferred in 197		
Comm.)			.	and 1972.		
			[
na panatan panatan (Mau)				The shouldes such from d a 100		
Pre=Forestry Program (w/WCU)		×	•	Ten students transferred in 197 and 1972.		
	<u>[</u>			anu 1774.		
re-Forestry Program (w/UNC-W)	[×		Two students transferred in 197		
rerevery regress (without)]			and 1972.		
			[
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	}		[
	}	<u>'</u>	1			
e.g., Kumber of persons involved	and ior o	 ther meas	ures of u	filization.		
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INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

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		CATECORY				
		as appro				
		Student				
Tiel. of the control of		Exchange	1			
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Cooperative Five-Year Program in Forestry (w/Shaw)		x				
Electrical Meter School & Conference (w/UNC-W)			×	Thirty continuing education enrollments, 200 participants		
Radiology Hygiene Program (w/UNC_CH			x	Physical facilities.		
Educational Talent Search (w/St. Augustine's)			x			
Educational Leadership & Human Relations Center Program (w/St. Augustine's)			×	Three courses w/126 participants. Maintain permanent records on each student, receive & deposit registration fees, issue transcri		
Joint Program in Urban Design (w/UNC_CH)			x	Ten students - three members of our facult teach Urban Design courses in our School.		
Industrial Ventilation Conference (w/UNC_CH)			x	Eighty-five continuing education enrollments, 100 to 125 participat		
Planning & Design in Transportation Engineering (w/UNC=CH)			x			
Fayetteville State University/ Fort Bragg Program (w/FSU)			x			
Center for Environmental Studies (w/UNC-CH)			x			
Clay Plant Operators Forum (a Southern Region bilateral arrangement)			x	Two-hundred participants. Program rotates between NCSU and Clemson University, S.C host campus responsible for program facilities 253 continuing education enrollments.		
* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or of	her meas	ixes of t	tilization.		
•	•		•			



INTERINGEDITIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

	1	CATEGORY		1
	(check	as appro		
		Student		ļ
_	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cooperative Graduate Program with U.S. Air Force Academy (a national bilateral arrangement)		x		
Applied Mathematics Research Project (a international bilateral arrangement)			x	
Cooperative Raleigh Colleges (w/ Meredith, Shaw, St. Augustine's, St. Mary's, Peace)		х	!	Participants: NCSU-8 to St.Mary's-7 to NCSU;NCSU-86 to Meredith-140 to NCSU;NCSU-3 to St.Aug16 to NCSU;NCSU-0 to Peach-21 to NCSU;
Interchange of Graduate Students (w/UNC=CH, Duke) (Exact number of students varies each semester)		x		Cross registrationstudents regis- ter on own campus for credit course to be taken at any cooperating
Army ROTC Cross-Enrollment Program (w/St. Augustine's, Shaw)		х		institution.
Mass Spectrometry Center for Research Triangle Region (w/UNC-CH, Duke)			×	
Regional Nuclear Laboratory (Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory)(w/UNC-CH, Duke)			×	Four persons (PY dept.)
Interlibrary Cooperation Program (w/UNG_CH, UNC_G, Duke)	;		×	
International Biological Programme (w/Duke, UNC.CH)		•	×	
National Water Symposium	:		×	Three-hundred attendees.
* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	ures of u	stilization.
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INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

	CATECORY (check as appropriate)					
		Student		†		
	Exchange	Exchange	Program	s MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM®		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
TILLE OF KITANGEMENC	1	(2)	1 (4)	1		
Joint Program in Urban Affairs (w/UNC_CH, UNC-C)		×		(1),30; (2), 0; (3),50		
Research Triangle Institute (w/UNC_CH, Duke)			×			
Triangle Universities Computation Center (w/Duke, UNC-CH)			×			
Title III Cooperative Program (w/St. Augustine's, Johnson C. Smith)			×			
Science Curriculum Development HEW Title (w/PSU, UNC-W)			×			
N. C. State Legislative Internship Program (w./UNC-CH, Duke,UNC-C)		×		Spring 1973: 10 students.		
Council on Research & Public Service (w/UNC=CH, UNC=G, UNC=C, UNC=A, UNC=W)		·	×			
All-University Nutrition Council (w/UNC-G, UNC-CH)			×	\$200,000 for two years, 40 NCSU faculty involved.		
Air Pollution Consortium (w/UNC-CH, Duke)		·	×	A) Joint planning or programs B) Joint seminars		
Water Resources Research Institute (w/UNC-CH, UNC-C, ECU, Duke)			×	Research budget \$600,000/year.		
••		~	- -	·		
* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	her meas	ires of p	tilization.		



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

	CATEGORY (check as appropriate)			
				•
		Student	Other	ALL MITTERS OF PROPERTY.
Title of Arrangement	(1)	Exchange (2)	(3)	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM* (4)
Environmental Education (w/ASU, ECU, FSU, NCCU, UNC-C, UNC-CH, UNC-G, WCU)		x		(1) 84; (2) 96 non-credit; (3) 5,407
Marine Science Council (an intrastat multilateral arrangement)	e		x	Nine people involved; 2 from each of the participating Sea Grant Campuses and a Marine Science Co-ordinator-chaired by the V.P. for Research & Public Service.
Marine Science Sea Grant (w/UNC-CH, UNC-W, ECU)	i		×	Approx. 34 faculty and 30-40 graduate students involved;
Southern Regional Research Projects in Agriculture (a Southern Region multilateral arrangement)			х	\$750,000 current funding this yea
Veterinary Education Through Southern Regional Education Board (w/NG A & T)		x		
Regional Educational Services in Forestry (a Southern Regional multilateral arrangement)			x	In 1971 and 1972, 46 students transferred to the School of Fore Resources from institutions in Al Kentucky, Maryland, Tenn., Va., &
Center for Research in College Instruction in Science and Mathematics (w/Duke, UNC_CH)			x	So. Carolina as a part of these programs.
Highlands Biological Station, Inc. (w/Duke, UNC=CH, Wake Forest, N. C. Wesleyan, WCU)	,	,	x	
University Cooperative Program & Committee in Statistics (SREB) (w/FSU, Duke)			×	
* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	ures of u	tilization.



INTERPOSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

		CATEGORY	,	1
	(check	as appro		1
		Student		7
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM"
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	1	_	 	
Coastal Plains Regional Commission	}	ļ	×	
Marine Resource (a Southern Region		Ì	1	
multilateral arrangement)	ì	ļ	i	1
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		i		
Cooperative Craduate Program in]	×	ŀ	ļ
Applied Mathemarics with NASA at			1	
Langley Field (a national multi-			j]
lareral arrangement)				f .
			}	j
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Agronumic-Economic Research on	j		×	
Tropical Soils (a mational	! i		1	ĺ
nultilateral arrangement)]		1	
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(abul Afghan-American Program (a			x	Three participants-1 steerin
International multilateral	!			committee member (Chairman)
irrangement)	i		i	,
Cooperative Oceanographic Program			x	
w/Duke, UNC_CH, ECU)]		' <u> </u>	
1	İ			
<u> </u>	Ì			
Organization for Tropical Studies		x		
w/Duke, UNC_CH)	Í	j	ĺ	
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		Í	Ì	
Fertility Evaluation in Tropical			×	
oils (an international multi-	1		-	
ateral arrangement)	į	- 1	i	
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gricultural Technical Assistance	1	}	×	
an international multilateral		i		
rrangement)	į	1	- 1	
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nternational Potato Program (an	}	į	×	
nternational multilateral	ļ	- 1	i	
rrængemenr)	1	j]	
	-		}	
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e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or of	her measp	res of b	tilization.
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INTERLISTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE APPARGEMENTS INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

	ı.	CATEGORY			
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		as appropriate)		{	
		Student		THE OF BROCHASS	
maria a la companya di salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah sal		Exchange			
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Water Resources Research Workshop	х			Two workshops during the past year a one on environmental information systems at North Carolina A & T in Greensboro and another on Cape Fear River basin water plan at Fayetteville State University. These work	
				shops addressed attention to the campus involved and have the potential for encouraging facult where it may not have existed before.	
Library Use - Cooperating Raleigh	į į				
Colleges			х	Shaw University students checked out an average of 175 volumes from the NCSU library per month for the period September 1972 - March 1973.	
Title III Grant		•	х	NCSU is listed as an assisting institution with St. Augustine's St. Augustine's has the grant.	
3 - 2 Program in Textiles with Fayetteville State University		x		No students so far.	
Southeastern Plant Environment Laboratories (with Duke University)			х		
Coordinated Research Program in Agriculture and Rural Development (with A & I University)			х		
(with it at a controlled)	.			•	
Regional Research Projects Joint	! I		i		
with the Northeastern and North			ļ		
Central Regional Associations of	·	•			
Agricultural Experiment Stations					
(a National consortium of State					
Agricultural Experiment Stations)			Х		
Consortium in improving course development in agriculture. (North Carolina State Univ., Raleigh the Univ. of Georgia, Athens; the iniv. of Tennessee, Knoxville; A. & T. State University, Greensboro, North Carolina; Fort Valley, Georgi			х	Fatulty workshop in developing instructional packets held in Durham on January 24 and 25, 197 by North Carolina State University and A. & T. State University. Approximately 40 participants from	
* c.g., Number of persons involved		ther meas	urcs of u	the two campuses.	

INTEREMETITUTIONS. COOPERATIVE ARRANGINGUES INVOLVING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

Check as appropriate) Faculty Student Other Exchange Exchange Programs MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM®			1° 6 (101 × 101 101 1		
Title of Arrangement Title of Arrangement Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (1) Title of Arrangement (2) Title of Arrangement (3) Title of Arrangement (4) Title of Arrangement (5) Tourses w/30 participants Physical facilities The Adams of Apricipants Physical facilities Title of Arrangement (4) Title of Arrangement (4) Title of Arrangement (4) Title of Arrangement (4) Tourses w/30 participants Physical facilities Title of Arrangement (5) Tourses w/30 participants Physical facilities Title of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipants The Adams of Apricipant		(abant	CATFCORY		
Title of Arrangement (1) (2) (3) RACENTUDE OF PROGRAM® (4) 1890 Extension Program at A. & T. (funded through NCSU) Rasters of Industrial Engineering w/NNC-Greensboro Masters of Adeposit tuition checks, order texts of experiensboro Masters of Adeposit tuition checks, order texts of experiensboro Masters of Adeposit tuition checks, order texts of experiensboro Masters of Adeposit tuition checks, order texts of experiensboro Masters of Adeposit tuition checks, order texts of experiensboro Masters of Administration Masters					{
Title of Arrangement (1) (2) (3) (4) 1890 Extension Program at A. & T. (funded through NCSU) City-University Coordination x 10 Masters of Industrial Engineering w/UNC-Greensboro 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					MACHINING OF PROCEAMS
A	Title of Arrancement				1
Age Positions Age Age Positions Age Age Positions Age	Treat of Axiongement	1 17	<u> </u>	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Masters of Industrial Engineering W/UNC-Greensboro X 3 courses w/30 participants Receive & deposit tuition checks, order texts & resource materials, pay instructor's salary, re- imbures travel expenses, maintain permanent records on each student, issue transcripts, certify to Veteran's Administration. X 37 participants physical facilities X 39 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 41 participants physical facilities X 42 participants physical facilities X 43 participants physical facilities X 44 participants physical facilities X 45 participants physical facilities X 46 participants physical facilities X 47 participants physical facilities X 48 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 41 participants physical facilities X 42 participants physical facilities X 43 participants physical facilities X 44 participants physical facilities X 45 participants physical facilities X 46 participants physical facilities X 47 participants physical facilities X 48 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 41 participants physical facilities X 42 participants physical facilities X 48 participants physical facilities X 49 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 40 participants physical facilities X 41 participants physical facilities X 42 participants physical facilities			·	×	42 Positions
### Administration #### Administration ###################################	City-University Coordination	x			10
### Toollege of the Albemarle Four credit courses ###################################	Masters of Industrial Engineering			x	Receive & deposit tuition checks, order texts & resource materials, pay instructor's salary, reimburse travel expenses, maintain permanent records on each student, issue transcripts, certify to
physical facilities Three credit courses UNC-Asheville Three credit courses UNC-Charlotte Three credit courses UNC-Charlotte Three credit course UNC-Charlotte UNC-Ch				x	
### Physical facilities ###################################				×	
physical facilities A				×	
Due credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit courses Offersyth Technical Institute One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course One credit course X Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y				x	
physical facilities 24 participants physical facilities 25 participants physical facilities 26 participants physical facilities 27 participants physical facilities 28 participants physical facilities 29 participants physical facilities 29 participants physical facilities 20 participants physical facilities				ж	
physical Institute are credit course chree credit courses chree credit courses chree credit courses chree credit courses chree credit courses x 69 participants physical facilities x 9 participants				×	
Three credit courses Three credit courses Three credit courses Three credit courses Three credit courses Three credit courses Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit course Three credit courses	··· · · · - · · - · - · · · · · · ·			×	
Programme physical facilities The credit course The participants				×	
me credit course				×	
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NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

ABB Committee to Table 1991 (1991) 1993

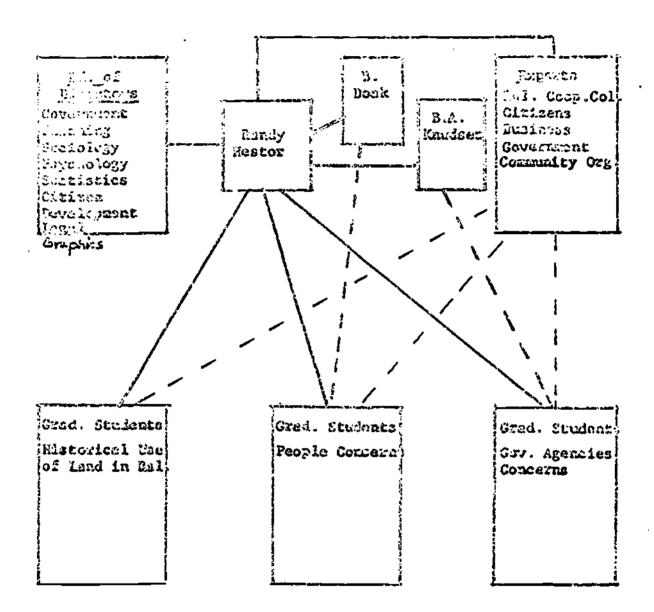
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	Mineulty Washineed	i indani. Tre basico	j Ocher j Etarkame	EMERITUDE OF PROGRAM
Firth of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(1)	(4)
One credit course w/James Sprunt Institute	 		×	20 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/Fayetteville Technical Institute			×	12 participents physical facilities
Two credit courses w/deaufort Tochnical Institute			×	57 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/Robeson Technical Institute	\$! !		×	23 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/Lenoir Community College		<u> </u>	×	13 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/halifax Technolal Institute	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	×	22 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/Elizabeth City State University	; 	i 	×	10 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/McDowell Technical Institute		ļ	x	27 participants physical facilities
Three credit courses w/UTC-Greenshore		<u>.</u> !	×	39 participants physical facilities
One credit course w/Coastal Carolina Community College		<u> </u> 	×	36 perticipants physical facilities
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INTERINSTITUTIONAL GOOD GRAVING ARROWS ARROWS TRYOGRAING

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

1	(-)	CATEGORY		•		
ļ	(check as annropriate) Faculty Student Other			-		
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM*		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Development of undergraduate program in Landscape Architecture and Environmental Design (North Carolina A & T Univ.)			х	l faculty member involved Dept. Hend (on our campus and Amer. Society of Land scape Architects' consultant. Support objectives include faculty exchanges for workshops and courses, course on NCSU campus for A&T statements, and possible entiresemester here.		
Goals for Raleigh (Cooperating Raleigh Colleges as well as Broughton High School and a community group)			x	Sponsored by Urban Affairs and Cooperating Raleigh Colleges. Project involves 5 studios and, therefore, 5 School of Design faculty. Project involves a total o 28 faculty and approximate 90 students. Through community group participation, large number of women and Blacks are involved (see attached diagram).		
Charrette Project (Faretteville Technical Inst.)			X	Charrette project involving Department of Architectural faculty and architectural technology students. Initial charrette held in 1972 was successful and will serve as a model for future cooperative project		
* e.g., Number of persons involved a	nd/or or	her meas	res of u	tilisation.		



PURPOSE: To provide a set of aims and goals for Releigh as a cool for planning

To provide a vehicle for training graduate students in the School of Design, Center for Erban Affairs and Community Services, N.C. State University and Cooperating Raleigh Colleges



INTEPINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

	,	CATEGORY		
		as appro		4
		Student		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM
Title of Arrangement	(1)	Exchange (2)	(3)	(4)
	}			}
Two-Two Transfer Programs in Conservation, Recreation, and Pulp and Paper Technology - Fayetteville State University		×		Since established in 1971, no students have transferred to NCSU
Two-Two Transfer Programs in FOR, CON, REC, WPS & PPT - Tuskeges	ļ			No students since established in 1968
Institute]	×		In 1706
Two-Two and Two-Three Programs in Forestry - North Carolina A & T State University		x		In the process of being establish
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e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or of	her meas	res of p	tilization.
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INTERNISTRATIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

PEMBROKE STATE UNIVERSITY

AND GIVER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

Title of Arrangement Title of Arrangement Title of Arrangement Agriculture Transfer Program (w/ NCSU) Transfer Program (w/Southeastern Comm.) Transfer Program (w/Coastal Carolina Comm.) Cooperative Library Improvement (w/UNC-W) Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	Other	AGN1TUDE OF PROCEASE (4)
Title of Arrangement Agriculture Transfer Program (w/ NCSU) Transfer Program (w/Southeastern Comm.) Transfer Program (w/Coastal Carolina Comm.) Cooperative Library Improvement (w/UNC-W) Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	Programs MA	
Agriculture Transfer Program (w/ NCSU) Transfer Program (w/Southeastern Comm.) Transfer Program (w/Coastal Carolina Comm.) Cooperative Library Improvement (w/UNC-W) Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IllDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)		
Agriculture Transfer Program (w/ NCSU) Transfer Program (w/Southeastern		
Transfer Program (w/Coastal Carolina Comm.) Cooperative Library Improvement (w/UNC-W) Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)		
Carolina Comm.) Cooperative Library Improvement (w/UNC-W) Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)		
Library Catalog Cooperative (w/St. Andrews) Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)		
Library Joint Use Project (w/St. Andrews) Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Fitle IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	x	
Institutional Development (w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IliDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	х	
(w/Sandhills Comm.) Institutional Development (w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IIIDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	×	
(w/Southeastern Comm.) Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm.) Title IliDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	×	
Title IliDevelopment & Expansion of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	×	
of Resources (a Southern Region Bilateral arrangement)	×	
	×	
Computer Informal (a national bilateral arrangement)	x	
Science Curriculum Development HEW Title (w/NCSU, UNC-W)	×	
* e.g., Number of persons involved and/or other measu	res of utilizati	ion.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVENCE

PEMBROKE STATE UNIVERSITY

	(4)	CATEGORY		
		as appro		{
	Lacalty	Student	Other	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMA
minter of A		Exchange	rrograms	
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Library Improvement Assistance (w/Mount Olive, Wayne Comm.)			×	
Conversion to LC Classification (w/Mount Olive, Wayne Comm.)			×	
Advancement Studies (w/Wayne Comm., ECU)			x	
Library Reclassification (w/Sandhill Gomm., Wayne Comm.)	S		×	
Fransfer Program (w/Fayetteville Fechnical Institute)		×		
Transfer Program (w/Anson Technical Institute)		×		
Transfer Program (w/Richmond Technical Institute)		×		
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* c.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of b	rilization.
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THICK-MOTITUTIONAL COOFERSTOVE ARRANCEMENTS INVOLVED

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT ASHEVILLE

•	CATECORY (check as appropriate			
i		Student	Ocher	
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM* .
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Acteville Graduate Center (w/UNC-G)		x		83 students have participated
Classical Ctudies Consortium (w/UNC-CH)		х		Established fall 1972
Commeil on Wesearch & Public Service (w/ASU, ECU, ECSU, EST, NCA&T, NCCU, NCUA, NCSU, ECU, UNC-A, UNC-CH, UNC-C, UNC-G, ENC-W, WEU, WSSU)			x	Dr George Kramer represents UNC- on the council
Council on Continuing Education (w/ADD.ECU. ECSU. PSU. NCA&T. NCCU. NCBA. NCBU. PSU. UNC-A UNC-CH UNC-C. UNC-G. UNC-W. WSU. WSSU)			х	Dr George Kramer represents UNC- on the council
Engineering Operations Program (w/NCSU)			x	I student finished Jan 1973 and transfered to NCSU-4 students withdrew from program and earned degree in physics at UNC-A, 6 students currently in program
Environments of N.C. (w/UNC-W)		×		A comparative biological study of the environments of the mountains and sea coast - 12 UNC-A and 12 UNC-W students for 6 hours credit
Facility Sharing (w/WCU)			х	Facilities made available for extension programs
Graduate program in Social Work (w/UNC-CH)			x	UNC-A facilities are made available to UNC-CH faculty who bring the program to the residents of Western North Carolina
M.C. Educational Computing Service (w/ASU Ab Technical Institute. Relmont Abbey College, Bennett College Campbell College, Central Riedmont Comm. College College of the Albemarle, ECUL Caston College Guilford College, High Point College Lenoir Comm. College Lenoir-Rhyne College NCA & TSU. Pfeiffer College Queens College, Bockingham Comm College, St. Andrews Fresb College Salem College, SNC-A, Wake Forest, Garren-Wilson College, Western Fiedme	,	·	x	Students in biology, chemistry, economics education history, mathematics physics, political science, psychology, sociology statistics benefit from arrangement
Salem College, UNC-A, Wake Forest, Arren-Wilson College, Western Fiedmo Comm. College Comm. College Comm. College	ont and/or o	ther meas	res of a	tilization.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT ASHEVILLE

	1.2.2.	CATEGORY		1
		as appro		4
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM*
Title of Arrangement	(I)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Studies Abroad Program (w/UNC-C,				
UNC-CH)			х	Students from N.C. attend classes at Oxford Univ. England during summer: 40 in 1969. 48 in 1970. 45 in 1971. 65 in 1972, and 80 registered for 1973
University of North Carolina Television (w/UNC-CH)			x	Sociology of Education by Dr. Walte Boland fall 1972; 16 students for credit
UNC-A Mars Hill Limited Consortium		х		5 students attended Mars Hill for Educ & Foreign Languages, 1972
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່∻ ະ.g., Number of persons involv£o	and/or of	her measp	res of p	tilízation.
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

	CATECORY (Flood as appropriate)			
		Student		
		Exchange	i l	MAGNITHER OF PROGRAMA
Titly of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Graduate Minor in Water Resources (w/NCSU)		×		Twenty public health, two city & regional planning
Institute of Statistics (w/NCSU)		`	x	Issuance of Institute of Statistics Mimeo Series (technic reports in statistics field published by the Department of Biostatistics & Department of Experimental Statistics, NCSU). The Mimeo Series has a world- wide distribution.
Graduate Programs & Research in Marine Sciences (w/NCSU)	:	×		Twenty-five.
Institute of Environmental Health Studies (w/NCSU)		x		Thirty.
Reciprocal Agreement with UNC-Duke		x		History = 3 Duke students coming to UNC.
Psychoanalytic Training Program (w/Duke)		x		
nformal Consortium on International	1		x	
oint M.DM.P.H. Program (w/Duke)		x		Three.
Cooperative Program in Russian and Cast European Studies (w/Duke)			x	History = 4 faculty, 12 to 15 graduate students.
Duke-UNC Cooperative Program in cast Asian Studies (w/Duke)			x	History = one faculty member.
oint Program in Urban Design w/NCSU)	x			Ten to twelve a year.
ndustrial Ventilation Conference w/NCSU)	i i	; ! !	×	One-hundred and fifty.
lanning and Design in Transportation	on .		x	One to two year; two separate degrees awarded.
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HITTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE AIRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

Chreck as appropriate) Faculty Student Exchange Exchange (1) Cooperative Program in Slavic (1) Cooperative Program in Slavic Studies (w/Duke) A Pilot Study of the Social and Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/NCSU) Internship Program (w/Rockingham Comm.) UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	
Title of Arrangement Title of Arrangement Cooperative Program in Slavic Studies (w/Duke) A Pilot Study of the Social and Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/NCSU) Internship Program (w/Rockingham Comm.) UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter	ł
Title of Arrangement Cooperative Program in Slavic Studies (w/Duke) A Pilot Study of the Social and Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/NCSU) Internship Program (w/Rockingham Comm.) UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter.	
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Studies (w/Duke) A Pilot Study of the Social and Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/NCSU) Internship Program (w/Rockingham Comm.) UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.G. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (am inter.	
Educational Impact of School Desegregation in North Carolina (w/NCSU) Internship Program (w/Rockingham Comm.) UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	•
UNC Undergraduate Extension Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	pleted
Journalism (w/UNC-C) M.A.T. Internship (w/Surry Comm.) Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.G. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	
Center for Environmental Studies (w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	
(w/NCSU) Archeological Excavation on W.W.C. Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary Engineering Design (an inter-	
Site of Cherokee Village (w/Warren Wilson) International Program in Sanitary x Twenty-year. Engineering Design (an inter-	
Engineering Design (an inter-	
national bilateral arrangement)	
Upward Bound Project (w/WSSU, UNC-G, NC A & T, Mars Hill, N.C. Wesleyan)	
Interchange of Graduate Students x One graduate atude (w/NCSU, Duke) x taking Geology, two minors from NCSU.	
Mass Spectrometry Center for x Research Triangle Region (w/Duke WCSU)	
Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory (Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory)(w/Duke, NCSU)	
Multiversity Program (w/Duke, Bowmen-Gray School of Medicine)	
(w/Duke, NCSU) Reaearch Triangle.	ientists fr
erry, sector of a room to cotven bud/or other measures of dilliction.	

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

		CATEGORY		
Į		as appro	<u>priate)</u>	
		Student	Other	
		Exchange		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Piedmont Urban Policy Conference (w/UNC-G, UNC-C)	,		×	
Wrightsville Beach Marine Biomedica Laboratory (now part of UNC-W)	1		x	
Southern Water Resources & Pellution Control Conference (w/Duke)			×	One_hundred and fifty.
Joint Program in Urban Affairs (%/NCSU, UNC-C)	x			
Research Triangle Institute (w/ NGSU, Duke)			ж	
Triangle Universities Computation Center (w/Duke, NCSU)			×	The major source of computing power for all three universitie Annual budget for TUCC is about \$1.5 million.
Cooperative Medical Libraries Acquisition Program (w/Duke, Bowman-Gray School of Medicine)			×	
Regional Medical Program (w/Duke, Bowman-Gray School of Medicine)			×	Terminating July 1, 1973.
Cancer Information ServiceNCRMP (w/Duke, Bowman_Gray School of Medicine)			×	
Council on Research * Public Service (w/NCSU, UNC-C, UNC_C, UNC-A, UNC-W)			×	
Air Pollution Consortium (w/NCSU, Duke)			×	Fifty.
Water Resources Research Institute (w/NCSU, UNG-C, ECU, Duke)			×	Twenty public health, 3 city an regional planning.
Southern Municiple & Industrial Waste Conference (w/NCSV, Duke)			×	
Sarine Science Sea Grant (w/NCSU, UNC-W, ECU, Col. of the Albemarle)		ļ	×	Botany - one faculty member, on student.
Corper forcer of persons involved :	md/or o	lier meas	ares of p	tilization.

GNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL.

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Title of Traction	(1)			<u> </u>
Mid-Atlantic RegionRegional Medical Library Program (w/Duke, Bowman-Gray School of Medicine)			×	
Center for Research in College Instruction in Science & Mathematics (w/Duke, NGSU)			×	
Highlands Biological Station, Inc. (w/buke, NCSU, Wake Forest, N.C. Wesleyan, WCU)			×	
University Cooperative Program & Committee in Statistics (SREB) (w/Duke, FSU)			x	Publishes an annual summary of Graduate Schools of Statistics in the South, and has an annual convention.
Revitalization of Physics Program Project (w/UNC-C, UNC-U, Central Picdmont Comm., Western Picdmont Comm., Rockingham Comm., Warren Wilson, NC A & T, Kittrell, Pfeiffe	r)		x	Federal funding terminated.
Intercollegiate Center for Classica Studies (Rome)(w/Duke)	1		x	1972-73 = two faculty members, one student from UNC, 28 students & 3 faculty from other American University.
Cooperative Oceanographic Program (w/Duke, NCSU, ECU)	×		ļ	
Organization for Tropical Studies (w/Duke, NCSU)	×	İ	[] }	Botany - one faculty.
Inter-University Consortium for Political Research (w/Duke)			×	
UNC-Duke Cooperative Program in Humanities		Ì	ж ; !	
Highway Safety Res. Center (w/NCSU)			× į	
Consortium of Five N.C. State Baccalaureate Nursing Programs (UNC-CH, UNC-G, UNC-G, ECU, WCU)	×		×	This is a continuing education project which has been approved but not, as yet, funded.
Four State Consortium to Improve Graduate Education	x	x .		A proposed consortium of the graduate nursing faculties in Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia and N.C. Proposal has been submitted
the second of the second	37		• •	to NIH.



INTEROSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGINGERS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

		CATECORY		
•	(check	as appro	oriate)	
		Student		
•	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM.
Title of Arrentament	(1)	(2)	(š)	(4)
Duke-UNC Cooperative Judaic Studies Program	ж .	x		
Geological Research Programs - Coastal Plain & Shore Processes (w/Duke, UNC_C, UNC_W, NCSU)		×		
Cooperative Program in Russian & Ea European Studies (w/Duke)	st		×	Faculty members: 17 from UNC, 10 from Duke.
Universidad Catolica de Chile (an international bilateral arrangement)		x	Two faculty, two students.
Facultad Latinoémericana de Ciencia Sociales (an international bilatera arrangement)			x	One faculty, four students.
Cooperative Program in Latin Americ Studies (w/Duke)	an		×	Sixty-two faculty (47 from UNC, 15 from Duke)
Pharmacist-Physician's Associate Training Program (w/Duke)		x		Seven students have entered the program, and five have remained.
Planning the Role of Higher Education in Winston-Salem (w/WSSU, Wake Forest, Salem College, NC School of the Arts)		·	x į	Five.
Center for the Study of Desegregation (w/NCCU)			×	Three.
Institute of Speech & Hearing Sciences (w/Duke)	x		x	One faculty member at Duke has a clinical assistant professorshi with us and atudents receive clinical practicum training in several clinical settings at Duke
Annual Joint Meeting of the Erasmus Club of Duke and the Philological Club of UNC	x		×	A public lecture by a distinguish faculty member of one of the institutions. The two universiti alternate years in providing the spesier and the place.
Postitute of Policy Sciences & Public Affairs (UNC Faculty Member teaching course in Health Policy) (w/Duke)			x	Two students, one faculty.
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DIFFERENCE FOR LODGE COOPERATIVE ARMSGLEENTS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, HARCH, 1973

	l ,	CATEGORY		
•		as appro	oriate) Other	
		Student Exchange	• 1	MACHITUDE OF PROGRAMA
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Duke/UNC Occasional Papers on Soviet Emput/Output (w/Duke)			×	One faculty, one student.
Sociology-NSF Undergraduate Researc	h I	×		Students from Shaw, Guilford, Bennett, NC A & T. (One Student from each.)
Mass Spectrometry Center (Chemistry	þ		x	Approximately 1000 samples/year are submitted by scientists in the region.
Southern Medical Schools Consortium	•		×	Thirty-two southern medical schools.
Dental Laboratory Technician Program (w/Durham Technical Institute)	×			One student.
Research of Immunology of Periodontal Disease (w/Duke)	×			One student.
Intern Tesching Experience in Dental Auxiliary Teaching Education				
(w/Wayne Comm. College, Goldsboro, N. C.)	x	×	.	One student, 5 faculty,
(w/Guilford Technical Institute, Jamestown, N.C.)	x	x		One student, 5 faculty.
(w/Durham Technical Institute, Durham, N.C.)	x	x		One student, 5 faculty.
Graduate Residence Center for M.A. in Latin or Greek (w/UNC-A)			×	UNC-A faculty to offer UNC-CH courses in Asheville.
Cooperative Library Borrowing Program (w/the other 15 institution of UNC)	S		x	Faculty members & graduate study of all institutions are eligible Approx. 600 individuals at UNC-C now hold system-wide I.D. cards entitling them to borrow from other libraries. Utilization of UNC-CH library by faculty & students of other institutions estimated at 1,800.
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, BANCH, 1973

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		(<u>di. 1992)</u> Estadait		
	Exchange	Exchange	Priestage	PACRITUDE OF PROCRAM?
Title of Ask ingerent	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
From the Commission of the Com				1
Joint Library Book Truck Delivery Program (w/the libraries of Duke, Duke Medical Center, NCSU, N.C. State Library & Research Triangle organizations.)			×	Approx. 6,000 volumes per year transferred among these libraries.
Gottingen Exchange Program		×		Each year, 2 students from UNC go to Gottingen on an exchange.
University of Lyon, France		×		UNC sends 2 students to Lyon & receives one from them.
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commercial	es	×		UNC sends i student to the Ecole & receives I from them.
French Government Exchange (Paris)	•	×		UNC sends l student & receives l in exchange.
<pre>lnstitute of Nutrition (w/UNC_G, NCSU)</pre>	×			250 faculty members.
 N.C. Health Manpower Program a) summer program b) recruitment & counseling prog c) projected regional centers for career guidance 		x x x	х . х х	lnvolves a Consortium of Universities and Health Centers, & is projected to include the UNC system.
Office of Allied Health Sciences (This is not a formal arrangement)			x	Represents UNC's interest in helping to strengthen Allied Health Programs with community & senior colleges. Particular assistance has been given to WSSU, NCSU, & Elizabeth City State University.
Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory (w/Duke & NCSU)	x	×	×	Twelve.
Craduate Social Work Program 1) w/UNC_A 2) w/UNC_C 3) w/ECU 4) w/UNC_W Continuum education agreements being developed between graduate social work program at UNC_CH & CSWE approved undergraduate school			x x x x	Nine students Sixteen students Nine students Seven students Faculties of all schools involved.
at A & T, ECU, Meredith, Livingsto UNG_G, WCU.	,	l L Lance to		er kan di foma
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

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Title of Arrange and	(1)	Eschange (2)	(3)	MAGRITUDE OF PROGRAS!
Inter-Institutions! Registration (w/UNC-G, NCSU, Duke, NGCU, UNC-C) Students from these institutions may take courses at any of the participating institutions while registered on their home campus. No cost.		×		100-120 students/year
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL Child Development Institute

ARE OTUTE INDICATOTIONS, MARCH, 1973

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	Paculty	i di ofent.	priate) Other	HACRETTONE OF TROUBLES :
Tible of Arrangement	(1)	Pxchange (2)		(4)
Sampson County Pianning Project			х	Professional consultation for county wide early education development.
Technical Assistance/DF		<u> </u> 	x	Planning and evaluation assistance to developmental disabilities councils in 56 states & terricori-
Technical Assistance Egyclopment Systems (TAES)			x	Professional coasultation for planning and evaluation to 90 HCEF Centers
Title III			х	Cooperative program Chapet Hill City Schools for acadestration and evaluation of public school programs for educable retarded chitdren.
Chapel Hill Public School Kundergarten			`x	Joint operation of the state supported kindergarten in institute facilities
Day Care Staff Training (Darham Technical Institute)	х			Average of 70 students per year
Mental Health Consultation to Day Care Centers (Orange-Person-Chathan Mental Health Center)	la d		x	On site training and evaluation to 40 day care centers in tracounty area (staff equivalent to 200)
Pulmonary Function Laboratory for Young Children (EPA)			X	Provision of laboratory facilities for EPA computer installation.
* conc. Bember of persons involved	and/or c	Ther ness	eres of	Hilimation.



INTERINGTIATIONAL COOPERATIVE AREAGENESS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

Carolina Population Center AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

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	(chack	CATEGORY appro		
•		Student	Other	
Title of Arrangement		lixchange (2)		MACROPHER OF Dinouties (A)
				full-mails are lacout account to a fire
1. Assistance to the Institute for Population and Social Pesearch at Hahldol University, Bangkok, Thailand (an international, molti-lateral agreement).		•	×	full-ettim re inout occurs occide
2. Assistance to the Faculty of Mutrition and Dictatics, Pontifical University Javariana, Bogota, Golombia (a joing curriculum development and responsible parentheod action research program).			х .	full-cine resident - ma - mi -
3. Assistance to the Instituto de Estudios superiores de Administra- cion, Garacas, Venezuela (a joint program to provide management skills input to reponsible parent-bood programs).	•		х	
4. Assistance to Pahlavi Universit Shiraz, Iran (a population program development project).	,, ·		×	÷
5. Assistance to the International Population Policy Consortium (an international; multi-lateral group of universities involved in population policy action research).			×	
6. Assistance to the University Fogulation Program's International	,		×	
Study Group (an international, multi-lateral group of university heads studying the phenomena associated with the development of university-based population programs).		•		
7. Assistance to the University of Chana, Accra, Ghana (an international, multi-lateral project of population program development	·		×	full-time resident reases a dis-
and action research).				
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL

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A TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY		CATEGO'S	······································	-
į		as apare		j
		Student		
		Exclampe		
Title of Arcons Sent	(1)	(2)	_(3:	(4)
Institute on Industrial Development	•			Week-long course in induscrial development conducted by Dr. Barry Moriarty for selected officials disum from public utilities, benker and state divisions and who are involved with developmental policie Joint activity - Geography Department of Natural and Economic Resources, Division of Industrial, fourist and Commonity Lesources. Involved some participation by students in Dr. Poriarty's course in industrial development.
Pac-Chapel Hill - Army Ronearch ** Office Project				Research project entitled Meno Climatic Influences on the BCT Index for Measuring Beat Stress in Individuals." Dr. Richard Kopec - Bept. of Geography, USC-Ca, and Dr. Arthor Bodd of Army Geography Office, Durham. Joint study which will probably employ two students from Geography Repartment in a research capacity.
C.P. & L - Robinson research ** project.				Study sponsored by C.P. & 1. to measure characteristics of the atmosphere-waterhody interface. Dr. Peter Robinson of the Dept. of Geography, UNC-CH will be the chief investigator. Will employ at least one student as research assistant.
** Final confirmation not yet obtained projects will get final approval b	although	there se	ems 1.0 b	e little doubt that the
Wirege, Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	wes of	atilization.

INTERINGTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVE at

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHARLOTTE

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		CATEGORY		1
		as appro		
		Student		
		Exchange		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	
Social Work courses at Charlotte (w/UNC-CH)		x		Interinstitutional arrangement for enrollment in courses: 12 students fall 1972-73, 12 student spring 1972-73.
Internship Program in Community Education and Service (w/Charlotte Area Educational Consortium)	×	x		Sixty students, 6 faculty. Academic credit and payment for services for approved projects.
Charlotte Area Educational Consor- tium (w/Barber-Scotia, Belmont Abbey, Gaston, Davidson, Johnson C. Smith, Central Piedmont Comm., Queens, Sacred Heart, and Wingate)		х		Student exchange 1972-73 academic year: 53 students at UNC-C from other institutions, 107 UNC-C students at other institutions.
Annual Conference of Presidents of Community Colleges and Technologica Institutions (w/Comm. Colleges)	1		x	Fifty-six college presidents and Department of Community Colleges, N. C. State Board of Education.
Piedmont Urban Policy Conference, Inc.			х	UNC-C's Institute for Urban Studies and Community Service serves as the secretariat for this statewide non-profit organization - 72 members.
Council on Urban Affairs			×	Coordinate program development through Office of Vice President for Research and Public Service Programs, Ceneral Administration, The University of North Carolina.
North Carolina Environmental Education Program (The University of North Carolina)	×	×	×	Coordinated through N. C. State University - conferences, seminar monographs, speakers bureau.
Metrolina Library Association (w/Davidson, Duke, Catawba, Queens, Central Piedmont Comm., Johnson C. Smith, Pfeiffer, Sacred Heart, Wingate)	•		x	Also, representatives from municipal libraries.
÷ e.g., Kumber of persons involved	and/or o	ler meas	ores of p	tilization.



INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHARLOTTE

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARGE, 1923

 -		CATEGORY		
		as appro		4
		Student	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROCRAM*
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Council on Continuing Education Programs (The University of North Carolina			ж	Coordinated program development through Office of Vice President for Research and Public Service Programs, General Administration The University of North Carolina Designated representative from each campus.
Charlotte Area Educational Consorti Writers Workshop	um X	×		Forty participants.
Community Service and Continuing Education Center			x	Coordinates Title I efforts through Higher Education Act of 1965 for Charlotte Area Educa- tional Consortium.
Law Enforcement and Administration Program	14 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	x		Transfer of A.A. degree holders of Police Science from community colleges to UNC-C. Students at freshman and sophomore level take courses through Charlotte Area Educational Consortium. Ninety majors in program, spring 1973.
Council on Research and Public Service Programs (The University of North Carolina)	•		X	Research administrators from the campuses of The University of North Carolina.
				•
் ட.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	res of u	tilization.



INTERINSTITUTION COMPLICATIVE ARGUMENTALIO COSO COM

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT GREENSBORO AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		CATEGORY		
		as appro		
		Student	Other .	
	Exchange	Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
file of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	<u> </u>			
•				
Graduate Student Cooperation		X		12 students (from N.C. State U)
(w/NCSU) .	!	!		
•	i :		j :	
daster of Industrial Engineering	}	х		42 students
Program (w/NCSU)	}	,		
r. Draw (a) Hand				
Asheville Graduate Center		X		,
w/UNC-A))	•		
(w/dac-x)				
			!	0 D - 1
Faculty/Course exchange (Physics)	X	Х		2 Faculty
(w/NCA&T State U)	i		!	10 UNC-G students
	,		: I	7 NC A&T SU students
			- [
*Student exchange (w/UNC-CH)			1 1	22 students (13 from UNC-CH
- '				9 from UNC-G)
			!	
Greensboro Regional Consortium		x		47 students to snd from UNC-G
(w/Bennett, Greensboro, Guilford,		- 1		
ligh Point, NC A&T SU)			i j	
right Point, NC AGE 30)	1	•		
	· ·]	·		## 1
Coordinated undergraduate program		Х	X	56 students
n social welfare (w/NC A&T SU)	ĺ	ſ	ľ	6 faculty
(Joint planning and supervision	. 1			
of field experience)	i			
_	{	ļ	1	
Project Upward Bound (w/NC A&T SU) . }	- 1	X	Summer 1972: 100 students
(Joint program)	į	!	1	
	ŀ	ļ	1	
Joint Program for Summer Study	1		. x	1972: 20 UNC-G students at
Abroad (w/Guilford)	ı	ļ	. !	2 centers
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	į	. [
INC-G Extension courses at	ľ	1	x	277 course enrollments
Guilford Technical Institute	ŀ		* +	277 COULDE CHIOITMENES
Willord technical institute	1	· · i	į	
	ĺ	ļ.	x	201
JNC-G Extension courses at	į		^	301 course enrollments
Randolph Technical Institute	:	•		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Graduate cooperation in Textiles (ĺ	X [X	Student exchange included above
and in Food Science (w/NC State U))	}		in Graduate Student Cooperation
	i	ļ		. (w/NC State U)
	i	1		Faculty research is also involve
	1	1	,	·
Population Center (w/UNC-CH)	4	- 1	x (Faculty and graduate research i
	j	1	ļ	Geography, Home Economics and
1	ļ		[Sociology.
1	ì	1	ì	
<u> </u>	,		Ĭ	•
*e.g. Number of persons involve	and/or	other mea	ures of u	itilization.
÷ 1	1	- 1		,



INTERHISTIAULIUNAN COOPENCELVE ARMAGERIANIS Our

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT GREENSBOPO AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		CATEGORY		-	
		as appro			
	Exchange		Other Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM	
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Coordinated use of clinical facilities in Nursing (w/GTI - and NC A&T SU)	77	,	х	118 UNC-G students 118 NC A&T SU students 48 GTI students	
Cooperative planning for use of facilities at NC Baptist Respital in Nursing (w/WSSU & Forsyth Technical Institute)			'X	75 WSSU students 40 FTI students 175 NCBH students 72 UNC-G students	
N.C. Educational Computing Service (w/most N.C. schools and colleges)		į	х	•	
Joint planning and student selection for 1973 Summer interm ships in Government and Politics of Greensboro (w/Greensboro Consortium schools)			х		
Council on Research and Public Service (w/NC State U, UNC-CH, UNC-G, UNC-A, UNG-W)			x		
All-University Nutrition Council (w/NC State U, UNC-CH)			x		
Environmental Education (w/ASU, ECU, FSU, NCCU, UNC-C, UNC-CH, WCU, NC State U)		х.'		•	
Piedmont Urban Policy Conference (w/UNC-CH, UNC-C)			x		
Research in Home Economics (w/NC State U)		•	x		
Library: Cooperative Lending Agreement (16 UNC campuses plus Duke)	•		x		
Library: Lending rights for Consortium students (w/Bennett, Greensboro, Guilford, High Point NC A&T SU)	,	'	x		
Southeastern Library Network. (computer-based bibliography) (w/84 institutions)			x		



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, UMBGH, 1973

		CATEGGEY		
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		Sendent		
įı		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
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re-Forestry Program (m/NCSU)	i	×		
,,,				
re-Engineering (w/NCSU)	1	×		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
re-Agriculture (w/NCSU)		x		}
	į		ļ	
. C. Educational Computing Service			×	
w/UNC-A, UNC-G, ASU, ECSU, NCA&T,	į			1
ICCU, ECU, WCU, Central Piedmont			ì	ĺ
Comm. Col., Col. of Albemarle, Gaston	,		ļ	
enoir Co. Comm., Rockingham Comm.,	'		-	
estera Piedmont Comm., Belmont Abber	,	ļ	ļ	
ennett, Campbell, Guilford, High	•	l	1	
Coint lands Phys. Scitter a			ļ	•
oint, Lenoir Rhyne, Pfeiffer, Queens	i	i	[-	
t. Andrews, St. Augustine's, Salem,		!	l	
ake Forest, Warren Wilson)		i	!	
]		•
niversity Council on Research		1	×	
w/ncsu, unc-ch, unc-g, unc-c, unc-a,			1	
CU, ECSU, WCU, PSU, NCCU, NCASTU,		1	ļ	İ
SSU, FSU, ELAU)		ţ	1	
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niversity Council on Public Service		!	* *	
rograms (w/NCSU, UNC-CH, UNC-G, UNC-	C.	Ì		
NC-A, ECU, ECSU, WCU, PSU, NCCU,	•	· ·	ſ	
CAATU, WSSU, FSU, BGSU)		!	<u> </u>	
		1		
arine Science Sea Grant (w/UNC-CH.		1	×	
CSU, ECU)		1	, 	
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nter-Institutional Research Cooperat	ion.	Į.	Į "	•
Title III w/PSU)	2 04 ·	!	×	}
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ducational Computing HAMSTER		!		
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Title III w/PSU, Southeastern Comm.		1		
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ibraries by which we borrow from and			1	
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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON

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polynomia, same	ti c isaqp (1)	Eschents (a)	(3)	Macai (4)
University of North Carolina Coopera Library Lending Agreement: An agreement between the participating convertes of the University of North Carolina by which faculty, administrative officers, professional members officers, professional members officers and graduate studen are permitted staff privileges and home use borrowing from all libraries of the participating institutions.	i- ts		X	
Southeastern Library Network (SOLINE Tarough the use of electronic data processing and telecommunications, the interlibrary network of 84 member libraries throughout the ten southern states now being organized will make available the bibliographic record and resources of the member libraries for use of all of the other libraries.	:		X	
The North Carolina State Library File Service: Through an agreement with the North Carolina State Library, Films may be borrowed by institutions throughout the State.			x	
Marine Literature: Serial Publication in Libraries of the Coastal Plains Region. Pt. 11, North Carolina, March, 1973: Through a contract agreement with the Coastal Plains Center for Marine Development Service and the University of North Carolina at Wilmington, William Madison Randall Library, the work on the above publication has just been completed. This is a listing of serial in the marine and related environment sciences found in 31 libraries in North Carolina with their location designations.	≥8		X	
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INTEPINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATIVE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

WESTERN CAROLINA UNIVERSITY

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		CATEGORY		
\	(check	as appro	priate)	1
!		Student	Other	1
		Exchange	Programs	MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAMS
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Pre-Forestry Program (w/NCSU)		x		Approximately 50 enter the program yearly. Approximately 12-15 students transfer to upper level forestry programs yearly.
Environmental Education (w/ASU, ECU, FSU, NCCU, UNC-C, UNC-CH, UNC-G, NCSU, Duke)	•		×	Provide help in developing a state plan for environmental education for N.C. and adult education opportunities.
Highlands Biological Station, Inc. (w/Duke, UNC-Ch, NCSU, Wake Forest, Wesleyan College (Ga.), Clemson, Emory, Florida State, University of Florida, University of Georgia, University of Tennessee, Vanderbilt)		×	Research activity supported by member institutions. Basic biological research in Southern Appalachian, research facilities are used by at least 100 facult members/students annually. Facilities are also used for scientific conferences.
Agriculture Transfer Program (w/NCSU)		×		Five to 6 students annually enrolled.
Physical Science Group of the College of the Sacred Heart (w/S.W. Minnesota State and Rhode Island State)			×	Curriculum development program for preparing Physics-Chemistry teachers.
Planning & Zoning Education in Western North Carolina (w/ASU, Surry Comm. Col., Isothermal Comm. Col., Western Piedmont Comm. Col., Caldwell Comm. Col., Mayland Tech, Wilkes Comm. Col., Catawba Valley Tech.)			×	Provide land use planning and education for citizens of N.C.
·				
* c.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	iper measi	res cf	tilization.

THIER STATE THORAL GOOD DRAIN VE ARRANGEMENTS INVOLVING

WINSTON-SALEM STATE UNIVERSITY

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973.

				<u> </u>
		CATEGORY		
Į		as appro		
		Student		
		Exchange		
Title of Arrangement	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Winston-Salem State & Bowman-Gray Agreement (w/Bowman-Gray School of Medicine)			×	See next page.
Picdmont University Center (w/Barber Scotia, Belmont Abbey, Bennett, Catawba, Davidson, Elon, Greensboro Guilford, High Point, Johnson C. Smith, Lenoir Rhyne, Livingstone, Mars Hill, Pfeiffer, Queens, St. Andrews, Salem, Wake Forest, NC A & T, N.C. School of the Arts)			3 8	
Upward Bound Project (w/UNC-CH, UNC-G, NC A & T, Mars Hill, N.C. Wesleyan)	•		x	
Six Institution Consortium (w/ Barber-Scotia, Bennett, Livangstone St. Augustine's, Shaw)			x ·	
Academic Urban Affairs Consortium of Winston-Salem (w/Salem, Wake Forest, N.C. School of the Arts)		·	x	•
Cooperative College Development ProgramTitle III (w/ECSU, FSU, Livingstone)			x	
College Placement Services Consortium (w/Barber-Scotia, Bennett, ECSU, Johnson C. Smith, Livingstone, NC A & T, NCCU, FSU, St. Augustine's, Shaw) "			x	
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WINSTON-SALEM STATE UNIVERSITY

AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS, MARCH, 1973

		_	_	
		CATEGORY		
	(chack	as appro		
	Faculty		Other	
		Exchange		MAGNITUDE OF PROGRAM*
Title of Arrangement	(1)		(3)	(4)
7 Le 10 OF M1 Langement	(1)	(2)	(2)	
	<u> </u>			
WSSU School of Nursing with Forsy	ь (×	Seventy-five students.
Medical Park, N. C. Baptist Hosp				ocvency-1100 a statement
Amos Cottsge, Forsyth Health Dep				
V. A. Hosp. in Salisbury, Family				
Planning Program of Forsyth,				
Forsyth Dep.t of Mental Health,	l i			
MediCenter				
		:		,
	! !			
Teacher Corps			×	Twenty-four,
-				
	Į į			
WSSU and Salem College - an Inter	ļ., I		×	
institutional cooperative			_ ^	
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arrangement whereby physical				
facility (auditorium) of Salem	!			
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* e.g., Number of persons involved	and/or o	ther meas	pres of	tilization.
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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

TABLE 8.

ADDENDIX UNC-44

HOME COUNTY OF IN-STATE UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS IN THE UNIVERSITY

OF NORTH CAROLINA BY INSTITUTION EALL 1973

											1						
COUNTY	ASU	ECU	ECSU	FSU	NCA&T	NCCU	NCSA	NCSU	PSV	UNC-A	UNC-CH	UNC-C	D-DNC	UNC-W	MCIL	WSSU	TOTAL
Alamance Alexander Alleghany Anson Ashe	185 40 22 24 93	173 3 2 17		07	87.9	44	2:1	23222	10	11112	275 19 8 50 50	. 92 2 3	185 10 7 19 15	. 1 2 2 8	65 11 9 7	20 1 1 17	1,404 113 65
Avery Beaufort Bertie Bladen Brunswick	77 10 2 22 10	205 80 26 26 18	28 28 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	14 39 10	10 10 34 19	28 28 13	(=111	12 63 19 38	1 2 2 73 10 10	~	8 71 24 45 21	10104	3 7 15 8	2 4 29 102	8118	1866	119 455 218 363 250
Buncombe Burke Cabarrus Caldvell Camden	133 151 133 203	49 26 24 9	39 1 1 3	14110	33 22 18	22 8 23 8 8	94191	208 67 102 58 2	11555	689 8 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	260 110 126 79 5	30 16 287 14	62 28 51 18	1000a	637 109 68 39	23 8 14 8	2,164 537 885 479 63
Carteret Casvell Catawba Chatham Cherokee	5 15 230 19 3	121 4 38 22 3	# e e + +	11 22 .	14 21 6 6 1	122 129 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 13	11416	51 22 186 61 13	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 4 4 50	84 11 181 98 13	4 9 8 6 6 1	. 14 . 12 74 22 5	32 1 38 1	7 6 115 11 89	1 9 S R I	372 137 954 329 134
Chowan Clay Cleveland Columbus Craven	3 2 90 27 11	50 13 68 242	3 4 3 3 9	5 7 34 17	6 21 57 44	10 21 22 57	18181	27 89 67 73	1 8 2 2	1 4 6 1 1	21 6 131 95 117	102 6 12	4 19 25 16	. 1 65 12	2 19 149 11	3 11 8 16	182 29 660 571 683
Cumberland Currituck Dare Davidson Davie	94 2 144 21	318 12 25 36 3	21 16 -	203	77 2 31 3	77 1 1 3 3	10 1 27 2 3	322 11 4 145 31	276 1 1 4	41164	368 6 12 143 30	38 2 14 14	85 1 2 133 19	60 1 6 4	75 2 2 65	23 1 13 9	2,333 61 97 802 152
Duplin Durham Edgecombe Forsyth Franklin	8 104 24 329 11	81 214 209 245 32	25 12 1	% 25 24 25 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	37 111 52 138 43	34 723 78 66	t 1 1 t 1	53 344 93 401 84	22 2 9 1	18 18 1	56 672 83 592 51	25 22 238 238	17 107 16 496 16	22 10 8 25 5	7 59 6 174 5	8 30 20 578 10	443 2,433 664 3,336 288

COUNTY	ASU	ECU	ECSU •	FSU	NCAST	NCCU	NCSA	NCSU	PSU	UNC-A	UNC-CH	UNC-C	UNC-G	UNC-W	WCU	MSSU	TOTAL
Gaston	158	88	7	8	32	26	•	154	•		237	260	89	80	148	21	1,166
Gates	7	23	70	∞	12	12	ı	13	1		19	1	6	•	-	2	121
Graham	١	•	ì	1	-	1	ı	H	t	٠	7	•	c	•	74	1	57
Granville	13	77	1	4	30	77	•	51	7	•	62	4	4	ı	'n	_	272
Greene	2	77	4	4.	11	7		10	2	ı	24	1	v	-	•	1	114
Guilford	396	276	'n	φ.	903	105	4	561	14	σ.	841	120	1.865	26	249	45	5,459
Halifav	17	127	5	5	12	74	_	6	,	۱ ۱	8	<u> </u>	16	~	91	1	795
Harnett	34	3	· -	; <u>R</u>	16	19	1.1	9 6	- 61	ι	82	Ŋ	15	<u>،</u> و	1	'n	438
Haywood	38	&	. 1	; ;	•	7	ı	38	ì '	27	67	· "	27	¦ ¬	283	Ś	514
Henderson	77	50	,	2	9	.	•	65	•	85	75	15	16	ı	140	4	477
Hertford	12	17	82	28	38	19	•	~	ı	•	63	ı	11	2	2	c-1	7(17
Hoke	; [26	; -	2 7	17	9 00	1	32	98	1	15	v	1 7	. 47		ı l	173
Hyde	¦ ~	0	'n	<u>ښ</u>	**	4	ı	7	;	F	ν.		-	•	-	-	42
Iredell	113	53	-	- 7	15	9	-	110	-	C)	132	175	97	7	55	10	703
Jackson	Ŋ	2	ı	•	-	•	ı	ď	t	-	25	2	7	ı	423	ı	997
Iohnston	36	133	ve	71	"	33	-	180	-	ı	122	7	91	0	7	=	633
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Lincoln	89	3	1	ı	3	r i	ı	2.1	•	m	45	ž	x c	1	₹	*1	6
McDowe11	85	ឧ	•	•	-	2	ı	23	7	36	78	10	13	٣	70	e	268
Macon	m	•	•	•	•	-	н	11	•	7	12	1	-	١	162	1	193
Madison	7	•	•	•	•	2	•	8	•	20	8	•	2	•	77	•	71
Martin	7	£	9	22	34	56		29	1	t	9	2	10	7	4	σ	389
Mecklenburg	777	287	2	7.	93	66	14	264	Ŋ	13	950	2,457	237	20	335	114	5,648
Mit chel 1	32	1	•	1	1	ı	ı	80	ı	٣	15	S	Ŋ	ı	:	-	83
Montgomery	33	'n	н	7	18	•	•	87	13	•	34	14	13	•	2	2	197
Moore	52	26	-	~	29	7 7	7	83	23	ı	102	14	32	80	12	8	677
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WITE: Home County is the actual origin of the student. Does not necessarily imply residence status for tultion purposes.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT

Preparation of the State Plan for Higher Education and Interim Procedures for Review of New Programs NUMBER 27

DATE January 29, 1974

PART I. DEVELOPMENT OF THE STATE PLAN

The Board of Governors' Committee on Educational Planning, Policies and Programs has given its approval to the following procedures and schedule as the necessary steps in the development of the long-range plan for a coordinated system of higher education, as mandated in GS116-11(1).

A. Definition of Functions, Educational Activities and Academic Programs

The Board of Governors is directed to "determine the functions, educational activities and academic programs of the constituent institutions... [and] the types of degrees to be awarded," and this charge superscdes any previous legislation assigning specific functions or responsibilities to designated institutions [GS116-11(3)].

Accordingly, we have compiled in cooperation with each of you a comprehensive inventory of all academic programs currently offered. In addition, we are continuing to work with you to collect necessary information about other major educational activities of each institution, including organized research, extension and continuing education and public service programs, and necessary information about faculty and other EPA staff.

This process will be completed this spring. It will result in a comprehensive statement of the present functions, educational activities and academic programs (degree programs or equivalent) of all the constituent institutions. These documents will include (1) the inventory of degree programs and options; (2) the academic organization of the institution (departments, divisions, schools and colleges); (3) enrollments; (4) degrees conferred; (5) summary data on faculty and other staffing; (6) library and other basic instructional resources; (7) other major educational and public service programs, and the organization of centers, institutes, and similar agencies, through which these programs are directed; and (8) basic budget data.

This statement of functions, educational activities and academic programs will constitute The University's statewide plan, at this time, as a description of present activities and organization. It will provide to each institution, and to the board of Governors, a basis for evaluating unjor on-going activities in the light of estimated needs and resources, and for assessing needs not now being met.



B. Preparation of a Long-Range Plan

This second and more complex planning task will be carried forward during the remainder of the year, looking toward the submission by the Board of Governors of a comprehensive, long-range plan to the Governor, the Advisory Budget Commission and the members of the General Assembly early in 1975. We believe this plan should be a five-year projection which will then be re-examined and updated on an annual basis.

We anticipate that these necessary steps will be involved:

- 1. The Chancellor of each institution will prepare a Program Development Planning Outline. This institutional planning outline will contain, first, a brief description of new educational activities and academic programs which are presently contemplated over a five-year period. Priorities will be attached to these new activities and programs. These priorities should be related to the existing strength and resources of the institution; they should indicate what new resources, including physical facilities, will be required for any contemplated new activity or program, or how the institution's resources will be rearranged in the event additional resources are not required. This Planning Outline should also indicate any contemplated termination of activities or programs. Amendments and modifications of this Program Development Planning Outline will be proposed by the Chancellor at appropriate intervals.
- 2. The President and the Board of Governors will initiate necessary steps to insure appropriate consultation and liaison with the Department of Community Colleges and with the private institutions, in the preparation of this long-range plan.
- 3. The President and the Board of Governors also will initiate program development planning with respect to particular problems and areas which they may identify. Such planning may, for example, take the form of the comprehensive, University-wide library improvement program submitted by the Board of Governors in its budget request for 1974 1975; for the Board may call upon a particular institution or institutions to initiate specific planning effort in an area which it believes important state needs are not being adequately met but which may not be appropriately included in the individual institutions' Program Development planning. Further, the Board may initiate special studies in areas where there appear to be significant and unnecessary duplication of programs.

Meetings will be requested with your chief academic officers and other senior staff in the immediate future to discuss these procedures and their schedule. Prior to these meetings, please send any comments or questions you may have to Vice Presiden Sanders.

PART II. INTERIM PROCEDURES FOR APPROVAL OF MEN DEGREE PROGRAMS

As the planning offert described in PART I of this Memorandum moves forward, it is important also that we establish procedures for the review of new degree programs. The Cormittee on Educational Flanning, Policies and Programs has for this purpose authorized the interim procedures described herein. These procedures will be followed during the menths it mediately shead, so that each institution can move fermard in meeting investing and it and then we will evaluate these procedures in the light of experience and in conjugation with the development of the long-range plan.



A. Planning Authorization Requests

The first step in these procedures has already been taken. Every institution has submitted Planaing Authorization Requests. Additional requests should be made for degree programs and options equivalent to a major and for major changes in existing programs that would result in a distinctly different purpose or program of studies requiring substantial increases or reallocation of faculty or other resources. These requests should be made in accordance with institutional Program Development Planning. Program changes that are minor in nature need be submitted for information only.

- 1. Planning Authorization Requests for new programs should be:
 - (1) in response to a real education need,
 - (2) consistent with the overall State educational plans as they currently exist, and
 - (3) within the current definition of function for the proposing institution.

Expansion, modification, and change of institutional function is a matter for action by the Board of Governors, separate and distinct from the procedures described herein. No program planning can be authorized that goes beyond the limits of the presently authorized institutional functions.

- 2. For new degree programs or options or major program changes, Planning Authorization Requests should include information on the following points:
 - additional resources needed for faculty, technical staff, equipment, facilities, supplies, and other cost items;
 - (2) potential student demand and the probability of becuring and maintaining a net enrollment gain that would preserve the faculty-student ratio funding arrangement and other enrollment-based funding and would insure a reasonable per student or per student credit-hour cost consistent with similar programs;
 - (3) the racial impact on student enrollment and faculty requirements of each proposed new program (if no impact can be projected, this fact should be noted):
 - (4) current mannower projections (in the case of professional programs).
- 3. Institutions should avoid requesting planning authorizations for new degree programs or options that are unnecessarily duplicative. Unnecessary duplication in this context means the offerings of like programs—particularly those of a graduate or professional nature—by two or more institutions where one or more of the following conditions are Present:
 - (1) limited student demand;
 - (2) evidence of limited demand for graduates of such a program;



ADMINISTRACES & PROBREGADOR NORMAL 27 January 29, 1974

- (3) scarcity of faculty specialists in the rield;
- (4) a need for costly diplication of staff and other instructional resources.

B. Program Approval for Degree Programs and Options upon the Basis of Planning Authorization Request

Academic programs may be approved on the basis of the Planning Authorization Request without submission of additional material provided the program for which Planning Authorization is sought does not include new faculty positions or resources beyond presently approved support levels, and provided further that it falls under one of the following categories:

- (1) a new arrangement of existing courses;
- (2) new options within previously authorized degree programs;
- (3) a degree offering lower than an already approved offering in the same academic field.

A considerable number of programs already submitted apparently fall in this category. First priority will be given to consideration of these programs, and many of them will be promptly submitted to the Board of Governors for action.

C. Planning Authorization

If a program is not authorized under the provisions of IIB above, Planning Authorization requested by the institution will be subject to review. When authorization is granted by the President, with the approval of the Educational Planning, Policies and Program Committee, the institution may proceed with the development of a Program Proposal working closely with the President's office.

For those programs already submitted for <u>Planning Authorization</u> which are not included under IIB above, priority schedules will be drawn in conference with Chancellors and institutional representatives. Where there are no questions of consistency with the definition of institutional function or of unnecessary duplication, Planning Authorizations should be made in the near future, and it is anticipated that many of these programs will be acted upon by the Board of Governors this Spring.

D. Program Proposals

Program Proposals will be chiefly concerned with the capability of the proposing institution to establish and maintain the proposed program, since the question of need and consistency with planning, and institutional definition of function are addressed before Planning Authorization is given. Proposals will follow a prescribed format which will be furnished to the institution at the time planning is authorized.

E. Evaluation

The Graduate Encentive Council will advise the President and his staff on the academic merits and integrity of each graduate program presented. The President's office will also arrange for site visits, the assistance of consultants, or other procedures which may be appropriate in the availation of graduate and other proposed programs. Programs will then be substitted to the Consittee on Educational Planaian, Polician and Programs, which will make recommendations to the Board for final action.



P. Board Action

Board action will be transmitted by the President to the Chancellor. When action is favorable, an approximate time for the establishment of the program and any information on allocation of funds or other budgetary arrangements contemplated by the Board will be furnished.

These procedures are designed to facilitate the orderly development of new academic degree programs and options. Procedures for the development of continuing education and other major educational activities will be the subject of a later memorandum.

If there are any questions on PART II of this Memorandum, please write or call Dr. Robert Williams at 933-6981 in Ch pel Hill.

William Friday

Appendix UNC-46

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT

Long-Range Planning of The University of North Carolina, 1975-1980

NUMBER 33 DATE April 22, 1974

TO ALL CHANCELLORS:

I. The Purposes of Long-Range Planning

1. To comply with the State law, which directs that

The Board of Governors shall plan and develop a coordinated system of higher education in North Carolina. . . The Board, in consultation with representatives of the State Board of Education and of the private colleges and universities, shall prepare and from time to time revise a long-range plan for a coordinated system of higher education, supplying copies thereof to the Governor, the members of the General Assembly, the Advisory Budget Commission and the institutions. \sqrt{G} . S. 116-11(1)

- 2. To provide an occasion for chancellors and their institutional staffs and the boards of trustees to think in an orderly and comprehensive way about the roles of their respective institutions within The University and how those institutions might best fulfill those roles between 1975 and 1980.
- 3. To provide an occasion for the Board of Governors of The University, with the aid of the General Administration staff:
 - (a) To think in an orderly and comprehensive way about the higher educational needs of North Carolina and the most appropriate response of The University to them:
 - (b) to appraise the strengths and weaknesses of the constituent institutions and The University as a whole; and



- (c) to plan the course of development of The University over the next five years.
- 4. To fulfill the expectations of the Board of Governors, the General Assembly (as reflected in a resolution adopted by the Appropriations Committees this spring), the constituent institutions, and the people of the State that The University will make the most effective, efficient, and economical use of the resources entrusted to it, and that it will eliminate and avoid unnecessary duplication of programs and activities by the constituent institutions.
- 5. To enable The University to respond to the special problems posed by the anticipated deceleration after a long period of growth in enrollments and associated growth in institutional resources. It is apparent that statewide, the numbers of prospective college students within the traditional age brackets is levelling off and will decline sharply after the early 1980's. It 10 probable also that the resources the State will have to invest in program growth in the institutions of higher education will be scarcer than in recent years, and the limited prospective growth or (in some cases) the decline in enrollments will reduce the inclination as well as the capacity of the General Assembly to provide funds for significant institutional expansion.
- 6. To provide a basis for judgment by the Board of Governors, in statewide terms, as to the needfulness of each new program or activity proposed in the future by a constituent institution.
 - 7. To establish a continuous planning process within The University.
- II. General Objectives of The University of North Carolina Plan for 1975-1980:
 - 1. To declare the general goals of The University for 1975-1980 and the assumptions on which those goals are balled.



- 2. To describe The University (its authority, governance, organization, financing, etc.) and its constituent institutions.
- 3. To describe the role and scope of each constituent institution as now defined and as they may change in content or emphasis by 1980, thus setting a general framework within which its current programs will be carried on and new ones may be developed up to 1980. The plan will
 - (a) Catalog the special goals of each institution, consistent with those of The University as a whole; and
 - (b) Catalog the authorized academic programs and activities of each constituent institution as of January 1, 1975.
- 4. To indicate which current programs and activities should be given priority emphasis for improvements and/or expansion, with estimates of costs in faculty, staff, equipment, facilities, and other resources.
- 5. To indicate which current programs and activities of the constituent institutions should be reduced in scope or eliminated between 1975 and 1980.
- 6. To determine the general nature of the new or increasing educational program and activity needs which The University should strive to meet between 1975 and 1980, the costs of such programs, and how these costs will be met.
- 7. To assess the long-term budgetary implications of objectives 4, 5, and 6 as they relate to the re-allocation of resources within institutions and the need for new resources.
- 8. To establish procedures for the annual review and extension of the plan, so that it will at all times cover at least four years.

III. The Long-Range Planning Process

1. The President initiated this process with the issuance of Administrative Memorandum No. 27 on January 29, 1974.



- 2. The Comercia Administration stars will invite the chancerlor and the chief scadeste cit for on each curber of the scatter terms and objectives of the long-range planes with process and will maintain come contact with those officers on the progress of the gradient process and problems encountered in its course.
- 3. Each many effor is experied to istim risk guon organization and procedures at the institutional rows) as an agents of the long-range plan.
- 4. Through memoranda and contersocal, the General Administration staff will advise the chancelless and the chief academic officers of the institutions of what information is wanted from those continuous and will provide them with information that will be now all to them in their institutional planning.
- 5. The institutions will submit their live-year (1975-80) draft planning outlines to the General Administration, preserving by September 1, 1974, and no later than October 15. 1974, in order that the necessary review and action stages may be completed early in 1973.
- 6. The General Administration state will endertake to obtain from the Community College System and their rivate institutions information on their current activities and programs and their plans pertinent to The University's planning efforts.
- 7. The draft planning outlines submitted by the 16 constituent institutions will be reviewed by the President's office. Periodic conferences will be held with representatives of the constituent institutions. Where necessary, consultants will be called in to advise on particular aspects of the long-range plan.

In addition to other considerations, commitments made to HEW in the desegregation plan will require that openial automation be given to the possibility of racially significant program deplications among institutions,



and a study must be made of the qualitative deficiencies of the predominantly black institutions and what additional financial investment and other actions will be necessary to eliminate any deficiencies found.

- 8. The President and the Board of Governors may initiate program development planning with respect to particular problems and areas that they may identify. Such planning may, for example, take the form of the comprehensive, University-wide library improvement program submitted by the Board of Governors in its budget request for 1974-75; or the Board may call upon a particular institution or group of institutions to initiate a specific planning effort in an area which it believes important state needs are not being met adequately but which may not have been appropriat. For inclusion in the individual institutions draft planning outline. Apparent, significant unnecessary program duplications may be the subject of special studies on the initiative of the Board.
- 9. A draft plan for The University of North Carolina, 1975-80, will then be prepared on the basis of the draft planning outlines and any special studies undertaken on the initiative of the Board of Governors. This comprehensive document will be submitted to the Chancellors for their review and comment before its presentation to the Committee on Educational Planning, Policies, and Programs of the Board of Governors.
- 10. The comprehensive plan will be presented to the Committee on Educational Planning, Policies, and Programs of the Board of Governors about November 15, 1974. That Committee is expected to review the plan in detail.
- 11. The Committee on Educational Planning, Policies, and Programs will report to the Board of Governors its recommended comprehensive, long-range plan about January 1, 1975. The Board of Governors will review the plan and take appropriate actions.



12. The plan as approved by the Board of Governors will be presented to the Governor, the Advisory Budget Commission, and the General Assembly at the earliest practicable date in 1975.

IV. The Draft Planning Outline

The information-gathering work of the last several months has provided the staff of the General Administration with much data that will constitute essential background for the preparation of the long-range plan. More such information will be sought from the institutions over the next few months as further needs appear.

The next and principal step on each campus will be for the chancellor to prepare a draft planning outline—a proposed five-year plan—for his institution. The following will indicate in general terms the scope and content of this draft planning outline. More detailed information about each section and major topic of this draft will be discussed further with institutional planning officers.

- 1. A description of the present "state of the institution."
 - a. Scope mission and functions as now defined.
 - b. Administrative organization and governance.
 - c. Present strengths, present deficiencies, and special opportunities.

2. Enrollment projections

- a. Application and acceptance rates, 1969-70 through 1973-74.
- Admissions policies.
- c. Projected enrollments, by year, to 1979-80 (as related to 3, below).

3. Academic program planning

- a. Improvements and expansion of existing programs.
- b. Curtailment or elimination of programs.
- c. Intended new Programs.



- 4. Faculty and staffing plans.
- Budget projections, as related to enrollments, program, and other planning.

William Friday



Appendix UNC-47 DIRECTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA ADMISSIONS OFFICERS AND REGISTRARS

ON TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 68, Ansonville, 28007 Floyd V. Hower, Dean of Student Affairs, (704) 826-2575 ALACHI. STATE UNIVERSITY, Boone, 28607 C. H. Gilstrap, Director of Admissions, (704) 262-2120 C. David Smith, Registrar, (704) 262-2050 A. Brooks McLeod, Assistant Director of Admissions, (704) 262-2121 Ms. Vera N. Richardson, Admissions Counselor, (704) 262-2120 Ms. Catherine P. Ross, Assistant Registrar (704) 262-2050 EVILLE-BUNCOMBE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, 340 Victoria Road, Asheville, 28801 John W. Davis, Dean of Student Services, (704) 254-1921 Ms. Frances N. Johnson, Registrar, (704) 254-1921 Glenn T. Anderson, Director of Financial Aid, (704) 254-1921 Ms Mary S. Carpenter, Counselor, (704) 254-1921 A. Thomas Hansen, Director of Counseling, (704) 254-1921 ANTIC CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, Wilson, 27893 James D. Daniell, Director of Admissions, (919) 237-3161, Ext. 256 Ms. Bethany R. Joyner, Registrar, (919) 237-3161, Ext. 252 Benjamin E. Casey, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 237-3161, Ext. 245 Ms. Patricia Hinnani, Assistant Registrar, (919) 237-3161, Ext. 252 BER-SCOTIA COLLEGE, Concord, 28025 James Bell, Admissions Officer, (704) 786-5171, Ext. 318 Ms. Emma Brown, Acting Registrar, (704) 786-5171, Ext. 221 UFORT COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 1069, Washington, 27889 J. Whit Blackstone, Registrar and Admissions Officer, (919) 946-6194 F. H. Mebane, Admissions Counselor, (919) 946-6194 MONT ABBEY COLLEGE, Belmont, 28012 Raymond J. Geyer, Director of Admissions, (704) 825-3711, Ext. 227 Francis Forster, Registrar, (704) 825-3711, Ext. 225 J. P Collins, Admissions Counselor, (704) 825-3711, Ext. 227 Ted Eskildsen, Admissions Counselor, (704) 825-3711, Ext. 227 NEIT COLLEGE, Greensboro, 27420 Ms Mary M. Eady, Director of Admissions and Records, (919) 275-9791, Ext. 30 Ms. Charlotte Barnes, Assistant in Records, (919) 275-9791, Ext. 30 Ms. Jimmie Gravely, Admissions Counselor, (919) 275-9791, Ext. 32 Ms. Jean Groomes, Assistant in Records, (919) 275-9791, Ext. 30 Ms. Edna Williams, Assistant in Admissions, (919) 275-9791, Ext. 30 DEN TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 128, Dublin, 28332 James H. Oxendine, Director of Student Personnel, (919) 862-2165 J. G. Knox, III, Registrar, (919) 862-2165

RIDGE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 488, Hendersonville, 28739
Danny H. Bost, Director of Student Personnel, (704) 692-0294
Ms. Ann Boyd, Registrar, (704) 692-0294
Ms. Jacqueline Hyder, Counselor, (704) 692-0294



£50

- BREVARD COLLEGE, Brevard, 28712
 Robert G. McLendon, Director of Admissions, (704) 883-8292, Ext. 53
 Ms. Brona H. Roy, Registrar, (704) 883-8292, Ext. 55
 Don G. Houts, Assistant Director of Admissions, (704) 883-8292, Ext. 54
 Ms. Elizabeth S. Neale, Admissions Counselor, (704) 883-8292, Ext. 54
- CABARRUS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL SCHOOL OF NURSING, Concord, 28025
 Ms. Raynetre Grant, Admissions Counselor, (704) 783-2111
- CALDWELL COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 600, Lenoir, 28645
 Rex G. Sigmon, Dean of Student Personnel, (704) 728-4323
 Ms. Heler Gitlin, Registrar, (704) 728-4323
 John A. Crosby, Coordinator of Recruitment, (704) 728-4323
 Ms. Claudia Kincaid, Director of Counseling, (704) 728-4323
- CAMPBELL COLLEGE, Buies Creek, 27506
 Robert L. King, Director of Admissions, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 218
 William S. Terrell, Registrar, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 219
 Michael Cates, Admissions Counselor, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 218
 Ms. Sue A. Johnson, Assistant Registrar, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 219
 Tom T. Lanier, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 275
 David McGirt, Associate Registrar, (919) 893-4111, Ext. 219
- CAPE FEAR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, 411 N. Front Street, Wilmington, 28401 E. Thomas Satterfield, Jr., Dean of Student Affairs, (919) 763-9876 Robert D. Bass, Registrar, (919) 763-9876 Charles F. Hunnicutt, Admissions Counselor, (919) 763-9876
- CARTERET TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 849, Morehead City, 28557

 Guy F. Gibbs, Acting Director of Student Affairs, (919) 726-2811, Ext. 30

 Donald H. Thompson, Assistant Dean of Student Affairs, (919) 726-2811, Ext. 29

 Em P. Willis, Counselor, (919) 726-2811, Ext. 31*
- CATAWBA COLLEGE, Salisbury, 28144

 M. M. Richards, Dean of Admissions and Registrar, (704) 636-5311, Ext. 43

 Randolph Klopp, Admissions Counselor, (704) 636-5311, Ext. 45

 Michael Strejc, Admissions Counselor, (704) 636-5311, Ext. 45

 Ms. Louise Tucker, Associate Registrar, (704) 636-5311, Ext. 31
- CATAWBA VALLEY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, Hickory, 28601
 Bruce B. Bishop, Dean of Student Personnel, (704) 327-9124
 Larry A. Isenhour, Registrar, (704) 327-9124
 Harold Hawn, Admissions Counselor, (704) 327-9124
 Dennis Stirewalt, Admissions Representative, (704) 327-9124
 Ms. Nina Tinsley, Admissions Representative, (704) 327-9124
- CENTRAL CAROLINA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, Route 2, Box 55, Sanford, 27330 F. Hubert Garner, Dean of Student Services, (919) 755-5401 Ms. Lorace J. Thomas, Registrar, (919) 755-5401 Ron Hamrick, Counselor Student Activities, (919) 755-5401 Ms. Patricia Toney, Counselor Admissions, (919) 755-5401



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Darrel H. Micholson, Registrar, (919) 398-4101, Ext. 235

Marshall E. Boykin, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 398-4101

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Aaron M. Conn, Director of Admissions, (919) 596-8293

Edward L. Adams, Registrar, (919) 596-8293

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Worth E. Baker, Registrar, (919) 758-6524

Richard G. Everette, Assistant Dean of Admissions, (919) 758-6640

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Eugene A. Owens, Associate Dean of Admissions, (919) 758-6640

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Mose E. Dorsey, University Recruirer/Counselor, (919) 335-0551

Tommy M. Foust, Director of Admissions, (919) 335-0551, Ext. 319

Ms. Catherine B. Gardner, University Recruiter/Counselor, (919) 335-0551

Ms. Mary B. Godfrey, Assistant to the Registrar, (919) 335-0551

Ms. Fannie G. Williams, Coordinator of Veterans Affairs, (919) 335-0551

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Renneth L. Harper, Registrar, (919) 584-9711, Ext. 266

Larry E. Barnes, Admissions Counselor, (919) 584-9711, Ext. 272

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Ms. Patty S. Herbin, Admissions Counselor, (919) 584-9711, Ext. 272

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Joe Edwards, Recruiter, (919) 484-4121
John T. Fernald, Admissions Counselor, (919) 484-4121
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Sidney Baket, Director of Student Personnel, (919) 536-4152

Billie Wilson, Director of Guidance Counseling, (919) 536-4152

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Walter L. James, Dean of Student Services, (704) 627-2821, Ext. 47
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 Benny Mayfield, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 379-7946
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 Ms. Cindy Griffin, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 832-2881
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 Ms. Helen Keller, Admissions Counselor, (704) 332-7121, Ext. 212
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 Ms. Anne Tucker, Financial Aid Officer, (919) 332-4168
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 Don R. Tesh, Admissions Officer, (919) 342-2336, Ext. 42

 Ms. Phyllis S. Loflin, Registrar, (919) 342-2336, Ext. 27

 James Fox, Admissions Counselor, (919) 342-2336, Ext. 42

 Ms. Emily S. Rothrock, Admissions Counselor, (919) 342-2336, Ext. 42



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 James R. Perrin, Jr., Admissions Counselor, (919) 276-3652, Ext. 210

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 Lionel Randolph, Admissions Counseior, (919) 828-4451, Ext. 230

 Freddie T. Vaughns, Admissions Counselor, (919) 828-4451, Ext. 230

 George Williams, Admissions Counselor, (919) 282-4451, Ext. 207
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 Thomas H. Johnson, Registrar and Coordinator of Admissions, (919) 828-2521
 Ms. Alice Anne Ford, Acting Director of Admissions, (919) 828-2521
 Ms. Elizabeth Lee Bynum, Admissions Counselor, (919) 828-2521
 Ms. Susan Carroll, Admissions Counselor, (919) 828-2521
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 Ms. Margaret L. Simpson, Registrar, (919) 723-7961, Ext. 207

 Ms. Laura Ferguson, Admissions Counseler, (919) 723-7961, Ext. 212

 Ms. Edith A. Kirkland, Admissions Consultant, (919) 723-7961, Ext. 212

 Ms. Joyce NcLain, Admissions Counseler, (919) 723-7961, Ext. 212

 Ms. Annie Mclean McLeod, Admissions Counseler, (919) 723-7961, Ext. 212
- SAMPSON TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, F. O. Box 318, Clinton, 28328

 Ms. Hallie M. Parker, Dean of Students, (919) 564-4192

 Charles W. Robinson, Registrar, (919) 564-4192
- SANDHILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, P. O. Box 1379, Southern Pines, 28387

 Ms. Ann McCutcheon, Registrar, (919) 692-6185, Ext. 16

 Robert M. Stone, Admissions Counselor, (919) 692-6185, Ext. 53
- SHAW UNIVERSITY, Raleigh, 27602

 Norbert C. Hoffman, Director of Admissions and Testing, (919) 755-4850

 Justis Reives, Director of Records, (919) 755-4943
- SOUTHEASTERN COMMUNITY COLLEGE, P. O. Box 151, Whiteville, 28472 James A. Schmidt, Director of Admissions, (919) 642-7141 Roland C. Norris, Registrar, (919) 642-7141 Ms. Julia Mohler, Admissions Counselor, (919) 642-7141 James A. Starnes, Admissions Counselor, (919) 642-7141
- SOUTHWESTERN TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 95, Sylva, 28779
 Richard O. Wilson, Director of Student Personnel, (704) 586-4091
 David A. McClure, Registrar, (704) 586-4091
 Grady W. Corbin, Assistant Director of Student Services, (704) 586-4091

- STANLY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, 621 Wall Street, Albemarle, 28001 Robert J. Washer, Director of Student Personnel, (704) 982-0121 Ms. Sophia Kee, Registrar, (704) 982-0121 Dennis Huntley, Student Counselor, (704) 982-0121
- SURRY COMMUNITY COLLEGE, P. O. Box 304, Dobson, 27017
 James M. Reeves, Dean of Student Personnel, (919) 386-8121
 Ms. Ruth Thompson, Transfer Counselor, (919) 386-8121
 Bryon Lawson, Counselor/Veterans Officer, (919) 386-8121
 Wayne Motsinger, Admissions Counselor, (919) 386-8121
 Ms. Judy Reece, Records Technician, (919) 386-8121
 Carlyle Shepherd, Admissions Counselor (919) 386-8121
- TECHNICAL INSTITUTE OF ALAMANCE, 411 Camp Road, Burlington, 27215
 Ray N. Easter, Director of Student Personnel, (919) 227-7471
 Terrance E. Hanner, Registrar, (919) 227-7471
 Ms. Ella Ray Chacey, Admissions Counselor, (919) 227-7471
 Dale Donahur, Admissions Officer, (919) 227-7471
- TRI-COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 40, Murphy, 28906.

 John E. Bandy, Director of Student Personnel, (704) 837-6810

 Leon Tatham, Counselor, (704) 837-6810

 Joe Thompson, Counselor, (704) 837-6810
- UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT ASHEVILLE, Asheville, 28804

 George T. Kramer, Director of Admissions, (704) 254-7415, Ext. 250

 Ms. Jo Dannel Cadle, Registrar, (704) 254-7415, Ext. 211

 R. Dean Hines, Associate Director of Admissions, (704) 254-7415, Ext. 251

 Ms. Virginia Carolyn McElrath, Admissions Counselor, (704) 254-7415, Ext. 251
- UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL, Country Club Road, Chapel Hill, 27514
 Richard G. Cashwell, Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Raymond E. Strong, Director of Records and Registration, (919) 933-3954
 Richard A. Baddour, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Ms. Carolyn J. Bishop, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Emmett Cheek, Assistant Director of Records and Registration, (919) 933-6091
 Robert Cornwell, Assistant Director of Records and Registration, (919) 933-3954
 Richard J. Epps, Jr., Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Ms. Margaret Folger, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Edward French, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Ren Perry, Assistant Director of Records and Registration, (919) 933-2304
 Anthony R. Strickland, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 933-2304
 Rex Warner, Associate Director of Records and Registration, (919) 933-3954
- UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHARLOTTE, UNC-C Station, Charlotte, 28213
 Harold S. Clarke, Dean of Admissions and Records, (704) 597-2286
 Robert A. Gwaltney, Registrar, (704) 597-2286
 L. Robert Grogan, Director of Admissions, (704) 597-2115
 Ms. Earleen Mabry, Assistant Director of Admissions, (704) 597-2212
 James S. Scott, Associate Director of Admissions, (704) 597-2211
 Ms. Kathryn M. Ward, Admissions Counselor, (704) 597-2212



- INIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT GREENSBORO, Greensboro, 27412
 Richard P. Loester, Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 H. Hoyt Price, Registrar, (919) 379-5946
 Ms. Ruth Alexander, Assistant to the Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 Alan G. Atwell, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 Ms. Elizabeth P. Collins, Assistant Registrar, (919) 379-5947
 Charles Edington, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 Jerry Harrelson, Assistant to the Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 Charles McCurry, Admissions Counselor, (919) 379-5243
 Ms. Bobbie Minton, Assistant to the Director of Admissions, (919) 379-5243
 Ms. Susan Whitzington, Admissions Counselor, (919) 379-5243
- UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON, P. O. Box 3725, Wilmington, 28401
 Ms. Dorothy P. Marshall, Director of Admissions and Records, (919) 791-4330, Ext. 21
 L. Murrie Lee, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 791-4330, Ext. 211
 James E. Sterling, Assistant to the Director of Admissions, (919) 791-4330, Ext. 211
- VANCE-GRANVILLE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, 406 Chestnut Street, Henderson, 27536

 Frank H. Madigan, Director of Student Personnel, (919) 492-2061
 Ms. Billea L. Burnett, Registrar and Admissions Counselor, (919) 492-2061
 Harry Hedgepeth, Recruitor/Counselor, (919) 492-2061
 Eric Walker, Recruitor/Counselor, (919) 492-2061
- W. W. HOLDING TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, Route 10, Box 200, Raleigh, 27603
 Ms. Rosemary Jones, Director of Admissions, (919) 772-0551
 Ms. Martha Stephenson, Registrar, (919) 772-0551
 Robert L. Brown, Dean of Students, (919) 772-0551
- WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY. Winston-Salem, 27109
 William G. Starling, Director of Admissions, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207
 Ms. Margaret R. Perry. Registrar, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 237
 Ms. Shirley Berry, Assistant to Registrar-Graduate Division, (919) 725-9711
 Charles M. Carter, Admissions and Financial Aid Counselor, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207
 Ms. Marion Divine, Assistant to Registrar, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 237
 Ms. Nell Gentry, Administrative Assistant, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 237
 Ross A. Griffith, Assistant Director of Admissions, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207
 Ms. Shirley Hamrick, Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207
 William M. Mackle, Jr., Associate Director of Admissions, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207
 Ms. Dinah McCotter, Assistant to Registrar, (919)
 Vonda F. Reece, Assistant to Director, (919) 725-9711, Ext. 207

WARREN WILSON COLLEGE, Swannanoa, 28778 Ms. Mary K. Scatbrough, Admissions

Ms. Mary K. Scarbrough, Admissions Officer, (704) 298-3325 Ms. Mildred 1. McMican, Registrar, (704) 298-3325 Ms. Janer Bannerman, Admissions Counselor, (704) 298-3325 Richard Franklin, Financial Aid Officer, (704) 298-3325 David Haynes, Admissions Counselor, (704) 298-3325 Ms. Naomi Hina, Admissions Counselor, (704) 298-3325

- WATTS SCHOOL OF NURSING, Watts Hospital, Durham, 27705

 Ns. Beverly J. Smith, Director of Nursing Education, (919) 286-1231

 Ms. Elizabeth Fisher, Director of Recruitment, (919) 286-1231
- WAYNE COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Goldsboro, 27530
 Linwood R. Anderson, Director of Admissions and Registrar, (919) 735-5151, Ext. 37
 Todd Parker, Assistant Registrar, (919) 735-5151, Ext. 37



- WESTERN CAROLINA UNIVERSITY, Cullowhee, 28723
 Cecil C. Brouks, Dean of Records and Admissions, (704) 293-7216
 Tyree H. Kiser, Jr., Director of Admissions, (704) 293-7317
 Ms. Harriet Parker, Registrar, (704) 293-7216
 Ms. Martha Shoemaker, Assistant Registrar, (704) 293-7216
 Lee C. Starnes, Assistant Director of Admissions, (704) 293-7317
- WESTERN PIEDMONT COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Morganton, 28655

 Earl W. Duncan, Admissions Counselor, (704) 437-8688, Ext. 33

 Ms. Louise D. McLemore, Registrar, (704) 437-8688, Ext. 22

 Richard N. Fisher, Admissions Counselor, (704) 437-8688, Ext. 76
- WILKES COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Drawer 120, Wilkesboro, 28697
 John V. Idol, Vice President Student Services, (919) 667-7136
 Thomas R. Whittington, Registrar, (919) 667-7136
 Coot Gilteath, Counselor Associate, (919) 667-7136
 Ms. Shirley Glass, Counselor Associate, (919) 667-7136
 Ms. Vivian K. Greene, Assistant Registrar, (919) 667-7136
 Ms. Jane Johnson, Counselor Associate, (919) 667-7136
 Ms. Cheryl Poston, Admissions Counselor, (919) 667-7136
 Robert C. Thompson, Director Guidance Services, (919) 667-7136
 Mac Warren, Counselor Associate, (919) 667-7136
- Wilson COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, 902 Herring Avenue, Wilson, 27893
 Brockman L. Plauche, Dean of Student Services, (919) 291-1195
 Ms. Margaret R. Smith, Registrar, (919) 291-1195
 Ms. Maggie L. Gilliam, Counselor, (919) 291-1195
 Patrick J. Williams, Counselor, (919) 291-1195
- WINGATE COLLEGE, Wingate, 28174

 John A. Cox, Jr., Director of Admissions, (704) 233-4241, Ext. 13

 Ms. Ann Stover, Registrar, (704) 233-4241, Ext. 18

 Dan Shive, Assistant Director of Admissions, (704) 233-4241, Ext. 15
- WINSTON SALEM STATE UNIVERSITY, Winston Salem, 27102

 MS. Fannie M. Williams, Director of Admissions, (919) 725-3563, Ext. 34

 MS. Frances R. Coble, Registrar, (919) 725-3563, Ext. 25

 Joseph H. Daniels, Admissions Counselor, (919) 725-3563, Ext. 68

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Appendix UNC-48

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

General Administration
P. O. Box 2688
CHAPEL MEL 27514

April 12, 1974

FALL, 1973, AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES

BY RACE. BY RANK, BY HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE

IN THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Notes:

- 1. Faculty population studied based on faculty that are:
 - a. Full-time in instruction and departmental research (excludes faculty that are part-time, visiting, on leave or have joint appointment between instruction and departmental research and some non-academic department).
 - b. Faculty having academic rank of professor, associate professor, assistant professor or instructor (all other academic ranks excluded).
- 2. Study based on State funds only.
- 3. Excludes Health Affairs.
- 4. Institutional abbreviations used in the tables attached are:

ECU
ECSU
FSU
NC A&T
NCCU
NCSA
NCSU
PSU
UNC-A
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East Carolina University Elizabeth City State University Fayetteville State University North Carolina Agricultural & Technical State University North Carolina Central University North Carolina School of the Arts-North Carolina State University Pembroke State University University of North Carolina at Asheville University of North Carolina at Chapel Enll University of North Carolina at Charlotte University of North Carolina at Greenshero University of North Carolina at Wilmington Restern Carolina University Winston-Salem State University

Appalachian State University



FALL 1973

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	Other			ュ	14.600			_ =		=							

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

PALL 1973

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		PRO	FESSOR	ASS	OCIATE	ASS	ISTAGT	INS	TRUCTOR	184	FERSOR	455	OGTATE.	755	1845 / 6		
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150				_													
	Crivatal																
	Spanish S.S.							_						 -			*** ~*** *
	Other																

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGRLE OF:

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INSTI.	FACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Ave.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Ave.Sal.	No. Avr.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Ave.Sal.	ASSECTATE ASSISTANT RO. AVE.SET. 20. AVE.SET.	
· 	Conseina			1 10.500	_113,100			.1 8,400
ASU	Regre Ande. Indian				`			
	Criental							
	Spanish 5.N. Other							



ACADEMIC AFFAIRS FALL 1973

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INSTI.	RACE.	FRO No.	Avg.5al.	^\$ <u>\$</u>	OCIATE Avg.Sal.		Avg.Sal.	INS No.	Avg. Sal.		Avg.sal.	889 No.	Avg.Sal.	_:	Averbar.	<u> 125</u>	
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	Spanish S.B. Other			=		_		=		=		_					

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FALL 1973

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EC!	Criental Spatish S.N.			1 12.100 2 11.900					

AVERACE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: BACHZLORS

		_	9-10	MONTH			11-11	2 100770	
185T1.	FACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg. Sal.	ASSOCIATE. No. Ava.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	A58187474 Bo. <u>Ave.Sal</u> .	<u> </u>
٠	Cartonsian Negro			1 12,200	2 9.500				
ECU	Artr. Indian Oriental								
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AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST HARDE DEGREE OF: DOCTORATE AND FLICT PROFESSIONAL

FALL 1973

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INSTI.	P.A.C.E	PRO	Avg.Sal.	Λ55 Νο.	Ave.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	185 No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	A59 R54	Ave.Sal.		Aversil	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
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	Other	4	15,529	_2	12,900	=				_		_					

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RACK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF:

FALL 1973

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AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF:

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FALL, 1973

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F3U	Arcr. Indian Oriental Spanish 5.8.	2	16,766			3	12.306	工	11,025			_		_			
-	Other	_5_	15.537		13,541		11,407										

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RACE AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF ______ MASTERS

FALL 1973

			9-10	MONTH				2 Youth	
insti,	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Ayg.Sal	ASSOCIATE No. Avy. Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	PROFESSOR Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Ave. Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	
FSU	Carcastan E. re Attr. Indian Criental Stanish S.N.		5 12,228 1 15,163 1 13,230	4 10,710 21 11,530 1 11,990 1 11,440	5 9.560 16 10.213 2 10.071			1 14.612	
	Other_		1 11,340	1 11,128 1 10,400	2 10.990				

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY MACE, RADE AND INSTITUTION FOR FACHLTY WITH HIGHEST MARRIED DEGREE OF BACKELORS

			9-10	MOLTE			!1-1	2 (********	
18571.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Ave.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT Ho. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSECTAT: No. Ave.Sal.	ASSIA COL No. ACCOLL	3.34 A. 14
	Contasian Se re								
FSU	Amer. Incian				<u>3</u> 10.182				
	Original Yeshish Sede			-					
	Other		· -						



FALL 1973

		,			9-10	MONTO							11-12	200.13		
INSTI.	RACE	PRO	FESSOR Aver.Sal.	ASS	OCIATE Ave.Sal.	ASS No.	1START Avg.Sal.	INS No.	Ave.Sal.	PRO No.	FESSOR Avg.Sal.	ASS Re-	Averbal.	100	ISIA I Averesti	
	13.44.		***************************************		1000	5,5-1					<u> </u>	127.1				
	<u>Caucasian</u>	4	$\frac{15,429}{17,516}$	9_	14,379 15,644 14,703	_2_	11,597	_					19,000			
	No 175	16	17,516	2	15,644					21_	21,840	2.	18 ⁴ የ10			
NCA & T	Acer, Indian Oriental				14,703		13,000	·				_		_		
	Spanisa 5.N.						40,000							_		
	Oting	- 2	16,665	-6	13,600			~			18.191			_		

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST GARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FALL 1973

			9-10	MONTH		11-12 Sorp.1	
insti.	RACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg. Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT INSTRUCTION No. Ave.		ASSOCIATE A GIS No. Avg.Sal. Ho. A	MAGE
	Cavearian Diggs	1 16,590	2 12.124 16 13.284	1 10.500 5 9 38 10.568 23 9	527 <u> </u>		15,019 6- 13,680
NCA&T	Artr. Indian Criental Spenish StN.			1 10,540	<u> </u>		
	Other			3 12,341			

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: BACHELORS

FAL!, 1973

	·				9-10	можти				_		-	11-12	2 11075.7			
insti.	PACE		FESSOR Avg.Sat.	ASS No.	OCIATE Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	1NS <u>No.</u>	Avg. Sal.		FESSOR Ave.Sal.	ASS No.	AVE-Sal.		187401 Avg.S11	1735 1744	1.
	Cancasian Devre	=		=		二	10,068	<u> </u>	9,617		•	<u></u>	16,066				
NCA6T	Arer, Indian Oriental Scanish Sala	=		=		_						=					
	625-55. ***	_				_		=		~					,		



FALL 1973

			9-10	MONTH .			11-11	2 MOUTE	
INSTI.	RACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.sal.	ASSOCIATE Ro. Avg.Sul.	ASSISTATE Ho. Avg.Sal.	1.5.7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NCCU	Caucasian Neiro Acer- Indian Oriental	5 17.82 17 19.07 2 17,62	7 18 15,191	2 9,900 2 13,525		1 21.075 15 22.082	1 17,500 3 16,900 1 18,000		
	Spanish S.W. Other	1 16.80	0 1 16,100			1 19,975		<u> </u>	

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FALL 1973

			9-10	MONTH			11-11	2 Martin I	
issti.	RACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	instructor No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTA'.F Ro. Avc.Sal.	50. A .D.1.
	Caucasian Negro		_2 15,325 _1 16,500	18 11,348 42 12,352	13 9,388 41 10,160			2 13.272 7 16.234	4 11.472
NCCU	Arer, Indian Orientai								
	Spanish S.N. Other		<u>_1</u> <u>13.700</u>						

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH MIGHEST BARRIED DEGREE OF:

BACHELORS

1			_		9-10	MONTH							11-12	arron s			
	•	PRO	FCSSOR	ASS	OCIATE	ASS	ISTANT	188	TRUCTOR	ERC	DEESSOR	<u> 459</u>	OCIATE	ASS	ISTA: T		
INSTI.	P.A.CE	No.	Avg.Sal	No.	Ava.Sal.	No-	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Av (sal.	110.	<u>6</u> 1. 1
·	Carcasian						11,200										
	Negro	-				_		5	9,100								9.000
исси	Amer. Indian	_						· —		_							
	Oriental Scanish S.N.									_		_		_			
	Other	_					***************************************	_				_					
	Other					_				_							



FALL 1973

		9-10	MONTH	_		11.41	2 NY DITH	
INSTI. RACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Acresal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.sal.	Bo. Avg. Sal.	No. Average.	17,512 S. Eo. & . S. L.
Caucasian				<u>2 11.869</u>				
Negro Amer. Indian								
NCSA · Oriental Spanish S.W.								
<u>Other</u>								

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: ______MASTERS

FALL 1973

		_			9-10	HTGOM						_	11-13	1 80 <u>00-1</u>			
		PRO	FESSOR	ASS	OCTATE	ASS	SISTANT	13 <u>5</u>	TRUCTOR	PRO	FESSOR	ASS	001ATE	<u> A58</u>	33533 <u>-</u>	11.3	
INSTI.	PACE	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg. Sal.	No.	Avg. Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	tio.	Avg.Sal.	llo.	Ave.Sal.	Be.	<u> 4: </u>
	Grucasium				—a	_			10,347				*				
NCSA	NC310 -									_							
NCSA	At.r. Indian Oriental												·				
	Spanish S.N.										· 						
	Other																
	011101	-															-

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST BARRED DEGREE OF: BACKLERORS

FMJ, 1973

					9_10	MOSTIL	<u> </u>						1113	a acrosa			
INSTI.	PAGE	PRO No.	FESSOR Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	OCIATE Avg. Sal.		ISTANT Avg. Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	PRO No.	Avg.5al.	No.	Ave.S.:1.		Austal.	PAR No.	All Signal
· —	Concasion							23	10,820								
NCSA	Nearo Amer. Indian	_														_	
исэн	Oriental	_		_						=							
	Spanish S.M. Other													 -			



FALL 1973

INSTI: PACE Cascasian Negro NCSU Atter: Indian	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal 99 21,312	95 16,721	ASS1STANT No. Avg.Sal. 118 13,730	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg. Sal. 35 30,843	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal. 4 19,453	AbSIST IT No. Ave.sal.	Ee. Att. 1.
Cascasian Negro Nesu Arer, Indian		95 16,721	118 13,730	No. Avg.Sal.				<u>Fo. Atri- 1</u> .
NOSU Amera Indian	99 21,312				35 30,843	4 · 19,453	6 18,243	
NOSU Amera Indian								
11C3V		T 20,300	1 14,000			1 21.000		
	: — —		1 13,300					
Oriental Spanish S.N.								
Other	15 22,666	$\overline{15}$ $\overline{16,920}$	8 14.062		1 25 900			

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: ______MASTERS_

FALL 1973

			9~10	MONTH	_		11-1:	2 Motora	
insti.	RACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT Fo. Ave.Sal.	Ho. A. Godi.
	Cavcastna	17 19,661	25 15,865	35 12,992	54 10,349			1 17,900	1 12,500
Maari	Segro Ares, Indian				5 9,430				
NCSU	Oriental								
	Spanish S.N. Other	1 13,650	3 16,350		2 10,825				

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST FARNED DEGREE OF: BACHELORS

			9-10	можти			11-13	2 MONTH	
INSTI.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Ave.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avr. Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	No. Aversal.	10840 18 d. 201
	Cantasian	2 19,917	8 1 <u>5,755</u>	4 14,080	17 11,057	1 35,000	1 18,000	1 19,950	
NCSU	Negro Amer. Indian Orientai								
	Scanish S.N.				= =				
	Gener								-



FALL 1973 .

			9-10	MONTH			11-12	noute	
INSTI.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Ave.Sal.	ASSOCIATE. No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	INSTRUCTOR No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTATE No. AverSat.	1.N. 3
_	Caucasian	17 16,205	14 14,507	7 12,400		2 22,470			
Ball	Segra Amer. Indian	3 15,900	<u> </u>	= ==					
PSU ·	Oriental Spanish S.M.			= =					
	Other	 > 							

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: _____ MASTERS

FALL 1973

			9-10	MOUTH			11-1	2 M/G L	
		PROFESSOR	ASSOCIATE.	ASSISTANT	INSTRUCTOR	PROFESSOR	ASSOCIATE	ASSESSA.	
INSTI.	RACE	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	Her Artisti
	Caucasian		15 13,103	25 11,268	9 9,088			1 12,600	
B.011	Norro Ator: Indian	= =	2 12,600	$\frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{11,450}{10,500}$	3 9,333				
PSU	Criental Spanish S.N.		<u> </u>	1 10,500					
	<u>Other</u>								

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIFS BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF:

BACHELORS

			9-10	MONTH			11-1	2 127734	
INSTI.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Ave.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avr. Sal.	A.SISTO: T No. Ave.Sal.	115,1 1 1 <u>65 a. 1</u> .
	Caucasian Negro	= =		1 11,900	==		<u> </u>		
PSU	Ater. Indian Oriental			· = ==	= ==				
	Cther		= =	= =	_				



FALL, 1973

			9-10	MODITE			1 <u>11-12</u>	Notae	
INSTI.	<u> PACE</u>	PROFESSOR Fo. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg-Sal-	No. Avg.Gal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTMENT BO. Avg.Sal.	in h
	Caucasian	12 18.350	<u>.13</u> , 15,254	.i. 12,747		1 25.500		<u>1 15,000</u>	
UNC-A	Negro Atri: Indian								
•	Oriental Spanish S.H.								
	Other								

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST GARNED DEGREE OF: _____ MASTERS

FALL 1973

	,				9-10	MONTH							11-12	2_MONTA			
INSTI.	PACE	PRO No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS <u>No.</u>	Avg,Sal,	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	INS No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg-Sal.	ASS No-	Ave.Sal.	175 No.	AN NOTES
UNC-A	Caucas lan	_	_	1	<u>14.33</u> 3		12,287	_5	10,180			_1	15,600		15.100 ——		
	Straish S.N.	<u>۔</u> س		_	<u>=</u>	\equiv								-			
	Other	_												_			

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF:

BACHELORS

		_	9-10	MONTH			11-13	2 120000	
INSTI.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Ave.Sal.	ACCISECUT No. Avg.Sal.	1754-2 204 Artistas
	Campasian				1 9,200				
	Negro Afri Indian								
<u> </u>	Oricatal								
	Stanish S.N. Other		-		•				



ACADEMIC AFFAIRS FALL 1973

					9-10	MONTH							11-12	мости			
		PROI	FESSOR	ASS	OCIATE 🦻	ASS	SISTANT		TRUCTOR	PRO	FESSOR _	ASS	OCIATE	ASS	ISTABL		<u> </u>
INSTI.	EACE	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg. Sal.	::0.	Ave.Sal.	<u> </u>	Aversel
	Caucawian		23.071	175	16_946	168	14.009	_6	10,850		30,780	_3	24,630	_1_	25.749	_1	12,000
	Serro	2	<u>27,350</u>		<u>13,825</u>	3	<u> 14,925</u>								 ,	-~-	
nnc-cii	Arer. Indian Oriental	- -	20. 200	_			15 050										
	Spanish S.K.		20,200		15 050		15,250	- -	11.000	•		_					
	Other		22,250 23,00 0	2	<u>15.950</u>		16.050		11.000			_		_			
	Ctrict		23,000	_			10.000										

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FALL, 1973

			_		9-10	MONTH	_						11-12	2 MODELE	t		
		PRO	FESSOR	ASS	OCIATE	ASS	ISTANT _	1N.S	TRUCTOR	PRO	FESSOR _	Λ <u>5</u> 8	OCTATE	Atis	SISTANE	135	1
ISSTI.	RACE	No.	Ave.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Ave.Sal.	80.	<u> </u>
	auca (34n	15.	20,258	_9	16,847	21_	12.930	_35_	9,773	_							12,743
_	care Tar. Indian	—				_3_	14,500	_1	10.000	_							
2	'riestal					_2	11,650	_									
	panish S.R. Other			_				_		_				_			
<u>9</u>	ither	_														_	

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNEO DEGREE OF: _____BACHRLORS

					9-10	HONTH							11-12	Nesta	<u></u> _		
INSTI.	PACE	PRO No.	FESSOR Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	OCIATE Avg.Sal.		ISTANT Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	PRO No.	FESSOR Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Ave.Sal.	<u> 438</u> <u>30.</u>	Ave. Sal.	108 108	13 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
•	Campasian	_1_	18,500	_1	16,650	_2.	14,200	_4	10,225			_		_1_	18,200		
имс-сн	Nearo Ator. Indian	_		_				_		=							
	Oriental Spanish S.B.					_		_		_						_	
	Cuher	=				_		=				_					



FALL 1973

					9-10	MOLTH							· 11-12	MOSTIN			
INSTI.	RACE .	PRO No.	Avg. Sal.	ASS No.	Avg-Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	INS No.	Ave.Sal.	PRO No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg . Sal .	A ⁴ .55 No.	151.1.1 Ave. 5 11.	11.8 <u>21.8</u>	<u></u>
	Caucasian Keero	<u>28</u>	18.532	<u> 17</u>	14,598 15,000	94	12,754 13,700	_5_	10,590	_13	25,693	4	20.540	2_	16,450		
,	Amer. Indian Oriental Spanish S.N.	<u>_</u>	14,400		14,668	<u></u>	12,500	\equiv		Ξ		=		=		=	
	Other	_				_						_		_		_	- -

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FALL 1973

					9-10	MONTH							11-12	2 Marcall			
ISSTI.	FACE	PRO No.	Ave.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	ISTANT Avg.Sal.	INS No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avz.Sal.	28A .e#	Avc. Sal.	Es.	<u> </u>
	Caucasian Ectro	4	15,899	_8_	_13,667 	_27 5	12,436 12,480	.43 6	.10,292 .10,375	<u>_</u>	27.900		23.400	1	19,203 16,000	<u></u>	9,800
UNC-C	Arcr. Indian Oriental Spanish S.N.	=				_ <u>2</u>	13,158 11,000	\equiv		Ξ				_			
	Oti er	_		_		_				_				_		_	

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH MIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: ______

BACHELORS

			9-10	MONTH			11-12	2 twittii	
INSTI.	PACE	PROFESSER Bo. Ave.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg. Sal.	No. Avg.sal.	ASSISTAUT No. Ave.Sail.	Harana .
	<u>Compasion</u>				<u>.8. 10,378</u>				<u>1 9.400</u>
UNC-C	Megro Amer, Indian								
	Oriental Spanish Sake								
	Cther	= ==							



FALL 1973

					9-10	MONTH							11-12	2 Hottan	!		
		PRO	FESSOR	ASS	OCIATE	ASS	ISTANT	188	TRUCTOR_	PRO	FESSON	ASS	OCIATE	7.3	1817.5		
INSTI.	PACE	Fo.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Avg.Sal.	80.	Avg.Stl.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Caucasian	62	20,635	62	16,157	100	13,411			15	26,695	6	21,190	2	15,700		
	Netro	1	22,475	1	16,620							_				_	
UNC-G	Arer, Indian Oriental		, 			_											
	Scanish S.N.		·	, 	14,900		16 000	_				_					
	Other	-	10 500	<u> </u>	14.300		16,000	_								_	
	Other	<u> </u>	19,500			-2	15,600			_		_					_

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF: MASTERS

FAI	1.1	ın	7	•
	Lal	.,		

<u> </u>		4	9-10	I(Ti:OM		il	12 Marus i	
18STI.	PACE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	ASSISTAUT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR PASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal. No. Ava.Sal.	Assail T. 1 No. Ave.Sal.	11. A. 7. 1. 1.
UNC-G	Caucastan Sesre Amer, Indian	3 17,958	13 15,270 — —	35 12,828 1 11,700	60 9,389 6 9.800	1 29,675		2 12,740
	Criental Spanish S.N. Other							

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIFS BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST FARMED DEGREE OF: BACHELORS

			9-10	HTROM			11-1	2 W001.1	
INSTI.	PAGE	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Ave.Sal.	ASSISTANT No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	PROFESSOR No. Avg.Sal.	ASSOCIATE No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	112 A.I.
	Campasisa	4 22,500			6 10,246				
UNC-G	Scaro Arer. Indian								
	Oriental Spanish S.N.				1 8,800				
	Other								



FALL 1973

					9-10	MONTH	• •						11-17	850.08			
INSTI.	FACE	PRO No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg.Sal.	No.	Ava.Sat.	PRO No.	Avg.Sal.	ASS No.	Avg, Sal.	Aldi No.	151N/T Ave. 5a1.	10.5	<u></u>
	Caucasian Rogre	17	17.434	_18.	14,168	21_	12,695	_1	13,190	_2_	23,600	_1	18,000				
ΩNC~N	Are <u>r. Indian</u> Ori <u>e</u> ntal	=		=	14.300				`	=		<u> </u>		=		=	
	Spanish S.N. Other	<u> </u>	16,500	2	13.300			=	,								

AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES BY RACE, RANK AND INSTITUTION FOR FACULTY WITH HIGHEST EARNED DEGREE OF:

MASTERS

FALL 1973

			9-10	MONTH			11-1	2 HOUTE	
		PROFESSOR	ASSOCIATE	ASSISTABIT	INSTRUCTOR	PROFESSOR	ASSOCIATE	ASSISTATE	13.2 7
INSTI.	RACE	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Avg.Sal.	No. Ave. Sal.	Bee Kirsal.
	Caucasian	1 14.000	3 12.933	31 11.915	17 10,171				
UNC-9	<u>Arcr. Indian</u>		-		_2 10,500				
4,14	<u>Amer. Indian</u> Uriental		_						
	Spanish S.H.			1 11.700					
	Other								

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Appendix UNC-49 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001

April 24, 1974

Honorable James E. Holshouser, Jr. Governor of North Carolina Raleigh. North Carolina 27611

Dear Governor Holshouser:

On April 15, 1974, I and members of my staff had an opportunity to meet with Dr. William C. Friday, President of the University of North Carolina; Dr. Benjawin E. Fountain, State President of the Department of Community Colleges; and other North Caroline higher education efficials to discuss The North Carolina State Flan for the Further Elimination of Pasial Reality in the Public Post-Secondary Education Systems.

As you know, we have requested this plan as part of our actions to comply with the order of the United States District Court as modified by the Court of Appeals in the case of Adams v. Weinberger. The terms of the court order were recently revised to allow the Department up to June 21, 1974, either to obtain an acceptable desegregation plan from North Carolina and each of the eight other States with which we are currently negotiating, or to initiate enforcement proceedings against Jeates which do not submit acceptable plans.

During the meeting, I indicated that we would provide a memorandum which sets forth those revisions which we believe are necessary for the plan to be acceptable as required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In addition, I indicated that we would furnish additional comments on the current plan by May 21, but that by June 21 the State would only be required to subsit a commitment to resolve any further issues raised by these comments in a timely manner, rather than to prepase specific acceptable solutions. I am hereby officially transmitting to you the document provided at the April 15 meeting.

In order for us to meet the June 21 deadline, we request that the revised North Carolina plan be submitted to this Office by June 1, 1974. In view of the limited time available to effect the necessary changes to the plan, I respectfully request that you take whatever steps are necessary to have the appropriate hoards act upon this matter in time for the State to incorporate their actions in the revision which we are requesting by June 1.



Page 2 - Honorable James E. Holshouser, Jr.

I was encouraged by the April 15 meeting and believe that the modifications we are seeking by June 1 are attainable. If during this period I or members of my staff may be of assistance, we will do everything that we can to bring about a mutually satisfactory resolution to this matter.

Your past assistance in this matter has been greatly appreciated and we look forward to a continuing, close working relationship with you and higher education officials of the State.

Sincerely yours,

Peter E. Holmes

Director

Office for Civil Rights

Enclosure

ee: Dr. William C. Friday
Dr. Benjamin E. Fountain
Presidents, North Carolina Institutions
of Higher Education
Director, Office of Civil Rights, Region IV
HEW Regional Director, Region IV
HEW Regional Attorney, Region IV



Office for Civil Rights Response to the North Carolina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Buality in the Public Postsecondary Education Systems - February 8, 1974

I. Introduction

Stated below are those actions which are of critical importance in the improvement of North Carolina's plan for the elimination of racial duality in its public institutions of higher education as required under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Should the plan be revised to meet each of the critical actions, it will be accepted. These statements (Parts II and III), however, are not inclusive of all questions, issues, and concern which we have regarding your submission of February 8, 1974; OCR will provide a further statement regarding its reactions no later than May 31. 1974. Both OCR and Morth Carolina realize that questions may arise during implementation of the plan, and that new concerns may emerge even as the plan begins to produce results. However, so long as the State responds to such matters promptly, effectively, and in good faith, and otherwise carries out the commitments requested in this memorandum, its implementation of the plan, once it is accepted, will continue to be deemed acceptable. Your revised plan should be submitted no later than June 1 to allow the Office for Civil Rights time for its evaluation.

In general, your revised plan should continue to be submitted in the form of a single document, encompassing coordinated State level approaches to the elimination of the dual system, applicable to all of the State's institutions of higher education. This document should include methodology conceived and implementable at the State level, reflecting an integration, at the State level, of steps which are applicable to both the University of North Carolina and the Community College systems.

Additionally, we would appreciate a clarification as to the nature, function, and authority of the newly created State Committee for Equal Education Opportunity in Higher Education (p. 235). We are uncertain of its relationship to the State plan and to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

II. Requirements Applicable Generally Throughout the Plan

A. Specificity of Action

As to each action requested in section III of this memorandum, your revised plan should state precisely when it is to be started and completed and who is to be responsible for its implementation. Where any action you describe may require further planning or development



prerequisite to its implementation, your plan should indicate definite, reviewable intermediate steps or milestones by which progress in developing the final action may be measured. Milestones should be chosen so that accomplishment or omission of each one will indicate whether or not the plan is satisfactorily fostering state-wide desegregation through the activity in question.

We recognize that it may not be possible to propose requested actions specifically, in that the exact content of some actions may depend on completion of particular studies or analyses. This may be true, for example, with regard to duplication in many of the academic pregrams, and choosing among competing demands on resources. Where the revised plan cannot be specific in this sense, it should contain a commitment to meet the requirement in question, a description of the process by which it will be met, and a time schedule for meeting the requirement within the life of the plan.

B. Rate of Implementation

In determining whether or not your revised plan is acceptable, heavy weight will be given to the rate at which it is to be implemented and to achieve results. Substantial progress in implementation should be made during the first year of the plan's life, so that the maximum results possible will occur during the first two years of implementation, and so that it will accomplish full disestablishment of the dual system within a specified period. The milestones described above should be established particularly so as to facilitate measurement of implementation during the first year and of results during the first two years.

C. Costs and Human Resources

The cost of each action called for in this memorandum should be identified, as should the source of revenue, responsibility for obtaining it, and the process for doing so. The human resources required to implement an action should be similarly identified. Further, a date should be stated by which funding and staffing of each action is expected. The revised plan must commit the Boards and the Covernor to take alternative actions in the event that institutions or the General Assembly fail to act affirmatively with regard to any proposal of substantial cost. If necessary resources for any proposal are not obtained, an alternative action acceptable to OCR must be developed or the State may be deemed not to be fulfilling its commitments under the plan.



D. Reporting

The revised plan should indicate the information which will be provided at specified intervals to demonstrate progress (or lack thereof) in implementing those actions susceptible to immediate implementation, and in developing the various actions which require further development prior to implementation. The plan should thus indicate what information will be provided relating to the "milestones" discussed above. OCR will provide you with a format for reporting required statistical data on students and faculty.

In general, reports should be made, as you propose (p. 238), semi-annually beginning February 1, 1975, but of necessity may not be uniform as to the items reported. Depending on the nature of the plan, more frequent reporting may be appropriate during the early stages of implementation.

III. Requirements in Specific Critical Areas

A. Desegregation Impact Determinations

Your revised plan should contain a commitment to determine the impact upon desegregation of any action listed below:

- 1. Academic programs addition, deletion or substantial expansion or contraction.
- Facilities construction of new facilities, or closing or substantial expansion of existing facilities.
- 3. Institutions establishing new institutions (including conversion or a private institution to public control or closing existing ones).
- 4. Modification of admissions standards.

There should be a further commitment that no action of the type listed above will be undertaken unless the net effect of such action and any other action would not impede the disestablishment of the dual system.



All impact determinations must be reviewed at the State level, and final determinations as to whether the actions in question would impede desegregation must be made at that level. The plan should identify the agency which would be responsible, state its authority, and define the process by which it will accomplish these tasks.

Impact statements and the State's disposition of proposed actions should be submitted to OCR as part of the periodic reporting system, or whenever else necessary to give OCR reasonable advance notice of an action whose favorable impact on desegregation is questionable and which might not readily be reversed.

B. Resources

Your revised Plan should show that the proposed study, included in your Long Plans for the North Carolina System of higher education, to determine and remedy the material and fiscal deficiencies of five predominantly black institutions (pages 186-187), will demonstrate that, in all respects, resources at those schools are at least equal to those of their white counterparts, or it must contain a commitment to provide for equalization of such resources at the earliest feasible date but in no event later than the ourset of the 1976-77 academic year.

Your revision should be specific as to who will participate in the above mentioned study, on what date and to whom this study will be presented, and what group will then determine that "prompt and appropriate remedial action will then be taken" (p. 187). The method by which such determinations are made should be explained, and a date for such decisions to be made should be included.

Resources considered by the State should include:

- (a) the number and quality of facilities;
- (b) level of per capita expenditures (including the financial resources supporting academic programs);
- (e) amount and availability of student financial aid (see Section III E).
- (d) quality of programs, services and staff;
- (e) number and quality of degree offerings available;



- (f) number of library holdings;
- (g) number and quality of faculty and administrative staff (Equality in the number of faculty would be demonstrated by the faculty-student ratios in similar programs at comparable institutions. Equality in quality would be indicated by a comparison of faculty by rank and highest degree carned in similar programs at comparable institutions. Equality in compensation should also be measured.)

The revised plan should also commit the Boards to a procedure to measure and menitor all construction to insure that new construction at the predominantly black institutions is not lower in quality than that at the predominantly white insticutions.

C. Institutional Roles and Deplicative Curricula

1. Statement of the Role of Each Institution

The revised plan should contain a statement of the role of each institution in non-racial terms which includes: (1) a summary of the progress offered, (2) the students to be served, (3) opportunities provided by the programs for employment or further education. The area from which students are drawn should be identified and the institution should be characterized as local, regional or state-wide. Where one or more predominantly black and white institutions are located in the same area, there should be sufficient differentiation in their roles to ensure increased enrollment at each institution by students of the race previously excluded.

The roles of the predominantly black colleges must be ones which will attract students of all educational backgrounds and races competitively with other institutions, and which will not limit career choices for those students who chose to attend.

Your plan also mentions (p. 200), that within the next 12 months you will have developed, within the <u>Long Range Plan</u> for the higher education system of Morth Carolina, the future role of all institutions in the University of North Carolina system, and especially that of the predominantly black institutions. A description of the role of each institution was requested in our November 10, 1973, letter which asked for a revision in your Program for Equal Educational Opportunity. Therefore, the revised plan should contain at least, a preliminary non-racial statement of each institution's role.



In this regard, you should also specify in your revised plan when this part of the Long Range Plan will be completed; who will participate in the development of these future roles; how and when these determinations will be made a part of the State plan for the further elimination of the dual system in North Carolina; who will determine what implementing action will need to be taken; and when such a determination will be made. It should include not only the above requested information; but also, it should undertake to rigorously examine the racial impact of the inherited functional roles now assigned to the constituent institutions (i.e., six, five, and four-year institutions).

2. Duplicative Curricula

Your revised plan should contain a commitment that new curricula (or implementation of recently approved curricula) will be excreded to institutions in a manner which does not perpetuate competition based upon duplication of offerings among predominantly black and white institutions. This proscription of duplication does not apply to basic undergraduate curricula. However, the revised plan should define the criteria by which the State distinguishes between basic and specialized curricula offerings. As a part of this commitment, your revised plan should provide for an annual determination of the need for further resources or programs at the predominantly black institutions detailed in the July I reports to OCR, and should commit the appropriate governing board to attempt to secure those resources.

A report of the study on duplication, a part of the Long Range Plan now being projected (p. 202), should be provided in your revised plan. It should specify who is participating in the study; the date by which this part of the Long Range study will be completed; how and when the findings will be made a part of the State plan; who will determine what implementing action will need to be taken; and when such a determination will be To be effective as a technique to achieve the disestablishment of the dual system in North Carolina, the study should survey the entire University of North Carolina and Community College systems, as well as, pairs and larger groupings of specific institutions, with particular sensitivity to programs which will possibly perpetuate or accentuate the historic function or dual character of the predominantly black schools. The study should take into account graduate, professional, and undergraduate programs; the role and scope of each institution; and possible special programs, or areas of specialization designed to attract students on a non-racial basis.



Your recommendation (p. 202) of special conferences between the University of North Carolina at Greensboro and North Carolina A&T, and between Elizabath City State University and the Colluge of the Albermarle is a strong proposal. However, it implies a limited view as to those institutions which merit strict scrutiny. We would, therefore, encourage you to extend your definition of "community" (p. 202) to provide for similar conferences and for strict scrutiny of duplication between the following named schools:

- The University of North Carolina at Greensboro, North Carolina - A&T, and Winston-Salem State University (especially with regard to programs in home economics, education, and nursing);
- The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and North Carolina Central University (especially with regard to programs in education, library science, and social sciences);
- North Carolina State University, North Carolina A&T, and the University of North Carolina at Charlotte (especially with reregard to programs in education, agriculture, animal science, and engineering, and in extension service programs);
- 4. Penbroke and Fayetteville State University (especially with regard to education and social science programs);
- 5. North Caroline Central University, Elizabeth City State University, and East Carolina University (especially with regard to education and social science programs);
- 6. We also suggest that similar conferences also be scheduled between proximate community colleges, technical institutes, and constituer institutions of the University of North Carolina system.

The focus of this scrutiny should encompass current situations, as well as, racial discrimination in the history of their institutional development.

Your revised plan should include copies of the present written procedures (p. 200) for review, evaluation, and approval at the staff, committee, and Board levels of all proposals for major program change. These procedures should assure, if they do not already, that hence forth no action with regard to academic program changes will be permitted unless it is determined that such action would not impede the elimination of the dual system of higher education in North Carolina.



D. Recruitment of Students

The revised plan should contain a program coordinated at the State level to assure that black colleges have full access to white students through traditional high school referral or recruitment programs. Such a program should address the potential barrier which high school counselors or administrators may pose to black college recruitment of white students. Further, the program should assure that white students will not be counseled or otherwise channeled away from the predominantly black schools and that black students will not be channeled to predominantly black institutions.

More focused efforts of these types should accomplish greater enrollment of minority students at the predominantly white institutions than your plan now anticipates.

Little is known to us of the North Carolina unit of the Carolinas Association of College Registrars and Admissions Officers (CACRAMO), (p. 126), the professional organization which sponsors cooperative recruiting efforts by colleges and universities at high schools. Therefore, we request some additional information about that organization in your revised plan. The plan should include a list of member institutions in CACRAMO, and an explanation of CACRAMO's procedures in organizing member institutions for cooperative recruiting efforts.

We also note your commitment (p. 115) to convert the Education Opportunity Information Center (EOIC) into an agency which would provide information and assistance, at minimum or no cost, to any student interested in enrolling in public postsecondary education in North Carolina. Your plan should indicate that this information, consistent with your suggestion concerning all institution catalogues and brechures (p. 120), will contain, at a prominant place, a statement of the State's equal educational opportunity policy.

We encourage your development of a single application for all 16 campuses of the University of North Carolina (p. 117). It too should include a statement of the State's equal educational opportunity policy. Your revised plan should indicate whether this application process will eliminate the institutional processing fees now required.



We believe your proposal to standardize tuition schedules for all institutions (p. 129) is a positive step. However, we are unsure of how the standardization, being based upon the three catagories of constituent institutions (i.e., six, five four-year institutions), will effect the further disestablishment of the dual system in North Carolina. Your revised plan should explain why the standardization is based on the different types of functional categories (especially since there are no predominantly black institutions with six-year programs and only two with five-year programs); and what other factors are considered in determining tuition charges.

E. Financial Aid

Your revised plan should commit the Boards to analyze student needs and the availability of financial aid resources (from whatever source) at each institution.

We encourage your use of \$300,000 (p. 134) in financial incentives to increase "minority presence" at the constituent institutions of the University of North Carelina. However, for us to understand exactly what it is you are preposing, your first semi-annual report should specify: the dates (academic years) for which this program will operate; how and by what criteria these funds will be distributed to the various institutions; the dates of this distribution; the person or agency delegated, at the State level, to disburse these funds; whether this grant will be in addition to or substitution for any institution funds already allocated for this purpose; what alternatives will be pursued in the event the General Assembly declines to allocate these funds; and any criteria developed to determine "demonstrated need."

The Community College and Technical Institute system should propose in the revised plan specific action designed to effect their recommendations proposed on page 122.

F. Retention of Black Students

Your revised plan must contain commitments to take all reasonable steps to accomplish the fundamental objective of at least maintaining the percentage of four-year public college graduates in North Carolina who are black, and to maintain the data necessary to measure success in this area beginning with the fall 1974 semester. Retention data for each class and degrees awarded by each degreegranting unit, by race for each institution, should be submitted in the State's July 1 reports. The method by which retention data will be utilized should be described in the revised plan.



The plan should also state specifically what counseling, academic assistance, and other actions will be undertaken by the various institutions, distinguishing among those currently in effect, those discussed in the current State plan and should state precisely how these actions will implement the commitment described.

We encourage your study designed to increase the capacity and scope of your remedial program in the higher education system of North Carolina. However, in order for us to understand the contribution this study can make in the implementation of the plan, you should explain and provide specific dates for the determination of "...projected need...," "...use parameters...," the development of "...programs...," the "...training of personnel ...," and "...budget evaluation...," to which you refer on page 107.

G. Discrimination Within Individual Institutions

Your Plan's statement of the University of North Carolina and the Community College systems' policy regarding non-discrimination in institutional services, housing, and facilities represents a serious initiative regarding improvement of human relations. It does not, however, encompass specific procedures for identifying and eliminating possible discrimination in areas such as social organizations, assignment of student teachers, and off-campus housing and employment discrimination affecting students.

The revised plan must commit both Boards, to assure establishment at each campus, during the fall 1974 semester, of procedures for identifying and eliminating racial discrimination of all types, to receiving periodic reports about and giving necessary direction to such activities, and to initiating such state-wide activity as may be necessary to eliminate any discrimination which may exist. We would recommend that you also initiate necessary action with other State agencies, such as those involved with employment or housing discrimination or law enforcement, to aid in this activity and give guidance to institutions regarding elimination of community discrimination. Reports on the nature and results of thuse activities should be submitted in each semi-annual report to OCR.

These mechanisms do not obviate OCR's duty to conduct on-site reviews of individual institutions, which reviews will be conducted periodically.



H. Recruitment of Faculty and Staff

The revised plan should include, in addition to present and proposed affirmative action plans, a cooperative pregram among the State's higher education institutions to increase desegregation of faculty and staff at each institution, coordinated at the State level.

The state-wide approach which we are requesting in the revised plan should employ the following principles or contain an alternative procedure which provides for a mandatory system-wide effort to increase faculty desegregation.

- A state-wide applicant pool would be created which must be utilized by institutions if they have not located, through other means, a suitable minority candidate for any vacant positions.
- All institutions would be required to submit all curricula vitae and employment applications they receive to the central applicant pool.
- 3. Without altering any legitimate criteria for employment, selection decisions would be made so as to increase the desegregation of faculty and staff at each institution.
- 4. There would be State level coordination and responsibility for the successful implementation of the program.

It is not clear whether North Carolina is projecting faculty goals (p. 153). The plan presents some statistical projections from the predominantly white campuses, none of which anticipates having more than a 4.4% black faculty by 1977-78. The plan states that these figures "...reflect a commitment of maximum good faith effort within the context of the requirements of the Executive Order 11246 as amended...[but] because those efforts are keyed to additional studies...no projections concerning numerical consequences are now possible." (p. 218). Your revised plan should clarify this position.

We endorse your proposal (p. 157) to initiate annual conferences between pairs or larger groups of predominantly white and black institutions, designed to identify and effect joint appointments and faculty exchange programs, and your commitment to encourage and finance such programs through State grants to participants. To be considered as a viable desegregation technique, these



and conferences and the effective system offective system of joint appointments and a certain specified date, with a mechanism lassensing the success of the program. state-wide coordination should faculty exchanges for monitoring

explanation of Community College and Technical Institute system and in the higher employment No. undertaken percentege 62 funds..." revised have noted that page 161, the Education is practices to effect the remedies suggested on page 176. how this will be plan what 유. fron salaried employment nen-whites Char Community College should be provided. that of "...vithdrawing and withholding there "appropriate cuployed 15 the neasures available to the State used to prevent discrimination disprepentionally corrective measures" categories (p. 176), in full time positions system institutions. must specify will

H to Increese the Number of Black Faculty and Staff

against black students which has credentials necessary number of black faculty and staff. revised plan should provide special academic training to teach at the college for special programs impoded their taff. These past discrimination programs would level. obtaining

been convinced that this is necessary by your institutions with terminal degrees. institutions be continued Although we encourage a system-wide program of ci T as compared to faculty at and Appendix) of the as you propose, for the precominantly the benefit of your that and, if necessary, planned feasibility study faculty development grants, we black the disparity curtent five predeminantly black the predominantly white institutions with terminal faculty improvement in the increased, percentage of demonstration grants

personnel, at predeminantly black institutions should be black institutions and service at these institutions. or established where they do not exist. present in-service training programs upgrading training programs, the quality evaluate their at no cost <u>و</u> faculty present to participating and administrative pue H predominantly potential use-



Your revised plan should include immediate steps to insure an increased enrollment of blacks in the University of North Carolina graduate and professional schools, and an increased number of black graduates from these programs. Such steps should provide a source of black faculty within the University of North Carolina and encourage black students generally to pursue terminal graduate and professional degree programs in fields where blacks are currently under-represented.

The revised plan should commit the State to begin, in the fall semester, graduate, professional and pre-professional student recruitment programs, sixed at attracting and admitting more minority students to all graduate and professional schools. The actual nature of these programs should be outlined in the plan and its operation described specifically in the first semi-annual report. It should address at least the amount and source of financial and personnel resources to be committed, the specific recruiting activities, geographical nreas, subject matters to be pursued, and the results anticipated. Such a program should establish a mechanism for counselling and apprising potential black applicants of graduate and professional opportunities early in their college career.

More focused efforts of these types should accomplish greater employment of minority faculty and staff at the predominantly white institutions than your plan now appears to anticipate (p. 153).

J. Governing Boards

Your plan should include a commitment and process to insure that all institutional and system-wide governing boards include significant numbers of minority race members.

In this regard, we note that some progress has been made:

Minority representation is guaranteed on the new Board of Covernors of the University of North Carolina. The 32-member Board has 4 cohorts of 8 members who are elected every two years by the Ceneral Assembly. One of these 8, as a statutory minimum, must be a minority group person. There are 6 black board members now serving.



The senior institutions have boards of trustees composed of 13 members each. Prior to 1973, none of the predeminantly white institutions had black trustees. Before 1972, none of the predeminantly black colleges had black majorities on their boards, they usually had 2 or 3 black representatives. Each of the predominantly white institutions now has at least one minority person (usually black; Western Carolian has an Indian), and four of the five predominantly black institutions now have majority black trustee boards. Since the Governor appoints four out of the 13 members, the Plan offers an opportunity for a statement of assurance that there will be full participation. However, no commitment from the Governor is included.

The State Board of Education, which controls the Community College System, has 13 members, 11 of whom are appointed by the Governor. Currently, there are 2 blacks, 1 Indian and 1 white female. The Plan states that a Covernor will be able to appoint a minimum of 5 members during his term of office so that he could strongly influence the racial character of the Board.

Local boards of trustees in the Community College System have 12 members each: 4 appointed by the Governor, 4 by county commissioners and 4 by local boards of education. The Plan admits that there is serious underrepresentation of minorities on these boards (p. 57). Some have none. The Plan states, "It is believe that North Carolina governors will use their influence to correct imbalances of racial representation on local boards..." (p. 58). However, no commitment from the Governor is included.

The Plan submits information on nine statewide advisory groups on higher education some of which are concerned with professional education. All have at least one black member; some have an Indian.

Four "official state agencies, other than governing bodies, that have had, during the past twenty years, significant functions regarding higher education" are described. One which would appear to be very important, the Advisory Budget Commission, the statutory body that, with the Governor, prepares a statewide budget for consideration by the General Assembly, is now and always has been all-white. Four of the twelve members are appointed by the Governor and two by the Lt. Governor, but no commitments are made in the Plan concerning the desegregation of this body.

State authority should be exercised so as to maximize efforts at achieving minerity presence on key, higher education, policy-making bodies in North Carolina.



Appendix: UNC-50

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNOR'S OFFICE RALEIGH 27611

JAMES E. HOLSHOUSER, JR. GOVERNOR

June 18, 1974

Mr. Peter E. Holmes, Director Office of Civil Rights Department of Health, Education and Welfare Washington, D. C. 20201

Dear Mr. Holmes:

Enclosed is a letter from President William Friday to you, setting forth clarifications and explanations of various provisions of The Revised North Carolina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Duality in the Public Post-Secondary Education Systems, requested by you in your telephone call of June 14. I hope that President Friday's statements will enable you to approve the revised plan.

Sincerely,

James E. Holshouser, Jr.

JEHjr:ckr

Enclosure



THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

General Administration
P. O. BOX 2688
CHAPEL BILL 27514

WILLIAM TRIDAY

Products

June 18, 1974

TELEPHONE: 931 113 691 5

Mr. Peter E. Holmes Director Office for Civil Rights Department of Health, Education and Welfare Washington, D. C. 20201

Dear Mr. Holmes:

I am writing this letter in response to your telephone call of June 14 and your request for the clarification or explanation of several elements of The Revised North Carolina State Plan for the Further Elimination of Racial Duality in the Public Postsecondary Education Systems, filed with your office early this month. I shall address each of your points in the order in which you stated them.

- l. The revised plan contains several commitments by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina to undertake studies or other preliminary or interim steps precedent to action by The University. Our semi-annual reports to the Department of Health, Education and Welfare will report, as to each of those studies and other preliminary or provisional steps taken, the progress made and the problems encountered since the last semi-annual report.
- 2. The revised plan, pages 232-33 and 282-83, commits the Board of Governors to project the racial impact on the student body of an institution of the adoption of any new program initiated. The revised plan also states that

Consistent with necessary considerations of educational quality, institutional mission, and statewide needs, the Board of Governors normally will not approve the establishment of any new academic program unless in its opinion such action would not impede the elimination of the dual system of higher education in North Carolina. [Page 232]

In committing itself to consider the racial impact of its decisions on program, facilities, mission changes, and admission or degree requirement changes, and to report semi-annually on those decisions, the Board of Governors said:



Mr. Peter E. Holmes June 18, 1974 Page Two

> A basic commitment is herein made by the Board of Governors to ensure that such assessments [of racial impact] are made, in recognition of the fact that one critical consideration (but not the only proper consideration) in resolving basic questions about the role, scope, and mission of The University is the need to encourage at all times, in every way feasible, the further elimination of identifiable racial duality. any case where the strong possibility of a negative impact attributable to a particular course of action is perceived, the action will not be taken unless there are countervailing legitimate and compelling inducements, or a sound educational character, which militate in favor of the proposed action. [Pages 282-83]

The foregoing statements take it for granted that only under unusual circumstances would the Board of Governors authorize an action which it anticipated would impede the elimination of the dual system, and in those instances in which it did do so, the Board would assume the burden of proof that the ultimate result of the action, or of a group of related actions, would be to further the objective of eliminating the effects of the racially dual system, or would have some other educational objective of such compelling validity that its value would outweigh any anticipated negative effect of the particular action on the racial composition of the student body of the institution; in either case, review of the proposed action by the President and the Department of Health, Education and Welfare prior to its implementation would be had. It should be reiterated, however, that such instances will be rare and will be the subject of special treatment and justification.

3. In your letter of April 24, page 4, first paragraph, you state that

All impact determinations must be reviewed at the State level, and final determinations as to whether the actions in question would impede desegregation must be made at that level.

While the Board of Governors holds by statute virtually complete control over the 16 constituent institutions of The University, it cannot exercise all of its powers without stifling the initiative and sense of responsibility of the boards of trustees, chancellors, and other officers of those institutions. Therefore it has delegated to the boards of trustees of the institutions and to their chancellors extensive powers of



Mr. Peter E. Holmes June 18, 1974 Page Three

policy-making and management, on the theory that the greatest degree of knowledge and understanding of the problems encountered will be found at the local level and therefore the most intellitent decisions can be made there. For the same reason, the Board stated in the revised plan that the duty of considering the racial impact of decisions will rest initially and primarily with the board or officer authorized to take the action in question. The Board of Governors also stated, however, that "all such ultimate decisions, whether made at the campus level or at the central level, will be the subject of the periodic reporting commitments herein made." [Page 283]

The original and revised plans contain numerous commitments to make semi-annual reports on experience and progress under the state plan. Obviously much of the information that will form the basis for those reports will have to be obtained through routine reports on the same subjects from each of the 16 constituent institutions to the President. One subject of periodic reporting to the President will be the actions taken at the institutional level on which racial impact statements are required. With respect to prospective actions by the institutions that are anticipated to have negative impact of systemwide significance on the disestablishment of the dual system, the prior review and approval of the President will be required, and instructions will be issued by the President to the chancellors as to the types of institutional actions having the potential for negative impact of systemwide significance. If in the course of reviewing these reports it is found by the President that an action has been taken or is contemplated by a constituent institution that would, in the opinion of the President, impede the elimination of the dual system of higher education in North Carolina, he will take (or where appropriate, recommend to the Board of Governors that it take) proper remedial action to obtain an alteration of the decision. Ordinarily, such a request to the chancellor or board of trustees will produce corrective action. Should that not be sufficient, the Board of Governors may resort to other means, including as an ultimate measure overriding the local decision, to see that the stated policy of The University is followed.

4. Pages 209-13 of the revised plan contain a commitment of the Board of Governors to study and identify resource disparities between the predominantly black institutions and their white counterparts, and project the completion of this study by the end of 1974. It is not the Board's intention that this be a study without action. The revised plan states: "Upon identification of any such deficiencies, prompt and appropriate remedial action will be undertaken." [Page 210] For those deficiencies requiring for their remedy the expenditure of substantial amounts of money, resort to future legislative



Mr. Peter E. Holmes June 18, 1974 Page Four

appropriations must be had. The Board's commitment to take "prompt and appropriate remedial action" would include the presentation to the next session of the General Assembly, as a part of its regular budget presentation, of requests for appropriations sufficient to finance resolution of the problems found. As explained in the revised plan, the budget cycle for 1975-77 will have run so far by the time the institutional needs analysis will have been completed as to preclude our asking for large amounts of additional money from the General Assembly of 1975. Thus the principal request will be timely for consideration by the 1977 session of the General Assembly. To the extent that program or personnel changes are called for, a single request to that session may suffice to produce financing at the level needed for equali-To the extent that capital improvements are called zation. for, a series of requests to the legislative sessions of 1977 . and 1979 may be indicated. In any event, we expect to have any deficiencies that are found remedied, or remedial action funded, by 1980.

5. Your letter of April 24, page 5, paragraph 3, reads as follows:

The revised plan should also commit the Boards to a procedure to measure and monitor all construction to insure that new construction at the predominantly black institutions is not lower in quality than that at the predominantly white institutions.

Pages 205-206 of the revised plan respond to that request. It is stated on page 205 that

During the time that the Board of Governors has exercised legal responsibility for University finances (i.e., since July 1, 1972), no differentials in the cost of state-financed construction or in the quality of physical facilities constructed at predominantly black and predominantly white campuses respectively have been planned, acquiesced in, or approved by the Board which reflect racial considerations or the predominant racial character of any campus. Furthermore, decisions by the Board and its administrative officers will not reflect such improper racial considerations in the future. [Page 205]

The reluctance of the Board to make the categorical policy declaration asked for in your letter is not, therefore, due



Mr. Poter E. Holmes June 16, 1974 Page Five

to any disagreement with you over the impermissibility of racial considerations governing the quality of construction on the respective campuses. It arises from a realization that there are many causes for differentials in quality of construction (as measured, for example, by square footage costs) which have no relationship to the racial identity of the campuses involved. For example, inflation can easily result in two similar buildings, authorized at the same time at the same unit cost but sent out for bids at different times due to such factors as design or land acquisition delay, costing significantly different amounts. If each must be built within the same fixed, appropriated sum and the space requirements are the same, it might be necessary to build one more economically per square foot than the other, simply in order to get the needed amount of space. To insist on equal quality of construction would produce a less adequate building on one campus than the other. Adding the factor that one building is on a predominantly black campus, the other on a prodominantly white campus, makes no essential difference: that is an incident and not a cause. The Board has committed itself not to make such differentials on the basis of the racial identity of institutions, and it anticipates that any failure to keep that commitment would result in its being called to account for the failure. (Of course, we are not talking here about quality differentials that affect health and safety standards: these standards must be met by all state as well as private construction.)

On pages 226-31 of the revised plan, the Board of Governors committed itself to undertake as a part of its current (1974-75) long range planning program a special effort to identify and evaluate possible instances of racially-based duplication of programs as between predominantly black and predominantly white institutions. One branch of the same planning process will be a re-examination of the roles of all 16 of the constituent institutions and where necessary the redefinition of those The Board stated in the revised plan, "we hope to make all 16 constituent institutions attractive to students of all [Page 28] This will include a revision in the roles of the predominantly black institutions calculated to make them more attractive to students of both races. The Board of Governors recognizes, as did the Board of Higher Education before it, that the historical roles of those five institutions as essentially teacher-training institutions are too narrow, and therefore authorization has been given for the modification of their programs to include a broader range of liberal arts and other programs. That process is expected to continue and to produce institutions more attractive both to white and black students. Careful attention will be given those five campuses



Mr. Peter E. Holmes June 18, 1974 Page Six

as the potential locations of new specialized educational programs for which there is need and which would tend to make them more attractive to white students in particular. The program duplication and role definition studies will give special attention to the instances of possibly unnecessary program duplication between proximate pairs of predominantly white and predominantly black institutions, and seek revision in program responsibilities aimed at the elimination of racially-based alternative program offerings in those institutions.

I note that at several places in the revised plan, the Board of Governors has stated that it will pursue studies (e.g., as to program duplication, institutional roles, and resource equalization) related to desegnegation in connection with its more comprehensive long-range planning effort. The coupling of the two types of studies should not obscure the fact that the Board recognizes the necessity of these desegregation-related studies irrespective of the long-range planning effort and would undertake them independently were the latter effort not in progress. They are combined here simply because they concur in time and cover to a considerable extent the same subject-matter, and independent, simultaneous pursuit of the two projects would be wasteful and duplicative effort on the part of many of the same people.

- 7. While the Board of Governors does not agree that Greensboro and Winston-Salem or Fayetteville and Pembroke constitute single communities for educational planning purposes (page 229), the current long-range planning effort of The University will consider the bearing of the geographical proximity of those institutions on their program offerings in order to determine whether they do in practice offer racially-related alternatives to students living in those areas.
- 8. In your letter of April 24, page 6, paragraph 2, you ask for definition of "the criteria by which the State distinguishes between basic and specialized curricula offerings." We are now at work on such a definition and will transmit it to you by October 1, 1974.
- 9. On pages 148-49 of the revised plan, the Board of Governors has given various assurances that it will not tolerat instances of discrimination on the basis of race within its institutions or by those whose activities are under its control and has established a mechanism for identifying and dealing with such instances should they occur. It is anticipated that all such instances of racially-based discrimination occurring



Mr. Peter E. Holmes June 18, 1974 Page Seven

on the campuses will be dealt with effectively by the chancellors and their subordinates. It will be the obligation of the President, however, to maintain oversight of this matter through the regular reporting processes of The University as well as through complaints that may reach him of unremedied discrimination occurring on the campuses and to take (or where appropriate to recommend to the Board of Governors that it take) remedial action where necessary.

10. On pages 168-70 of the revised plan, the Board of Governors has committed itself to the establishment of an academic position listing service and a faculty applicant listing service that are intended to make the availability of positions more widely known and to bring to the attention of those with hiring responsibilities a wider range of prospective appointees than they now have available. While the use of these services will be voluntary with the institutions seeking to fill positions and the people seeking appointments (the Board did not consider the mandatory use of these services to be feasible), it is hoped that the use of both services will become extensive and that the results will be significant by greater representation of the local racial minority in each of the 16 faculties.

The campuses are now thoroughly familiar with the requirements of affirmative action with respect to employment under the Executive Order program, and in particular the predominantly white institutions are in search of additional sources of names of black faculty prospects. It is anticipated that the new faculty applicant listing service will be one such source that will be routinely consulted by the institutions in the course of their future recruitment efforts. The counterpart academic position listing service will serve the same purpose—to enable the institutions to show that, as a part of their affirmative action effort, they have taken that step among others to inform all potentially interested applicants of the existence of a vacancy.

I trust that these comments will be helpful to you in interpreting the revised plan and will enable you to approve the plan, so that we may proceed to carry it out in the confidence that you have found it to be a constructive means of achieving the objective of access to the benefits of public postsecondary education without racially-related disadvantages.

Sincerely yours,

Mortingay

William Friday



APPENDICES CCS





MORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE, FALL, 1973

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. NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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VCCATIONAL	.244	. 55		, 4	303	72	Lu		1	83	316	65		. , 5	38
Faeshara Somonages	226 18	52 3	•	4	282 282	70 2	19		I	81 2	29 6 20	62 3		5	36 2
TOTAL	740	le <u>ä</u>	 2		661	441	52		6	499	1 169	155	2	14	134
GP SHIEN.	692 146	88 15	2	8	70 0 161	351 90	45 7		.6	402 97	953 236	133 22	2	14	1 1.0 25

INSTITUTES VANCE-GRANVILLE TELF-ILAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER ECUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL BLOHIS ACT OF ISO4. (PART II, LIEM II

•		FUL (12 CR	L-TIME S MURE CHE	TUDENTS SIT HOURS	S)		PAR ILESS I	T-ILME S' HAN 12 C	TUDEKTS REGLT HOL	JRS)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	while	NEG HU	INLIAN	LIHER	TOTAL	WHITE	نەۋم.	INDÌAN	CTHER	TOT AL	MHITE	NĚGRG	LNDIAN	CTHER	TETAL
CCLLEGE Transfer					,										
FRESHMEN SUPHGMORES	•						-								
GENERAL ELUCATION						11	ı			12	11	ı			12
FRESHMEN SJPHL#DRES						11	£			. 12	11	ı			12
												•			_
TECHNICAL	45	. 45			۶۵	38	17		. 6	63	83	64		6	153
FRESHFFN SOPHUMORES	30 15	, 37 , 8			o7 23	36	L7		Þ	6 L 2	o8 15	54 LD		6	128 25
VCGATILNAL	7ċ	162	ı	ž	17 5	42	١د	•	4.	78	113	133	1	6	253
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	6) 10	ÉL 14	ı	۷	151 24	42 1	20 3		4	74	162 11	116	ì	6	225 28
. TOTAL	i io	147	ì	ž	Žej	54	۵٤		Id	153	207	198	ı	12	418
r-kë ShAEN SUPHE MCRës	90 20	12 5 22	t	2	21a 47	9 i 1	4u 2	-	13	147	181 26	171 27	I	12	365 53



NGRTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURNICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION TRI-COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM QS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1944. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

•															
			L-TIME S MORE CRE		S1 .			RT-TIME S		JRS)		T	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHILE	NEGRU	INCIAN	LTKER	IGTAL	этіна	НЕ ВИО	MAIONI	CIFER	TOTAL	hH1TE	NEGRO	INDIAN	GTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER						,							•		• •
FRESHM e n S GPHGMOR ES															-
GENERAL EDUCATION	22	1		3	26	85			Ó	91	107	1		9	រព
FRESHÅEN SUPHCMORES	20 4	1		3	24 2	71 14			4 2	75 16	91 16	1		7 2	99 18
	₹. −	-		•										•.	
TECHNICAL	58	4	2		67	37		1		39	95	5	6		106
FRESHMEN S OPHOMOR ES	58	4	٤		o7.	37		i		39	95	5	6		106
														-	•
VOCALIGNAL	152		1 ,	3	199	39				39	231		1	3	235
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	1\$6		1	3	150 6	39			¥	39	225 6		1	3	229 6 .
TOTAL	274	5	Ł	6	289	161	1	1	6	169	433	6	7	- i2	450
FRESHMEN O PHOMORES ERIC	264 C	5	٤	•	281 8	147 14	. 1	i	4 2	153 16	411 22	6	7	10 2	434 24

)

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENRULLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION ISCHNICAL INSTITUTE OF ALAMANCE

FALL

1953-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER ECUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL HIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM I)

			L-71ME S		S)			T-TIME S		LIKS)		T	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	анітє	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	3118 kk	NEGRU	MAICHI	GIFER	TETAL	MHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	07HER	701AL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	••														
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	•			•								•			
GENERAL ECUCATION	-			•		20	ź	1		23	20	2	1		23
FRESHMEN SGPHGMGRES						. 20	. 4	ı		23	20	2	1		23
TECHRÜGAL	Abs	Él	1	2	517	41 0	40			256	643	127	1	2	773
FRESTMEN SOPHEMORES	. 344 129	£1 20	1	2	308 149	155 55	34 14			189	459 184	95 32		4	557 216
		,		•											
VCLATIONAL	bū	žo			114	. 33	17		1	51	115	45		1	165
FKESHMEN SJPHOMORES	84 2	2£ 2			11a +	33	17		1	· 51	117	43 Z		1	161
PUTAL	515	165		2	631	263	ده		ı	330	1à4	174	2	3	961
FRESHMEN SUPHEMORES	380 131	87 42	1	2	478 153	208 \$5	ده ۱ ۷	1	1	€63 07	59 6 lab	140 34	2	3	741 ويم 2



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MORTH CARDLINA DEPARTMENT OF CONNUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

ASTITUTION SURRY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

T 2-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM US-34, COMPLIANCE REPURT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HISMER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. IPART 11, 11EM 1)

*											-			•	
	•		L-TIME S MORE CREI		s)			ET-TIME SE		JRS)			OTAL STU	DENTS	
	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	LIHER	161aL	WHI To	NEGRO	INCLAN	üfhaR	TOTAL	MNITE	NEGRO	ING IAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CCLLEGE Transfer	27>	14		2	291	379	•		1	384	654	18	-	3	675
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	157 11.8	6	<u></u>	1	165 125	311 68	•	-	ı	316 88	" 468 186	12 6		2 1	482 193
GENERAL ECUC AT 10N								•							
FKESHMEN Sø phom gres	•														- ·-
TECHNICAL	253	15		1	269	197	11		2	210	450	26		3	479
FRESHMEN SUPMOMORES	16.5 84	. 12		1	182 87	151 46	5 3		1	140 50	320 130	20 6	-	5	342 137
YCCATICNAL	, ei	27	••	1	69	41				41	102	27		1	130_
FRESTMEN SOPHOMORES	ol	27		i	46	41				41	192	27		1	130
TOTAL	569	5e		4	049	617	15		3	o35	1296	71		7	1284
FRESHMEN OF PHONORES	367 262	47		3	43₹ 212	503 114	14		ć L	517 118	890 316	59 12		5 2	95 <u>6</u> 330

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENRULL MENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION STANLY RECHNICAL INSTITUTE

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1973-74

INFURMATION FOR FORM GO-54, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1904. (PART II, TIEM L)

•					•											
:			LL-TIME S More cre		51			HAN 12 G		URS 1		ī	CTAL STU	DENTS		i
	_ mmllE	N±6RC	MAIDNL	GTHER	TETAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INGIAN	STHER	FO7 AL	BILde	vE GRO	INDIAN	CTHER	701AL	
C CL LEGE Transfer												•				ļ
FRESHMEN SCPHGMGRES		•														
GENERAL EDUCATION	•					17	و			20	17	3			20	
FRESHMEN SUPHOMORES	,					17	, .		•	¿ 0	17	3			20	1
1			\													
TECHNICAL	63	22	1		165	25			i	26	FOR	22		ı	131	
FRESHMEN SophGhores	43 20	19 3			82 23	24			1	25 1	87 21	19 3		ı	107 24	
VCCAT IGNAL	. 21	14			ıŝ	24	ı			25	45	15			60	
FRESHMEN Supmembres	21	13			34 1	20 4	. 1		-	21 4	41 4	14 1			55 5	
TCTAL	li4	36			140	44	.,		ı	71	173	40		ı	211	:
FÆESHMEN SUPHCMAKES	34 23	32 4			11a 24	ol 2	÷		i	6 6	145 25	36 4		i	182 29	



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICHLUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RAGE

INSTITUTION SOUTHWESTERN TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

973-74

INFORMATION ECR FORM GS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER ECUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, 1TEM I)

• • •			· · ·		• ••										
. 3 . 1 ^{ev}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FULL 112.68 W	- TIME ST Dre_Cred		1 .			RT-TIME S HAN 12 C		URS)		1	OTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHITE	NEGRO	Ingian	GTHER	TOTAL	ані те	NEGRÛ	1ND1AN	OTHER	TOTAL	BEITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CULLEGE TRANSFER	3	•-							•		:				-
FRESHM EN SCPH ONG RES			· •								·				
CENERAL. EDUCATION		· - -			. <u>-</u>	35 <i>2</i>	4	2	12	370	352	4	2	12	370
FRESHMEN SCPHONDRES					. ,	350 2	4	2	12	368 2	350 2	. 4	2	" 12	368 2
				، جي	-: :			_				_			
TECHNICAL	. 103	ι	4	ı	109	68	0	2	ι	77	171	1	6	2	l 8 6
FRESHMEN. SOPHONORES	85	1 .	. 3.	1	73 36	.64	1	1	1	71	132 - 39	1	2	2	144 42
VOCATIONAL	105_	2	20	. 2	129.	13	1	4		18	_ f18	3	24	2_	117.
fr esim en Sopian ores	93 12	1	9 11	2	105 24	12 1	1	1 3		14	105 13	. 2	10 14	2	119 25
TOTAL	∠08	3	24	à	238	433	11	•	13	445	. 641	14	32	16	703
FRESMEN.	. 161 41	2	12 12	3	178 60	426 7	I J	*	13	453 12	587 54	12	16 16	16	6 <u>31</u> 72
ERIC							***		. .						

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CUBRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION SOUTHEASTERN COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

973-7

INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, 11EM 1)

				L-TIME S		5)·			T-FIME ST		IRS)		Ţ	GTAL STU	DENTS	
		WHITE	NEGRO	INCIAN	ETHER	IGTAL	white	NEGRU	INCIAN	SVEVR	TOTAL	PHILE	NEGRO	INDIAN	GTHER	TOTAL
	CELLEGE TRANSFER	29.3	£8	23		405	94	II	i	1	107	387	99	24	2	512
•	FRESHMEN SOMEMORES	193 100	67 21	l4 9		275 130	71 23 -	7 4	1	1	80 27	264 123	74 25	15	2	355 157
	GENERAL. ECUCATION						41	2		1	44	41	2		i	44
611	FRESHMEN .	· -					8 33	1		1	9 35	. 8 33	1		ı	9 35
- '	TECHNICAL		50	10		232	111	y	2		122	283	59	12		354
•	FRES IMEN SOPHONORES	112 04	38 12	9 1	•	159 73	95 16	7 2	z		104 18	207 76	45 14	11		2 63 91
	VCCAT I ENAL	40	49	۷	-	51	66	13			79	112	62	2		176
	FRESHMEN SOPHOMCKES	45 1	÷7 2	ż		9- 9 3	64 2	1.			75 4	3 103	58 4	2		169 7
	TGTAL	511	167	25	i	754	312	دف	ė	Z	352	E23	222	38	3	1086
	FRESHMEN SCPHLMGRES	350 161	154 35	10	ı	528 286	230 74	70 70	Ė	i i	268 84	/ 588 235	178 44	28 10	. 2	7% 290



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... NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNETY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENFALLMENT BY RACE

ENSTITUTION SANOHILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, 1188 I)

<i>t</i>		FUL (12 OR	L-TEME S MORE SAE	TUDE NTS Dit hours	5 3			MAN 12 C		ms)		T	CTAL STU		
	WMETE	NEGRO	INOLAN	GTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	ENÇIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRO,	ENDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CLLEGE TRANSFER	436	 65	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	512	64	9			73	500	75		10	585
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	270 166	35. 30	- ï	7 3	313 199	39 25	5 4	•		44 29	309 191	40 34	1 .	3	3 57 2 2 6
GENERAL EGUCATION	. 17	<u></u>		. 1	~iš	124	4		2	130	. 141	4	•	3	148
FRESHMEN	12.	•		. 1.		117	3		2	122	129	3		3	1 <u>35</u> 13
			.•		÷		.				••				
TECHNICAL	. 323	82.		9	413.	85	. 40		3	128	408	t22		£ £	541
FRESIMEN SOPHOADRES	21 I	. 23.			276 137	48 37	24 16		2	73 55	259 149	. 39		. 5	349 192
VCC AT JOHAL	 48		. 1	 1	72	5	2			7	53	24	1	I	 79
FRESHMEN SCPHONCRES	4t	15 7	Ł	1	53 14	3 2	4			5	44	17 7	1	İ	63 16
TQTAL.	824	149.	. 2.	20	1615	278	55		5	338	1 192	224	Z	. 25	1353
ESHIPEN PHODORES	534 290	109 . 60	z	15 5_	660 35 5	∠07 71	34 4 i		3 2	244 94	741 361	143 81	2	1 8 7	904 449

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENABLEMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION SAMPSON TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1913-14

INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

		FUL (12 OR	L-TIME \$	IUDENTS Dit Hours:	,			12 3MIT—I. 13 SI NAH		URS)		T	CTAL STU	CENTS	
	MRITE	NEGRG	INDIAN	CINER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRU	NAICHI	OTHER	TOTAL	h F11E	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE Transfer															
FRESHMEN Sophemeres															
GENERAL ECUCATION	47	1	Ĺ		21	34	ī			35	. 53	2	1		56
rka shm en Saph am cres	ĹŦ	1	1		∠1	27				0¢ č	48 5	2	1		5 1 5
TECHNICAL	135	54	>		194	41	ł.÷	1	1	é3	182	. 68	.6	ı	251
FRESHMEN SUPHEMERES	9u 31	44 20	4 1		136 56	22 25	7	l		30 30	120 62	43 25	5 1	1	1 69 89
	,														
VCCATICKAL	95	۷Ċ	4		62	عد َ	23	3	2	65	13	49	3	2	121
Freshnen JophCadres	3C 3	žž ÷	A		ڊ د •	. i	23	ì		63 2	61	45	2 1	2	116 11
TCIAL	lov	έl	,		211	liv	36	ذ	3	163	308	115	10	3	440
FRESHMEN LUPHCACAES	14T 42	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	5		210	2† 02	2 2	i	, з	126	235 73	96 25	ú Ž	3	336 104



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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION ROMAN TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34; COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS 4CT OF 1864. (PART 11; 11EM 1)

			•												
			L-TIME S MORE_CRE		S &		PAF	NT-TIME S HAN 12 CI	TUDÉNIS REDIT HO	URS)		. 1	ICTAL STU	DENTS	
	HHITE	NEGRO	INDLAN	CTHER	IDTAL	WH118	NEGRU	INDIAN	CIFER	TOTAL	MHITE	Në G AC	MALONI	CTHER	ISTAL
COLLEGE Transfer			-	. •											
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES	•	• •		-			·								
GENERAL EGUÇATICA	4				2	78	4		1	83	ac	4		ı	85
FRESHMEN SUPHEMERES	2				2 ,	10 10	3		ı	72 11	7C 10	j l		1	74 11
•											•				
TECHNICAL	445	64	i	4	518	133	12	. 2	1	148	582	76	د	5	666
FRESH AEN Soph onores	297 152	49 15	ì	4	351 167	118	d 4	2	ı	129 15	415 16 7	57 19	3	5	480 186
VECATIONAL	116	. 55		. 4	173	93	٤.		. r	ilo	209	77		3	289
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	115	55	`,	2	1 12 1	75 14	24	-	ı	102 14	194 15	71		3	274 15
TQTAL	567	115	i	. 6	693	3J4	30	2	3	347	e 71	157	3	9	1040
F⊭ €3HHEN S OPHÖ #GRES	414 153	104 15	· L	۵	525 168	265 37	<u>د</u> د د	2	3	303 44	679 192	137 20	3	9	8 28 212

CURRICULUM STUDENT EMPLLEMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION ROCKINGHAN COPHUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

1973-74

INFURMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. (PART 11, 1TEM 11

· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •													·		
•		FUL C12 OR	L-TIME S NORE CRE	TUDENTS Bli HQUA:	5 }			TTTIME ST		JRS)		ī	OTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHITE	KEGRU	INDIAN	LINER	TGTAL	STINK	NEGRO	INGIAN	STHER	TOTAL	MAITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CGLLEGE TRANSFER	34c	15		4	365	90	,			97	436	22		4	442
FRESHMEN SUPHOMURES	238 108	12 3		3	253 112	56 32	3			61 36	296 140	15		3 1	314 148
GENERAL EDUCATION	6				6	142	11	•	i	154	148	11			140
.ERES HI EN Suphiga ores	2				4 2	152 10	. 10		1	143 11	136 12	10		Ł	147 13
TECHNIGAL	185	52			234	134	36		ì	173	316	90	:	i.	407
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	129 53	43 9			172 62	88 46	31 /		i	1 19 54	217 99	74 16		ı	162 311
VOCATIGMAL	do	Ze		2	114	105	12			117	191	38		2	231
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	33 د	24 2		2	109 5	92 13	12			164 13	175 16	36 2		2	213 18
TUTAL	620	93			719	471	66			541	109 i	16 ì		8	1360
FRESHMEN S ophGrore s	454 <u></u> _10 <u>6</u>	79 14.		. 5 . 1	538 L81	370 101	50 12		l I	427 114	824 267	135 26		6 2	965 29 <u>5</u>



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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION ROBESON TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1913-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM GS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HISBER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI UF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM 1)

•			L-TIME S MORE CRE		51			I-TIME S		URS)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHITE	NEGRO	NAIONI	CTHER	IGTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	LHOLAN	OTHER	TOTAL	PHILLE	NEGRO	MAIGNI	CTHER	TOTA
CLLÉGE TRANSFER														•	
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	• .														
GENERAL EQUCATION	. 2	3	3		8	23	1	3		27	25	4	6		3
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	2		ذ		à	23	1	3		27	25	4	6		3
TECHNICAL	54	35	24	ı	114	87	14	34		135	141	49	58	1	24
FRESHMEN SOPMOMORES	34 20	26 9	8	1	76 38	83 4	14	33 1		130 5	117 24	40 9	49 9	1	20 - 4
vecat ichal	 60	¢9	71	1	226	14	34	25		73	99	103	96	1	21
FRESHMEN S opho móres	бэ	6 6 3	73.	ı	223 3	14	30 4	25		69	99	96 1	96		29
TOTAL	141	167	\$s	2	348	124	49	62		235	245	156	160	. 2	51
FRESHMEN OPHGHORES	5¢ 151	15 85	40	Ţ	101 41	12v 4	45 4	6 1		226 9	241 24	140 16	1 5 }	1	5

MERTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION REGARDAR-CHOMAN TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1973-74

INFURMATION FOR FORM G5-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HISMEN EDUCATION ONDER TITLE VI UF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964% (PART [], 11EM 1)

	•	FUL 112 GR	L-TIME SI MORE CREC	FUDENTS OLF HOURS	5)			T-TIME S		URS)		ī	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHTIF	AÆGRÉ	INDIAN	CTHER	FGFAL	BHITE	NEGRÓ	INDIAN	STHER	FOTAL	MHTTE	NEGRO	INDIAN	GTNER	TOTAL
CGLLEGE TRAMSFER	•														
FKESÄMEN Sophokores	٠														
GENERAL EGUCATION					2	9				9	9	2			11
FRESHMEN SGPHEMERES		2	•		2	9				9	9	2			11
TECHNICAL	45	87			132	7	9			16	52	96			148
FRESHMEN SOPHONGRES	30 15	.91 34	-		81 51	5 2	8 1			13 3	35 17	59 37			94 54
								-						-	
VGCATICNAL	54	111	ż	2	lod	9	1			16	62	118	2	2	184
FRESHMEN SOPMORORES	47	11 190	2	2	15ì 17	9	6 1			15 1	56 6	106 12	2	2),66 18
TOTAL	98	200	. 2	2	- 302	25	10			41	123	216	2	. 2	343
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES	. 71	/153 47	2,	. 2	2 34 98	2 3	14 2			37 4	100 23	167 49	2	2	271 72



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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1913-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

-															
			L-TIME S MORE CRE		5)			RT-TIME S		URS)		1	ETAL STU	DENTS	
	WHITE	NEGRO	MAIGNI.	CTHER	TOT AL	HHITE	NEGRO	INCIAN	CTRER	TUT AL	WHITE	NEGRO	INOTAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CCALEGE TRANSFER	-	-												r	
FRESKREN SOPHGMORES	~			•											
GENERAL EGUCATION	₽ 1	19	4		£O	40	4		1	45	97	23	4	1	125
FRESHMEN Soph o kgres	54 3	14 5	4	, -	12 8	3 ts 2	1		1	42 3	92 5	17 6	4		114 11
TECHNICAL	11.8	83	ī	ì	269	96	đ		· . 2	106	274	91	ī	3	375
FRESHMEN SOPH ONG RES	127. 51	ć3 20	5 2		190 73	15 81	2		4	11 89	208 66	69 22	2	Ė	285 90
VECATIENAL	őő	56.	ذ	ž	151	2á		j	3	46	14.1	67	ŝ	5	1 9 l
FRESHMEN SOPHGAGRES	8T 1	56	خ	2	150 1	23	11	3	3	40	110 1	67	8	5	190 L
TOTAL	دعد	156	lo	5	580	159	63	3	6	191	÷62	191	19	9	491
FRESHMEN PHCHORES	268 55	133 25	47	5	41 0 82	142 17	2.a 3	3	6	171 20	410 T2	153	17	9	5 69 .

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INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. IPART II, ITEM 1)

			L-TIME S MURE CRE		5)			T-11ME S HAN 12 CI		(2年)		τ	STAL STU	DENTS	
	#HITE	NË GRË	INDIAN	CTHER	TGTAL	HHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	SFITE	NEGRO	INDIAH	CTHER	TOTAL
CELLEGE TRANSFER															
FRESHMEN SOPHEMURES					•	-									
GEHERAL EDUCATION	64				64	22				23	86	, A			87
FRESHMEN SOPHONORES	56 14				53 14	15 1	1			16	65 21	1			-66 21
TECHNICAL	229	τ		i	ΙεS	48	3			51	277	10		1	288
FRES AMEN S CPHONORES	99 191	ì		i	16 Į 70	45 3	د			46 3	206 71	: 4			215 73
		ð						•			,				
VCUALICNAL	76	2		Z	دع.	67	12			99	163	14		2	179
FRE SIM EN Suph g mores	75 i	2			19 1	äī	. 12			99	163	14		2	178 1
		_												_	
TGTAL	9ؤد	9	•	£	381	157	16			173	526	. 25		3	554
FRESHPEN SOPHONORES	246 03	ů L		2	296 85	lai la	10			63 10	433 93	24		1 1	459 95



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INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EGUCATION UNDER TITLE VI UP THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. [PART 11, 1]EM 1)

			L-TIME S MORE CRE		5)			TTIME S		JRS J		7	CTAL STU	BENTS	
•	BHTTE	NEGRŪ	AA1ON1-	CTHER	TÜTAL	HHITE	NEGRJ	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	ARTTE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE Transfer															
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES															
GENERAL ECUCATION	1	1	,		2	158	6 3		2	223	159	64		2	225
FRESHMEN SGPHCMORES		1			2	157 1	4 3		2	· 222	158 1	64		2	2 24 i
TECHNIGAL	3 05	115		. 5	423	134	19		3	156	439	131	, ,	8	579
FRESHMEN Suphungres	146 117	77 35	ı	1	270 153	115 19	15 4		3	133 23	303 136	92 39	1	7	403 176
ACCULEONAL.	_ 106	. 57	2		165	49	. 6			57	155	65	5		222
FRESHMEN SUPHONORES	89 17	5G 7	4		141 24	49	đ			57	138 17	58 7	2		190 24
TOTAL	412	170	 3	. 5	590	341	90		, 5	436	753	260	3	- 10	1026
FRESHMEN SGPHCAGRES	278 134	12 <u>6</u> 42	à	4	413 177	321 26	. bo 4		>	412 24	599 154	214 46	3	9	825 201

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INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964, IPART II, ITEM 11

	i		FUL LL2 QR	NDRE CREE	TUSENTS)IT HOURS	51		PAR (LESS T	T-TIME ST	TUDENTS Redit Hou	#RS}		1	ETAL STU	DENTS	
		MHLTE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGKE	NA10n1	STHER	TOTAL	BHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TO TAL
•	COLLEGE TRANSFER			-	,	-										
	FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	المساد المساد				•								î		•
,	GENERAL EDUCATION		-				3				3	3				3
1627	FRESHMEN Sophchores	<u> </u>				•	3	٠			3	3				3
-	TECHNICAL	323	51	4		376	172	24		2	198	495	75	4	2	576
	FRESHMEN SO PHORO RES	241 . 82	41 10	7 7		285 93	94 78	1.7 7			113 85	335 160	58 17	3 1	2	398 178
•	YOCATIGNAL	25	. 3 .7	-	ı	63	10s	79	ı	3	191	133	lio		4	255
	FRESHMEN Sophighores	22 2	37		1	60 3	105	76 1	1	3	187	127 6	115	ı.	•	24 3 7
	FGTAL	348	38	•	ı.	44 L	283	103	1	5	392	63 L	191	5	6	033
	FRESHMEN SCPHCMDRES	. 263 85	78 10	3 L	L	345 96	· 202	95 5	ı	5	3 0 3 89	465 166	173	. 4	6	648 185



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INFORMATION FOR FORM 05-34, COMPLIANCE REPURT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, 11EM 1)

	ŧ		L-TIME S'		; j			T-TIME ST HAN 12 CI		JRS.)		1	OTAL STU	DENTS	
	ин176	NEGRU	MAIGHE	CIHER	TGTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INGIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TUTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	. 		• ,	ador di .											-
FRE SFINE N S OPHONOR ES	-			-	٠						_				•
GENERAL . EGUCATION						//	,								
FRESHMEN Sophcmores /	4//	H	ull		••	// 	!/ !! ! ! /	111/11							431
TECHNICAL	16	10			z Q	16				23	26	17			43
FRESHMEN SOPHOPCRES	31/	7 3	-		14.7	; is	/î"			22 1	23 3	13 4			36 7
VOCA (I CHAL	i4	s	,		ذ غ	, k				1	15	9			. 24
FRESHMEN Sophemores	_ 24[1] 	j y J	પામા !	7	23	. 1,	, /			1	15	9			24
TCTAL .	24	15.			43		1	,		24	41	26			67
FRESHMEN SCPHCHORES	21	16 2			37 ·		1	<i>.</i>		23 1	3 8 3	22 4			40 7

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INFORMATION FOR FORM GS-3%: COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EQUICATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. LPART 11, ITEM 1)

	/	•			• • •									_		
	<i>!</i>			L-TIME S MORE CRE		5)		PAR LLESS T	HAN 12 C	FUDENTS R e dit H oa	RS)		.,	CTAL STU	DENTS	
		MHITÊ	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	antte	NEGRU	INDIAN	CIFER	TOTAL	MHITE	~EGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
٠	COLEEGE TRANSFER		-									•				
	FRESHMEN SDPHGM G RES	-													•	
•	GENERAL EGUCATION	53	12		3	68	209	3>	. 1	9	254	262	47	1	12	322
6	FRESHMEN SOPHCPORES	 39 14	10	•	3	52 16	20 1 8	بەق 1	1	9	245 9	240 22	44	1	12	297 25
2	· - 	•			-		•									
	TECHNICAL	167	61		7	175	ć	1			7	113	62		7	182
	FRESHMEN SOPHONORES	83 24	39 22		. 7	129 40	6	1			6 1.	89 24	39 23		.7	135 47
	YGCAT1CHAL	20.	16	•	. 2	44	3ರ	£		4	45	64	19		ó	89
	FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	26	16		2	44	38	3		4	45	64	19		6	89
	TOTAL ,	160	. 89		" 1.2	267	253	39		13	306	439	128	1	25	593
	fre shme n Sophg hor es	148 36	65 24		12	225 o2	245 8	37 2	ι	13	296 [,] 10	393 46	102 20	1	25	521 72



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INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EQUIATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

			L-TIME S MORE CRE		5)			RT-TEME STHAN 12 CO		URS)		т	GTAL STU	DENTS	
	виште	NÉGRO	INDIAN	CTEER	TOTAL	MHTLE	NEGRL	INEIAN	OFFER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	ENULAN	CTHER	TOTAL
COLL ESE TRANSFER															
FRES IM EN S ophomo res														-	
GENERAL ECUCATION															
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES									•						
TECHNICAL	22	20		. 1	43	23	·- 5	, ,		28	45	25		Ł	71
FRESHMEN Suphicheres	10	19 - 1		1	36 T	2 <u>1</u>	2	*		2 3 5	3T	21 4		- 1	59 12
VCCATICNAL	5é	11		· 2	75	ci	ls		Ł	78	117	33		3	153
FRESHMEN SUPHONORES	56	ìΤ		2	75	oi	is i		1	1	111	32 1		• 3	1 5 2 1
FUTAL	it	:7		. .	ilo	34	21		1	106	162	öc		4	224
FR ESHM EN S CPHGNGRE S	T2	. 36 . 1		3	111	<i>o</i> ¿ 2	1T 4		1	100	154 8	53 5		4	211 13



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INFURNATION FOR FORM 05-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGNER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 19:4. (PART 11, ITEM 11

				L-TIME S MORE CHE	TUDENTS Dit HOURS	5)		PAR (LESS 1	T-TIME \$1	TUDENTS REDIT HOL	urs)		τ	GTAL STU	DEMTS	
		MHITE	NEGRC	INDIAN	cThER	TO TAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INDTAN	CINER	TOTAL	WHITE	MEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
	COLLEGE TRANSFER	366	44		1	411	41	; 2		•	43	407	46	•	. 1	454
	FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	238 128	32 12		1	270 141	28 13	2			30 13	266 14 L	34 12		ι	300 154
	GEMERAL EDUCATION						33	ż		3	38	33	2		3	38
الم	FRESHMEN Sophonores						13 20	4		3	18 20	13 20	2		3	18 20
-				•												
	TECHNICAL	,74	18			92	44	4			48	118	22			140
	FRESHMEN SOPHCMGRES	57 17	16 2			73 19	38 6	•			42	95 23	20 2			115 25
	VSCAT LGNAL			•											=	
	F reshåen Sophundres			•							\$2		•	•	٠	
	•															
	TOTAL	440	εŽ	•	1	503	118	•		3	129	558	10		4	632
2	FRESHMEN SOPHCMORES	295 145	48 14		1	343 160	19 39	đ		3	90 39	374 184	56 14		3 L	199



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INFORMATION FOR FORM 65-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM 1)

			L-TIME S MURE CRE	TUDEATS OLT HOURS	5)			RT-TIME STHAN 12 CO		URS)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	mhlfi	NEGRU	ini lan	LTHER	1 0 TAL	MHLIĆ	NEGRO	INDIAN	ùTFcR	TUTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	LNDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL
CELLEGE TRANSFER									•						
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES														•	
GEN ERAL EDUC ATION	·				ı	7				T	a				•
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	ì .				l	7				7	в				8
TECHNICAL	14	. 5		3	E7	đ	4		z	14	8 T	5		5	101
FRESHMEN SophGmbres	52 27	} 2		ì	57 30	b	4		2	14	15 00	3		1	30 71
		·			• .										
VOCAT LGHAL	c 7	3		3	77						61	7		3	77
FRESHNER S ophano res	65 2	7		3	75 2					,	65 2	τ		3	T5 2
TGTAL	147	12		6	ló5	Lo	•		z	21	162	16		8	106
FRESHMEN SUPHGMGRES	11a 25	10		5 L	133 32	15	*		2	51	133 25	14 2		?.	154 32



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INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

				L-TIME S NURE CRE		51			IT-TIME ST		UR\$Į		T	OTAL STU	DENTS	
		WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CIHER	TOTAL	While	NEGKU	INGIAN	STHER	TOTAL	BHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
••	CGLLEGE TRANSFER		•						-						•	. •
	FRESHMEN SOPKOMORES															v · m
	GENERAL ECUCATION			N.	-											
₽	FRÉSHMEN SOPHCM OR ES					•										-
ζυ (V)	TECHNICAL	93				93	39				39	132				132
(J.	FRESHMEN SOPHOMURES	72 21				72 21	39				3 [°] y	111				1 11 21
				•			•								,	
	VOCATIONAL	73		•	ı	74	48				48	121				122
	FBESHPEN SOPHOMORES	33		•	1	74	30 18				30 18	1 G 3		÷		1 <u>05</u>
	TOTAL	160			1	167	87				67	253			ı	254
	FRESHMEA SUPHCHURES	145 21			ı	146 21	59 18				69 18	214 39		•	1	215 39



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INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34: COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM II

	• • • • • •		L-TENE 4				PAR	T-TIME S:	CHOENTS	JRS)		T	CTAL STU	DENT S	
	этти	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE		INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WKITE	NE GRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
OLLEGE TR ANSFER														•	
FRESHNEN SOPHCHORES	ALERO PL		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-		•	· •	•			•		
encpal Ecucation	23	8			31	7	4		-	4.4	30	. 12			42
FRESHMEN SOPHGMORES	23				3 i	7	*			11	30	12			42
				•	•		•							· ,	-
ECHNICAL	146	t a			208	67	£9		•	77	213	73		/ -	286
FRÉSHMEN S OPHO MORES	93 53	47 16			140 9	6 <u>0</u> T	\$. 8a 9	153 60	\$ <u>\$</u>	-		201
													٠ -	<u>-</u>	
CCATEGNAL	1 ç	. 45			1.1	32	24			54	48	67		-	_ 115
FRES IMEN S OPMEMOR ES	15	42 3		•	\$7 *	32	2.			54	47 1	6 4 3			111
TUTAL \	185	116			301	401	. 39			142	291	152			. 443
FRÉSHAEN SUPHÉPERES	131 54	57 19			223 75	خ ^ۇ 7	.4 _			133	230 61	131			341 #2



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INFORMATION FOR FORM 05-34. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF NISHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. [PART 11, ITEM 1]

	•	.· ·	.L-TIME S	TUDENTS			₽≜₽	IT-TIME S	TUDENTS			7	CTAL STU	DENTS	
1			MORE CRE		51	-		HAM TS CI		urs) .	•	_			
	HI TE	NEGRO	ENO IAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRÚ	INDIAN	GFFER	TOT AL	MAITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRAMSFER	314	44	1	1	340	195	24		2	221	509	68	1		581
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	20.4 11.2	26 16		1	228 132	1 22 73	17		_{e**} 2	141	324 185	43 25	1	2 1	3 69 212
GENERAL ECUCATION		٠.		• • •											
SOPHORORES	- ·-	.,. <u>.</u> .												•	
TECHNICAL .	317	112		4	433	149	35		1	185	466	147		5	618
FRESHMEN. SOPHCHORES	108 108	90 22		3 1	302 131	111 38	25 10			136 49	320 146	115 32	•	3 2	438 1 8 0
VCCAT1GhAL	114	126			240	133	41	ı	1	176	247	167	1		416
FRESHMEN SOPHIMICAES	100 14	118 8			` 218 22	111 22	. 7	1	1	147 29	21 I 36	152 15	1	I	345 51
TOTAL	14>	282	1	5	1633	471	100	1	4	582	1222	382	2	9	1615
FRESHBEN SCPHGNCRES	514 42 4	2 34 48	i	3 2	748 245	344 [33	70 24	ı	3 1	4 24 1 5 8	. £55 367	310 72	1	6 3	1172 443



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INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, 1TEM 1)

	-													-	
		FUL 112_DR	L-TIME S NORE CRE	IUOENTS Dit H our s	5)			T-TIME S HAN 12 C		JRS)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
•	WHITE	NEGRO	INCIAN	CIHER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRU	INCIAN	LIHER	IOT AL	MESTE	náGRJ	INDTAN	CTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	.	224													
FRESHMEN SOPHONCRES	,	ere			, -										
GENERAL EDUCATION	32	 5			37	32				33	64	6			70
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	· 32	.			57	26 6	1			27 6	59 6	6			64 6
TECHNÍ CAL	132	26		1	161	117	۷			119	249	30		ι	260
F&ESHMEN SOPMONORES	104 28	18		1	123 38	16 99	4			20 99	122 127	20 10		1	143 137
. VOCALISMAL	 82	52	1		. 136	45	lo		2	65	127	70	1.	. 3	- <u>-</u> 201
FR ESH MEN SQ PHR MQRES	- 61	51 1	i.	1	134	35 10	15		2	52 13	116	66	1	3	146
FOTAL	246	£ 5	1	2	334	194	21		2	217	440	196	1	4	5 5 1
FREEDMEN Jüppeghüres ()	217 25	74 11	1	2	294 40	79 115	16 3		2	49 116	296 144	92 14		4	393 158

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IMEDRHATION FOR FORM OST34: COMPLIANCE REPURT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL KIGHTS AGE OF 1964. (PART II: ITEM I)

	•											•	•			•
			F (12 OR	LL-TIME S MORE CRE	TLDERTS Blt House;	5 }		PAS (LESS 1	RT-TIME S THAN 12 C	TUDENTS RENIT HO	AS)		, 1	OTAL STU	*	
,	,	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL	PMTLE	NEGRO	INGIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
	COLLEGE TRANSFER	i i		•					:				•		••	-
	FRESHMEN SGPHCHORES	·	.*	·	•	•										
	GENERAL ECUCATION	3Ł	7		•	43	39	7		2	48	75	14		2	91
63	FRESHMEN SUPHEPGRES	29 7	7			36 7	33 6	7		1	41 7	62 13	14			77 14
~		53	44		2	139	44	۷		2	48	137	46			187
	FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	73. 26	35 9		1	109 30	26 16	۷		1	31 17	101 36	37 9	-	,2	140 47
		•				•								• ,		٠
	VOÇATICNAL	c7	5e	1	2	126	. 20	U		1	27	87	62	1	3	153
	FRESHMEN SOPHOMERES	59 8	47		1	108 18	19 1	i		i	25 2	78 9	52 10	t	1	133 20
	TOTAL	194	167	i	4	308	103	. 15		5	123	299	122	1	9	431
	FKE SAMEN Suphemores	ioi če	69 16	à	2	253 55	50 23	14 1		3 2	97 26	24 t 58	103 19	1	5 4	350 81



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NCRTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CONHUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION ISOTHERNAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER LITTLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1504. (PART 11, 1TEM 1)

			L-TIME S MONE CRE		5)		PAG (LESS T	T-TIME 5	TUOENTS REDIT HO	urs)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	-
	white	NEGRO	INGIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INGEAN	GIFER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRO	MAIGHI	CTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	179	14		2	155	49	6		. 1	56	228	20		3	251
FRESUMEN SOPHONDRES	109 76	12		1	122 73	40 9	1		i	46 10	149 79	17 3		i S	168 83
GENERAL EGUCAT LON	. 1				1	13	٠			16	14	3			17
S OPHICHORES	1		-	-	1	. <u>12</u> .	د			15 1	13	3		-	16 1
		~~													
TECHNICAL	. 89	12		ı	94	21	4			23	101	15	•	ı	117
FRÉSIMEN SOPHONORES		5 4		1	62 32	17 4	1			18 5	70 31	10 5		1	30 37.
				•	٠.										
ABE VLIENAT	92	- 17		3	112	39	į			48	181	26		3	160
FRESHMEN SOPHONORES	, ģc 2	17		2	159 3	36 3	•			45 3'	126 5	26		, 2 , 1	154
FOTAL	. 352	44		6	402	122	. ૮૩		I	143	474	64		z	545.
FRESHMEN .SOPHCHORES.	253	3£ .6		3 3	294 108	105 17	18 2		ì	124 19	35 6 116	56 8		4 3	418 127



CURRECULAM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION HAYNOOD TECHNICAL INSTETUTE

FALL

1973-Ý4

INFURMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EDUCATION UNDER FITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II. ITEM 1)

		-												-	
		füi (12 - 02	LL-TIME S MORE CRE	TUDENTS DIT HOME:	Sā	-		lī-tire s īmam 12 ga		URS)			DTAL STU	DENTS	-
•	MHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	GTHER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL	PHILE	NE GR Q.	INDIAN	DTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	- 41			****					•						
FRESHMEN SOPHONCRES															
GENERAL EXUCATION				٠											-
FRESHMEN Scphonores		-													
TECHNICAL	237	5		3	245	51	. 2			53	288	7		3	298
FRESMMEN Sophondres	139 96	1		2	145 100	49 2	٠			51 2	j <u>o</u> o 198	6		2	196 102
VCCAT I CNAL	125	5	2	2	134	101	1	2		104	2 26	6	4	2	238
FRESHNEN; SOPHORORES	. L17	5		.2	126 8	\$9 2	1	2		162 2	10 216	6	4	2	228. 10
TOTAL	36 2	ſ¢	2	5	379	.152	3	. 2		157	514	13	4	5	536
FRESHMEN SUPHCHORES	256 1 0 6	9	2	1	271 108	148	; .	. 2		153 4	404 110	12 1	4	1	424 112
	·														



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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT EMPOLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION HALIFAX COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1973-74

INFURMATION FOR FORM GS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, TIEM 1)

			L-TIME SI MORE CREE		· 5)			HAN 12 CI		(2R		ī	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	BHITE	Λε 6 R¢	INCIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	MH11E	NEGRU	LNCIAN	STHER	TOTAL	METTE	NEGRO	SHO LAN	DTHER	TOTAL
CCLLEGE TRANSFER															
FRESHMEN SOPHEMBRES															
GENERAL ECUCATION	3 د د	2			35	ic	,			10	49	2			5i
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	33	۷			3,2	15 1				15	48 1	2			50 1
T ECHN IC AL	lub	£ 7	ć	2	160	50	io		i.	Lī	158	. 83	3	3	247
. FRESHMEN Suphomures	79 29	52 15	s I	2	135 45	18 2	lu		ı	65 2	127 31	68 15	2 1	3	200 47
•										<u> </u>					
VECAT IGNAL	57	48	3	ı	16 9	48	7		i	56	105	57	3	2	167
FRESHMEN SCPHOMORES	50 1	48	3	1	133	35 9	\$ 1		ì	48 16	55 10	56 1	3	2	156 11
TCTAL	196	147	ć	3	324	114	د2		2	141	112	142	6	5	465
FRESHMEN OGPHONORES	los ju	102 15	; 1	3	278 40	142 12	47		ż	128 13	∠73 42	146 16	5 L	5	406 59

MORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENKELLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION GUILFORD TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM 05-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER ECUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964, [PART 1], FIEM 1)

		FUI (12 DR	L-TIME S MORE CRE	TUDENTS BIT HOUR:	s)			RT-TIME STHAN 12 C		URS)		7	CIAL STU	DENTS	
	янітЕ	NEGRE	MAIGNI	CTHER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	JIFER	TOTAL	BF17E	NEGRO	HAIGHI	STHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	•														
IJ FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES															-
GENERAL LOUCATION	14	2	1		17	104	>		3	112	lis	7	1	3	129
FRESHMEN SUPHEMERES	14	2	I		17	79 25	3 4		3	85 27	93 25	5 . 2	ì	3	102 27
. TECHNICAL	czż	194		, 8	e2 7	561	7>		4	638	1186	267		12	1465
FRESHMEN S OPHONGRES	43Ž . 193	160 34		7	228	4d5 76	os Lu		4	552 86	517 269	223 44		11 1	1151 314
VECATIENAL	142	55		. 2	159	317	· ô+	2	6	389	459	115	2	, 8	588
FRESHMEA SOPHOMORES	133 9	52 3		l Ł	186 13	292 25	* 62 4	2	4 2	360 29	425 34	114 5	2	5 3	546 42
TC T AL	781	251	1		1043	982	142	ż	•	1139	1763	4.95	3	23	2162
FRESHMEN SOPHUMORES	- 279 - 202	214 37	ì	8 2	802 241	856 126	126 14	2	" !! 2	997 142	1435 328	342 >1	3	19 4	1 7 99 363



NDRTH CARULINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENRULLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION GASTON COLLEGE

FALL 1973-74

INFURNATION FOR FORM 05-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. (PART 11, 1TEM 1)

1 - 4		FUL 112 OR	L-TIME S	TUDENTS)IT HOURS	3			HAN 12 CF		RS)		Ţ	CTAL STU	DENTS .	
;	#HIIE	NEGRO	1NC IAn	CTHER	TCTAL	MHITE	NEGRL	INDIAN	OFFER	TOT AL	BHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
ELLEGE TRANSFER	462	37	1	6	44.5	165	14		1	180	567	51	1	7	62
FRESHMEN SCPHGFOFES	247 155	25 12	1	4 2	277 169	100 65	ır.		1	69	347 2 20	36 15	ı.	4 3	386 236
ENERAL EDUCATION	3 0	ć		1	ĊĴ	274	17	1	1	. 293	332	23	1	2	354
FRESHMEN SOPHONGRES	47 11	ļ		1	52 13	240 34	lo 1	1	1	257 36	287 45	. 21 2	1	2	30 <u>9</u>
ECHNIGAL	455	26	6	10	507	332	11		3	340	787	47	6	13	85
FRESHMEN SUPHOMCRES	al2 14a	غاد 6 -	2	6	350 157	246 84	10		2	259 87	560 227	4D 7	2	5	4 0 2 4
CCATIONAL	134	15	2	ı	152	223	۷.		٤	245	357	35	2	3	39
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	lai S	14	4	ì	143 4	2ú6 17	7		. 2	226 19	337 20	32 3	5	3	37 2
ICTAL	1049	54	5	16	1179	994	04	ı	7	1064	2043	156	10	25	223
FRESHMEN SUPHERGRES	757 - 312	74 20	7 2	y 9	547 345	794 205	25	. 1	3	653 ∠11	1531 512	129 27	6 2	_ 12 _ 13	168 55

NGRTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENKULLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION FORSYTH TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FAEL

1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM US-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI UF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT 35 1564. (PART 11, 1TEM 1)

				LOCATION								-				
	· •		FŲL	L-TIME S	TUDENTS	C)		PAR ELESS T	T-TIME S HAN 12 C	TUDENTS REDIT HOU	ms)			CTAL STU		7074
		-		MORE CRE	ithER	1CTAL	MHITE		1 NOTAN	GFHER	TOTAL	BHITE	MEGRG	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
	•	mHITE	NEGRÚ	INUIAN	CINER											
	GCLLEGE TRANSFER															•
	FRESHMEN SOPHCHCRES														ι	69
	GENÉRAL					4	55	à		1	65	59	9		_	
	EDUCATION	4				-				k	62	55	9		1	65 4
	FRESHMEN SUPPLEMES	3 1				3 1	54 3				3	•				
`		•							•						_	
ì							133	. 46		ž	183	730	100	2	5	837
Ŋ	TECHNIČAL	597	52	2	3	624		•		2	103	550	84	2	, 5	641 196
	FAESHMEN SOPHEMORES	454 163	39 13		ż	478 176	116 17	45		•	20	180	16			130
	SUPPLEMENTS	•														
											62	319	109	, 1	4	433
		77ء	æ	ر <u>ا</u>	4	371	48	2 2						_		433
	ACCULTONAL					71د .	4	اغ ۋ	y		62	319	109	•	•	
	FRESHMEN Soph o mores	213	d	5 1	•											
									_	3	310	1 toa	218	в 3	, 14	1 13 3 9
	TUTAL	578	, 14	1	a 7	1 1629	, 23	0 1	4	•			20:	, :	3 L (1139
					.	7 852	24		4	3	287 23		_	-	-	200
	fréShmen Jornchüres	71- 16-		3	-	177	2	i.c	3		•					



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ACRTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION FAYETTEVILLE TECHNICAL TASTITLIE

FALS 1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM US-34. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

			L-TIME S		s)		PAF (LESS 1	HAN 12 C	TUDENTS REDIT HO	urs)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	wHiTE	NEGRO	HA10H1	CTHER	TGTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INCIAN	OTFÉR	TOTAL	MASTE	NE GRD	MAIGHI	OTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE Transfer															
FRESHMEN Sophemeres							-								
GENERAL EGUCATION	101	, 6	1	ı	109	261	sl	2	5	303	362	. 37	3	10	412
FRE SHMEN Suphighores	9 32	5	1	1	76 33	251 16	29 2		9	291 12	320 42	35 2	2	tò	367 45
TECHNICAL	75u	255	7	38	1056	179	158	11	31	979	1535	413	18	69	2035
FRESHMEN SOPHDMERES	505 147	241 14	7	34 4	891 165	758 21	154 4	11	31	954 25	1367 168	395 18	18	65 4	1845 190
VCCAT 2LNAL	253	121	ý	6	419	. ±65	42	ž	,	416	643	163	11	13	0 35
FRESHREN SOPHEADRES	240 43	· 113	<u>،</u> و	2.	363 56	362 3	42	, 2	7	413	602 46	155 8	8	11 2	776 59
TuT#L	1140	362	17	42	1584	1405	251	15	47	1698	2545	613	32	92	3282
FAESHMEN SUPHOPORES	91u 222	360 24	13	39 6	1334 234	1371 34	22 <i>></i>	15	47	1658 40	2289 256	585 28	∠8 4	86 6	2 9 88 294

ACRIH CARGLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION EDGECOMBE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL .

1973-74

INFOPMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, 1TEM 1)

,			L-TIME S	TUDENTS DIT HOURS	; }		PAF	T-TIME S	TUDENIS R ED ET HO	URS)		1	OTAL STAI	DENTS	
	MHITE	NEGRC	INCIAN	CIMER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEWRO	INDIAN	GTMER	TOTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	101AL
CCLLEGE. Transfer														, .	
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES							•								
GENERAL ECUCATION			· .		-	127	52		1	180	127	5 2		1	160
FRESHMEN SOPHEMDRES						127	50 4		1	178 2	127	50 2		1	178
					•	7.0				4.0	100	114		•	235
TECHNICAL	71	214		1	146	29	خبة			49		134		•	
FRE SHM EN S OPHOMOR ES	. 53 18	92 ⁻ 72		. 1	145 40	2 à 6	1∠ d			35 14	76 24	104 30		1	181 54
		•													
VCCATICNAL	74	46		1	119	źó	16			44	98	64		1	163
FRESHMEN SOPHUNGRES	64 8	25 11		1	163 19	26	10		·	44	90 8	53 11		1	144 19
TUTAL	143	140		2	365	102	9∪		1	273	325	250		3	578
FRESHMEN SOPHEMOPES	117 26	127 33		ż	4 96 39	176 6	ชง 1.3		ı	257 16	29 3 32	207 43		3	5Q3 75



1973-74

FALL

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INSTITUTION DURHAM TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CONNEMITY GOLLEGES CHRRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RASE

INFURNATION FOR FORM OS-34: CUMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EGUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11: 1TEM 1)

į · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		_		***				_			•	-	, .	p. d 1-344 .
ŧ		FUL 112 OR	L-Time S' Nure Crei	TUOENTS BIT HOUR:	S1.		tLES\$ 7	NT-TIME S HAN 12 G	TUOENTS REOLT HO	JRS1			OTAL STU		
	#HLTc	NEGAL	INDIAN	CTMER	TOTAL	MHTTE	NEGRU	INDLAN	CTHER	TUTAL	P+ 11E	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
COLLÉGE TRANSFER	•													 .	
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES				-											
GENERAL EDUCATION	4	1 '	3		. 5	133	δű		3	196	137	61		3	201
FRESHMEN SCPHCMORES	4	1			5	131	60		3	194 2	135 2	61		. 3	5 7.88
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •												•	•
TECHNICAL	29 L	323	1	4	619	142	50		1	199	433	379	1	5	818
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	179	212 111	1	. I	392 227	115 27	44 14		1	157 42	294 1 39	254 125	ı	4	549 2 49
													. •		
VCCATIGNAL	15	174		1	199	5	ż			10	79	129			209
FRESHMEN S OPHORG RES	72	169 15		1	182 17	5	5			10	77 2	114 15		I	192 17
TOTAL	ومد	448	1	. 5	823	2 8 G	121		4	495	649	568	ı	ġ	1226
ERIC HONGRES	255 114	322 126	i	2 3	579 244	251 29	107 14		3 1	361 44	506 143	429 140	1	5	940 2 8 8

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

473-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-36, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI UP THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. [PART 1]. ITEM 1)

	•	-		LL-TENE S MURE CRE		ស			RI-TIME S THAN 12 C		uas:		7	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	•	WHITE	NEGRO	AAIGNI	CTHER	TCTAL	WHITE	NEGK.	INDIAN	JEHER	TOTAL	h +17E	NE GRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
	CCLLEGÉ TRANSFER	306	7	•	3	316	204	2	t	L2	222	\$10	12	1	15	536
	FR ESHMEN S OPHONORE S	200 10 6	5		3	208 L08	108 36	ï	L	12	L85 37	368 142	9 3	1	15	393 145
	GENERAL ECUCATION	, 4á	4		i	50	164	۵		15	L87	209	. 12		16	237
	FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	. JT	3		1.	41 9	157 7	. 8		15	180	194. 15	11	•	16	16 181
j						•				•					•	,, 4 * * *
	TECHNICAL	295	is		.2	320	126	Lo	1	3	148	425	37	i	5	468
	FRESHMEN SOPHCHQRES	162 137	13		2	177 143	101 25	10 2	1	3	121 27	263 162	29 8		5	296 170
	VCCATICNAL	~ ;;	17		i	55	ذو			. 2	37	110	19		3	L32
	FRESHREA 5CPHCMGRES	47 6 E	12 5		i	42 33	35	. L		2	35 2	8L 29	L3 6		3.	97 35
	TOTAL	121	47		7	781	527	د3	2	32	594	L2 54	80	2	. 39	1375
-	freshmen Sophomores	448 479	33 14		7	438 273	458 59	۷۶ 4	2	32	521 73	906 3 48	62 L8	2	39	L009 366



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NORTH CARDLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION CRAVEN COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

		FUL (L2 OR	L-TIME 5	JUDENTS DIT HOUR:	s)		PAR (LESS 1	IT-TIME S'	TUDENTS REDLT HO	JRS)	•	T	OTAL STU	DENTS	
	MHITE	NEGRÚ	MATUM	CTHER	TOTAL	MHTEE	NEGRU	INGIAN	OTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	GTHER	TOTAL
C O LL EGE Transfer	56	6		1	63	10				ΓO	66	ě			73
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORE'S	46 10	. 5 1		1	52 11	9 1				9	55 11	. 5 1		1	61
GENENAL ECUCATION	لأد	£			45	184	. 35		° 5	224	223	41		5	269
FRESTMEN SOPHONORES	. 25 10	5 1		-	.34 11	174 10	32 3		. 5	211 13	203 20	31 4	• •	5	245_ 24
TECHNICAL	117	49		د بدو	lob	<u>5</u> 7	ų			46	154	58			212 .
fres hre n Søph o ngres	12 44	35 14			108 58	30	i			38 6	103 51	43 15			146 65
VOCATIONAL	63	39				45	24			69	108	63	-		
FRESHMEN SOPHENGRES	Ē	39			102	45	55			67 2	168	61 2			169
TOTAL	215	160			376	276	68		5	349	551	168		6	725
ERIC TESAMEN PHOMORES.	211 64	16			296 . 80.	18 18	0£		 .	325 24	46 9 82	1 46 22			104 621

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT ST RACE

INSTITUTION COLLEGE OF THE ALBEMARLE

FALL

1973-74

INFURMATION FOR FORM 05-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE GIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1564. (PART 21, 11EM E)

			L-TIME S MORE CRE	TUCENTS DIT HOURS	.,		PAR (LESS T	T-TIME ST HAN 12 CA	TUDENTS REDLT HO	URS)		1	CTAL S TU	DENTS	
	MHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	CTFER '	ICTAL	MHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	ClheR	TUT AL	BHITE	NEGRO	Inglan	DTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	236	ذ3		4	273	68	17			85	304	50		4	350
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES	163 73	21 12		4	188 85	53 ,15	lo i			69 16	216 88	37 13		•	257 101
GENERAL	. 12	2			14	152	19	i	. 2	174	164	21	i	2	188
FRESHMEN SOPH ONOR ES	13	2		,	12 2	113 39	id	Ł	G	134 40	123 41	20 1	i	2	146 42
I ECHNECAL	<u>.1c4</u>	58		5	. 227	ò	ý		ı	46	194	67		6	267
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	107 57	30 28	-	5	142 85	20 10	ه خ		1	27 13	127 67	36 31		6	149 96
				è											
VDCATIGRAL	ĵα	20	i.	2	79	i.		•		i.	57	20	i.	2	80
FRESHMEN SOPHCMORES	7	17	i	2	69 10	1				1	50 7	17	i	2	70 10
TOTAL	468	. 113	i	11	593	251	45		3	300	719	158	. 2	14	893
FRESHMEN SOPH ONOR ES	329 139	74 43			411 1 ₀ 2	Lö7 64	4Ú 2	4	3	231 69	516 203	110 48	2	1.4	642 251



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NGRIH CARULINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION CUASTAL CARCLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FALL

1973-74

INFURNATION FOR FORM OS-34+ COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE WILL OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PARY II. ITEM I)

·			.I-TIME SI MORE CREC		5)			HAN 12 GF		IRS)		ī	GTAL STU	ENTS	
	wH116	N EGRG	MAIGHI	CINER	70TAL	HHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	JINER	70TAL	##11E	NEGRC	INUIAN	AZHTO	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER	241	2 C	2.	4	267	180	lo		z	198	421	36	2	 6	465
FRESHMEN SOPHEMERES	166 75	. 13	ì	•	164 83	165 15	- 15 1		2	1 8 2 1 6	331 9 0	2 8 8	1 -	6	366 99
GENERAL EDUCATION						28	4	ı		. 33	28	4	1		33
FRESHMEN SO PHONG RES		•	•		,	27 1	*	ı		32 1	27 1	4	1		32 1
EECHNICAL	.289	45	1	. 2	337	211	46	:	4	26 i	500	16	1	6	598
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FRÉSHAEN 3 OPHCHGRÉS	141 14	24	1		1c6 14	100	20		3	147	241 14	44	1	7	29 <u>3</u> 14
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CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION CLEVELANG COUNTY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FALL

1913-74

INFURNATION FOR FORM OS-34% COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II. FROM 1)

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NCRIN CARCLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMONITY COLLEGES

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CURRICULUM STUDENT EGMULLMEMT BY MACE

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			L-TIME S Müre Crei		5)		PAR (LESS T	T-TIME S	FUDENTS REDIT HOL	県S}		ī	ETAL STU	DENTS	
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FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES															
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FÆESHM E N SOPHCMORES	19	1			29	15	2			17	34	3			37
	•								•		-				
TECHNICAL	314	86		2	402	162	ەذ		2	202	476	124		4	604
FRESHMEN 3 JPHGKORES	242 72	64 2∠		2	308 • 9 4	148 14	دد د		Ż	. 185 . 17	390 86	99 25		4	49 3 111
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freshmen Sgphofcres	329 35	1C5 35	3	4	130	15	1		3	246 18	117	151 36	3	•	148



NORTH CARDLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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1973-74

INFURNATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11, ITEM 1)

;	<u></u> .		L-TIME SI MQRE CREG	TUDENTS OLT MONAS)			T-TIME ST HAN 12 CO		(ZAL			CTAL STU	PENTS	
i	#T1HW	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CTHER	TOT AL	SHITE	NEGRD	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
CLLEGE TRANSFER									-	-					
FRESHMEN SDPHONORES						•							•	•	
ENERAL EDUCATION	5	1	-	- +	6	194	٠	1		201	199	7	1	•	207
FRESHMEN SOPHONDRES	5	1			6	186	6	1	٠	193 8	191 8	7	1		199 8
						-					·				
ECHNICAL	578	37		14	629	225	7			232	803	44		14	861
FRESHMEN SOPHOMBRES	377 201	25 12		13 . 1	- 4,15 214	1 55 70	7			162 70	532 271	32 12		13 1	51) 284
· -			,									go be			
OCAT LONAL	153	13.		2	16,8	92	I		2	101	245	. 20			26
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TOTAL	730	51,		16	803	51).	20	ı	2	534	1247	71	A.	ī.	133
FRESMIEN COMMORES	52 0 216	35 12		2.5 1	574 229	* 43 2 79	ن	ı	2	455 79	952 295	59 12	1	17	102 30

NORTH CARGETMA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EGUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II. ITEM II.

			FU8 [12 OR	L-TIME S	TUDEATS Dit ECUR	5)		PAR	7-11ME 5	TUSENTS REDIT HO		•	7	CTAL STU	DENTS	
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ì	FRESHMEN SCPHCMORES	75 24	د ا	ı		80 ∠3	19 5	<u>,</u>			51 	9a 29	3 1	1		107 30
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	VCCAT IGNAL	143	ċ			1+>	121	15			141	268	18			286
	FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES	127 13	, 4			131	117 11	دا			136 11	244 24	17			261 25
	TOTAL	269	13		ž	28>	2G6	20			221	475	33	2	2	512
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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION CAPE FEAR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-24. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART 11. ITEM 1)

TUDEATS DIT HOURSE CTHER TOTAL	wHite		E STUDENTS L2 CREDLE HOU IAN OTHER	RS) TOTAL	WHITE	,	ING LAN	DENTS OTHER	TOTAL
			IAN OTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NÉGRO		- -	TOTAL
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3 182	13	3		16	123	10	2	. 3	198
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CURKICULUM STUDENT ENRULLMENT BY RACE

INSTITUTION CALDWELL COMMUNITY COLLEGE & TECH INST

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM CS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM I)

		`							•						
			L-TIME S MURE CRE		Si			IT-TIME S HAN 12 C		JRS)		7	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	инПс	NE GRC	LAULAN	CIFER	ILTAL	31186	NE GRU	MAIGHI	CIHER	TUTAL	MH 17E	NEGRO	INDIAN	UTHER	TOTAL
CDLLEGE TRANSFER	199	12		4	215	, 60	0	i	2	69	259	18	1	6	284
FRESHMEN SUPHCADRES	132 67	10 2		3	. 145 . 10	42 18	1	ı	2	. 49 20	174 85	15 3	ı	5 1	194 90
GENERAL ECUCATION	د			1	4	دعد	11		13	230	209	11		14	234
FRESHKEN SOPHGH GRES	ن			1	4	201 5	11		13	225	204 5	11		14	2 29 5
T EČHNÍCAL	214	24		. 1	245	79	Ú	1	ي	90	2 9 3	32	1	9	335
FRESHMEN JUPHONCRES	isi di	21 3		7	lól au	60 19.	o 4		2	68 22	193 100	27 5	ı	9	229 106
VGCAT IGHAL	76	3		1	62	130		•	2	102	178	3		3	184
FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	7 s	:		1	/ 5 4	3			1	9 3 9	167 11		,	1 2	171 13
(LTAL	454	_	<i>y</i> -	13	54o	445		2	19	451	939	64	2	32	1037
FRESHMEN	342	37		11	340	375	دع	2	47 L:	435	738	20	~	29	823
SUPHOMERES	151	5		2	1>5	ร์ง์	3	7	1	50	201	. 6	2	3	214



NORTH CARCLENA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNETY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM \$5-34. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE 35 OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II, ITEM I)

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		FULL 612 OR. M	-TIME ST Wre crei	TUDENTS DIT HOUR:	S) .	. ,		T-TIME S HAN 12 GI		IRS)		τ	OTAL STW	DENTS	**
	WHITE	NEGRO	LHOLAN	CTHER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INCIAN	OTHER	TOTAL	MHTLE	NEGRO	INGLAN	OTMER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER				•					-						
FRESHMEN SUPHOMORES		•							•	•	•				· •
GENERAL EDUCATION	lo			••	ló	60	5		. 2	67	76	5		2	#3
FRESHMEN SGPHCHORES	16		. .			59 [°] 1	>		2	66 I	7 <u>5</u> 1	5		2	8 2 1
					: ::										
TECHNICAL	134	7	-		141	te				10	144	7	-		151
FRESHMEN SOPHONORES	94 40	4 3			98 43	6 4	t.			6	100 44	4 3			104 47
•	-														
VECATIONAL	۵l	ذ			Ĺb	45				46	106	6			112
FRESHMEN Sophongres	έl	5			46	45	1			46	106	6			1 12
TOTAL	211	12			223	115	0		2	123	326	18		2	366
FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES	171 40	9			180 43	. 110 . 5	J		2	118	281 45	15 3		2	2 98 48

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1973-74

INFORMATION EUR FORM OS-34. COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER ECUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHIS ACT OF 1954. IPART II, ITEM I)

			FUL 12 OR	L-TIME SI MORE GREE	IUDEATS DLT HO UR S	53			MAN 12 C		ursi		ī	OTAL STW	DENTS	
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	COLLEGE TRANSFER	-									•				•	*
	FRESHMEN SO PHEMBRE S															
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	EDUCATION	7.4	. 8	•		40	23	19		ı	70	, 48	18	1	1	••
	FRESHMEN SOPHEMORES	11 8	3 5	1		15 £3	4	Ιυ		¥	36 4	36 12	13 5	1	1	51 17
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0	FRESHMEN SOPHCHORES	. u 5	1	ı	1	12	ۇ <u>.</u>	4			30	34 11	. 6	ı	1	42 13
	VCCATIONAL	כנ	35			7,1	49	ذذ			74	84	<i>z</i> •		•	142
	ACCALIDANE	"				13	47	~~	•		12	07	57	•		172
	FRESHMEN SOPHLMORES	45	34			(c 1	49	24	ı		72	84	56 1	ı		141
	TOTAL	ز ه	48	2	1	llo	112	ِ د د	¥.	1	149	177	. 83	3	2	265
	FRESHMEN SCPH CNGRES	5∠ 13	41	4	i	96 20	102 10	34 1	1		11 11	154 23	75 8	3	2	2 34 31



NGRIH CARGLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CURRICULUM STUDENT ENROLLMENT BY RACE

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1973-74

INFORMATION FOR FORM US->4, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1254. (PART 11, 17EM 1)

			L-TIME S'		3)	•		T-FINE S HAN 12 C		RS)		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
	WHITe	NEGRO	INUIAN	LIFER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRU	INDIAN	CTHER	TOT AL	WHITE	NEGRG	INDIAN	OTHER	TOTAL
COLLEGE TRANSFER										•					
FRESHMEN Sophonores	•										,				
GENERAL EDUCATION	ਸ਼ਾਜ , ਤਪ	•	•	A	37	49	*		2	60	79	15		. з	97
FRESHMEN Suphemeres	20 4				33 4	47 2	d i		2	5 7	73 6	14		3 .	90 7
TECHNICAL	150	75		ŧ	233	23	ł.		. 2	36	173	86		. 10	2 69
FRESHMEN SGPHEMGRES	\$5 55	ەد 2 5		4.	149 84	19 4	6	`	· 1	25 11	114 59	55 31	•	. 5	174 95
VGCAT LUNAL	41	22		2	ده	25	•		ż	35	70	20		4	100
FRESHMEN SOPHEMBRES	2	Zč		2	63 2	28 I	4		2	34 1	67 3	. 26		4	97 3
TCTAL	22,1	103		11	335	101	4		6	131	322	127		17	+66
FRESOMEN SUPHEMORES	iou ci 	76 25		7	245 7.1	54 7	14		ì	1 16	254 66	95 32		12	361 105

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		•		L-TINE S MUKE CRE		5)			T-TIME S HAN 12 C	TUDENTS REDLT HO	JRS1		1	CTAL STU	DENTS	
		WHITE	KÉGKŮ	I ILD LAN	LIKER	TOTAL	BHITE	.icGRu	LNDIAN	~ üTFER	1GTAL	h+ ITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	TUTAL
	CCLLEGE TRANSFER					-										
	FRESHMEN SOPHGMORES		-										•			
	GENERAL ECUCATION															
	FRE SHMEN SU PHEMERES															
	rechnical.	549	22		10	501	342	41		4	367	691	43		14	948
•	FRESHMEN Sophimares	216 166	i c		ş 1	225	231 111	1+		4	242 125	562 329	23 20		Ę1 1	598 359
	večat i eral	Lis	17	ż	3	217	152	v	1		102	347	24	3	5	. 379
	EKESIMEN SOPHONURES	i7= 14	7.3	ć	ż	195	1+G 12	3	1	ž	147 15	316 31	21 3	3	5	345 34
	Tätal	444	5.5	ě	13	750	494	ذب	i	د	524	1238	67	3	19	1327
	FRESHMEN [,] Suph c peres	507 237	3 5 •	2	12	534 244	371 123	14	1	٥	389 140	818 0 <i>0</i> 6	44 23	3	18 1	943 384



NORTH CARCLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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INFORMATION FOR FORM OS-34, COMPLIANCE REPORT OF INSTITUTIONS OF MIGHER

* EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (PART II. ITEM I)

		113 08	L-TIME S MORE CRE	TUDENTS DIT MOURS	:1			HAN, 12 C		JRS)		1	CTAL STU	DENT S	
	#HI1E	MEGRG	INULAN	GIMER	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	STAER	TOTAL	MHITE	.4EGRC	INDIAN	CTHER	TOTA
COLLEGE TRANSFEE.	•-			"z.									-	- · ·	
FRESHMEN SOPHOMORES									•						-
ENERAL EGUÇAT ICN	10	2	÷		19	5				6	21	2		1	
FRESHMEN SOPHGMORES	12 4 -	1			5 13	5			i	ů	17	l			1
 ECHÑICAL	22	34		3	72	lo	•		ι	23	5Ļ	40		4	•
FRESHMEN SUPHGMORES	25 10	23 11		l	5ù 22	ļo			1	23	4L 10	29 · 11		. 3	
/GCAT 10NAL	4	دع		ż	24	34	c		1	41	58	34		3	
FRE SHPEN S UPHCMO RES	ž4	24		2	50 4	32 2	-		1:	39 2	56 2	3G 4		3	
TO FAL	75	64		5	144	55	12		3	70	130	76	٠	8	Z
RESIMEN OPHENGRES	61 14	4E Lô		4	113 31	53 2	le		د	65 2	114 16	60 16	•	7 ;	£

Appendix CCS-2

Community College System Curriculum Student Enrollments and Completions 1971-72 and 1972-73

<u>Year</u>	<u>ct</u> (,	G020 only <u>GE</u>	Ţ	<u>v</u>	Tot
1971-72	•				
Enrollment	13,701	2,338	29,142	17,279	62,460
Completions	1,151	246	3,524	3,7 6 8	8,689
ELMS	304	57	5,274	2,410	8,045
1972-73					
Enrollment	12,826	3,047	34,360	20,290	84,466
Completions	1,374	180	4,3 6 2	4,617	13,371
ELMS	353	94	4,026	1,765	6,961

NOTE: GE includes enrollment in GO2O General Education Curriculum. It does not include 9,316 students in 1971-72 or 13,943 in 1972-73 who were classified as Special Credit Students. Those numbers are included in the total figure but are not shown elsewhere on the line.



Appendix CCS_3

NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM DISTRIBUTION OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY GRANT FUNDS BY RACE, 1973

		tal Amount	Negro. Student	/Black Amount		ite _ Amount _		het Agount
Anson T. 1.	11	3,806	3	606	В	3,200		
Asheville-Buncombe T. 1,	<u> </u>							
Beaufort County T. 1.	32	7,585	21	5,712	11	1,873		
Bladen T. 1.	111	2,100	8	1,500	3	600	(
Blue Ridge T. I.	1		<u> </u>		j 			
Caldwell C. G. & T. 1.	- 16	3,900	8	1,900	8	2,000	-	
Cape Fear T. I.	13	4,255	6	1,670	7	2,585		
Carteret T. I.	3	750		Ĭ .	3	750		
Catawba Valley T. 1.								
Central Carolina T. 1.	35	7,475	15	3,600	20_	3,875	·	
Central Piedmont C. C.	17	5,520	12	4,120	4	800	1	(00)
Cleveland County T. 1.			<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Coastal Carolina C. C.	11	4,664	7	2,814	4	1,850		
College of The Albemarle	107	25,580	71	16,899	.36	8,681		
Craven T. I.	<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>				
Davidson County C. C.	10	2,001	5	1,001	5	1,001		
Durham T. I.	5_	2,250	5	2,250	<u> </u>			
Edgecombe T, 1.	8_	1,545	8	1,545	<u> </u>			
Fayetteville T. I.	15	4,016	6	1,630	9	2,386		
Forsyth T. I.	 -			 -	<u></u>			
. Gaston College	15_	2,936	3	650	12	2,286		
Guilford T. 1.	4_	1,305	3	805	1	500		
Ralifax County T. I.	12	1,852	8	1,525	4	327		
Haywood T. 1.	 -				-	4	_	<u> </u>
Isothermal C. C.	30	9,333	10_	3,333	20	6,023		
James Sprunt Institute	22	7,228	15	4,746	7_	2,482		
_lohnston T. I.	9	2,484	- 5	1,714	4	770		
Lenoir C. C.	9	1,732		932	4	800		
Martin T. I.	23	5,360	18	4,194		1,166		
Mayland T. I.	 		<u></u>	<u></u>				
McDowell T. 1.	 -				_ i	<u></u> ·		
Mitchell C. C.			<u></u>					
Montgomery T. 1.	 	<u></u>						
Nash T. 1.	<u> </u>	1,200	5	1,000		200		
Pamlico T. I.	<u> </u>	1,017	_ 6	1,012				
Pledmont T. I.			<u></u>			#-		
Pitt T, I,	<u>] 33 </u>	6,606	30	6, 00 6	3	600]		
Randolph T. I.					=			
Richmond T. I.		2 (22						
Roanoke-Chowan T. 1.	13	2,600	1.3	2,600				
Robeson T. I.						9.150		
Rockingham C. C.	_31	12,468	9	4,309	22	8,159		
Rowan T. 1.				2.425	4-	2 262 1		
Sampson T. I.	28	5,670	16	3,405	12	2,265		
Sandhills C. C.	34	10,090	27	7,920	7	2,170	- 14	2 200
Southeastern C. C.	138	32,750	92	21,340	32	8,120	14	3,290
Southwestern T. 1.	23	5,988	2	270	18	5,068	3	650
Stanly T. I.	20	4 010		61#)		
Surry C. C.	20	6,018	3 	615	L7	5,403	- +	
T. 1. of Alamance Tri-County T. I.	13	4,495		3,303		1,192		
	 6	940	6	848	- -]	 -		
Vance-Granville T. I. W. W. Holding T. I.	16	848			6	2,470	- 1	
		6.715 7.286	10	4,245	6		 }	
Wayne C. C.	19	7,386	13	4,586	8	2,800 1,586	i	
Western Piedmont C. C. Wilkes C. C.	10	2,111		525		1,500		
Wilson County T. I.	1.3	3,037	8	2,091	5	946		
RIISUII OCUMENT I. I.	1.)	J149/	₽	2,09,1	3 1	940		
TOTAL Number	827	216, <u>67</u> 6	492	127,223	317	84.934	18	4,540
Percent	100.0	100.0	59,5	58.7	38.3	39.2	2.2	2.1



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGE WORK STUDY FUNDS BY RACE, 1973

	To	tal	Negro	Mack	Win	ite	O3 h	er P
	Student	Amount	Student	Amount	Student	Amount.	Student	Amount
Anson T. I.	5.3	23,796	22	10,249	31	13,547	j	1
Asheville-Buncombe T. I.	· · ·		T	T				
Beaufort County T. I.	28	7,077	16	3,424	12	3,653		T
Bladen T. I.	34	5,506	17	4,390	17	4,116		
Blue Ridge T. 1.	15	4,824	2	217	13	4,607		1
Caldwell C. C. & T. I.	<u> </u>	50,481	10	13,000	82	37,481		
Cape Fear T. I.	7	1,720	1	80	5	1,568		72
Carteret T, 1.	28	15,863	6	3,302	22	12,561		Ι
Catawba Vulley T. I.	28	12,491	ī	198	27	12,293		Γ
Central Carolina T. I.	79	19,792	25	6,879	53	12,750	1_	<u> 54</u>
Central Fiedmont C. C.	97	41,373	73	35,107	22	61, 129	2	1.37
Cleveland County T. I.	15	6,441	12	4,490	3	1,942		Γ
Constal Carolina C. C.	82	37,844	24	12,233	57	25,493		118
College of the Albemarle	210	57,931	102	26,078	107	31,159	1	(194
Craven T. 1.								
Davidson County C. C.	23	14,352	_5	3,506	.18_	10,846		
Durham T. 1.	45	15,701	33	12,101	12	3,600		1
Edgecombe T. I.	69	20,465	51	16,761	18	3,704	i	
Fayetteville T. I.	122	34,048	30	7,436	90	26,339	2	273
Forsyth T. I.	90	34,376	25	10,436	65	23,940		1
Gaston College	96	40,676	17	6,855	79	33,821		
Guilford T. I.	34	13,412	12	3,260	22	10,152		
Halifax County T. 1.	79	27,76B	53	20,926	26	19,842		
Haywood T. I.	22	11,150	2	2,000	27	25,150		<u> </u>
Isothermal C. C.	67	21,214	25	6,359	2	14,855		
James Sprunt Institute	88	31,944	48	18,283		13,661		<u> </u>
Johnston T. I.	40	14,936	21	8,973	18	5,848		115
Lenoir C. C.	105	32,035	51	13,755	54	18,280	7. 7	
Martin T, 1,	69	20,985	45	13,899	24	7,086		 >
Mayland T. I,	 						_	_
McDowell T. 1.					_			
Mitchell C. C.								
Montgomery T. I.	5	1,823	3	1,145	2	678		} -
Nash T. I.	35	20,221	27	16,125	8	4.006		
Paulico T. I.	20	5,223	13	3,617	7	1,600		
Piedmont T. 1.	10	3,330	7	2,601		728	_	
Pict T. 1.	82	20,017	46	11,094	36	8,921		
Rando (ph Y. 1.	11	4,596	2	907	9	3,689		
Richmond T. I.	65	16,731	21	$\frac{207}{2,812}$	44	12,919		-
Roanoke-Chowan T. 1.	50	18,590	45	16,494	5	2,096		
Robeson T. 1.	36	11,035	12	4,185	10	4,319	14	2,531
Rockingham G. C.	85	33,275	21	6,102	64	27,173		40,731
Rowan T. I.	30	12,867	5	1,882	25	10,085		
Sampson T. I.	43	11,549	28	5,761	15	5,788		
Sandhills C. C.	135	53,006	52	21,125	81	31,171	2	410
Southeastern C. C.	174	55,101	93	25,251	69	25,455	12	4,395
Southwestern ?. 1.	62	23,959	4	1,008	54	22,144	4	807
Stanly T. I.						20,144		- 00,
Sucry C. C.	126	54,884	19	4,969	117	49,915		
T. 1. of Alamance	38	18,209	21	11,154	17	7,055		
Tri-County T. I.		70,209			- '/	7,01)	_	
Vance stranville T. I.	40	15,802	27_	10,278	13	5,524		
W. W. Holding T. I.	43	15,993	18	7,502	25	8,401		
Wayne C. C.	108	73,604	56	22,696	111	50,560	1	348
Wystern Fiedmont C. C.	59	16,702	6	987	53	15,715		,/=0
Witkes C. C.	41	15,540	2	452	39	15,088		
Wilson County T. 1.	76	27,340	57	20,497	19	6,843		
TARREST OF STREET	· · · · · · · · ·	-/1J4v	- 4/	,197/	· · · · · ·	11/43	. <u></u>	-
TOTAL Number	3151 1	150,598	1304	462,850	1805	677,693	42	10,054
Percent	100.0	160.0	41.4	40,2	57.3	58,9	1,3	<u>.γ</u>



NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM DISTRIBUTION OF NATIONAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN FUNDS, 1973

•		tal	Negro,	-		ite	Oti	
	Student	Amount	Student	Amount	Student	Amount	Student	Assount
Anson T. I.								
Asheville_Buncombe T. I.						<u> </u>	L	
Beaufort County T. I.	47	13,419	35	30,854	12	2,565		
Bladen T. I.	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Blue Ridge T. I.	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u>,</u>		
Caldwell C. C. & T. I.	11	4,360	4_	2,100	7	2,260		
Cape Fear T. I.	20	6,836	1 1	350	18	6,336	<u>'</u>	150
Carteret T. I.			<u></u>	<u> </u>	(<u></u>			
Catawba Valley T. I.	!	 			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>[</u>	
Central Carolina T. I.			<u> </u>				1	
Central Piedmont C. C.	39	10,968	9	2,283	29_	8,555	1	130
Cleveland County T. I.		 			<u> </u> _		<u> </u>	
Coastal Carolina C. C.	31	10,974	8	2,945	23_	8,029		
College of The Albemarle	96	31,081	45	10,442	49_	20,185	2	454
Craven T. I.					 -			
Davidson County C. C.	~						L	
Durham T. I.	{		_=		 -	==		
Edgecombe T. I.								448
Fayetteville T. I.	34	14,785	14	6,170	19	8,315	1	300
Forsyth T, I,				 		2 4 8 2	<u> </u>	_
Caston College	3	1,150	-	<u> </u>	3_	1,150	<u> </u>	
Cuilford T. I.	 				 -	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Halifax County T. I.		} ~- -	٦-					
Haywood T. I.	 				10		ļ-——-	
Isothermal C. C.	33	9,238	15	4,430	18	4,808		
James Sprunt Institute						<u></u> -		
Johnston T. I.	2	200	2_	200	<u> </u>	907		
Lenoir C. C. Martin T. I.	32	6,389	18	3,664	34	2,725		
Mayland T. I.	} -					} -	\vdash	
McDowell T. I.	 	 		_ 			<u> </u>	
Mitchell C. C.	 	} 						
Montgomery T. I.	 						} 	
Nash T. I.	†	 						
Pamlico T. I.	 	 		==-				
Piedmont T. I.	†	 		 - ==				
Pitt T. I.	45	8,755	28	5,699	17	3,056	 	
Randolph T. I.	43			7,092			 	
Richmond T. 1.	74.		 -		 _			-
Roanoke-Chowan T. I.	1 1	200	1	200				_
Robeson T. I.							 	
Rockingham C. C.	9	3,817	1	167	8	3,650	 1	
Rewan T, I.	 						-	
Sampson T. 1.								
Sandhills C. C.	33	12,270	7	3,250	26	9,020		
SoutheasternC. C.	131	31,900	83	19,190	27	7,345	21	5,365
Southwestern C. C.	35	9,449	3	634	28	7.335	4	1,480
Stanly T. I.	 33	7,447						11400
Surry C. C.	1	† :					 }	
T. I. of Alamance	 	 						
Tri-County T. I.	 						<u> </u>	
Vance-Granville T. I.	 							
W. W. Holding T. I.								
Wayne C. C.	36	19,250	12	7,450	24	11,800	- 1	
Western Piedmont C. C.	<u> </u>	2,960	1	290	10	2,670	 i	
Wilkes C. C.				~-		2,070		
Wilson County F. I.	1 16	4,035	9_	1,955	7	2,080		
		. 71733	·	-1721	· 1	1000		
TOTAL Number	66 <u>5</u>	202 ,036	296	82,273	339	111,884		7,879
Percent	100.0	100.0	44.5	40.7	<u>51</u> .0	55.4	4.5	3.9



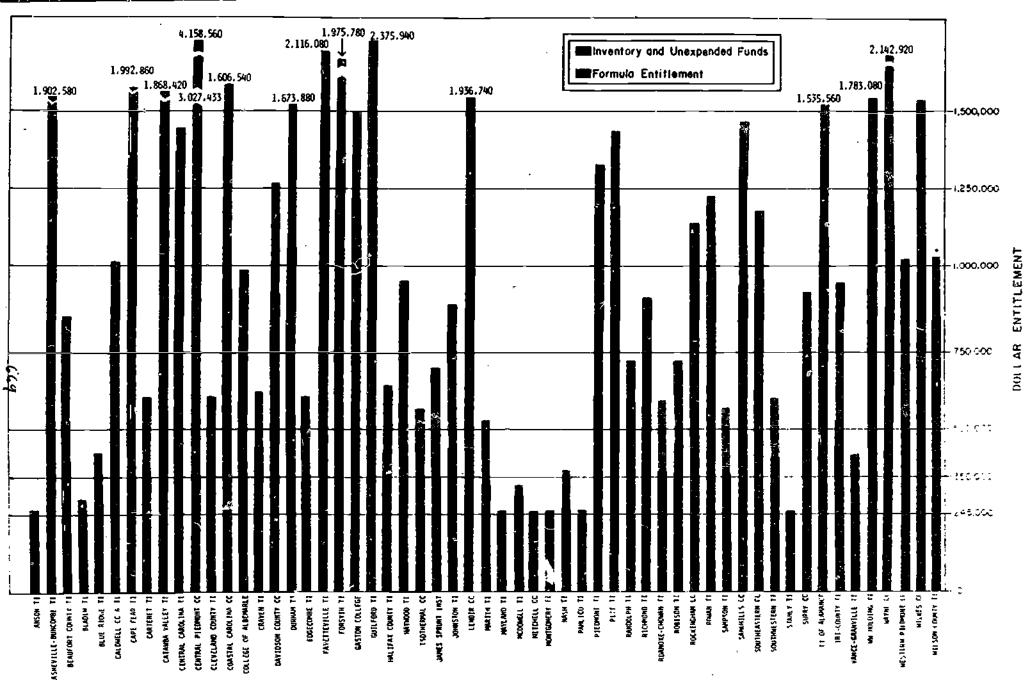
INSTITUTION	ASF Instructional & Lib. Facilities	Total Student Clock Hours		Capaci	ty / En Ratio	rollmen	L
			1972	1971	1970	1969	1968
Public 2-Year Institutions:							
Ansop Ti	13,846	3,488	3.97	7.91	7.07	5.34	9.93
Ashev'le-Bun. Tl	80,213	23,511	3.41	3.17	2.75	3.50	3.63
Beautort Co. Ti	28,873	6,875	4.20	3.63	2.11	2.90	2.79
Bladen Tl	15,513	3,596	4.31	2.,76	2.97	4.76	4.31
Blue Ridge Ti	16,439	6,899	2.38	2.33	4.30	_	-
Caldwell CC&TI	37,058	14,204	2.61	2.60	2.64	3.57	4.64
Cape Fear Ti	44,802	23,741	1.89	1.55	1.68	1.72	1.89
Carteret Tî	13,804	5,135	2.69	3.20	2.11	3.03	3.25
Catawha Vy. Tl	61,453	21,850	2.81	2.82	2.32	1.83	2.24
C. Carolina TI	48,265	12,484	3.87	3.28	4.24		4.91
. Piedmont CC	211,327	116,093	1.82	1.57	1.20	4.65 1.38	1.45
Cleveland Co. TI	22,461	7,667	2.93	2.11	3.28	2.70	3.50
Coastal Car. CC	39,014	16,204	2.41	1.97	2.18	3.89	3.19
Col Albemarle	68,939	16,779	4.11	2.87	2.18	3.35	
Craven Tl	25,441	9,610		3.09			3.46 3.17
7. L. 7 C. 1. 1. 1	25,441	7,010	2.65	3.09	1.80	2.38	3.17
Davidson Co. CC	5 9,362	24,357	2.44	2.00	2.12	2.25	3.03
Ourham TI	44,370	20,648	2.15	2.17	2.50	2.78	3.25
Edgecombe Tl	32,361	6,362	5.09	6.02	4.87	3.43	3.50
ayettev'le TI	82,000	34,373	2.39	2.57	1.93	1.97	1.88
orsyth Tl	93,261	29,120	3.20	3.05	3.40	2.74	2.96
Gaston Col.	108,644	31,073	3.50	2.67	2.70	3.39	3.41
uilford Tl	89,352	31,400	2.85	2.99	3.54	5.37	4.80
Halifax Co. TI	21,052	7,798	2.70	2.57	2.60	2.47	3.85
laywood TI	30,398	11,414	2.66	1.49	3.22	2.36	2,85
sothermal CC	56,629	11,423	4.96	3.13	3.74	3.94	3.58
. Sprunt 1.	28,993	7,413	3.91	3.55	5.67	2.55	3.38
olinston TI	29,754	8,102	3.67	3.96	7.17		-
enoir Ge	68,418	30,819	2.22	2.21	1.79	1.88	2.26
lartin Ti	46,772	8,525	5.49	4.45	2.03	5.58	6.46
ayland T1	9,747	2,516	3.49	-		2.20	U.4U
	- 3	-,					

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Capacity/Enrollment Ratio

INSTITUTION	ASF Instructional & Lib. Facilities	Total Student Clock Hours		Capaci	ty / En Ratio	rollmen	t
			1972	1971	1970	L969	1968
Public 2-Year (Continued)							
McDowell TI	17,008	3,742	4.55	2.69	3.16	2.89	4.74
Montgomery TI	7,132	2,497	2.86	2.54	3.18	5.97	5.3
Nash TI	25,713	5,200	4.95	5.16	3.56	2.17	5.7
Pamlico II	8,316	1,884	4.41	3.42	3.12	3.43	3.9
Piedmont TI	. 14,696	3,857	3.81	3.50	2.45	_	- 1
Pitt TI	37,695	16,103	2.34	2.08	2.07	2.17	2.1
Randolph TI	29,697	9,968	2.98	2.86	2.81	3.42	3.8
Richmond TI	49,259	14,933	3.30	4.02	2.48	3.32	3.5
Roanoke-Cho. Tl	20,730	7,868	2.63	2.68	2.98	3.14	4.4
Robeson Tl	26,084	9,586	2.72	2.08	2.54	2.84	2.3
Rockingham CC	99,335	23,094	4.30	3.88	4.24	3.31	3.9
Rowan Tl	47,391	16,060	2.95	2.52	2.99	3.13	2.5
Sampson TI	27,728	8,258	3.36	2.76	3.15	2.56	3.2
Sandhills CC	63,295	26,676	2.37	1.97	1.97	2.53	2.7
Southeastern CC	56,325	21,923	2.57	2.40	2.51	2.01	2.8
Southwestern TI	25,921	7,786	3.33	3.32	3.94	2.62	2.3
Stanly TI	14,853	3,067	4.85	_	-		i
Surry CC	47,796	13,615	3.51	2.89	2.32	3.17	3.8
TI-Alamance	41,063	20,015	2.05	2.14	2.16	1.97	2.2
Tri-County TI	16,238	6,802	2.39	2.07	3.27	3.80	4.5
Vance Co. TI	16,932	7,479	2.26	2.92	3.83	-	•
Wayne CC	81,763	32,020	2.55	2.29	2.2I	1.99	1.9
W. Piedmont CC	47,746	17,537	2.72	2.76	2.34	2.33	2.5
Wilkes CC	62,267	14,488	4.30	4.20	4.15	4.27	
W.W. Holding TI	56,297	26,094	2.16	2.55	2.79	2.76	2.8
Wilson Co. TI	52,433	12,954	4.05	3.68	5.16	4.40	2.6
PUB. 2-YEAR			i				
INST. TOTAL	2,522,267	886,985	2.84	2.60	2.52	2.68	2.8

Source: <u>Facilities Inventory and Utilization Study, 1972</u>. North Carolina State Commission on Higher Education Facilities, Raleigh, N. C., June, 1973, pp. 10-





^{*} Does not include \$ 399,098 alloted to Milson for Heavy Equipment Special Program and \$ 60,000 alloted to Cape Fear for Range Technology Program

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MEMBERS BY SEX, RACE AND TERM 1953-1980

	_	_	Years Served Beginning
Name	Sex	Race	with 1953
J. A. Pritchett	М	W	1953-1979*
A. McL. Graham	M	W	1953-1961*
A. S. Brower	M	W	1953-1959*
Paul S. Oliver	M	W	1953-1957*
Santford Martin	M	W	1953-1957*
J. Harold Lineberger	M	W	1953 (Term expired 4/1/53)*
Claud Farrell	M	W	1953-1955*
D. Hiden Ramsey	M	W	1953 (Term expired 4/1/53)*
B. B. Doughtery	M	M	1953-1961*
H. L. Trigg	M	В	1953-1973*
O. L. Richardson	M	_ W	1953-1959*
Gerald Cowan	Ħ	W	1953-1961*
Wm. D. Herring	M	W	1955-1977
Edwin Gill	М	W	1955 - Ex Officio
Charles F. Carroll	M	W	1955-1969
Charles G. Rose	M	W	1955-1965
C. W. McCrary	M	W	1955-1965
R. Barton Hayes	<u>M</u>	W	1955-1979
Luther E. Barnhardt	М	M	1957-1961
Charles E. Jordan	_ M	W	1957-1972 - Resigned
Guy B. Phillips	M	W	1957-1968 - <u>Died prior</u> to exp. of
G. Douglas Altken	M	<u> </u>	1959-1975
H. Cloyd Philipott	M	W	1961 - Died prior to exp. of term
John M. Reynolds	M	W	1961-1977
Robert W. Scott	TH T	W	1965-1969
Garland Garriss	M	W	1967- <u>1968 - Died prior</u> to exp. of
William R. Lybrook	Ħ	W	1967-1973
Mrs. Forrest Lockey	F	W	1968-1973
Neill A. Rosser	M	W	1968-1969
H. Pat Taylor	M	W	1959-1973
A. Craig Phillips	M		19 69 -1971
Mrs. Mildred Strickland	F	W	1969-1977
Richard C. Erwin	M	В	19 7 1-1979
James B. Hunt, Jr.	M	W	1973 - Ex Officio
R. R. Manz	M	W	19 73 -1975
W. H. Oxendine	М	I	1973-1980
Evelyn S. Tyler	F	W	1973-1980
Prezell Robinson	M	Ä	1973-1980
Mrs. Doris G. Horton	F	W	1972-1973 - Resigned

^{*}Already serving on the Board in 1953.



AA*Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE*Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Anson Technical Institute
InStitution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

	Year	19	63		l	964			96			196	6		196	7		196	8		196	ğ		197	0		197	ī		197	Ż	Ĺ.	19	73
Name		Sex	Race	AA	ŠČ	Race	4 4	Şex	Race	A A	Şex	Race	A A	Şex	Race	AA	Sex	Race	A A	Şex	Race	AA	Şex	Race	AA	Sex	Race	4 4	Sex	Race	A A	Şĕ	Race	AA
Jeff Cloud		_	L		L	_	_	L	_					<u> </u>			_									м	w	BE	н	w	Į į	1	1	1
Linn Garibeldi		Ŀ	L	L_		L	L	Ļ	L	_	<u> </u>			<u>L</u>					_	ĹĬ						м	ᇤ	BE	<u> </u>	w	BE	М_	w	BE
J. Herberteiker		Ļ.	L		<u></u>	L_		L	Ļ		<u> </u>			<u> </u>												<u> </u>	w	BE	ļ	W.	BĒ	н	w	ĎΕ
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Asheville-Buncombe T. I.

Appendix CCS-9

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

	Year	19	<u>63</u>		<u> </u>	964			96			196	6	\Box	196	57	\Box	196	8		196	9_		197	0		197	\Box		197:	2		1973
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TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≃Black W≃White I≖Indian

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Beaufort County Technical Institute

Appendix CCS_10 TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≖Black W=White I≖Indian

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Beaufort County Technical Institute
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≖Black W≖White I=Indian

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Appendix CCS-11

Bladen Technical Institute Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA-Appointing Agency G=Governor CC-County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W≃White I=Indian

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Eiue Ridge Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCS_12

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA*Appointing Agency G*Governor CC*County Commissioners BE*Board of Education

B≃Black W=White I≃Indian

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Caldwell Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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Caldwell	Community	

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency
G@Governor
CC=County Commissioners
BE=Board of Education

B=Black w=White I=Indian

	Year	19	63		j	964			969			195	6		196	7		196	8	}	196	9		197	0		197	1		197	2]	_	197
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Lloyd M. Rash		<u>\</u>	$oldsymbol{\perp}$	L	м	ผ	G	<u> </u>						<u></u> -										<u> </u>		L		_			Ц	_	<u> </u>
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William M. Lovelace, Jr.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>												L.	<u>L</u>	<u> </u>				L.	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	м	w_	c l		<u></u>
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Cape Fear Technical Institute
Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

	<u> Year</u>	190	<u> 53</u>			964		Γ	196		L	196	6		196	<u> </u>	\sqsubseteq	196	8		196	9		197	Ō		197	二	匚	197	口		197
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Kirby Sullivan					м	w	G_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u> -						<u>.</u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	L						
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AA=Appointing Agency
G=Governor B=Black
CC=County Commissioners W=White
BE=Board of Education I=Indian

Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

1963 1970 1972 1973 1985 1966 Sex Race A A Name F B CC Conrad Schwarz G. W. Graves H W BE * Resigned ... Dunn replaced him



Carteret T. I.

Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Albert C. Chappell		<u> </u>	L	L		L	_	L			<u>L</u>							<u> </u>					н	*	cc	<u> </u>	ļ. <u>.</u> _			_	\sqcup		ightharpoonup
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Dr. Walter White				L			L.	L			L	Ŀ						L_					м	4	cc	<u></u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
*Mrs. Ray Willis				L	L			<u> </u>	L	_		L				<u> </u>		1	L	L			F	w	,c			<u></u>	L	L			\dashv
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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board Of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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Central Carolina Technical Institute . Institution

Appendix CC\$-17

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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Central Piedmont Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Mrs. Robert O. Burns				<u> </u>	Щ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L																	F	8	ع إ	x	<u> </u>	Ц	X		4
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Coastal Carolina Community College Institution

Appendix CCS-20

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

8=Black W=White I=Indian

Year	19	63		1	964			96	5		190	6		196	7 🕝		196	8		196	9		197	0		197	<u> </u>		1972	<u> </u>		973
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Mrs. Wyatt Morton	L	L		L	L	L		L		L				L	L	L			F	¥	BE	x			x			χ			x	
John Drew Warlick	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	L			L	L	L			L		L	L			L		н	W	ВЕ	x	L		x			x		!	x	\perp
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College of The Albemarie
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black H=White !=Indian

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Craven Community College Institution

Appendiz CC5-22

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

8-Black W∘White I≖Indian

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

	Year	19	63		П	964			196			196	6		196	7		196	8		196	9		i 9 <u>7</u>	0		197	ì		197	2		197
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Appendix CCS_23

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Davidson County Community College Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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Davidson County Community College
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor

CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education 8=Black W=White I=Indian

	Year	119	163		1	964			96	Γ_		196	6		196	7		196	8		196	9		197	0		197	<u> </u>		197	2		197
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Durham Technical Institute
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≖Black W=White I=Indian

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B-Black W-White I-Indian

Rigecombe Technical Institute-Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY .

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Fayetteville Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCS-26

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Neill J. Currie		М	W	BE	x			x		_	X	L.	_	x			x			x			x			X			x			x	_
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Beth D. Finch		F	W	G	x			x		L.	X		_	x				L	L	L			L	L								╛	\perp
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Fayetteville Technical Institute
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≠Black W=White I=Indian

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Forsyth Technical Institute Institution

Emil N. Shaffner (replaced Hamrick)

Grady P. Swisher (replaced Warren)

Appendix CCS-27 TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W≈White I=Indian

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Forsyth Technical Institute
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA-Appointing Agency G-Governor CC-County Commissioners BE-Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Gaston College
Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Gaston College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC*County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Guilford Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCS-29

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White !=Indian

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Guilford Technical Institute
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TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Halifax Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CC\$-30

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B=Black W=White I=Indian

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Appendix CCS +31

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B=Black W=White I=Indian

Haywood Technical Institute Institution

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AA≈Appointing Agency G≈Governor CC≈County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W≃White I=Indian

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James Sprunt Institute
Institution

Appendix CCS-33 TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Johnston Technical Institute

Appendix CCS-34
TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

	Year	19	63			964			1969			196	6	<u> </u>	196	7		196	ŝ		196	9		197	0		197			197	2]	_	1973
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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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Lenoir Community College

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TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Martin Technical Instituta

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Percy A. Price		L	L	L	L														М	W	сс				<u> </u>					Н		\exists
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A. B. Ayers		L																	×	3	ВΈ	1									\dashv	\exists
Donald R. Stout		L																					-								M	
Mrs. Charles Wilson (Term expired 6	30-	73)																	F	W	BE	\top				_	_				\exists	\exists
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Mayland Technical Institute Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Ralph J. Gwaltney							Γ			Γ	Γ														M	W	BE	-			L	F	Ŧ
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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

McDowell Technical Institute
Institution

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Mitchell Community Sollege

Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

Appendix CCS-39

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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AA*Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Montgomery Technical Institute Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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hash Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCs-41 TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA*Appointing Agency G*Sovernor CC-County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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Pamlico Technical Institute
Institution

AA=Appointing Agency
G=Governor
CC=County Commissioners
BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

Piedmont Technical Institute Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA*Appointing Agency G*Governor CC=County Commissioners BE*Board of Education

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Randolph Technical Institute Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Richmond Technical Institute
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Roanoke-Chowan Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCS-47 TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA*Appointing Agency G#Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B*Black W≖White I=Indfan

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Robeson Technical Institute

Institution

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

Rockingham Community College Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA*Appointing Agency G*Governor CC=County Commissioners BE*Board of Education

B=Black W=White I≃Indian

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Rowan Technical Institute
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Rowan Technical Institute
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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA-Appointing Agency G-Governor CC-County Commissioners BE-Board of Education

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TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

Sampson Technical Institute
Institution

AA*Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board Of Education

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Sandhills Community College Institution

Appendix CC5-52

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Southeastern Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Southeastern Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Southwestern Technical Institute Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board Of Education

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Stanly Technical Institute Institution

Appendix CCS-55

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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Surry Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Technical Institute of Alamance Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX,

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Page 2

Technical Institute of Alamance
Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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AA-Appointing Agency G-Governor CC-County Commissioners 48E-Board of Education

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Tri-County Technical Institute Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX. RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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APPendix CCS_59

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

Vance-Granville Technical Institute
Institution

AA*ApPointing Agency G*Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B=Black W=White I=Indian

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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W. W. Holding Technical Institute
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B=Black W=White I=Indian

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Wayne Community College Institution

Appendix CCS-61

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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B≖Black W≖White f≃Indian

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Appendix

AA*Appointing Agency G*Governor CC*County Commissioners BE*Board of Education

B≖Bìack W=White I=Indian

Western Piedmont Co-munity Coilege Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPDINTING AGENCY

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Western Pledmont Community College
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TRUSTEES BY SEX, PACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA-Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≖Black W=White I=Indian

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AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

B≖Black W=White I=Indian

Wilkes Community College Institution

TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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Wilson County Technical Institute Institution TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

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TRUSTEES BY SEX, RACE AND APPOINTING AGENCY

AA=Appointing Agency G=Governor CC=County Commissioners BE=Board of Education

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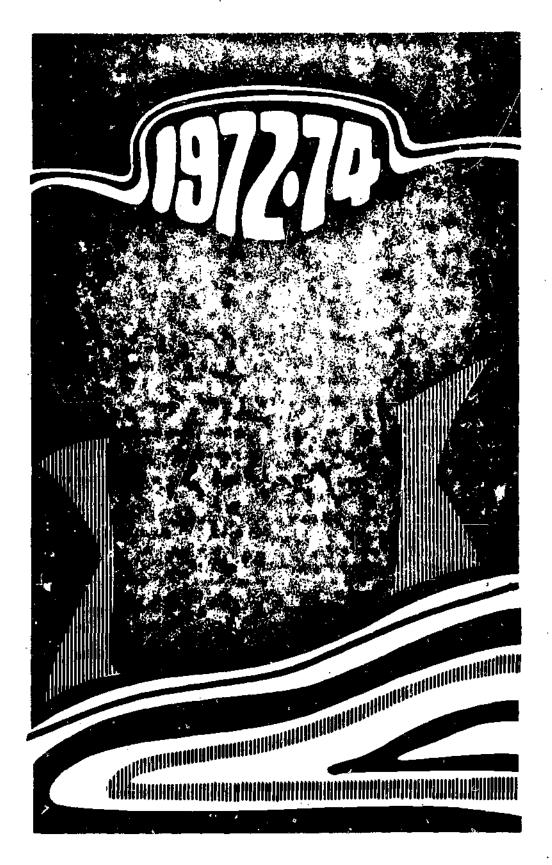
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NORTH CAROLINA
TECHNICAL INSTITUTES AND COMMUNITY COLLEGES



NORTH CAROLINA TECHNICAL INSTITUTES AND COMMUNITY COLLEGES

PURPOSE

The purpose of the North Carolina Community College System is to expand the educational opportunities between high school and the senior college or university. In carrying out this role, the system of technical in stitutes and community colleges offers a variety of academic and occupational education opportunities from basic elementary education through the two-year associate degree level in technical or academic fields.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Admissions: The institutions have an open door admission policy for both high school graduates and others who are 18 years or older but are not high school graduates. Individuals between 16 and 18 years of age who did not graduate from high school may be allowed to attend the institution, providing their needs can best be served in a technical institute or community college and the written permission of their public school superintendent or his designated representative has been obtained.

FINANCES

Expenses: Charges for tuition and fees vary according to (1) the student's status as a resident or non-resident of North Carolina, (2) classification of student (full-time or part-time), and (3) the curriculum in which the student is enrolled. The student should write to the institution for details. In addition to tuition charges, you have your living cost plus the cost of books and materials.

Housing: The institutions in the Community College System are non-residential institutions. Dormitories are not provided by the institution. However, the Student Personnel Office at such institutions usually assists students who live outside of the community in finding a suitable place to live while enrolled in the institution.

Financial Aid: Most of the institutions have a financial aid program available to their students. Specific information on financial aid may be obtained from the institution when you make application.

PROGRAMS

The Community College System institutions offer a wide variety of educational programs. Each institution provides programs and curriculums best suited to the needs of the area in which the institution is located. College Transfer, General Education, Technical, and Vocational programs are usually offered. The College Transfer programs are designed so the individual can complete up to two years of a four year bachelors degree program in a community college. The associate degree in arts is awarded upon completion of the College Transfer programs. Technical programs are generally two years in length and award an associate degree in applied sciences upon completion of the program. These programs prepare the individual to enter into an occupation as a para-professional. Vocational programs provide education and skill training for occupational employment. The length of these programs ranges from one quarter to eight quarters. Certificates are awarded upon completion of any curriculum less than one year in length. Vocational programs that are one year in duration or longer award a diploma upon completion.

In addition to the programs listed above, each institution offers courses for adults to complete high school, apprenticeship programs, and courses for general interest. Also, courses for improving job knowledge and skills are offered.

The following charts indicate full-time vocational, technical, and college transfer curriculums currently offered by each institution. You should consult the appropriate chart to see where the program of study in which you are interested is offered. If you desire to learn more about a specific program fisted in these charts, refer to the Educational Guide available in most guidance counselors' offices or contact the institution directly for further information.

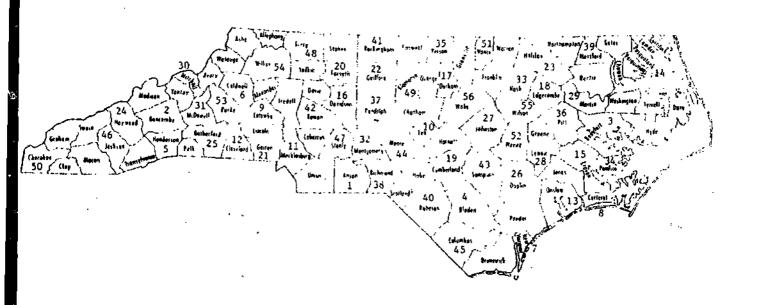


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Caldwell	X				×	×			X		×		X										X			X	Х			
Central Piedmont	Х	X				X	X		Х	×		×	X		×					X		×			×	X	X			
Coastal Carolina	×				X	X					×		×													Х	X			
College of the Albemarie	X				X	×											×			•						Х	X			
Davidson County	X				×				×		×			X					Х				_	Х		X	X			
Gaston	X	×	×		X		Х		X	Х		×	×	×	×	Х	×		×	×				X	×	×	×	X	Х	
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TECHNICAL INSTITUTES and COMMUNITY COLLEGES

- Arison Technical inentials
 O. Box 65
 Austorivitis N. C. 28007 (704-828-2575)
- Ashevirle-Buncomire Technical Instituta 340 Victoria Road Ashevirla, N. C. 28001 1704-254-1921
- J. Renutori County Technical Institute P. (2) 90× 1069 washington N. C. 27889 1919 946-61941
- 4 Blacker Technical Institute P O Box 128 Dublin N C 28337 1919-862 21641
- Blue Bidge Technical Institute 101 N. Church Street Hendersonville, N. C. 28739 (704-692-0294)
- 6 Caldwell Community College & Technical Institute
 11 O Box 500
 Limbur N C 28645
 (704-728-4323)
- Case Fear Technical Institute 411 N. Front Stinet
 Wilmington N. C. 28401 (919-763-9876)
- 4 Cretered technical Institute P. O. Box 550 Morenead City. N. C. 28357 (919-726-2811)
- Galawba Valley Technical Institute Hickory N. C. 28601 1704-327-91241

- 10 Central Carolina Technical Institute Route 2, Box 55 Santord N C 27330 (915-775-5801)
- Central Plagmont Community College
 P. 0. Box 4009
 Cnarlotta: N. C. 28204
 (704-372-2590)
- 12 Cleveland County Technical Institute 137 S Post Road Shelby, N C 28150 (704-482-4379)
- 13 Coastal Carolina Community College 222 Georgetown Road JackSonville, N. C. 28540 (919-455-1221)
- 14 College of the Albemarko Elizabeth City, N. C. 27909 1919-335-0821)
- 15 Graven Technical Institute P O Box 865 New Bern, N. C 28580 (919-638-4431)
- 16 Davidson County Community College P O Box 1287 Lexington, N C 27292 (704-249-8186)
- Durham Technical Institute
 O Drawer 11307
 Durham, N. C. 27703
 (919-596-8293)
- 18 Edgecombe Technical Matifula P O Box \$50 Tarboro, N. C. 27886 1919-823-5186)

- 19 Fayetteville Technical Instituto P & Box 5238 Fayetteville, N C 28303 (919-484-4121)
- 20 Forsyth Fecnolosi Institute 2100 Silan Cresk Psykway Winston-Salam, N. C. 27103 (819-723-0371)
- 21 Gaston College New Oatlas Highway Oatlas, N. C. 2803a (704-922-3136)
- 22 Guilford Technical Institute P O. Box 309 Jamestown, N C 27292 (819-292-1101)
- 22. Halifax County Technical Institute P. O. Orawer 809 Weldon, N. C. 27890 (919-536-4152)
- 24. Haywood Technical Institute P O Box 457 Clyde, N C 28721 (704-627-2821)
- Isotnermal Community College P O Box 36 Spindale, N. C 28160 1704-631-36361
- 26 James Sprunt Institute P O Box 398 Kenansville, N C 28349 1919-296-4591)
- 27 Johnston Technical Institute P. O. Box 29 Smithfield, N. C. 27577 (919-963-7531)
- 28 Lendir Community College P O. Box 188 Kinston, N C 28501 (919-527-6223)
- 29 Martin Technical Institute P O Drawer 866 Williamston, N C 27897 (919-792-5033)
- 30 Mayland Technical Institute P 0 Box 547 Spruce Pine. N. C. 28777 (704-785-7351)
- 31 McDowell Technical Institute P 0 6px 1049 Marion N C 28752 (704-652-6021)
- 32 Montgomery Technical Institute P O Drawer 579 troy, N C 27371 (919-572-1311)
- 33 Nash Technical Institute P O Box 2347 Pocky Mount, N C 27801 (919-443-4011)
- 34 Pamico Tethnical Institute P O 80x 1215 Albance, N C 28509 (919-745-4031)
- 35 Predmont Technical Institute P O Box 1175 Revboro, N C 27573 1919-599-11811
- 36 Pitt Technical Institute P O Brawer 7007 Greenville, N. C 27834 (919-756-2130)
- 37 Randotph Yechnical Institute P O Box 1009 Asheboro, N. C. 27203 (919-629-1471)

- 38 Richmond Tachnical Individual P O Box 1189 Hamlel, N C. 78345 (919-587 1988)
- 79 Anteroka, Crowan 1 #Chrofull Infiltrate P. D. Box 548 Anothita, N. C. 27930 (919-332-4185)
- 40 Robeson Technical Institute P D Box 98 St Pauls, N C 28384 (919-738-4241)
- 41 Rockingturn Community College Wentworth, N. C. 27375 (919-342-2936)
- Rowan Technical Institute
 P. O. Box. 1555
 Salisbury, N. C. 28144 (704-637-0760)
- 43 Sampson Technical institute P O Orawer 318 Clinton, N C 28328 (A19-584-4192)
- 44. Sandhills Community College P. O. Box. 1379 Southern Pines, N. C. 28387 (919-692-6185)
- 45 Southeastern Community College
 P. D. Box 151
 Winteville, N. C. 28472
 (919-642-7141)
- 46 Southwestern Technical Institute P O Box 95 Sylva, N C 20779 (704-566-4091)
- 47 Stanty Technical Institute 621 Well Street Albamarte, N.C. 28001 (704-982-0121)
- 48 Surry Community College P O Box 304 Votison, N C 27017 (919-386-8121)
- 49 Technical Institute of Alamance 411 Camp Road Burlington, N. C. 27215 (919-227-7471)
- 50 Tri-County Technical Institute P O Box 40 Murphy N C 28906 (704-837-6810)
- 51 Vance-Granvilla Technical Institute 406 Chestinut Street Henderson, N. C. 27536 1919-492-20611
- 52 Wayne Community College P. O. Box 1978 Goldsborn, N. C. 27530 (919.735-5151)
- 53 Western Pleamon' Community Cottle P O Box 549 Marganton, N C 26655 (704-437-8688)
- 54 Wilhes Community College P O Drawer 120 Wilkesboro, N C128697 (919-667-7136)
- 55 Wilson County Technical Institute P O Box 4305, Woodard Station Wilson, N. C. 27893 1919-237-1195)
- 56 W W Holding technical Institute Route 10, Box 200 Raleight, N. C. 27603 (919-772-0551)

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PROPOSEO FORM	DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY CO STATE BOARD OF EDUCAT. RALEIGH, MORTH CAROLINA	ION (2) <u>QUERTER</u> FALL
INSTITUTION	Staff Module Information		HINTER SPRING 19
(3)	(4) EMPLOYEE'S NAME	ſ	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	LAST TRAIL	FIRS	T MIRRIE
15) RACE: I CAUCASIAN/WHITE 2 NEGRO/BLACK 3 AMERICAN INDIAN 4 OF IENTAL/AMERICAN 5 SPANISH SURNAMED (6 OTHER	2 MALE ASIAN WERICON	MH DD YY	IF YOU ARE A VETERAN, WHICH BRANCH OF SERVICE HID YOU SER F AIR SONCE 4 MAR 2 ARMY 5 NAV
(9) MARITAL STATUS: 1 activate 2 marries 3 divorc 4 widow/s 5 separa*	D ED VIDOWSR	<u> </u>	(m. 4) =
EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION			
(11) INDICATE HIGHEST CERCATIONAL		(12) MAJOR AREA OF	STUDY:
T LESS THAN HIGH SCHOOL 2 HIGH SCHOOL OR EQUIVALENT TWO YEARS OR LESS OF POST NIGH SCHOOL CREDIT 4 ASSOCIATE DEGREE	\$ MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF COLLEGE 6 BACHELORS DEGREE 7 MASTERS DEGREE 8 DOCTORS DEGREE	AGRICULTURAL 2 BUSINESS 3 EDUCATION 4 ENGINTERING 5 HUMANITIES	6 LIBERAL ARTS 7 LIFE SCIENCES 8 PHYSICAL SCIEN
(13) NAME OF INSTITUTION GRANTING I	DEGREE: (14) DATE HIGHEST DEGREE	WAS CONFERRED:	
		-	
BACKGROUND INFORMATION			
(15) TOTAL NUMBER OF YEARS ENF	LOYED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT O	E COMMUNITY COLLEGES (FULL TIME AND PARTATIMES
(16) TOTAL HUMBER OF YEARS ENI	·	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(17) TOTAL HUMBER OF YEARS EXE	ERIENCE IN TEACHING OR EDUCATIONAL ADMIN	1STRATION	
(18) TOTAL NUMBER OF YEARS WO	K EXPERIENCE DIRECTLY RELATED TO YOUR ON	RRENT POSITION	
(19) TOTAL NUMBER OF YEARS WOR	K EXPERIENCE EXCLUSIVE OF TEACHING OR EC	UÇATIONAL ADMINISTRATIC	ZN.
(20)HOST RECENT POSITION PRIOR TO E			
J TEACHING 2 EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATI 3 STUDENT 4 WORK FORCE-DIRECTLY RELA	AND TOME YEAR ! TO THE PART OF	Y RELATED ECTLY RELATED	
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FULL-TIME SALARIEO 2 PART-TIME, HOURLY	1 ACMINISTRATION	PERMANENT TEMURE CONTINUING CONTRACT ANNUAL CONTRACT NONE	FROM PR / YR
- (25) DISTRIBUTION OF HOURS FOR A TY	PICAL WEEK IN THIS QUARTER:		
ADMINISTRATIVE	INSTRUCTIONAL	LECTURE	<u>IA</u> 6
I MANAGEMENT	B COLLEGE TRANSFER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2 CLERICAL 3 MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS	9 GENERAL EDUCATION		
4 STUDENT SERVICES	II VOCATIONAL		
5 STAFF SUPPORT	12 LEARNING LAB		
6 TRAVEL	13 DUCUPATIONAL EXTENSION IA SELF-SUPPORTING EXTENSION		 -
7 EXTRACUAR I CULAR	15 ACADEMIC EXTENSION		
•	16 CLASS PREPARATION & FO	LLOW-UP	
,			 -
*			
	 _	SIGHATURE	



C. CERTIFICATION BY THE BOARD OF TH	RUSTEES OF THE LOCAL INSTITUTION
To the State Board of Education:	•
We, the Board of Trustees ofdo hereby certify:	(Institution)
l. That the information contained in a best of our knowledge and belief; and do her of Education for a tentative grant or approxplant construction or improvements in the an exclusively for facilities, land or other peand in accordance with the minutes and resolution, 19	val from State and/or Federal funds for nount of \$, to be used ermanent improvements described herein
 That the described permanent improved educational needs of the area served and the with the rules and regulations adopted by the 	at this proposed project is in accordance
3. That a fee simple title is held by upon which the said facilities or improvement page 5, Section E, by the Attorney for the E	nts are to be made as attested to on
1964 dated	ested has been considered from the view- ation of public post-secondary educational orth Carolina; and we further certify
5. That in formal session with a quoruized this application and further authorized Chief Administrative Officer of this Board trules and regulations of the State Board of	to execute all papers required by the
(SEAL ON ORIGINALS)	Chairman - Board of Trustees
	Secretary - Board of Trustees

⊕DCC3+1(Rev. 1 July, 1974)



DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES State Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina 27611

Institutional Proposal for New Curriculum

INSTITUTION	DATE
CODE NUMBER AND TITLE OF PROPOSED CURRICULUM	
PROPOSED STARTING DATE	
This application to offer the enclosed descriling-range plan developed for the institution are complete and accurate to the best of my keto serve the educational and training needs not not public or private. Where this curriculum dupinformation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation in Part A-3 of the approximation is included in Part A-3 of the approximation in Part A-3 of the approximation in Part A-3 of the approximation in Part A-3 of the A-3 of the A-3 of the A-4 of the	n. The information and data enclosed mowledge. This curriculum is required not being met by other institutions, edicates an existing program, further
I certify that an analysis has been made of o to employ faculty and to provide facilities. are provided for.	
Signed:	
President	Date
Request for Curriculum Approva Racial Desegrega	— -
The Board of Trustees requests approval of the State Board of Education and certifies that the from the viewpoint of its potential impact upsecondary educational institutions in this are further certify that in our best judgment requested will not impede the further desegrence additional institution and will be open to a polor, creed, sex or ethnic background.	the program requested has been considered con the desegregation of public post- rea of the State of North Carolina; and the execution of the program herein egation of any such public post-secondary
Signed:	
Chairman, Board of Trustees	Date
Secretary, Board of Trustees	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	(SEAL ON ORIGINALS)

LIBRARY VOLUMES OF PRINT MATERIAL PER FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENT

Institution	No. of Vols. 1973*	Avg. Annual FTE '72-'73	No. of Vols. per FTE Student **
Anson T. I.	5,000	577	13.3
Asheville-Buncombe T. 1.	17,139	1,681	10.2
Beaufort County T. I.	15,000	1,005	14.9
Bloden T. 1.	8,534	391	21.8
Blue Ridge T. I.	6,452	649	9.9
Caldwell C. C. & T. I.	17,000	1,324	12.8
Cape Fear T. I.	11,020	2,854	3.9
Carteret T. I.	6,901	647	10.7
Catawba Valley T. I.	16,845	1,896	8.9
Central Carolina T. I.	12,000	1,641	7.3
Central Picdmont C. C.	46,448	7,089	6.6
Cleveland County T. I.	9,800	687	14.3
Coastal Carolina C. C.	14,000	2,838	4.9
College of the Albemarle	26,000	1,163	22.3
Craven C. C.	9,000	984	9.1
Davidson County C. C.	29,450	1,645	17.9
Durkam T. I.	14,000	1,437	9.7
Edgecombe T. I.	7,500	907	8.3
Fayetteville T. 1.	14,003	2,488	5.6
Forsyth T. 1.	14,116	2,164	6.5
Gaston College	34,179	2,316	16.2



Institution	No. of Vols. 1973*	Avg. Annual FIE '72-'73	No. of Vols. per FTE Student**
Guilford T. J.	17,000	2,972	5.7
Halifax County T. I.	9,000	860	10.5
Haywood T. I.	10,238	900	11.4
Isothermal C. C.	20,495	739	27.7
James Sprunt Institute	15,000	817	18.4
Johnston T. I.	7,000	1,184	5.9
Lenoir C. C.	30,664	2,422	12.7
Martin T. I.	7,950	681	11.7
Mayland T. I.	5,000	218	22.9
McDowell T. I.	6,348	479	14.3
Mitchell C. C.	19,150	1,148	16.7
Montgomery T. I.	5,000	300	16.7
Nash Γ. I.	8,500	551	15.4
Pamilico T. I.	6,714	249	27.0
Piedmont T. I.	5,000	1,171	4.3
Pitt T. I.	12,676	1,607	7.9
Randolph T. I.	10,000	381	11.4
Richmond T. I.	8.773	1.183	. 7.4
Roanoke-Chowan T. I.	6,252	8 8 6	7.1
Robeson T. I.	8,434	978	8.6
Rockingham C. C.	23,000	1,211	19.0
Rowan T. 1.	11,500	1,144	10.1



Institution	No. of Vols. 1973*	Avg. Annual FTE '72-'73	No. of Vols. per FIE Student**	
Sanyson T. I.	7,500	910		
Sandhills C. C.	29,189	1,552	18.8	
Southeastern C. C.	32,000	1,441	22.2	
Southwestern T. I.	9,893	* 766	12.9	
Stanly T. I.	6,231	286	21.8	
Surry C. C.	22,519	1,085	20.8	
T. I. of Alamance	16,972	1,459	11.6	
Tri-County T. 1.	5,785	892	6.5	
Vance-Granville T. I.	6,500	632	10.3	
W. W. Holding T. I.	12,608	1,530	8.2	
Wayne C. C.	28.411	2,143	. 13.3	
Western Picdmont C. C.	22,000	1,284	17.1	
Wilkes C. C.	25,531	1,563	16.3	
Wilson County T. 1.	21,542	1,000	21.5	

and College Libraries" (1972);

Telephone Calls

**Curriculum and Extension

UNIVERSITY OF CALIF. LOS ANGELES

SEP 13 1974

CLEARINGHOUSE FOR JUNIOR COLLEGE INFORMATION



^{*}Data gathered from: 1973 Survey of N. C. TI/CC libraries (45 responses); State Library report on "Statistics of N. C. University

PROPOSED MODEL DESEGREGATION IMPACT QUESTIONS FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM*

A. Types of Actions Requiring Impact Statements

The general questions in Section B below will provide the basis for more specific questions for Community College System institution replies for each of the following proposed actions:

- State Board of Education approval and funding of new construction, or major expansion or renovation of facilities;
- State Board of Education approval of new curriculum programs,
 e.g., college transfer, nursing, or cosmetology;
- 3. State Board of Education approval of contracts among/between

 State Board of Education, Community College System institutions and
 other institutions or agencies, e.g., hospitals, senior institutions,
 Appalachian Regional Commission, etc.; proprietary educational
 institutions, etc.;
- 4. State Board of Education approval to establish a new community college or technical institute, or to charter a private institution as a member institution of the Community College System.

B. <u>General Questions</u>

- 1. What are the numbers <u>and</u> percentages in the general population, by race and sex, within the Community College System administrative area (tax support area)? (Exception: data regarding contracts for educational services to be provided to or from larger areas should be compiled for the entire relevant areas.)
- 2. For the current year and the past year, what are/were the part-time and full-time student representations by race and sex? List the numbers and percentages for each major educational program area (vocational, technical,

general education, college transfer, and total extension programs).

- 3. For the current year and the past year, what are/were the full-time faculty, administrative, and support staff representations by race and sex? (For administrators and support staff, list separately by each of the following categories: general administration, student personnel services, instruction, clerical, and operations/maintenance.)
- 4. What would be the institution's projection for each of the next two years for each category in Items B.2. and B.3. if this proposal were not approved and implemented?
- 5. What is the projection for each of the next two years in each category in Item B.2. and B.3. if this proposal is approved by the State Board of Education and implemented by the proposing institution?
- 6. What effect, if any, would the approval of this proposal have for each of the next two years upon the desegregation efforts of: (a) all post-secondary institutions within a 25-mile radius of the proposing Community College System institution, and (b) the nearest public senior institution? A rationale for this answer should be given.
- C. <u>Certification</u> (Certification means the above information is correct in the best judgment of each signing party.)

Signed and certified by:

	1.	Chief executive officer of the proposing and/or contracting institutio
		Date:
	2.	Chairman, board of trustees of proposing and/or contracting institution
~		Date:
	3.	State President (or designee)?
		Date:
	4.	Chairman, State Board of Education
		Date:
*The	chief	executive efficer and the board chairman of the proposing and/or

*The chief executive efficer and the board chairman of the proposing and/or ERIC contracting institution agree to provide data for monitoring the effects of this proposal to the Department of Community Colleges periodically on request.